# THE HERALD

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JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1895


## "Our Friends, the Liberals"

The New York Sun seems to be the chief exponent in the United States of Canadian annexation. It keeps a watchful eye on matters political in the Dominion, carefully notes all changes in the personnel of the Federal Government and appears to regard the death of a Conservative Leader as a rift in the clouds of its disappointment. Curiously enough, every manifestation of hope in its annexation propagenda is coupled with the names of the Liberals in Canada, whom it calls "our friends." When Sir John McDonald died the [illegible] annexationists [illegible] States from high and from "our friends," the Liberals, great things were expected. They were doomed to bitter disappointment; but the death of Sir John Thompson has again revived their hopes, as will be seen from the following from a recent issue of the Sun:

"Our friends, the Liberals of the Dominion of Canada, are justly encouraged by the patent fact that the death of Sir John Thompson has left the Conservatives without a Leader competent to reconcile the conflicting demands and preoccupations of the various provinces, We trust that events may justify Mr. Laurier in predicting that, should the present Canadian Government venture to appeal to the country. the Liberals would sweep Quebec, and make so strong a demonstration in Ontario as to make sure of a majority in the Ottawa House of Commons. We should feel more certain of their success if the Canadian general elections were postponed until after our Congress had repealed those clauses of the new Tariff act which have gratuitously relieved Canadian products from a large part of the customs duties which formerly weighed upon them. We would warn, moreover, the Canadian advocates of close relations with this country, that while the plank of unrestricted reciprocity may be a good lever for impelling their countrymen part of the way toward the longed-for goal, it should be regarded strictly as a means and not an end; for the American people, now thoroughly alive to their own interests, will never give Canadian commodities free access to American markets, until Canadian provinces are ready to accept, with the commercial privileges, the political responsibilities of members of our Union."

From this plain statement, two things are quite evident. The first is that the hopes of the annexationists are bound up in the success of "our friends the Liberals" at the next Dominion general election; and the second is that the dominant party in the United States Congress are prepared, in the hope of accomplishing their nefarious designs, to repeal every clause of the new United States tariff act that is any way favorable to Canada. It will now be in order for "our friends, the Liberals" to state exactly where they stand regarding this matter. Have they entered into a compact with their friends in the United States to pave the way for annexation, if once they obtain the reins of government in Canada; and with this object in view have they been talking "Commercial Union," "Unrestricted Reciprocity," and "Continental Free Trade" simply for the purpose of veiling their treason from their fellow-countrymen? Or have Mr. Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright, and the lesser lights of the party been trifling with the people of the United States by apparently playing into their hands for the purpose of obtaining help to carry the elections? Whichever horn of the dilemma they may wish to take, they cannot escape the odium of being deceivers. Let every lover of Canada ask himself this question: "are these men worthy of being entrusted with the government of our country?"

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It is gratifying to observe that the revenue of the Dominion, for the month of December, is larger by $80,000 than that of the same month in 1893. The total revenue for the first half of the current fiscal year was $16,399,486, and the expenditure for the same period amounted to $14,129,418.

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It is satisfactory to learn that the train between this city and Summerside is to be restored at an early date, thanks to the efforts of Hon. Mr. Ferguson. It will thus be seen that the advantage to the Province of having a representative in the Cabinet has at once been made manifest. We trust it will not be long till Hon. Mr. Ferguson will have a portfolio, and then we may reasonably hope to have accorded us many other privileges to which we are justly entitled.

## Dominion Public Accounts.

THE Public Accounts of the Dominion, for the fiscal year ending June 30th. 1894, have come to hand. They are not as satisfactory as we might wish, somewhat less so, indeed, than for some time past. During the year the revenue declined $1,794,000; while the expenditure increased $771,000, leaving instead of a surplus of $1,354,000, as in the year 1893, a deficit of $1,210,300. The Montreal Gazette contains a very good review of the financial situation, as set forth in the accounts, from which we quote as follows: "The falling off in income was anticipated to some extent, it having occurred practically wholly in customs receipts, which dropped from $20,954,003 to $19,198,114, a loss of $1,755,800. The quiet state of trade, the reduced volume of imports, and especially the reduction of duties made at the revision of the tariff last March, account for the smaller collection of customs duties, but it is satisfactory to observe that the other sources of revenue were well maintained. None the less, the existence of so considerable a deficit as $1,210,000, taken in connection with the fact that a still larger shortage will occur during the current fiscal year, imposes upon the Government the necessity of practising the most rigid economy in order to maintain the exceptionally high credit which Canada has attained under its administration. Happily deficits are not of frequent occurrence in the public accounts of the Dominion, the only continuous existence of balances on the wrong side having been during the term of office of the Liberal party, and as against aggregate deficits of $18,065,000 since Confederation there can be placed the fact that the yearly surpluses mount up to no less than $39,073,000.

Turning to the revenue statements, it will be convenient for comparative purposes to select the year of highest income under Liberal rule, of highest income under Conservative rule, and the last fiscal year, the figures being as follows:—

| | Taxes. | Various. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1875.... | $20,664,878 | $3,983,836 | $24,684,714 |
| 1890.... | 31,587,071 | 8,292,853 | 39,879,925 |
| 1894.... | 27,579,203 | 8,795,489 | 36,374,693 |

In treating of the public revenue it is the fashion of opponents of the Government to represent the whole increase in receipts during recent years as so much additional taxation. No fallacy could well be greater. Not even the figures set forth above as the collection from taxation fairly exhibit the real measure of the imposts upon the people, because they include receipts from excise as well as from customs, and the former is a purely voluntary taxation. The customs duties yielded $15,351,011 in 1875, $23,968,953 in 1890, and $19,198,114 [illegible] and of the reduction since 1890 about three millions arises from the removal of the duty on sugar. The actual amount of customs taxation levied last year was just 25 per cent. higher than in 1875, and in that period the population of the Dominion has increased in as large a ratio, so that the *per capita* taxation is no greater now than when the old revenue tariff was in operation. The gain in miscellaneous revenue is continuous, amounting in the last twenty years to more than 100 per cent., and this increment, it is important to note, has been made without any addition to actual or relative taxation. The major portion of this income is derived from the postal service and from public works, including Government railways. In 1875 the post office and public works produced a revenue of $2,587,692, while in 1894 they yielded $6,512,086, a gain of nearly four millons of dollars in the public revenue due entirely to the growth of population, the development of resources and the enlargement of the trade of the Dominion. From customs taxation the Government is not collecting one cent more per head than it did twenty years ago, and the whole increment in the revenue has arisen from sources which involve no taxation properly so-called.

Turning to the expenditure side of the accounts we have this statement:

PUBLIC EXPENDITURE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1887.... | $35,657,680 | 1891.... | $36,343,567 |
| 1888.... | 36,718,494 | 1892.... | 36,765,894 |
| 1889.... | 36,917,834 | 1893.... | 36,814,052 |
| 1890.... | 35,994,031 | 1894.... | 37,585,025 |

The variation in the expenditure during the last eight years has been narrow, within a limit of about 5 per cent., and the changes have not always been on an ascending scale. Nearly 30 per cent. of the outlay is represented by interest on the debt, which last year amounted to $10,393,571, or $373,000 more than in 1893, subsidies to the Provinces absorbed $4,206,654, an increase of $270,900, and sinking funds took $2,131,360, an increase of $35,800. Of the total increment of $771,000 in the expenditure in 1894, therefore, all but $100,000 is accounted for in these items which are uncontrollable. The expense of collecting the revenue was $138,700 greater than in 1893, but less than in the three preceding years, while all other expenditures were cut down $48,000. In examining the details of miscellaneous expenditure, it is noticeable that the cost of government in the Northwest is gradually being reduced, the outlay upon Indian tribes being now a couple of hundred thousand dollars less than the average of the nine years, 1882-91, while the cost of the Mounted police has fallen from $863,000 in 1888 to $611,000 last year. A considerable cut was also made in the expenditure upon the militia force, the amount having been $135,000 less than in 1893. On the other hand, the maintenance of penitentiaries involved a larger charge by $100,000, principally on account of the manufacture of binder twine at Kingston, and it cost $100,000 more to collect the excise revenue by reason of the fact that the department has engaged in the exclusive manufacture of methylated spirits. Then the expenditure for mail subsidies and steamship subventions was increased last year $121,600 by the grant to the steamship service between Canada and Australia. It is quite evident, however, that the rising scale of public expenditure, slow though its progress has been for the last seven or eight years, must be checked, at least until such time as renewed activity in the import trade produces a more buoyant revenue.

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At a Grit convention held at Summerside last week to select a candidate to contest the constituency of East Prince, at the next Dominion election, Hon. John Yeo was chosen as the standard bearer. The Agriculturist reports that Mr. John H. Bell received 13 votes to Mr. Yeo's 87, and that Mr. Bell was very much chagrined at the result.

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The Blenheim left Halifax Thursday last for Portsmouth. She has brought to an end her first and never-to-be-forgotten visit to Canadian waters. The mission upon which she came here was one with which her name must always remain in distinct association, for no matter to what brave work she may be called in the years to come, she had, when she sailed away yesterday, performed a duty the first in its far-reaching sympathy and significance to which a British warship has ever been called. Who can know what unmade history holds in store for the fleetest ship of England's navy that brought across the ocean the body of Canada's great Premier? Her name recalls one of the foremost victories of British arms. Not for her name, however, and not for the possible honors that may await her, will posterity know the Blenheim; but because she was the ship selected to bear the most feeling of all messages Her Majesty could have sent abroad to her subjects beyond the sea.—Empire.

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The Halifax Herald remarks that "it is not generally known or remembered that the greatest single industry in Canada today has been protected from the very first. The duty of three cents a pound is what first stimulated our cheese industry, and Canada is now the greatest cheese exporting country of the world. In 1860 Canada exported $13,675 worth. That was in the days of free trade with the United States. In 1870, after the reciprocity treaty had been abolished and the protective duty had come in, we exported $674,486 worth. By 1880 this export had risen to $3,893,366 worth. In 1890 it was $9,372,212 worth. And in 1893 our cheese export had reached the grand figure of $13,407,470. That shows what thirty years or so of uninterrupted protection will do. But these figures are far short of what may yet be attained, for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and P. E. Island are only just beginning this industry, and there is no reason why they should not make a splendid record."

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On Tuesday of last week the Grits held a convention at Antigonish to nominate a candidate for the House of Commons for that constituency, rendered vacant by the death of Sir John Thompson. The Hon. Colin F. McIsaac was selected. Mr. McIsaac is a member of the Fielding Government, and we may reasonably assume that he will have the support of that Government in his election contest On Saturday last, the Liberal Conservatives of the same place held a large and enthusiastic convention and unanimously nominated as their candidate Mr. Joseph A. Chisholm, Barrister, formerly of Antigonish, but now a member of the leading law firm of Borden, Ritchie, Parker and Chisholm, Halifax. Mr. Chisholm, it is understood, has accepted the nomination thus unanimously tendered him by the Liberal Conservatives of his native county. Mr. Chisholm is regarded as a gentleman of very fine abilities, of good attainments, and of high personal character. We hope to see him carry the county by a handsome majority. On the same day Mr. Ernest Gregory was unanimously nominated by the Liberal Conservatives to contest the local seat, which is expected to become vacant by the resignation of Hon. Mr. McIsaac. Mr. Gregory took time to consider the nomination thus unanimously tendered him. He is described as a young man of fine promise, who would make an excellent representative.

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In the debate on the budget in the Paris chamber on Saturday last, Deputy Rouanet (socialist) for the metropolitan district caused a tumult by making a general attack upon the character of the house. The majority of the members, he said, were morally unfit to perform any public act: The chamber contained so many dishonest men it was incapacitated to discharge its duties to the people. After the usual amount of shouting and denying the chamber voted to censure M. Rouanet, and exclude him from the next fifteen sittings.

## A Chat with Our Subscribers.

Those whose names appear in another column have paid their subscriptions since the last publication of paid subscriptions. The list isa very respectable one, and we sincerely thank those who have thus discharged this obligation. As before, the three counties are almost neck and neck, with King's slightly ahead. Our friends in the eastern county are bound to be ahead. It remains to be seen whether or not the other counties are going to allow this to continue.

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Although, as our readers can see, the number of those who have paid is large, it bears no comparison, so far as numbers are concerned, with the number of those who have not paid. We trust, therefore, that those who have not paid will do so with as little delay as possible. They can see for themselves that a large number have availed themselves of the facilities placed at their disposal for remitting their subscriptions. The same facilities are within their reach. Why then will they delay? They know that they owe these small bills; that no business can be successfully conducted without money, and that the payment of their subscriptions is a conscientious obligation. We feel sure that if our friends will give these facts a few moments serious consideration, they will not delay sending in their subscriptions.

## School Examination at Donagh.

The half-yearly examination of this school was held on Friday, December 28th. The examination was conducted by the teacher in the presence of a large number of the ratepayers of the district. The pupils were examined in reading, spelling, grammar, geography and all the various branches taught, and their ready intelligent answers showed that their knowledge in those subjects is more than superficial, and reflects much credit on the teacher. The ratepayers of this district are to be congratulated in having such an efficient and painstaking teacher as Miss Smith. The school has been in the charge of Miss Smith for the past six months, and the great advancement made by the pupils during that time goes to show that her time is well spent.

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT

## Presentation to the Revd. Father Boyd, Asst. P. P. of Vernon River

On New Years day immediately after Mass a number of the parishioners waited on the Reverend Mr. Boyd, and on behalf of the people of the parish presented him with the Compliments of the season together with a neat little purse as a slight token of their appreciation of his invaluable service.

The Reverend gentleman in reply expressed himself as entirely taken by surprise and heartily thanked the good people of the parish for their high estimation of his humble services and assured those present that the sentiment which prompted the kindly act gave him greater pleasure than any consideration could afford.

The address, presentation and reply were nude of formality, but well clad in social, seasonable and reciprocal happiness.

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## School Examination.

The semi-annual examination of the Brockton District School was held on the 20th December, in the presence of the trustees and a number of the parents of the pupils. This school is under the efficient management of Mr. A Halloran, whose success in teaching "the young idea how to shoot," is well-known, and whose reputation in that capacity suffers nothing by the examination of the 20th. The proficiency displayed by the pupils in the different branches, gave evidence of careful and earnest work on the part of the teacher, and of close application to study, on the part of the pupils themselves. The creditable manner in which they acquitted themselves during the severe examinations to which they were subjected, plainly showed that they had received a thorough and practical instruction in the various branches in which they were examined. This was particularly noticeable in the classes examined in Arithmetic. At the close of the examination, remarks were made by several of those present, expressive of their pleasure at finding the school in such a progressive state, and all departed, gratified to know, that their laudable exertions in behalf of the educational interests of the district, were not being made in vain.

MEIKLEJOHN.

## The See of St. Boniface.

The following despatch, dated New Year's Day, from Rome, has gone the rounds of the press: "The Pope has appointed Father Langevin, of the Congregation of St. Mary Immaculate, to the Bishopric of St. Boniface, Manitoba, in succession to the late Archbishop Tache, who died during the summer. 'Should this be true, we can heartily congratulate Father Langevin, the splendid community of which he is a member, the diocese over which he is called upon to preside, and the Catholic Church in general throughout Canada. Rev. Father Langevin is the son of Phillippe Langevin, notary, and was born at St. Isidore, Laprarie county, nearly thirty-nine years ago. Father Langevin studied at the Montreal College, where he passed with high honors. He was a classmate of Father Therrien, of Mount St. Louis, and a warm friendship sprung up between them in their student days, which has continued up to the present. After completing his studies he remained at the Montreal college for two years, afterwards studying Theology at the grand Seminary. He next entered the novitiate of the Oblat Fathers at Lachine, where he made his vows. After a trip to France, he returned to Montreal and performsd the duties of the priesthood at St Peter's Church, Montreal, when he was transferred to Ottawa as Superior of the Seminary. He was then sent to Manitoba as Superior of the missions in the Northwest, in which capacity he has visited all parts of the country, and made friends wherever he went, both among Catholics and Protestants, Father Langevin is a Doctor of Theology, is of a most charitable disposition and a fine speaker.—*True Witness.*

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KING'S County Liberal Conservative Association meets at Dundas on Wednesday next. See ad


# WEEKS.

## The Great Low Prices' Store of Charlottetown.

All the people know us, buy from us and come to us because we are The Great Low Prices Store of Charlottetown. We have everything to be found in a high class dry goods store and our prices are the lowest.

Till the End of the Year These Goods Must Sell at Bankrupt Prices.

All MANTLES and JACKETS, Furs and Robes, Dress Goods and Sacque Cloths.

W. A. Weeks & Co. The Peoples' Store, Wholesale & Retail.

All Linders, Drawers and SHIRTS, Shawls and Wool Goods, Ladies' Gossamers and Cloaks.

W. A. WEEKS & .OO, The Peoples' Cheap Store, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.


## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The Victoria Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec, owned by Benjamin Trudell, was seriously damaged by fire on Sunday last.

Oil was struck in another well at Gaspe on Monday, although the quantity is not yet determined The company appears to be keeping their operations as quiet as possible.

It is stated that Rev. Father Paradis has prevailed upon about five hundred families in the vicinity of Calumet, Mich., to emigrate to Canada. They will locate near the flourishing village of Vernon, north of Lake Nipissing.

Fire broke out on Friday night in the mail car of the fast Sag Harbor mail train, which leaves Long Island city, N. Y., over the Long Island railroad every morning. The freight sheds and a pier with a number of cars were destroyed. Loss $60,000.

The Canadian Iron Furnace Co., are lucky people. They have found a spring of most valuable mineral water on their property at Radnor Forges, P. Q. German experts class it with Apollinaris and Seltzer, and predict a great fortune for "Radnor," As a pure, natural table water it has already won great praise.

Hugh Ross, of New Glasgow, N. S., got up when the 7 o'clock whistle blew Monday morning in his usual good health, and went back to bed again. His wife spoke to him, but to her surprise he never answered. He was dead. Heart disease is said to have been the cause.

Lieut. Governor Chapleau, of Quebec, came down from Spencerwood Saturday evening at 8 o'clock and prorogued the house. The session has been short yet interesting; and the chief feature of the dying hours was the defeat in the legislative council of the Montreal bill asking for incressed borrowing powers. This was sought for by a Montreal city council clique but opposed by the best citizens.

The annual report of the national liberal federation of London was given out Saturday. It contains no statement regarding the issues in the next election: Unless a bill be passed before the general election abolishing plural voting and shortening the period of qualification to three months, grave reverses await the liberals in the election which is to determine whether the lords shall longer override the commons.

The will of the late Eugene Kelly, of New York, filed on the 5th inst, disposes of many millions of dollars, largely among his children, grandchildren and other relatives. To the executors and trustees, who may qualify, and to Archbishop Corrigan, jointly, testator leaves $110,000 to be devided among such Catholic asylums and other charitable institutions of New York as they may approve and in the proportions they may judge best, and $10,000 thereof to such Hebrew charitable institutions as they may approve.

Near Niagara, on Lake Ontario, on the evening of the 10th inst., three United States soldiers from Port Niagara tried to cross the river to Niagra. When within two hundred yards of the shore the boat became fast in moving ice. After drifting some time a tremendous wave struck the boat, upsetting it. The soldiers succeeded in climbing on the bottom of the boat and called for help to the crowd of spectators who lined the beach unable to do anything to assist them. After clinging to the boat an hour the soldiers one by one dropped off and were drowned.

The first train of the Dominion coal company's railway was run through to Louisburg Saturday last. All the managers of the Dominion coal company were present, including President Whitney, Manager McKeen, Treasurer McLennan, Engineer Pearson, Senator McDonald, Mr. Blackett, N. A. Smith and several others. They were given a true Dominion welcome. Guns were fired and flags flew from all the public buildings of the town. The party, together with Councillor P. O'Toole, of Louisburg, dined at the Hanley hotel. After dinner the party inspected the first span of the trestle leading to the pier. They proceeded to the train, and embarked for Glace Bay. Three hearty cheers were given for President Whitney and the Dominion coal company.

Paris has lately been much amused over the undoing of two extremely smart burglars. Two detectives were in the Rue St. Martin. Their attention was attracted to a man pushing a large packing case on a cart along the street The man was apparently talking to himself. They overheard the remark, "Don't be afraid, old fellow. I will take the shortest cut." Arriving at the Rue de Bondy, he deposited the packing case in the warehouse of a merchant named Roux. The detectives concealed themselves in the warehouse for the night. About midnight a man issued from the packing case. He was provided with a set of burgulars' tools, and set to work to demolish the lock of the safe. The operation took a long time, but at last the door flew open and the robber filled his pockets with gold and silver. He withdrew once more into the case, which closed upon him. The detectives were in no hurry to handcuff the thief, but awaited the return of his confederate. In the morning he presented himself to take away the case, and was arrested before entering the warehouse. The detectives placed the case on a handcart and dragged it to the office of the Police Commissary. On the way they acted the part of the accomplice. When the man in the box enquired: "Is that you?" a detective replied: "Yes, old boy; don't be uneasy. I will take the shortest cut." This ingenious robber was greatly surprised when he arrived at his destination to find himself in the presence of a police commissary.

## People Who Pay For Their Paper.

KING'S COUNTY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Daniel Sinnot, Morell Station | $2.00 |
| Patk McCarthy do do | 1.00 |
| Jos Murphy do do | 1.00 |
| Rev A McAulay, Morell Rear | 1.00 |
| John Gillis, Clear Springs | 1.50 |
| J Y McDonald, do | 1.00 |
| P Hughes, St Patrick's Road | 2.00 |
| Patrick Power, Cherry Grove | 2.00 |
| J McDonald, West St Peters | 1.00 |
| Duncan McCormack, Newport | 1.00 |
| Richard Cahill, Farmington | 1.00 |
| Edward Cain, New Perth | 1.00 |
| Cyrus Shaw do do | 3.70 |
| Angus McGillivray, Glenfanning | 1.00 |
| Æneas Campbell, Lakeville | 1.00 |
| J R McKinnon, Monticello | 3.00 |
| Matilda McDonald, Priest Pond | 1.00 |
| Daniel McDonald, Peake's Station | 3.00 |
| D B McPhee, Georgetown | 1.00 |
| D Gordon do | 1.00 |
| Jas McPhee do | 1.00 |
| J P Sullivan, Head St Peter's Bay | 1.00 |
| R McAulay do do | 1.00 |
| J A McKinnon do do | 2.00 |
| Patrick Cahill, Mansfield | 2.00 |
| Rev Wm Phelan, Sturgeon | 1.00 |
| Angus Morrison, Launching | 1.00 |
| Paul McPherson do | 1.00 |
| Fidele Chiverie, Souris East | 2.00 |
| A A Pacquet do do | 1.00 |
| Alex McLaren, Charrwood | 1.00 |
| James Donahoe, Cardigan Bridge | 1.00 |
| Patrick Ryan, do do | 2.00 |
| John Ryan, do do | 1.00 |
| John Fogarty do do | 1.00 |
| James Quinn do do | 1.00 |
| J Gormley, Cardigan Road | 2.00 |
| A McAulay, Head of Cardigan | 3.00 |
| R H McCormack, Narrows Creek | 1.00 |
| P D McLellan do do | 1.00 |

PRINCE COUNTY

| | |
|---|---|
| John A McDonald, Kensington | $1.00 |
| A McDonald, Waterford | 1.00 |
| T Smith, Middleton | 1.00 |
| Joseph McNeill, Clermont | 1.00 |
| P Brennan do | 1.00 |
| Michael Hynes, Darnley | 2.00 |
| P Aylward, Skinner's Pond | 1.00 |
| J Keefe do do | 1.00 |
| Patrick Hughes, Shamrock | 1.00 |
| Alex Owens do | 1.00 |
| R Gavin [illegible] Pond | 1.00 |
| Thomas Lynch, Tignish | .25 |
| J Harper do | 1.00 |
| E J O'Brien do | 1.00 |
| Louis Harper do | 1.00 |
| J G Cameron do | 1.00 |
| S E Gallant, Abrams Village | 1.00 |
| A L McLellan, Indian River | 1.00 |
| Alex Hickey do | 1.00 |
| Very Rev Mgr Gillis do | 1.00 |
| J McMillan, Kildare | 1.00 |
| J McKenna, Elmsdale | 1.00 |
| Angus McDonald, North Bedeque | 1.00 |
| Martin Connick, Baltic | 2.00 |
| Mrs A Glover do | 1.00 |
| J Cunningham, Miscouche | 3.00 |
| M Halloran, Lot 4 | 2.00 |
| M McNeill, Travellers Rest | 1.00 |
| E Lynch, Montrose | 1.00 |
| Paul Pinaud, Bloomfield | .50 |
| T Keefe, Alberton | 1.00 |
| T Duffy, Kinkora | 1.00 |
| Mrs Keough, Lot One | 2.00 |
| S J Doucette, Rustico | 2.50 |
| Mrs J Sherry, Sea Cow Head | 1.00 |
| James O'Farrell, Lot 16 | 1.00 |

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

| | |
|---|---|
| William Leonard, Cornwall | $2.00 |
| Andrew Coady do | 1.00 |
| Mrs Patrick Quilty, Rocky Point, | 1.00 |
| John P Murphy, do do | 1.00 |
| Edward Foley do do | 1.00 |
| Richard Cahill, South Wiltshire, | 1.00 |
| John Goodwin, St Ann's | 1.00 |
| Moses Walsh do | 3.00 |
| James McGuigan do | 2.00 |
| Erancis Trainor do | 2.00 |
| Moses Burns, North River, | 1.00 |
| John F Laughrin, Auburn, | 1.00 |
| James Trainor do | 1.00 |
| Thomas Curley, Pownal, | 1.00 |
| R J McIntyre, Mill Cove, | 2.00 |
| P C Kelly, do | 2.00 |
| Wm Coady, Newton Cross | 1.00 |
| John R Murphy, Emerald, | 1.00 |
| Wm Tobin, Bay View, | 2.00 |
| Leon Gallant, Oyster Bed Bridge, | 1.00 |
| Jerome Gallant do do do | 0.50 |
| James Duffy do do do | 1.00 |
| Edward Grant, Mill View, | 1.00 |
| James Wickham, Kingston, | 2.00 |
| John Driscoll, Lot 48, | 1.00 |
| Michael Devereaux, New Haven, | 1.00 |
| Thomas Duggan, Tracadie Cross | 2.00 |
| John McPheely do do | 1.00 |
| H F Feehan, Mount Stewart, | 2.00 |
| John Dreelan, Montague Cross, | 1.00 |
| R J McDougall, Blooming Point, | 2.00 |
| Alex Martin, Valleyfield, | 2.00 |
| E Doucette, Oyster Bed Bridge | 1.00 |

CHARLOTTETOWN.

| | |
|---|---|
| Enoch Carmody, | $1.00 |
| John Hughes, | 1.00 |
| James Cronan, | 3.00 |
| Miss M A Wise, | 1.00 |
| Lemang Martin, | 1.25 |
| John Murphy, | 1.00 |
| John T Clarkin, | 2.00 |
| Carvell Bros. | 1.00 |
| John Hagan, | 1.00 |
| Joseph Gallant, | 1.00 |
| Wm McLean, | 1.00 |
| John McQuillan | 0.50 |
| F W Hughes, | 1.00 |

FOREIGN LIST.

| | |
|---|---|
| John A McInnis, Winnipeg, | $1.00 |
| John Lacey, Bakersfield, Cal. | 2.00 |
| Alex McKinnon, San Rafael, Cal. | 3.00 |
| Guss Campbell, Eureka, Cal. | 0.50 |
| Rev F Guillaume, St Caesaire, P Q | 1.00 |
| John T Rowe, Sheet Harbor, N. S. | 1.00 |
| Miss M E Murphy, Westboro, Mass. | 1.00 |
| D B McDonald, St John, N B | 1.00 |
| John S Adams, Gaspe Basin, P. Q. | 2.00 |
| Owen Clarkin, Brooklyn, N B | 1.00 |
| Chas McPhee, San Francisco' Cal. | 3.00 |
| Rev R McDonald, Bridgevill, N. S. | 1.00 |
| S D McCormack, Halifax. N. S. | 1.00 |
| Rev Dr Campbell do do | 1.00 |
| James McAskill, Withwood, Minn. | 2.00 |
| Emilia Leblanc, Lynn, Mass. | 1.00 |
| Mary G Somers, North Abington, Mass | 1.00 |
| John F Hughes, North Denver, Col. | 2.50 |
| Wm Grinsell, Junction, Cal. | 3.00 |
| Wm E Murphy, Cambridgeport Mass | 2.00 |


# Great Mark Down Sale of Ladies Jackets and Mantles

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $4.10 | GARMENTS | FOR | $3.00 |
| 5.00 | " | " | 3.50 |
| 6.00 | " | " | 4.25 |
| 6.75 | " | " | 4.75 |
| 7.25 | " | " | 5.25 |
| 8.25 | " | " | 6.00 |
| 9.75 | " | " | 6.75 |

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THE NEW METHOD DID IT.

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INCREASED OUR FURNITURE BUSINESS IN 1894—i. e., selling Furniture at selling prices: in other words, taking prices, pleasing prices. That's not all either—the goods fit the prices. It's the Chair we sell for 30 cents, the Bedstead we sell for $1.50, the Lounge we sell for $3.75., &c., &c.

Given the customers with a want, a sale is the resnlt.

Mark Wright & Co., Ltd. Who sell at Selling Prices.

# Furniture

We sell it.

We make it.

We understand it.

We are expert in it.

You will be delighted with results.

Prices low.

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# LONDON HOUSE

NEW FALL GOODS.

We are now showing a fine stock of Ladies Jackets, Fall Hats, Feathers, Trimmings, and have a first-class Milliner on the premises.

Piles of beautiful Dress Goods and Braid Trimmings.

Fur Capes, Jackets, Muffs, at prices lower than ever.

HARRIS & STEWART
LONDON HOUSE.

DR FOWLER'S EXT. OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURES COLIC CHOLERA CHOLERA-MORBUS DIARRHOEA DYSENTERY AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS OF CHILDREN OR ADULTS Price 35 CTS BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

FREE.

OUR BIG CALENDAR IS READY. SEND 2C. STAMP FOR POSTAGE. BOOKS OF ALL KINDS STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS CHEAP.

HASZARD & MOORE'S BOOKSTORE, VICTORIA ROW.

Are you WEAK? TIRED? PALE? THIN? NERVOUS? SLEEPLESS? BLOODLESS DYSPEPTIC? you need A COURSE OF HAWKER'S Nerve and Stomach TONIC.

It makes weak nerves strong, promotes sound, refreshing sleep, aids digestion, restores lost appetite, is a perfect blood and flesh builder, restores the bloom of health.

All Druggists sell it. 50c a Bottle. Six for $2.50. Mfd. only by Hawker Medicine Co. Ltd St. John, N.B.


## King's County Liberal-Conservative Association.

A meeting of the above Association will be held in the Court House, Dundas on WEDNESDAY, 23rd inst., at 11 o'clock, a m., for the purpose of organizing the Liberal-Conservative party in the Riding of King's.

As business of importance will be transacted, Liberal-Conservatives from the several Polling Divisions within the Riding are requested to attend,

By order,
CYRUS SHAW, Sec'y.

New Perth, Jan. 12, 1895.
Jan. 16, 1i


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