the the Expositor connived at when it rejoiced in \$27,000,000, 54,000,000 es, and a twenty-five years' guarant

The members of the Ontario House take at interest in the quiet duel which is going between Mr. James Young and Mr. Treasurer Wood. Mr. Young' expected to be taken into the Dominion Cabinet, and feels that at all events the party owes him a port-folio in Mr. Mowat's Administration; but Wood is an infinitely more popular man.

The Ottawa Free Press says that the syndite bargain will be repealed by a Reform wernment at the first opportunity. Hardly. Reformers denounced the British Columbia bargain of 1871-2 as rujnous, and threatened to cancel it; but on attaining office in 1873 they not only recognized it, but seriously aggravated the terms. Reformers rarely re-pudiate anything save their own principles.

This is how the Halifax Chronicle encourages migration to the Canadian North-West :

" Immigrants should not be advised to go are while they can get cheap land in United States and have the benefits of com-peting railways. They should prefer a country taking just pride in paying off her debt to one which glories in unnecessarily increasing

Mr. Blake's teaching is bearing fruit.

AT a mass meeting called by the Mayoryon Thursday in St. Andrew's hall, upon a requiition, to discuss the syndicate terms, the proceedings were commenced by passing a strong resolution "thanking Sir John Macdonald and the Dominion Government for the ad-mirable contract entered into with the syndicate for the construction of the Pacific rall-way," and at the close of the discussion which ed, the resolution was reaffirmed amid

Mr. Parnell made a good point in a speech he delivered at Wexford a' fortnight ago when he pointed out that the British Government, no matter which party was in power, always selected an Englishman for the position of Chief Secretary for Ireland. Mr. Forster is a man of good ability, but it is said he had, never set foot on Irish soil until he went there after his appointment. At all eyents, he knows no more about Ireland and the Irish character than the majority of eduted Englishmen.

The Ontario estimates for 1881 were subnitted to the Assembly last week. The total mount asked for is \$2,309,000, of which 229,000 is for capital account. There is an ncrease of \$2.700 in Civil Covernment ; legisation remains at the same figure ; there is a lecrease of \$7,000 in administration of jusice ; an increase of \$4,000 in education, the \$25,000 in the maintenance of public insti-tutions; a decrease of \$8,700 in imanigration; nd of \$6,400 in agriculture and arts; and an ncrease of \$10,000 in miscellaneous.

The following is a summary of the division on Mr. Blake's amendment by provinces :---

	For	Agains
Ontario	23	61
Quebec	14	46
New Brunswick	n	5
Nova Scotia	5	15
Manitoba	0	4
Prince Edward Island	1	5
British Columbia	0	4
		the second se
	54	140
There was a majority for t from every province except N		
The Bobcavgeon Independ	ent ti	hinks the

maefulness of the Mowat Cabinet is nearly

"Mr. Mowat and his Cabinet colles have been through the statutes from the first to the last, and have revised them, and one-solidated them, and amended them, and indexed them, and turned them over, and twisted them about, and pulled them inside out, and mended them, and patched them until the darned old things won't bear any. more meddling with, and so they have to

ONTABIO LEGISLATURE.

Continued from Third Page. ceeded our imports. Our foreign trade had creased, great public works would be un-ertaken, there was already a tendency to check the emigration of onr farmers, and there was every reason for hope. In conclu-sion, he said it was the duty of the Govern-ment to furnish details of every expenditure, so that the House could see if there was any

what he should have said, he would have told his constituents that the nominal surplus was liable to these heavy obligations year after year. If the hon. Minister while dealing with business men as a business man had in-formed them that he was worth \$100, while he was head over ears in debt, simply because he had \$100 in his pocket at the time, would he have been right? Every principle of equity, every principle of right and fairness, held that all that a man had was pledged to meet his just debts. The hon. Minister pro-ceeded at the same meeting to say "that after large and beneficial expenditures for railroads and in surplus distributions, after investing in drainage improvements and debentures, om for reduction in any quarter, Mr. CREIGHTON said that the Treasure Mr. CKEIGHION said that the freesures had so withheld certain facts as to give a false impression to the country in relation to the surplus. The question was, was the sur-plus claimed an available one which could be frawn upon ? He believed that if not and locked up beyond our reach. For in-stance, he had left out of the liabilities the large annual amounts to be paid to railways. in drainage improvements and debentures, and after carrying on the Government in the most vigorous and liberal manner, they still had left a surplus of over \$5,000,000." Was Last year hon, gentlemen opposite said it was absurd to charge the annual receipts with these payments. If that were correct, then they must be charged against the surplus. He had made a statement of what these payhad left a surplus of over \$0,000,000. Was it \$5,000,000, "to be disposed of as the peo-ple of this province might from time to time think best?" No. The credit of the country was pledged to meet certain and heavy dues, and the hon. Minister made a statement which must have mislead his hearers and which heat certainly misled the meaker ments would amount to. He found the ag gregate sum yet to be paid to railways was \$3,770,124, which should be deducted from the surplus. He considered that the interest to be paid to the muni-

which must have misled his hearers and which had certainly misled the speaker. Mr. HARDY indulged in an attempt at badinage, which wiled away the time of the House for a few minutes, then denounced Quebec as an insignificant province, and finally settled down to belittling the speech of the hon, member for North Grey (Mr. Creighcipalities on account of the municipa loan fund, about\$41,999, the interest due to ton.) Mr. LAUDER said that the statement

loan fund, about \$41,999, the interest due to Quebec on the surplus, and the amount re-naired for the parliament buildings should be deducted from the surplus, which would make \$3,121,809.24, leaving a balance as the surplus of \$1,098,254.37. But even this was not an available surplus, as only the interest on the common school fund could be touched, the money being held by the Dominion for-ever. The surplus left by Mr. Sandfield Macdonald was in Dominion bonds and hard cash, and his successors ought to have guard-ed it more carefully. Through the results of the National Policy the pro-vince had been flourishing; thanks to that policy, there was not a deficit in the provin-cial revenue. It was time that the true position of affairs was faced, and that an attempt was made by the hon. gentleman the Treasurer was of the usual commonplace character which the statements of the finances of Ontario must of necessity be, the Govern ment having no power to increase the revenues, which were either fixed or independent of Government control. In his statement of the debenture debt of the municipalities the treasurer omitted to refer to the mortgage debt of the people, which was a far heavier burden. In referring to the surplus he reminded the House that Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's surplus was once whereas the present surplus position of analys was faced, and that an attempt was made by the hon. gentleman opposite not to show fictitious surpluses, but to make a manful effort to meet the diffi-culties which really existed. (Applause.) Mr. FRASER said that the hon. member (Mr. Creighton) was making a great ado about nothing, and in order to alarm the people and to more that the mount inter claimed could not in any sense be called cash. After some remarks from Messrs. Hay and Waters

and waters, Mr. MERRICK said he considered that the public accounts should be brought down before the financial statement was made, as ado about nothing, and in order to sight the people, and to prove that the surpluses were fictitious, was calling to his aid all the possi-ble sources of expenditure likely to open dur-ing the next twenty years. He was afraid his hon, friend had been devoting the holibefore the inhancial statement was made, as their absence put members to a disadvan-tage in criticising that statement. In view of the heavy obligations imposed upon us by the maintenance of the public institutions, he was surprised that no member of the Government had suggested that the Dominion Government had suggested that the Dominion Government days to getting up a speech on the surplus. The hon. gentleman said that the province had suggested that the Dominion Government should relieve the province of the Central Prison, the more especially as Mr. Mackenzie in his budget speech of 1872 said it was not the duty of the province to maintain or pro-vide such an institution, which the Dominion Government should have undertaken. He contended that the railway aid liabilities should be properly charged against the surplus. Suppose there were a dehoit in the revenue, where would the money come from? If the amounts for railway aid which were still an objection in the province, and the amount required for the new Parliament buildings, and the scrip on the common school fund were taken into account, the surplus would be reduced to about \$400,000. He proceeded to say that the Government hadn't a surplus because the Government could not lay its hand on it in bills and bonds and gold. The present Government had been in power since 1871, and how had been in power since 18/1, and how had they managed the expenditure, during their tarm of office? He would give the figures. In 1873 the actual expenditures of the province had been \$2,460,000 ; in 1874, \$2,342,000 ; in \$2,630,000; in 1876, \$2,154,000; \$2,363,000; in 1878, \$2,480,000; \$2,285,000, and in 1880, \$2,243,000. Se that last year, after nine years of power, their expenditure was less than in 1873, and had only once exceeded it during the intervening period. And still further, the estimated exenditure for the coming year was \$2,309,000 Mr. MACMASTER regretted that the dis He proceeded to say that the Government should do away with the large sum voted for Mr. MACMANTER regretted that the dis-crussion had been taken up on such short no-sice. Yet he could not help recognizing and appreciating the masterly exposition of his friend on the right (Mr. Creighton) of the true state of affairs. He regretted that the bon. gentleman opposite who had been called up by it (Hon. Mr. Fraser)—the hon. gentle-man who was credited abroad with being the prue head of the Government the great "" the superannuation of teachers. Mr. CROOKS said that the teachers were

prepared to contribute more in future to the bund, which would reduce the obligations of the market value, of healthy animals. Two bundred thousand dollars is asked for to meet the expenses that will be incurred in farrying out the provisions of the Act. If legislation can stamp out or keep under con-trol the prevailing diseases among live stock, it is plain it will not be wanting either in America or in England. A new field for veterinam surgeons will soon be opened. It has been found that every possible precaution exercised as regards oattle, either at the port of shipment or of landing, is not sufficient to prevent the the market value, of healthy animals. In market thousand dollars is asked for Mr. MERRICK went on to say that the Mr. MERRICK went on to say that the large sums appropriated to hospitals and charities were out of proportion to the popu-lation, and had been unfairly distributed in the past. He contended that after the railway subsidies, and the surplus distribution to the municipalities had been paid, the surplus itself would have been dissipated, and succeeding Governments would be left with a beavy ob-ligation man who was credited abroad with being the brue head of the Government, the great "I am" of the House—(laughter)—he regretted that the hon. gentleman opposite had seen fit to answer by banter and not by argument—a peculiarly significant fact. No one who had listened to the debate could have helped no-ticing that the argument of the hon. member for Grey had never even been answered. The hon, member opposite (Mr. Fraser) had start The debate was adjourned. The House adjourned at 11 o'clock. FRIDAY, JAD. of landing, is not sufficient to prevent the carrying of disease from, one country to another. But one thing, therefore, remains-to employ an experienced man to accompany the animals across the ocean. He, of course, BILLS INTRODUCED. following bills were read the first Wood. Mr. Boulter-Respecting the Grand Juncthe animals across the ocean. He, of obsric, would have power to throw beasts overboard on the first symptoms of disease becoming apparent. This in the end would be found cheaper than the present system, and it is a little singular, looking at all the circum-stances, that the idea has not long ago become general among the large ship-owners. Human beings cannot travel in large num-burs without a medical attendant, and there is really no reason why live stock should be Mr. Wigle-To incorporate the Port Royal and Lake Huron Railway Company. Mr. Gibson (Hafmilton)-To amend the Act incorporating Anox College. Mr. Lauder-Respecting the London June-ton Railway Company. Mr. Lauder-Bespecting the London June-tion Railway Company. Mr. Monk-To amend the Election Act. Mr. Merrick-To incorporate the L. O. L. Association of Ontario, dast and west. Mr. Young-To incorporate the Credit Valley Railway Aid Company. Mr. Baxter-To amend the Act incorporat-ing the Toronto and Nipissing Extension Railway Company. Mr. Gibson-To incorporate the Federal A Fire Insurance Company. is really no reason why live stock should be expected to. Sneath. The new method of rapid dessiccation of fruit which is now followed on a large scale in many parts of the country has led to a great improvement in the quality of dried & Fire Insurance Company. Mr. Hunter-Respecting the Georgian Bay fruits, and particularly of dried apples. By selecting the apples, the product is exceed-ingly white in appearance, and while the flavour is not quite equal to that of the fresh fruit, it is far superior to that of the dried apples as usually prepared. It is said that when asside by the rapid process the apples may be exposed to the sun for hours without becoming discoloured. The process of desin-cation is very simple. The apples are peeled, oored, and properly aliced by a machine, after which they are placed upon trays in the dessicoating room. Here, by means of a me-ohanical arrangement, they are carried up on one side and descend upon the other, when they are taken out ready for packing. As soon as one tray is removed another takes its place, so that the operation is continuous. During the process the fumes of sulphur are used to bleach the fruit, but the are so perfectly absorbed by the apples that no dour of sulphur cas be detected in the drying-room. The dried fruit can be packed in boxes, and it will keep for a long time, pre-serving all its excellent qualities. In water is swella up and forms a jelly in the courts of a few hours. The rapidity and cheapness of the process, and the character of the product, insures for its a still will application than it has yet reasived. fruits, and particularly of dried apples. By Railway Company. Mr. McMaster-Respecting the Credit Mr. McMaster-Respecting the Order Foncier Franco-Canadian. Mr. French-To consolidate the County and Division Courts. Mr. Gibson-To amend the Act incorpor-ating the Victoria Railway Stock Company. Mr. McMaster-To authorise the trustees of St Advanty Church Williamature to of St. Andrew's Church, Williamstown, to sell certain lands. Mr. French-To amend the Municipal Act. Mr. Mowat-Respecting St. Paul's Church, Woodstock. J. P. S AND DIVISION COURT BAILIFFS. Mr. LAUDER asked whether or not those of Her Majesty's justices of the peace who may by proclamation or otherwise be ap-pointed Division Court bailiffs are required to surrender their commissions, or whether they are allowed to act in the double capacity of justices of the peace and Division Court bailiffs. Woodstock. Mr. MOWAT said there was no incompat ibility according to law in the same person holding the two offices. It was not necessary that there should be a surrender of the com-missions referred to. es for it a still wider application MECHANICS' INSTITUTES. Mr. YOUNG moved for a return of all cir-gulars or instructions issued to Mechanics' has yet received. Check Homes-Small Farms. Cheap Homes-Small Farms. Institutes by the Education Department the name of each institute which was refuse It cannot be doubted but there is a fact or the Government grant during the past year, together with the grounds on which the re-fusal of such grant was based. The motion passed. TORONTO UNIVERSITY SENATE. Mr. HARCOURT moved for a return of the minutes of the Senate of the University of Toronto from date of last return to the close of 1880. of 1880. Mr. CROOKS said that in future the minutes of the Senate of the University would probably be embodied in the sensional papers. With regard to the proceedings of the Senate, no statute was operative till sanctioned by the Liestenant Covernor. the Lieutenant-Governor. DITCHES AND WATERCOURSES. Mr. Waters' bill to amend the Act respecting ditching and watercourses was read the second time and referred to a special committee. THE MUNICIPAL ACT. Mr. Waters' bill to amend the Municipal Act was read the second time and referred to the Municipal Act Committee. THE JUDICA URE ACT. The House again went into Committee of the Whole on the Judicature Bill, and passed several more clauses up to the 47th with some amendments. The committee rose and reported. The House adjourned at 6 p. m. Two Organs. Regulate first the stomach, second the liver; especially the first so as to perform their functions perfectly, and you will remove at least nineteen-twentieths of all the ills that mankind is heir to, in this or any other cli-mate. Hop Bitters is the only thing that will give perfectly healthy natural action to these two organs. - Means Parses.

he gave them a distinct assurance of a " AGRICULTURAL. s" of so many millions, while if, ent of his hon. friend, the member argument of his hon. friend, the member for North Grey, was correct, no such surplus existed, and the hon. Minister had made a misleading statement. It had mislead him EDITORIAL NOTES.

misleading statement. It had mislead hi (Mr. Macmaster), at all events, when he rs it at the time. Had the hon. Minister sa what he should have said, he would have to Ma CHAPTER has given notice in the Im-perial House of Commons, of a motion look-ing to the total prohibition of the importation of cattle from countries where disease is known to exist, inasmuch as the precaution of slaughtering the animals on landing has proved insufficient to prevent the introduc-tion of disease into England.

If America gave England pleuro-pneumonia with her cattle, the latter has now returned the compliment with the foot and mouth disease. Of the two complaints the first named is more disastrous to the animals themnamed is more disastrous to the animals them-selves, but the foot and mouth disease is more likely to have baneful effects upon the public. When a cow is suffering from pleuro-pneumonia its milk ceases to flow with the first symptoms, but with what may be called the English affection the milk becomes tainted and totally unit for food. Un-scrupulous milk-vendors do not hesitate to sell this poisonous stuff, thereby spreading the germs of disease among their customers. A Kansas grazier writes to the New York

Sun denouncing foreign immigrants and the comestead law which encourages them to settle in that State. His letter bristles with such epithets as "poverty-stricken peasants of Europe," "foreign tramps," "foreign paupers," "inhabitants of Irish bogs," and so on. Those Reformers who have joined with Mr. Blaks in the attempt to scare away Old Country, people from the North-West by representing the latter territory as a syndi-cate-ridden country, in every respect inferior cate-ridden country, in every respect inferior to the Western States, may gather from the Sum orrespondent's letter, some notion of the welcome that emigrants from Europe and the British Islands may look for at the hands of the aristocratic Know-nothings of Kansas.

A St. Louis despatch mentions the probability of another corner in corn. If there is one thing more sinful than another, it is this gambling in the food of the world. Bulls and

gambling in the food of the world. Bulls and bears, shorts and longs, in their grabbing operations will often bring down and ruin the smaller speculators, but the latter are also in the game, and as long as they choose to stay in must be content to suffer the consequences. Gambing in breadstuffs affects the class who are powerlass to help themselves. A cent or two on the four-pound loaf is not felt by the rich or well-to-do man, but to the poor la-bourer with a large family to keep it means a great deal. Betting and games of chance are suppressed by the high hand of the law, but the necessaries of life are considered fit and proper tools by which the rich may prey upon the poor.

A bill now before the United States Con-gress provides for the organization of a Bureau of Animal Industry in the Department of Agriculture. It authorizes the Commissioner of Agriculture to appoint a chief of this Burcau, who is to be a competent thief of this Burcau, who is to be a competent reterinary surgeon, approved by the National Board of Health, and whose duty is will be Board of Health, and whose duty is will be to investigate and report the value and con-dition of domestic animals; and also what causes confagious diseases among them, and be provide for the prevention and cure of the fame. The Commissioner of Agriculture is authorized by the bill to purchase and slaughter diseased animals, provided the sum paid for them shall not exceed two-thirds of the market value of healthy animals. They

THE WEEKLY MAIL, TOBONTO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1881. FARM NOTES. White flowers are generally more agreeably agrant than coloured ones.

You may enlarge your pinks by watering them with a weak solution of nitre. The sheep and wool interest of Michigan was never in better condition than at present. The quantity of timber being got out this winter in the rear of Frontenao is unusually

greens.

Deciduous trees are those whosees leav fall off every year, as opposed to the ever-

Winter is the time to thoroughly repair all tools, ploughs, reaping machines, outliva-tors, and the like. tors, and the like. In Glasgow, Scotland, one Iodine factory uses up 6,000 tons of seaweed every year to produce this chemical. The Thawville (III.) creamery, in Iroquois county, recently paid a dividend of 40 per cent. on its capital stock.

The French Academy has lately discovered that some plants are as sensitive to the effects of chloroform as animals are.

A three days' session of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association will commence at Brockville on Tuesday, February 22ad.

It is said that if sod land is ploughed just before the corn is planted the worms will feed upon the sod and not injure the corn.

Ten millions of cattle are annually slaugh-tared in this country to supply the home de-mand for meat, which is valued at \$400,000, 000.

000. The Courrier de Sun Francisco speaks of three vines hear Sonoma, Cal., 20 years of age, each of which yielded this year 150 pounds of grapes. In midwinter, when the weather is cold, corn is the best feed for promoting plump-ness and warmth in horses. Oats constitute the best muscle-producing food. An Oregon farmer made considerable syrup

An Oregon farmer made considerable syrup from watermolons last year. The melons were run through a older mill, and the juice strained and boiled down.

Two or three acres of corn will supply a Western family with a winter's fuel. The same corn sold and turned into wood or coal would not supply fuel for a month.

The repeated application to copper or brass of alternate washes of diluted acetic acid and exposure to the fumes of ammonia will give a very antique-looking green bronze.

It should never be forgotten that rich eat-the food makes tich manures, and rich manure heavy crops, while on the other hand, poor feed means lean cattle, poor manure and inferior crops. The average yield of corn is less than one-half of the possible yield. When we think how little the second half of one hundred

bushels of corn costs per acre, the profit of growing such a crop bee mes apparent.

Amongst other sales of alterp made recently by Mr. Thomas Waters, of Eramosa, are four ewe lambs for \$100, to Snell Bros, a rain lamb for \$40 to Mr. Walker, Belleville, and two ewes and four lambs for \$70 to Mr. Johnston, Kentucky.

On Saturday last a farmer from Grantham, named Wm. Ospeland, came to St. Catharines to transact some business. When he re-turned he found that \$100 had been stolen.

GNON-On the 31st January, the wife of an D'Avignon, Windsor, Ont., of a RAHAM-On the 28th inst. at 95 Charles of the wife of Charles P. Graham, of twins. DE LAPORTE-On the 29th inst. at 308 Jarvin rect, the wife of Alexander De Laporte, of BRYCE-On Wednesday, January 20th, at 180 Parliament street, the wife of Alexander Bryce,

Dickson-On the 25th January, at No. 2 Windsor street, Toronto, the wile of Captain Mickson, 7th Dragoon Guards, of a son. ALONDE-On the 22nd inst., Mrs. Victor Le

town-At 39 Jackson street west, Hamilt HEALY-At Barrie, on Monday, Sist January, the wife of Peter Healy, H. & N. W. Rallway, or

amediately relieve and permanently arvous Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia I diseases of the nerves, and revitalize sod. Circular and consultation free. A. NORMAN, No-On the 37th ult., the wife of Samuel, Esq., ex-Deputy Reeve of Proton, of MARRIAGES.

CANNING-At the parsonage, S Qa onte, January Soth, by Rev. Thoma John Scott, to Miss Drucilla P. Car Chibicaka ERVOUS DEBILITY

Total Weakness and Prostration, from over-ork or indisorction, is radically and promptly used by HUMPHREYS' HOMCEOPATHIC PECIFIC No. 28. Been in fast twenty years, and is the most successful remedy known. Price I per vial, or five vials and large vial of powder of 55, seat post free on receipt of price. HUM-HREYS' HOMCEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., Be Pulsan street, New York Windiseals Depot BILL-PADET-At the residence of the brid ther, by the Rev. Charles Taylor, Mr. Nels-tell, York Mills, to Miss Lizzte Padget, Butte lle, second daughter of William Padget, Es

Bell, York Mills, to Miss Lizzie Padget, Button-ville, second daughter of William Padget, Keq., Thorndale farm. STEWART-HYLAND-By the Rev. Father Me-Bride, at St. Vincent's obspel, January Sth., Charles Edward Steuart, of Toronto, to Miss Glara Hyland, second daughter of Mr. P. T. Hyland, merchant, Detroit. Detroit and St. Thomas papers please copy. Rockness-CHRESTIE-At Toronto, on Monday, Oetober Hith. 1880, by the Rev. J. M. Cameron, Mr. John Rogers, Cockstewa, to Miss Miggie, Bounget, daughter, of the late Secret Christics, Eag., Bradford.

Cons-CLAMANS-At the residence of the Diffe's mother, Locust Grove, Tyrone, Ont., on Wednesday evening, Jan. 20th, by the Rev. J. Wilson, Methodist minister, Mr. N. N. Cole (of Ole, Saunders & Rose), Cobourg, to Addie V., Laughter of Mrs. W. Clamans.

EGECOMBE-GLES-On the Sith inst., at the esidence of the bride's father, Rosedale, York-rille, by the Rev. S. J. Hunter, Mr. A. G. Edgo-sombe, of Fredericton, N.B., to Nellis, fourth laughter of J. G. Giles. N. B. papers please copy.

N. 5. papers piease copy. IRVING-TAYLOR-At St. John's chapel, Wes-on, on the 37th inst, by the Rev. O. E. Thomson, ssisted by the Rev. Canon Tremayne and the key. T. Patterson, Alex. Irvine, Eeq. of Aima, guffalo county, Wis, to Evaine Amelia, third flughter of the late Robert Taylor, Esq., of Vantos.

TRUSSES OLUTHE'S PATENT Spiral Truss; all attach-ments improved. No more buckles, all on solid NURSE-Lond-On the 26th January, by the fev. A. H. Baldwin, Mr. Isaac Thomas Nurse, o Withelmins Thomasina, second daughter of corge Long, Esq., of Sheridan. brass chating. Book on rupture and human frame, free. Sand address in full on post card, free. Best true information about rupture, and

Cox-RUTTHERFORD-At Middle Stewlacks, on the 11th Inst., by the Rev. Edwin Smith, assisted by the Rev. E. Grant, Robinson Cox, M.D., ef Upper Stewlacks, to Marr, daughter of William Rutherford, of Middle Stewlacks. BORLAND-BIGHAM-On the 77th January, the Rev. Alex. Fraser, at the residence of t bride's father, Brooksite, Clarke, C. B. Borlan druggist, Orono, to Mary E., only daughter Geo. Bigham, Esq., all of Clarke.

Spence-Rortweil.-At the residence of the price's father, in the town of Walkerton, on the Sch inst, by the Rev. E. S. Rupert, M.A., Dr. T. S. Spence, of Neutada, to Georgie M., daughter f B. Rethwell, Eso. DEATHS.

Sorneran-At soon on Sunday, the 20th anuary, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Ym. Wade, in the township of Howick, county furon, Esther, the widew of the life John Sotheran, aged 80 fears; was a native of Queen's ounly, ireiand. Will other papers please copy.

Cosrello-Of paralysis, at 36 St. Charles street, Michael Costello, sr.

DR.J. ADAMS

Mr. Michael Costello, sr. McKinwow-On the Sist January, John, only son'of John H., and Elizabeth McKinnon, aged 6 years, 3 months, and 24 days. PURSE-On Tuesday night, 25th inst., at No. 16 Adelaide street west, Oatherine Walsh, wife of Adex, Purse, in her 35th year. CLOW-On the 25th inst., Mrs. Mary Ann Clow, the beloved wife of Wim. Clow, aged 2 ward

years. LACKTE-On January 25th, Alvira Adeline, daughter of H. Hall, Markham, and wife of David Lackie, aged 36 years and 3 months. CROSS-On the 26th inst., at \$53, King street west, of confection of the imps. James Checker Randolph, youngest child of James Fletcher Cross, barrister, aged 5 months and 26 Gays. Hitz-At his residence, Glenwillian 14th inst. Mr. Audmen Hill, aged 63 year Madmanapy-At Yorkville, on the 25th inst., William Alexander, son of Joseph and Fanny Macready, aged 8 years and 5 months. GANGE-On Thursday, 37th Inst., at 12.50 p.m., John Gange, printer, aged 49 years. RYERSON-At Port Dover, on the 21st Inst., of typhoid forcer, Gootte Arthur Ryetson, youngest son of the late Elwy M. Ryerson, aged 30 years. Hopper-At Viotoria Square, on Saturday, Jan. 22nd, Annie Harrison, beloved wife of David Hopper, aged 22 years and 7 months. Budh-At his residence, St. Catharines, on Saturday, 22nd January 1881, Geo. M. Bligh, aged

YE, EAR, AND THROAT-DR. G. Ryerson, L.R.C., P.S.E., Oculist and Auri pronto General Hospital, late Clinical Assista 5 to \$20 so free. Address STINSON & CO nto General Hospital, late C field's Eye Hospital, Lon ch street, Toronto. ng. 1 20 Floral Motic Cards, with name, 10 canta post paid. NASSAU CARD Co., Nassau, N.Y. HORSE-OWNERS SHOULD NEVER BE without Mrs. Julys Myers Veterinary Salva tis a sure oure for all Hoof Diseases. It is a sure oure for Scratches. It is a sure oure for Sruins, Surs, co. It is a sure oure for Bruisce, Saddle Halls, co. It is a sure oure for all kinds of Run-ling Sores. It will remove Spavins, Wind Galls, Splints, co. For sale by all Druggists. Price, Soc. and I per hoz. General Agent for Canada, J. 200MBE, 156 King st. c., Toronto, Ont. e3rd w a year and expenses to agents. Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, a, Maine. \$777 25 FIGURED, GILTEDGEGLASS, TURNED down corners, 30 cents; 25 Fun Cards, for winter evenings, 15 cents. NATIONAL CARD HOUSE, Ingersoil, Ont. AK LUMBER WANTED-A FEW THOU-

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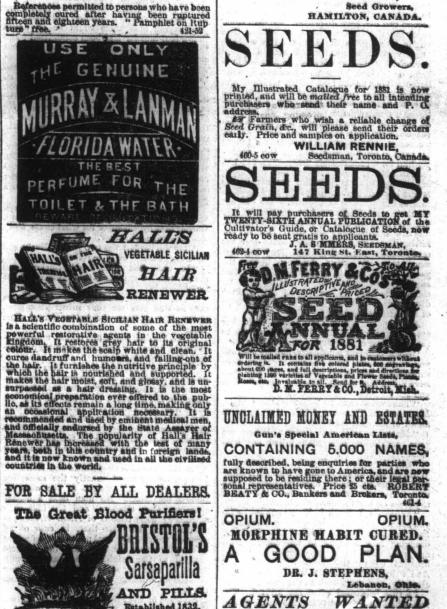
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soon, Rentucky. By striking young verbens plants early in autumn, and putting them first into small pots and then into larger as soon as the roots have reached the sides, and keeping them in vigorous growth, pinching back the leading shoots and nipping off every flower head, the verbenas may be made to bloom in the win-dow all winter.

let alone. Nevertheless it is safe to say the Assembly will sit out the session.

Mr. Wood's financial statement last week was, upon the whole, a very satisfactory one. The Crown Land revenue, which, with the Dominion subsidy, is the main stand-by, exceeded the estimate by \$160,000, and there was a surplus on the year's operations of something over \$200,000. Mr. Wood's speech was a plain and practical exhibit of the ledgers. He does not pretend to be an orator, but he has the knack, in an eminent degree, of putting the facts in a clear and terse way; and perhaps that is the highest value a provincial treasurer could be pos-sessed of. Mr. Wood claims a surplus of \$4.000,000. This Outario surplus is more wonderful than the widow's cruse-the more that is taken from it, the bigger it grows.

Mr. Thomas Hughes' scheme for establishing an English colony in Tennessee is fizzling out. The London World says :

"The sooner that graceful but nonsensical project, Rugby, is abandoned, the better. Mr. Hughes really ought to feel some little responsibility in the matter. He ought to know that it is the story of Martin Chuzzle-wit's Eden told over again, and the fast that it is mobilished now with a much deal and wit's Eden told over again, and the most that it is embellished now with a great deal of sentimental talking and writing, lawn tennis, and 5 o'clock tea, will not prevent it from being a miserable and heart-breaking failure to all who are induced to embark in it.

The idea of a batch of young Englishmen arrayed in dressing-gowns and smoking-caps trying to cultivate a tract of land which native farmers abandoned in despair is "quite too awfully funny," as they would say.

Mr. Morton, of New York, is working vigorously to induce the House of Representatives at Washington to take up the question of reciprocity with Canada. The other tion of reciprocity with Canada. The other day he presented the memorial of the National Board of Trade praying for the appointment of a commission to consider the subject, and report a basis for a treaty. Mr. Cox, of New York, who is helping Mr. Morton, says peti-tions are coming in from every part of the United States urging Congress to take action in the matter. Even the sturdy protection-ists of Pennsylvania are willing to support the support of a commission. It is not the appointment of a commission. It is not to be supposed that four millions of people by adopting a protective tariff, have brought fifty million protectionists to their knees; but it is pretty evident that there would have en no desire on the part of the Americani to bring about another reciprocity treaty had our markets been left open to them as of old.

OBITUARY.

M. LETELLIER. M. LETELLIER. M. Letellier de St. Just, who has been iff for many months, died at midnight on Friday at Rivière Ouelle. He was boarn there on the 12th May., 1820, his father being Francois Letellier, of St. Valier, in the county of Bellechasse, and his mother a daughter of Charles Casgrain, seigneur of Rivière Ouelle. He was 'educated at St Anne College, and married Engénie, a daugh-ber of the Executive Council and Minister of Arriculture for Canada from May, 1863, te ber of the Executive Council and Minister of Agriculture for Canada from May, 1863, the March, 1864. He was a member of the Privy Council, an ex-officio Commissioner of Patenta, and co-leader of the Sepate with Hon. E. W. Scott for the Government in the Semati up to December, 1876, when he succeeded Hon. Réné E. Caron as Lisutenant-Governet of Quebec. In 1851 he sat for Kanourska was defeated for this constituency in 1853 again in 1857, and again in 1869. He also was defeated for L'Islet in 1871. From May 1860, until the Union he sat for Granvill division. He same selied to the Samete he 860, until the Union he sat for Granvil livision. He was called to the Senate by oyal precisiontion in May, 1967.

hon. member opposite (Mr. Fraser) had start-ad out with a demonstration that certain Yet, according to his own statements, the continuous liability of an annual subsidy of \$100,000 treme is the remained to be paid, and yet the hon. Treasurer took no account of this sum in his budget. He had taken the ground that ould not be discussed at this time. Was it not a liability? How otherwise could be enter the fact in his books? Any assertion to the effect that this sum was not an indebted ness was simply and purely a legal fiction-(hear, hear), and his hon. friend beside him (Mr. Creighton) had dealt with the indebted (Mr. Creighton) had dealt with the indebted-ness in the proper way. The hon, gentlemen opposite had referred to the feeling of the country and the result of the last appeal to the people. They knew well how that appeal had resulted as it did, how the Conservative party were aeleep when they should have been working, and that only their own apathy, their own folly, had kept them from sitting on the other side of the House. (Applause, and faint langhter from the Ministerial side.) There was no need to langh, for this was a There was no need to laugh, for this was a case of laugh best who laughed last, as the next election would probably show the hon. gentlemen opposite. (Applause.) The argument of the hon. member (Mr. Fraser) was a most extraordinary one. Supposing that the amounts to be paid to the railways were \$5,000,000, the hon. Treasurer would even then be justified in using the would even then be justified in using the same specious arguments to support the course which he now took with regard to a less formidable indebtedness. Even with a certain will be justified by such a specious argument in saying that the provincial sur-pluteras \$4,000,000. It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair. AFTER RECESS. Mr. MACMASTER continued. The hon-ourable Minister (Mr. Fraser), he said, had stated that the speech which had made him so uneasy had been made over and over again. If it had been previously made surely the hon, gentleman was all the better prepared to meet it. He was forewarned, and might the meet it. He was forewarned, and might the more readily have met the arguments ad-vanced. But far from his reply militating against the statements of the member for North Grey, the hon, gentleman's remarks only showed that he was unable to reply, or was able to reply only by banter. According to the views of the member for North Grey the supposed surplus of the Government was con-siderably minimized. He would speak, how-ever, anart from even that statement, straight ever, apart from even that statement, straight forward as it was ; he would speak on principle, and he claimed that it was an elementary indebted in a large sum to be met in a requence of regular and certain payments, it sould not be held to have an unencumbered surplus, such as that shown by the hon. gentlesurplus, such as that shown by the hon. gentle-men opposite, and that the statement that there was such a surplus was calculated only to mislead. But the hon. gentlemaa said that the form of statement made had been in mae for years. What if it had been ? Was the principle of true "reformers," such as they claimed to be, to go on doing wrong ? The true principle of a reform party was to proce the true financial state of affairs to the people of the province. The hon. gentle-men were not wanting altogether in original-ity. They had not only practised their sys-tem of bookkeeping, but they had invented they could do was to set it right. (Applause.) Error long-continued did not justiy further persistence in wrong-doing. The ordinary principles of business should be allowed to prevail in matters of such importance as pro-rincial finances. The statement formulated by the hon. Treasurer was not, indeed, en-

rincial finances. The statement formulated by the hon. Treasurer was not, indeed, en-irely original, as he would proceed to show. The hon. First Minister, in addressing his confiding constituents at Woodstock in De-ember, 1878, when he had no particular in-terest in any immediate political event, made a statement similar to that of the hon. Treasur-ers. At that meeting he informed his constitu-ents that " there was a clear surplus of about \$4,750,000 in the provincial treasury as mat-inguised as the let December, 1877." Have

rv. M. B. Holeroft B. Nelles ; Auditors, J. N. Hall and Thomas

Wood. The following were elected officers and directors of the Electoral District Agricul-tural Society of West Simcoe for 1881, at the annual meeting held on Wednesday last, viz.: President, W. M. Lount, Q. C.; 1st Vice-Pre-sident, W. H. Partridge; 2nd Vice-President, John Darby ; Directors, John Warnles, Mar-tin Johnson, Wm. O'Brien, Charles Drury, Thomas Duff, Geo. Sneath. Dr. McCarthy, Jonathan Sissons, and W. B. Sanders ; Audi-tors, J. J. Brown and L. Sanders ; Delegata, Wm. Lount, Q. C.; Secretary-Treasurer, Geo. Sneath.

In these days of mental confusion among mothers as to the feeding of their hapless in-fants, it is something to know, on the author-ity of. Dr. Lee, that gost's milk is more easily digested than cow's milk, owing to the fact that the cream globules are smaller, and "are retained in the will be retained in the milk in a more perfect form of emulsion." The deterioration of the race from improper feeding in infancy has become such a serious question in France that the Government now insists that children sent out to nurse (a common practice in that coun-try) shall be reared on mother's milk.

try) shall be reared on mother's milk. The Stayner Sun says that one Sunday evening recently a creel deed was committed on the farm of our reeve Mr. Young. That gentleinan owns a fine eye sheep which he values very much, and on the night in quee-tion some fiend, in order ne doubt to gratify a spite, entered the sheep fold and stabbed through the neck, with a knife or sharp in-strument, the animal above mentioned. The house in which Mr. Y. kept his fowle was also visited and out of a flock of twenty only two were left alive. Some were killed and thrown in the anow, and the rest carried off. Mr. Young offers a reward of \$20 for infor-mation that will lead to the arrest and con-viction of the scoundrel. viction of the scoundrel.

Judge Davenport, of Montana Territory, purchased 1,000 ewes, which cost him about \$3.000. He put these in charge of a young man, who was to take them on to a range, take all the cars of them, pay all the expenses of the band, and receive as his share one-half

of the wool produced and one-half of the in-crease of the flock." At the end of four years a settlement was to be made, and Judge Davenport was then to receive back 1,000 of the best ewes which the band contained. When the settlement was made Judge Daven-port had received for his share of the pro-ceeds of the wool \$6,600, and for his share of the increase \$3,000. The profits on the in-vestment of \$3,000 for four years were \$14,-500, or 120% per cent. per annum.

600, or 1202 per cent. per annum. Howick Enterprise .-. When Mr. Jos. Cun-ningham moved on to the Ferguson farm, just south of Gorrie village, he little thought that he was settling down close beside the home of a brother whom he had not seen for years, and whose whereabouts he had completaly lost as that he had expected never to ess him again. On being asked if he had any relatives in this section, his reply was that he once had a brother living at Mitchell, but had lost track of him for years. Further inquiry, however, brought out the fact that Mr. Robt. Cunningham, who runs the brick yards on the 6th con., about 25 miles east of here, was the "long-lost brother," and the two were not long in meeting, and having a long, hapfy long in meeting, and having a long, happy talk over by-gones and recounting their his-tories during the years of separation.

The Death Rate

The Death Rate of our country is getting to be fearfully alarm-ing, the average of life being lessened every year without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant erigin. At this season of the year especially a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are solt to overloak the damesre astending it, and eften find too lais that a fever or lung trou-ble has already set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, while had Boscher's German Syrap beam taken a cure would have resulted and a base taken as cure would have resulted and a base taken as cure would have resulted and a base taken as cure would have resulted and a base taken as cure or been avoided. For all diseases of the throat and lungs Boscher's German Syrap has proven itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicing. Every druggist in this country, while the you of its wanderful effect. Over 950,000 bot-ties sold last year without a single future issour.

CARR-In this city, on the 26th inst., John Carr, late Harbour Master, aged 68 years. BUBRITT-At "St. Leonard's," Peterboro', on the 20th inst., the wife of Dr. H. C. Burritt, of a

BEATTY-At Thorold, on Friday morning, January 28th, William Beatty, sr., in his Sind F.

Blastry-At Thoroid, on Friday morning, January 28th, William Boatty, sr. in his Sind, year.
Barugyr-On the 27th Inst., at 77 Si Patrick for the of the internet of heard disease, H. Amo, belowed wile of John Barrett, aged 48 years.
Brits-Buidealy, as Godarieh, on the 30th the inter-section of the internet of the internet wile, aged 68 years, rollot of the internet of John Phillips, rormering of this dity.
Thomas-On Thursday, January 13th, stud-disease, H. Amo, belowed wile of the internet of the source of the internet of the source o



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