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THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. II. No. 200.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1915.

Price:—1 cent.

AUSTRO-GERMANS SURGE FORWARD MENACING POLAND'S CAPITAL

Military Men Say Only a Miracle Can Save the City---Fortress Defending the City to South West Has Fallen

Russians Still Hold Lublin Cholm Railway, But the Town is in Hands of the Enemy

London, July 20.—From the shores of the Gulf of Riga in the north, to that part of Southern Poland back into which they drove the Russians from Galicia, the Austro-German armies are still surging forward, and if Warsaw can be denied them it will be almost a miracle. This seems to be the consensus of opinion even among those in Britain who heretofore have been hopeful that the Russians would turn and deliver a counter blow.

Retreat Ended Russians Turn On Their Invaders

Heavy Losses Have Been Inflicted Where the Teutons TRIED TO PIERCE

The Russian Front—Hindenburg's Strategy Half Successful

London, July 20.—Frederick Remet wires the Daily News from Petrograd, saying that Von Hindenburg has taken control of the joint operations North and South of Warsaw; since Saturday, however, the Russian retreat has ended, and Von Hindenburg's elaborate strategy has only half succeeded. He ordered Von Mackensen, in South Poland, to bring his eleventh army and all his available supports to capture the junction of the roads leading to Lublin and Cholm. Stubborn fighting took place on both banks of the Vepz river where the Austro-Germans were trying to pierce the Russian front. The Austro-Germans unsparring of men, lost enormously.

Change in Wording Of Credit Vote Very Significant

Government Assumes Broader Scope in Financial Affairs A PLAIN INTIMATION

That Other States May Yet Come Into the War

London, July 20.—In moving the new vote of credit for £150,000,000 in the Commons to-day, Premier Asquith announced that for the first seventeen days of July the war expenditure had been £54,000,000, and the rate of expenditure showed a daily natural tendency to rise. The item of loss to the Allies of Britain might also, the Premier pointed out, grow with adhesions to the Allied cause, by States not yet participating in the war.

Russians Make Immense Capture Turk Munitions

London, July 20.—A fleet of fifty-nine Turkish sailing vessels, laden with war materials for the Turkish Army, has been destroyed by Russian torpedo boat destroyers, according to a despatch from Sebastopol to Reuter's Telegram Co.

England Prohibits Export of Metals

London, July 20.—Indicating the extent of Britain's efforts to keep metals out of Germany, the public have been officially requested to pack whatever food may be sent to prisoners of war in Germany, in cardboard or wooden boxes, such as are usually put up in tin boxes or cans, glass or earthenware to be substituted.

Standard Oil Employees Strike

New York, July 20.—Virtually every workman employed by the Standard Oil Company at its Constable Hook Plant, in Bayonne, went on strike to-day; about five thousand men went out.

Welsh Miners Strike Settled

London, July 20.—A despatch from Cardiff announces that the strike of the Welsh coal miners has been settled.

Submarine Sinks Russian Steamer

London, July 20.—The Russian steamer General Radetsky was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine on July 17th.

Amicable Ending To Miners Strike Now In Sight

Cardiff, July 21.—Subject to satisfaction by the miners themselves, through delegates who will assemble to-morrow, representatives of the Government and coal mine owners on one hand and the Executive Committee of the South Wales Miners Federation on the other agreed to-day to terms which it is thought will end the coal miners strike, which since last Thursday tied up the South Wales coal fields and menaced the fuel supply of the navy. The terms arrived at grant substantial increase of wages and involve concessions to the strikers, which is considered by Executive committee as tantamount to an admission of miners claims on nearly all outstanding points.

British Forces Make Some Gains East of Ypres

London, July 20.—Field Marshal French in an announcement to the War Office says:—"Yesterday evening, after successfully exploding a mine just west of the Chateau of Hooge, east of Ypres, our troops occupied about 150 yards of enemy's trenches. This gain has since been consolidated.

Great Britain's Huge Appropriation For War Purpose

London, July 20.—A new vote of credit £15,000,000 was introduced to-day in the Commons. This second supplementary vote will bring the sum actually appropriated by Parliament for war expenditures to total £650,000,000.

FIFTY MILES AN HOUR MOTOR BOATS TO ROUT SUBMARINES

New York, July 13.—The C. C. Smith Boat and Engine Company, of 1,205 Lexington Avenue, announced that it had been asked by the British, French and Russian Governments to submit estimates for the construction of powerful motor speed boats, of sufficient strength to permit the mounting of two or more light guns, the boats to be used, it is understood in running down submarines in the waters around England and France and in the Baltic. The British Government, it is understood, want a fleet of at least 100 of these craft, while the Russians, it is said, want thirty or forty. The number wanted by France is not known.

Remington Arms Factory Employees Go On Strike

Bridgeport, Conn., July 21.—White Labor leaders announced approximately 1,000 machinists employed by the Remington Arms and Ammunition Company and four sub-contractors walked out on strike, the indications were that a difficulty of accomplishing the aim of the Union men had been experienced. Some of the plants, the officials of the Remington Company denied emphatically any men of that plant walked out. Rumor has it that Major Penfield offered the machinists an eight hours day with agreement of \$1.00 a day extra pay, and that they had agreed to remain sub-contractors. On the other hand it was admitted all their machinists had walked out among sub-contractors, admitting their men struck, were concerns which employ between them less than 200 men.

Remington Arms Factory Employees Go On Strike

Philadelphia, July 16.—William Bond, a chemist, of Wilmington, Del., climbed into an air-tight box which was submerged in a tank filled with water at 10 o'clock this morning and remained inside until 5 o'clock this afternoon, depending for seven hours upon his chemical formula for purifying air. The test, which was made with a view to proving the adaptability of Bond's ideas as to submarines, was witnessed by several United States Navy officers and was pronounced successful.

SEVEN HOURS WITHOUT AIR IN SUBMERGED TANK

Seattle, Wash., July 13.—In an effort to determine the flow of currents in the Pacific Ocean, the Japanese Government has thrown 2,000 bottles overboard in a large area south and east of Japan. The first was dropped on May 30, and the last on June 30. Each bottle contained a request in eleven languages that it be returned to the Imperial Fisheries Institute at Tokyo with exact information as to the time and place it is picked up.

TO DETERMINE TREND OF OCEAN CURRENTS

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OFFICIAL BRITISH

London, July 20.—The French Government report a German attack repulsed west of Souchez, also successful rail raids on railways at Colleur and Challicreange.

The Russian Government report further enemy advance in the Riga district and on the Narow front.

The Italian Government report progress after a sanguinary action upon the Isonzo front. Several lines of trenches were captured on the Carso plateau with 2,000 prisoners and 6 machine guns.

The Italian cruiser Guiseppe Garibaldi was torpedoed in the Adriatic. Most of the crew were saved.

BONAR LAW.

ITALIAN

Rome, July 21 (official).—On the Isonzo front our vigorous offensive resulted in progress yesterday, especially on the plateau of Carso, where we took five hundred prisoners. Our troops dug in rapidly in the conquered positions and resisted counter attacks.

The action continued throughout the night.

Fire On Board U.S. Battleship

Washington, July 20.—Fire last night aboard the new dreadnought Oklahoma in the yards of the New York Shipbuilding Company at Camden, N.J., is believed to have originated in the wooden supports and other inflammable material in the magazine space between the two forward turrets.

Navy officials do not believe there is anything to indicate work of an incendiary character.

Terrible Losses Among the Chinese

Washington, July 20.—From 80,000 to 100,000 lives have been lost in floods in the vicinity of Canton, China, according to a cablegram to the State Department to-day from Peking.

Consul General Chesbire appeared for all the assistance that can be rendered by the navy department.

War Will Tax All the Resources Of Civilized World

London, July 20.—Lord Lansdowne declared in the course of a debate in the Lords to-day, the necessity for national economy, saying that although some nations might emerge from the conflict with increased territory, none would emerge with resources unimpaired.

"I believe the traces the war will leave will be in the form, not only of arrested progress, but an immense burden of financial embarrassment, I might almost say financial disaster, to fear which will tax the resources of the civilized world."

Lord Cromer, who took part in the debate, said the only way to rehabilitate the finances of this or any other country, is complete victory, resulting in the overthrow of Kaiserism and the establishment of real constitutional Government in Germany.

British Steamer "Polish Prince" Sunk in Collision

London, July 20.—The British steamer "Polish Prince," from New York, has been sunk in collision with the "Lowther Range." One crew was drowned. The "Lowther Range" was from Manchester for Montreal.

Court Condemns Cotton Cargoes

London, July 20.—A large part of the shipments of American cotton held up by Britain, will probably be condemned by the Prize Court. This was indicated by the ruling made to-day by the Government.

Polish Town Captured by Teutons

Vienna, July 20.—Rasom, capital of the province of Radom, which lies 57 miles south of Warsaw, was captured to-day by the Teutonic Allies, according to an official communication.

Italians Make Considerable Advance

Geneva, July 20.—Despatches to the Tribune say that large gains have been made by the Italians since July 16. According to these advices the Austrians have lost more than five miles in Cadore and lesser amounts in Gradina, Dodeso and Kellerwald. On the Isonzo the Austrians have recaptured two positions near to Lumnio and North of San Lucas. The Tribune also quotes a despatch from the Russian front, saying, that on the nights of July 17 and 18 a fierce hand to hand encounter occurred on the Rawka River in Russian Poland. After fifteen hours fighting the Russians forced back their opponents several miles, capturing several hundred prisoners.

Emigrant Ship Abre in Mid Ocean

London, July 20.—Reuter's despatch from Durban, South Africa says the Peninsula Oriental Line steamer Benalla, with 800 emigrants aboard, bound from London to Australia, is abre eight hundred miles east of Durban, in Indian Ocean. The cargo in one of the steamer's holds is burning.

The steamer Otaki, 150 miles off picked up a wireless despatch from the small, asking aid and the Benalla is now steaming to meet the Otaki.

A domestic in a residence on King's Bridge Road has developed diphtheria and has been sent to Hospital.