

NEWS FROM IRELAND.

Dublin.

At the meeting of the Dublin Corporation, on March 7th, the Lord Mayor, Mr. T. D. Sullivan, M. P., characterized Lord Salisbury's speech as unstatesmanlike and criminal, and moved a resolution...

Wicklow.

Messrs. James D. Ryan, M. D.; J. O'Beilly, F.L.G.; John Byrne, Ghentague; P. J. Byrne, Ghentague; John Byrne, Ballyroan; James Galvin, and Henry Birtwhistle, a deputation of the parishioners of Avoca, county Wicklow, waited on the Rev. Paul Dunphy, P. F., Maul, county Dublin, and presented him with a farewell address...

Wexford.

On March 6, Most Rev. Bishop Browne conferred Holy Orders on Rev. James Long, Bannow, in the Chapel of St. Peter's College, Wexford.

The Rev. Thomas Dixon, O. S. F., died in Wexford, on March 6th. Father Dixon was born in Wexford, in 1859, and was the second son of Mr. E. Dixon, Main street. After pursuing his preliminary studies in St. Peter's College, he entered the Franciscan novitiate in Ennis, in 1879, and afterwards was sent to St. Isidore's, the great Irish Franciscan College at Rome, where a distinguished career in Rome, though his congregation, which was not very strong, began to break down, he was admitted to Holy Orders, and returned to Wexford, in 1884 in the hope of recruiting his health, which had now become greatly impaired. But medical skill, and the effects of his native air, failed to avert the approaching steps of death from consumption.

Kildare.

Very Rev. Richard Hackett, D. D., for many years Professor of Mental Philosophy in Maynooth College, died on March 9th. Dr. Hackett was born at Knockbridge, in the county of Louth, in the year 1823.

Kilkenny.

On March 7th, the Abbey Farm, of 150 acres, adjoining Thomastown, was put up for sale, but did not get one bidder. Two years ago the property was sold with interest in it. The rent is 30s. per acre, and on the land is a splendid house and out-offices. It is the property of a Mrs. Walsh.

Queen's County.

On March 7th, the whole countryside turned out to show sympathy in a practical manner with the Clongrore Campaigners by ploughing up the lands of any of them requiring to be tilled. Early in the day horses and carts, decorated with green ribbons and laurels, began to assemble on the bog roads leading to the Bawn, and were appointed to the different farms. Before noon over 60 ploughs were to be seen steadily at work within a radius of about two miles—the district embraced by the strike—and right well did the Clongrore take advantage of this circumstance to pull up for the time they have been resting on their oars. The boys were cheered on in their work by the bright-eyed colleens, who turned out to encourage them, spotting the gayest of green ribbons and in costumes of the National hue.

Meath.

In the Kilkenny district, the "Plan of Campaign" has achieved signal victory over Mrs. Carroll, who holds an extensive property in that district. Some time ago the tenants applied for a moderate abatement of 15 per cent. The lady refused any abatement, and the tenants resolved to adopt the "Plan of Campaign," which they did. Since that time Mrs. Carroll has striven by every possible means to break the tenants' combination, and she served with writs for the rent. Perceiving at length the futility of her efforts, Mrs. Carroll now caves in, and further promises to forego all costs. The tenants have paid their rents.

Carik.

The boycotting of the Countess of Kingston, on her Mitchellstown estate, which has a rental of £60,000 odd, and being vigorously pursued, owing to her resistance to the "Plan of Campaign." She has dependent upon her 143 people, men and women, who are alike boy-cotted, and of whom no less than ninety-five have to reside inside the walls of her demesne.

The Sheriff's office evicted, on March 10th, John R. O'Sullivan (Bard), as also Dr. B. Leader and John Regan. The latter two were allowed in as caretakers. The landlord is R. Aske Orpen, and the eviction is for one year's rent. Two tenants

were evicted on the same day at Donmore, Kilmorock, on the property of Mr. James Wiseman, Macroom. They were joint tenants, one of whom owed over three years' rent. They were admitted as caretakers.

The publicans of Youghal are arduous campaigners, altogether too arduous for the dunders of the so-called (Orange) Property Defence Union. They are unwilling to minister to the appetites of the emergency hirelings who come down among them, to keep honest farmers out of the holdings upon which they were born, near which the bones of their forefathers are interred, and with which all their heart's closest affections are entwined. But if they refuse to supply drink to those who legitimately demand it, they run the risk of losing their licenses. Accordingly, they have hit upon the experiment of saying they are sorry, and then expensively drinking and charging a shilling for a glass of whiskey. This they conscientiously hand over to the funds of the National League, thus compelling the cause of ascendancy to contribute to the National cause.

The tillage work was resumed on March 7th, on the Kingsmill estate by the tenants of the neighboring properties. A large contingent came from Gallibally, county Limerick, and contiguous districts. Mr. Mandeville was present during the day, and directed the operations. The quantity of land cultivated this year on the estate with the assistance of the tenants of the neighboring counties, Waterford, Limerick, and Tipperary, greatly exceeds the area under tillage for many years, the farms of every tenant who has put the "Plan" into practical operation by disposing of his effects, have been tilled, and the assistance of the people was also extended to a great number of tenants who had not been included in the landlord's list. The fact that the farms of the tenants were prepared for seed-sowing shows the feeling of security that exists amongst the tenants.

Limerick.

The most Rev. Dr. O'Dwyer, Bishop of Limerick, has made the following changes in the diocese.—Rev. John Conway, C. C., transferred to Glenties; Rev. Mortimer McCoy, Fedamore, to Dromin; and the Rev. Michael O'Donnell, C. C., Glenties, to Fedamore.

Kerry.

Father Flaherty, C. C., of Dugha, has been appointed by the Most Rev. Dr. Andrew Higgins, Bishop of Kerry, parish priest of Glenties, in the room of Father John Shanahan, who resigned through old age.

On March 10th, Mr. George Sandes, High Sheriff of the county, evicted an old woman named Bridget Daly, from her home in Ballyduhig. Mrs. Daly, who is the widow of Lord Ormathwaite's quartermaster, states that the reason she was evicted, was because her son, who was the actual tenant, refused to pioneer evicting parties for the agent. The yearly rent paid by her son for the little holding, which consisted of the house and about two acres of land, was one pound. On her son being told by the agent, that he should give up the place for the reason stated, he went to America, his passage having been paid by his friends. Mrs. Daly, who is about seventy years of age, and almost blind, thought that she would have been left in the place by the landlord, in whose service her husband was killed, by being crushed to death in the quarry, and that her son would have been left at home to bury her, when her time came to leave the world, which judging from her age, cannot be a great many years hence. The man who took the little place, Mrs. Daly states, actually assisted at her eviction, by helping to break the bailiffs. His name is Charlie McCarthy, and Mrs. Daly blames him more than the agent, because he had a place of his own. She is a respectable old woman, and there is apparently much sympathy felt for her.

Tipperary.

At the Carrick Assizes, three brothers named Somerville, were convicted, before Judge Murphy, of obstructing the sheriff in the discharge of his duty, and were allowed to stand out on their own recognizances. For a less violent resistance of the sheriff the Chief Baron sentenced the Woodford prisoners to a year and a half's imprisonment, and apologized to the public for not giving them more. Can the explanation be that in the Carrick case the sacred right of rent was not involved? Rent, as the *Pall Mall Gazette* truly says, is the Ark of the Covenant in Ireland.

The death is announced, from inflammation of the lungs, of the Rev. John Slattery, P. P., of the united parishes of Kilkannon and Hollyford, which sad event took place on March 3rd. He always took a lively interest in both the spiritual and temporal welfare of his flock, and was ever ready to relieve the wants of the needy. He was genial and hospitable, and the suavity of his manner endeared him to all his acquaintances, especially his brother priests, as the vast concourse of his people, both clerical and lay, who attended at his interment amply testified.

Clare.

The tenants on the property of Mr. R. W. C. Reeves, D. L., Besborough House, Kilmorock, headed by the Rev. Father O'Meara, waited on the landlord at his residence, in view of paying their rents, less 20 per cent. They were cordially received by Mr. Reeves, who, on learning the object of their visit, at once conceded to the abatement sought.

Tyrone.

Half the tenants on Sir Wm. McMahon's Mountfield estate refused to join the "Plan of Campaign," and paid their rents in full; while the other half who demanded 20 per cent, and lodged their money with trustees, have been allowed the abatement demanded. The landlord offered 10 per cent, but that was inadequate. So they adopted the "Plan of Campaign" for 20 per cent. Sir Wm. McMahon, like a good sensible man, struck down, and gained 20 per cent, on rent paid this month (March).

Derry.

The Derry corporations are a noble band of brothers. They are the cream of Derry "loyalty," and as a consequence cherish a high and mighty scorn for all other corporations in the country as not being sufficiently regardful in the inter-

est of law and order. They are also liable to be excessively scandalized when the members of Nationalist corporations confer the freedom of city or borough on some distinguished Irishman, and are certain to turn up their eyes in horror should the recipient of the honor have suffered for the glorious felony of loving Ireland, hating her oppressors. That being the case, a not unnatural curiosity as to the kind of person such superior beings would deem worthy of honoring with the freedom of their city must have arisen in the public mind. The curiosity is now to be set at rest. After long waiting, a "free citizen" worthy of Derry's renown and a choice representative of the law and order classes has been found in no less a person than Mr. Charles Lewis, lately unseated for certain election irregularities known as "corrupt practices." At the last meeting of this august body the freedom was unanimously voted to the old Ballyvaughan and the loyal corporators and the Corporation rejoicing in the consciousness of having set a law-abiding example to all erring corporators south of the Boyne.

Down.

The consecration of the Very Rev. Dr. McGivern as Coadjutor Bishop of Down, took place on March 6th, at the pro-cathedral of Newry. The occasion naturally excited a vast amount of interest among the Catholic body of Newry and surrounding parishes.

Monaghan.

The tenantry on the property of R. T. Hamilton, Esq., Local Government Board Inspector in the townland of Cornough, after several ineffectual attempts to get a reduction through the agent, H. D. M. Barton, Dundalk, resolved to join the "Plan of Campaign," and have all lodged their money with trustees. The adjoining landlords have given reasonable reductions in order to escape from the grip of the Plan.

Tyrene.

On March 8, Chief Justice Morris entered the Crown Court, of the county courthouse, Omagh, and took up the criminal business of the assizes. The Chief Justice, in addressing the Grand Jury said that he saw from the list furnished to him by the Crown Solicitors that bills in nine cases were to go before them for consideration. So far as he was able to see, none of them presented any feature of legal difficulty, or were at all likely to engage their attention for any considerable time.

Galway.

Mr. John Dillon, M. P., over the Constitutional vote in the House of Commons, on March 3rd, directed attention to a trifling absurdity. He showed that in the Woodford evictions the cost for police car hire alone was £1,300, while the amount in dispute was only £25. The whole cost was £3,000. Here is a sum should be put on the Civil Service curriculum for next year.—If it takes £3,000 to evict four tenants who dispute the sum of £25, what is the positive gain to the Government, when all four tenants are replaced in their holdings under the "Plan of Campaign," and—who wins?

Sligo.

The "Plan of Campaign" has been adopted on Edward Greer's estate, situated in the most mountainous part of the county Sligo, comprising the townlands of Legan, Legg, track, and part of Tieveenagh. The tenants petitioned Mr. Greer several times, but he would not give one penny reduction, although nearly all the surrounding landlords are giving 20 per cent. on judicial rents. The tenants collected their rent less the 20 per cent, and offered it to Mr. Greer, who refused to accept it. The tenants told him if he would not take the rent, less the 20 per cent, they would adopt the "Plan of Campaign," which they did the very same day.

Roscommon.

On Sunday, March 6th, a magnificent demonstration in connection with the land movement was held at Lisacull, distant about twelve miles from Castlerock. The meeting was called on a few hours' notice, but notwithstanding there could not have been less than six thousand people present, there were only three policemen stationed in the village preside. The Rev. J. Martin, C. C., was to preside, but the Rev. gentleman was taken suddenly ill while saying second Mass in the morning, and had to retire to his home, leaving the Mass unfinished. In the evening, however, Father Martin had somewhat recovered. The weather was beautifully fine. The meeting was attended by Mr. D. Crilly, M. P., who has been so closely associated with the land movement in this neighborhood. Before the meeting another victory in favor of the "Plan of Campaign" was announced by Canon O'Hara, P. P., on the estate of Mr. Patrick O'Garra, of Kilmovee. The tenants failing to secure a reduction in their rents from the landlord, lodged them in November last, with National trustees. The landlord has now agreed to give the tenants the same terms as those given by Lord Dillon, and to abandon a prosecution against two tenants on the estate, who were summoned for re-taking possession of their homes after being evicted. The meeting was held on one of the evicted farms on Mr. O'Garra's estate. On the motion of Mr. John McCormack, seconded by Mr. John Hunt, the chair was taken by Mr. Andrew Breheeny, one of the evicted tenants, a grey haired, feeble, old man, aged 85 years.

Worth Remembering.

Every inspiration of the lungs, every pulse throbs of the heart, every sweep of the arm—even our very thoughts as they speed through the brain, are all made matter that must be constantly renewed if there is to be that beautiful harmony of functional effort which constitutes health. Nature's remedy is the sure and eminently wise one, of expelling, by proper purgation, the humors which clog the sense, and Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purge" Pellets" are nature's great ally in the cure of digestive disturbances, and an unfailing remedy for constipation and its pernicious effects.

Canadian Climate.

The Canadian climate is particularly productive of cold in the Head and Catarrh. In fact Catarrh today is more prevalent than any other disease. The discovery of Nature's plan to obtain the reach of all a certain kind of cure.

TAKE THE BARK OF PETER:

Catholic Columbian.

A Reverend Mr. Nourse, Congregationalist, in the course of a sermon, Sunday before last to his people in the Grand Opera House, made two remarks which we have thought worthy of notice. The first is, that he assailed the very corner-stone of early Protestantism—justification by faith alone—when he said that "belief was not the only element of salvation." Has Luther lived and heard him there would have been a new paragraph for the Table Talk.

The other remark of the preacher was, also, a very true one, and we thank him for its excellent lesson. He said that "those who crossed the ocean in a little boat of their own were generally termed Catholics, the safer way was to cross in a large vessel."

Exactly so. We commend this salutary hint to our brethren of the Lutheran, Presbyterian, Methodist, Baptist, and we will add, Congregational sects. They should, each and all, desert their "big boats," likely to be engulfed in the water, and gain admission into that "Bark of Peter" from which Christ Himself addressed His disciples, and in which all Christians who wish to make the voyage from time to eternity should at once embark.

It is the only large vessel. The rest are "make-believe" titles, but sure to be capsized. It will make the voyage with absolute security. It is the direct and exclusive inheritor of Christ's promises to be within it, "even to the consummation of the world." Hundreds of lay converts have entered it; very many Protestant preachers and bishops. "Step in, Bro. Nourse!"

The Number in Heaven:

Rev. Dr. Bernard O'Rielly, who for many years acted contributor to the press, is the author of "Where Do We Go? Where Do Our Departed Go?" The question embodied in the title is answered only as regards everlasting rewards; the subject of eternal punishment will be treated in a subsequent volume. The author writes from a most orthodox point of view, and bases his conclusions upon the teachings of the Bible and the Church as the interpreter of the Bible. His pictures of heaven are portrayed with extreme minuteness, but simply repeat what the early fathers have written on the subject. Among the titles of his chapters may be mentioned the following: "The Society Enjoyed in God's Heavenly Empire," "An Hour in Heaven With the Angels," "The Place Itself—Its Physical Condition." He has taken the pains to estimate the number of human beings in heaven, and places them in round numbers at 3,000,000,000—not a large enumeration when we consider that Christianity is eighteen centuries old and that the population of the globe at this moment is fully one third that sum.

Food for Consumptives.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is a most marvelous food and medicine. It heals the irritations of the throat and lungs, and gives flesh and strength quicker than any other remedy known. It is very palatable, having none of the disagreeable taste of the crude oil. Put up in 50c. and \$1 sizes.

Wheezing, gasping sufferers from Asthma receive quick and permanent relief by using Southern Asthma Cure, Sold by druggists or by mail on receipt of price.

B. B. One of Many.

For Mrs. Agnes Black, of Orton, Ont., says, "For some time I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion. I tried one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and was getting better; I then bought three more and it has cured me."

Holloway's Corn Cure

to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

Cure for Inflammatory Rheumatism.

Procure from your druggist a bottle of Haggard's Yellow Oil and use according to directions. J. D. Cameron, of Westlake, Ainslie, Cape Breton, was cured by this remedy after all other treatment had failed. It may be taken internally for coughs, colds, sore throat, etc., etc.

DR. LOU'S PLEASANT WORM STRAUP.

An agreeable, safe and effectual remedy to remove all kinds of worms.

Remarkable.

There have been many remarkable cures of deafness reported from the use of Yellow Oil. The proprietors of this medicine have a large number of such testimonials. It is the great household remedy for neuralgia, inflammation, lameness, and soreness of joints, and can be used internally and externally.

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

destroy and remove worms without injury to adult or infant.

OBSTRUCTIONS OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS, are promptly removed by National Pills.

Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, and Hay Fever.

A NEW TREATMENT. Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness, and hay fever are cured in from one to three days. Applications made at home. Out of two thousand patients treated during the past six months fully ninety per cent. have been cured. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioners are benefited, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. In fact this is the only treatment which can possibly effect a permanent cure, and suffers from catarrh, catarrhal deafness, and hay fever should at once resort to this simple and effective application. Send for a pamphlet explaining this new treatment, free on receipt of stamp.—Scientific American.

The Rising Generation

follows generation, transmitting a legacy of good or ill, according to well-known physical laws. To the unfortunate sufferer from hereditary Scrofula, nothing can be more cheering than the assurance that in Ayer's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla is found a constitutional remedy, which eliminates the poisonous taint, and restores to the blood the elements necessary to

Entirely Cured.

Mrs. H. M. Thayer, Milton, Mass., writes: "I have been very much troubled with torpidity of the liver, and Dyspepsia. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has cured me." Mrs. J. W. Bradley, Hyde Park, Mass., writes: "I was greatly reduced by Dyspepsia, and was advised to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which entirely cured me." Mrs. M. F. Hamblett, 25 Lawrence street, Lowell, Mass., writes: "I was sick two years with stomach and liver troubles, and obtained no relief until I took

Life and Health.

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla

saparilla. Since that time I have enjoyed excellent health."

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

For sale by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles for \$5.

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FIVE-MINUTE SERMONS FOR EARLY MASSES

By the Paullist Fathers.

Preached in their Church of St. Paul, the Apostle, New York City and Fifth Avenue, New York City.

PUBLISHED BY SUNDAY.

"The laborer is worthy of his hire."—St. Luke x. 7.

A SERMON BY A STRAIN ENGINE ON CAPITAL AND LABOR.

"The laborer is worthy of his hire." "That is what I said to the great, hot, panting engine as I passed by it on leaving the railway station, after a journey of two hundred miles, travelling at lightning speed, and arriving 'on time,' and as fast as it had been rocked in a cradle. 'Yes, old fellow,' said I, 'you did your work (I was going to add 'like a man,' but I corrected myself and said) like an engine, and 'the laborer is worthy of his hire.' You look dirty and smoke-begrimed, as all laborers do, and as I hear you panting for breath, it is evident that you are quite heated and exhausted. You are an honest engine, and you deserve all the water you can drink, all the coal you can eat, and a good thick coat of sheet-iron, to keep your blood, I mean your steam, warm, for 'the laborer is worthy of his hire.'"

The great engine gave a snort, and turned his single eye-foot-and-a-half Cyclops eye in the front of his head upon me, growled forth—

"That is twice you have quoted Scripture to me, Mr. Clergyman, and I have no doubt I'll get the water, coal, and sheet-iron coat. Those who need me to run forty miles and more an hour, and with my hard steel arms, drag a long train of cars filled with passengers and baggage after me, will see that I get all these things. It is your business to expound Scripture, and, if I heard aright, you expounded only water, coal, and sheet-iron coat as being the hire I am worthy of as an honest laboring engine." And he opened his big fiery mouth and glared savagely. I was rather taken aback to hear an engine, a mere machine, speak up for himself, but being in the humor, I asked it:

"What are you growing about? Are you not getting your hire? Capital always has that against the laborer that he is not satisfied even with his hire."

The engine gave a tremendous puff, as if heering a giant sigh, and replied: "And is that all I am worthy of, and is that enough to satisfy me, you ungrateful passenger? Haven't I a heart as well as you, and as warm as yours? Haven't I a heart, and as sensitive the hunger of a heart, and a sheet-iron coat warm a heart, even if it is the heart of an engine, a mere machine? Do you think I pour out my life-steam, and speed along the track at forty miles an hour, through all weather, by night and day, and through dangers you never see nor dream of, for the hire of water, coal and a sheet-iron coat? Do you think I take no joy out of being an honest and mighty engine that can do honest and mighty work? Do you think I glow only with the heat of coal, when on a dark and stormy night I drive through the rain about the raging tempest? Do you think I do not seek happiness as you do in doing my work well, in knowing that I am bringing you safe and quickly to your journey's end, and that when it is well done, and I come muddering to my station, for what I was just coming to, my shriek is not as good a sign of my contentment as your song and laughter and 'Ah! ha! that is good!' is of yours?"

"Do oblige me by continuing," said I, deeply interested in the engine's talk.

"Oblige you!" said the engine, with considerable show of temper; "that is a heart for what I was just coming to, my shriek is not as good a sign of my contentment as your song and laughter and 'Ah! ha! that is good!' is of yours!"

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