

June 24, 1896.—Bode applied again, and said he had saved £8. The Committee thought it would be too late to go that year, but he was to go on saving and apply again.

December 1.—Bode wrote to say he had saved £14. After this Mr. Marquette, our agent in Montreal, was asked if he could place this family.

February 2, 1897.—Major Gretton and Mr. Selater went to see the Bodes in their home in Kent and reported as follows: 'They are quite the best intending emigrants I have seen for two years, in physique, pluck and thrift.' We told them to save money out of thirteen shillings a week, which the man earned as a farm labourer, and the money he picked up as an amateur barber and hair cutter. They have kept a family of five sturdy little boys, weathered a bad illness scarlet fever and a confinement) and have saved £14 (bank book produced). As Mr. Marquette had a job for him I took upon myself, with Mr. Selater's concurrence, to say they should go out at the end of March.

March 25, 1897.—It was arranged that they should sail by the SS. *Labrador*. They came to London and were taken to Stepney, when Mrs. Vetcher fitted them out with the necessary clothing and two ladies kindly subscribed £15 to supplement the savings of this family.

They wrote from Montreal saying that they had arrived safely. They were met by Mr. Marquette, who took them to St. George's Home. The next day Capt. Kiff came and brought them to their new home at Elmwood Farm, seven miles from Montreal. The man's wages were \$15 per month, and board. He started work at 4 a.m. and got back at 7 p.m., having to walk a mile to his work. They remained one year and then made their way to Keefers, B.C., where he started work on the Canadian Pacific Railway, getting \$1.25 a day. Mrs. Bode also went out to work at \$1 a day.

Keefers. June 1, 1900.—Mrs. Bode wrote to say that during the past year they cleared \$300, sent \$150 to the brother-in-law to join them, and the balance was in the Post Office Savings Bank. Bode had recently got a promotion to run a section, and was receiving \$55 per month. The boys got all the fuel and Mrs. Bode had bought a cow for \$30; they also had 40 hens. Mrs. Bode had a class in the Sunday school.

January 16, 1901.—Mrs. Bode wrote that her husband had been in hospital at Kamloops with lung trouble. The medicine had cost \$50. He had a kind employer and was still keeping his job. The eldest boy, 15 years, had been working at the Field Hotel all summer, and had saved \$50. They had banked \$210, and had two milking cows and poultry.

June 10, 1902.—Mrs. Bode said that they had done a lot in building up this place, and that she wanted a piano sent out for her Sunday school, and asked if Mr. Culver would buy one and send it out with the emigrants.

June 9, 1905.—Mrs. Bode has been ill herself for 13 months, but the father and the boys had kept home going. The eldest son was getting \$2.25 a day in the bridge gang. The second son was getting \$25 per month as a waiter on the dining car, and the third son was learning to be a carpenter.

Since then they have assisted the following 35 members of their family to join them. They found them a home, work to go to, and paid £207 3s. 2d. towards their passage money:—

	£	s.	d.
<i>April 4, 1899.</i> —R. Bode, wife and 2 children.	25	0	0

April 4, 1902.—J. Wood, paid his own passage money.

July 10, 1905.—Mrs. Bode wrote and said she wished the money sent for the piano to be used for the emigration of John Pile, wife and 3 children.

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<i>November 23, 1905.</i> —Bessie Pile.	18	7	4