

been engaged in railway construction, and consequently in forest destruction, but he had joined the Association about a year ago, and though trees to-day looked more beautiful to him than formerly, he felt the need of better local organization. They could have meetings here and there, and get literature and have discussions on the methods of forestry. Every man, woman and child in British Columbia should be taught the necessity of preserving the forests.

Mr. Overton Price, in answer to a query, explained the methods of giving publicity to forestry information in the United States. They had formerly issued large bulletins, but these were not read, and now instead they issued short circulars which were distributed among 20,000 lumbermen in the United States. In addition to this they had a press bureau which employed a number of newspaper men, who went and obtained information and then put it into palatable shape and they got as much as possible into newspapers and magazines.

Mr. H. B. Gilmour spoke of the necessity of lumbermen starting on their limits at the right place. Whenever a fire started on the bottom of a mountain it always climbed to the top, and if lumbermen would always locate their camps in the highest places there would be much less danger from fire than now.

Mr. W. H. Higgins said he had been much interested in the proceedings and he hoped that the Government would rise to the occasion and help them to preserve what was given them. Regarding the burning of tops and cutting, he found that the growth of young timber for about three years made a hotter fire than what had been cleared away. In regard to making the camps in the highest place as suggested by Mr. Gilmour, it sounded very well in theory, but in practice he would not like to try it. He had himself been a sufferer from fire and knew what it was, and in this respect he related his own experience. He trusted that the deliberations of the convention would result in profit to them all,

The following resolutions were submitted by the Committee on Resolutions and passed:—

WHEREAS the destruction of large areas of the Forest wealth of Canada by fire is still of yearly recurrence be it

RESOLVED, That it is incumbent on the Governments of the Provinces of the Dominion to legislate at the earliest opportunity still more stringently against the use of fire in timbered portions of the various Provinces during the summer months and further and of equal importance, to provide means for efficiently carrying out the provisions of the Statutes that may be passed.