

POOR DOCUMENT

M C 2 0 3 3

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

YOUN

VOL. XLIII.

WENDALL P. JONES NEW SOLICITOR-GENERAL

Hon. F. J. Sweeney Shifts to Be Surveyor

Changes in Premier Tweedie's Government are Now Known
---Will Be Sworn In at Chat-ham Tuesday---New Honorable is a Prominent Young Carlton County Lawyer.

London book is unusual mention but Young in 75 a have res. Chumbi Mr. Edward F. J. Sweeney, solicitor general, has been appointed surveyor general in reliction to Hon. A. T. Darragh. Mr. Darragh's place in the government has been filled by the appointment of Wendall P. Jones, of Woodstock, one of Carlton county's representatives in the local legislature.

In London, Messrs. Sweeney and Jones will be in the go-ahead in before the lieutenant-governor as regards the latter on Tuesday next. Jones must come back to the Chumbi on Feb. 24, and the date on protestant. In Carlton county people will vote probably on Feb. 24, with nominations to avoid a general feeling in Woodstock, so far as the Telegraph learns, is that Mr. Jones will not be opposed, as the people were pleased with the prospect which he represented of being their representative in the government.

The Sun of Wednesday announced that Mr. Jones had been appointed surveyor general, but that paper was misinformed, or the facts are as here given.

Hon. Mr. Jones arrived in the city on the late train Thursday night, and is at the royal, and the weather was very cold and unusual busy days here had a conference with his new minister.

Mr. Jones is thirty-nine years of age. He was born on Nov. 25, 1869, in Woodstock, the son of Randolph K. Jones, late Woodstock. Mr. Jones, sr., was elected a member of the local legislature in 1874, an opponent of the government.

WANT of Woodstock for seven or eight years. The mother of the new solicitor-general was Gertrude, daughter of George Raymond, formerly of Woodstock, now of Seattle (Wash.). On both sides of the new government there is a personal element. He received his education in the public schools of Woodstock, Dartmouth College, and Boston University Law School, and was called to the bar in 1887. He has since been secretary-treasurer of Carlton county, and has carried on a successful law practice, principally in Carlton and Victoria counties. He is a Liberal and in religion an Episcopalian.

Mr. Jones is a good speaker, and in private life a quiet and courteous man. His wife, whom he married in 1888, is a daughter of Charles D. Jordan, formerly of St. John, and now C. P. R. agent at Woodstock.

Since beginning practice of his profession, Mr. Jones has had a good deal of experience, much of it in criminal work in Carlton and Victoria counties.

Mr. Sweeney may be congratulated

by many friends on his appointment to the surveyor generalship. He has been some little time in the government as solicitor general. There is yet to be appointed a member of the government without portfolio. The announcement of the appointments made will be read with much interest throughout the province.

NINE SCHOONERS

STILL FROZEN IN AT

VINEYARD HAVEN

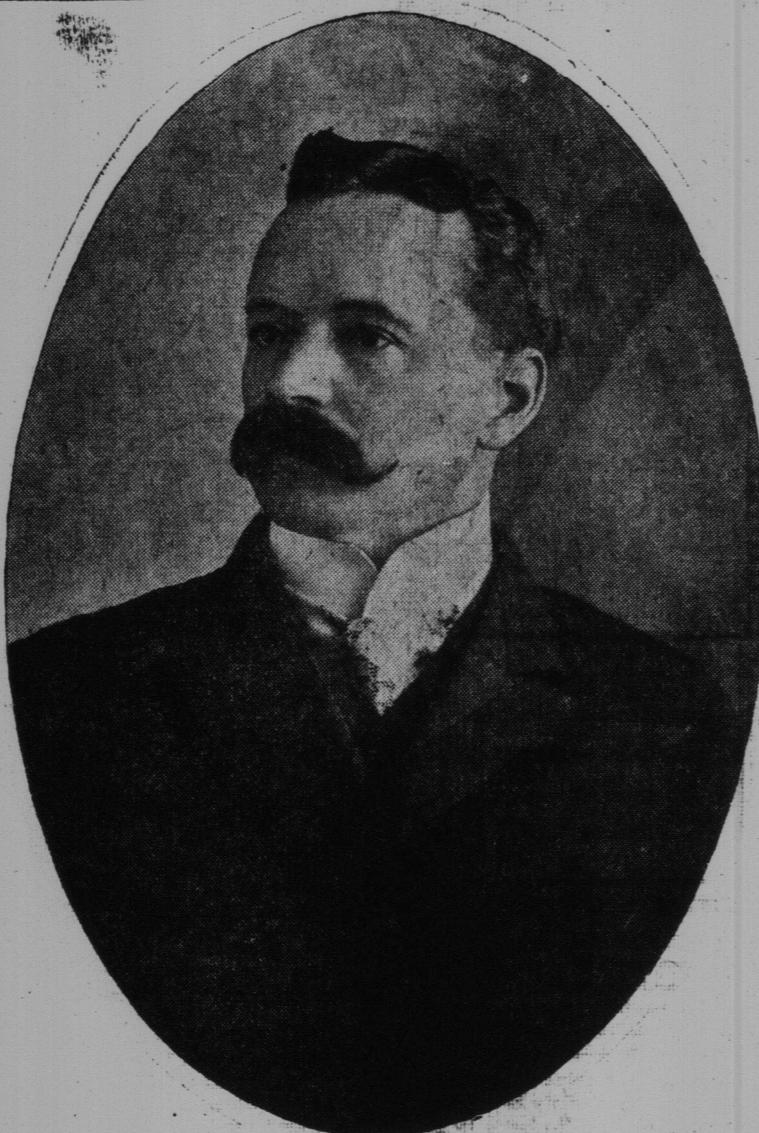
Vineyard Haven, Mass., Feb. 2.—There is less ice in Vineyard Sound today between Gay Head and Cottage City, than for several days. The floating ice is gradually working to the eastward, and with confluence of westerly winds will in a few days be driven out through Nantucket Shoals. What ice there now is in Vineyard Sound is along the east side of the inner harbor, where nine schooners are frozen in, and crews have been walking to and from the vessels to shore.

VICKERY SENT UP ON FORGERY CHARGE

Anchored, N. S., Feb. 2.—(Special)—Frank S. Vickery, arrested Sunday last charged with forging his father's endorsement to a \$40 note on the Bank of Nova Scotia, Oxford, has been sent up for trial at the supreme court. He was admitted to bail.

Call Declined

Trovo, N. S., Feb. 2.—(Special)—Rev. R. P. Murray, of the North River and Harmony Presbyterian congregation, has received and declined a call to the Wallace Presbyterian church.



WENDALL P. JONES
The New Solicitor-General of New Brunswick

TWO FIREMEN HURT IN \$150,000 FIRE AT GLOUCESTER, MASS.

Glocester, Mass., Feb. 2.—A fire broke out in the Tappan block at 9 o'clock last night and at 12:30 o'clock this morning was still burning fiercely. The loss at that hour was estimated at \$150,000, partly by insurance.

The extreme cold weather was a great handicap to the firemen and their ladders, engines and hose were coated with ice and the clothing of many of the firemen was frozen from head to foot.

Two firemen, McQuinn and Frank Smith, were injured. Smith fell from a ladder which was coated with ice and sustained a broken leg. McQuinn, who was one of the first on the scene, slipped and fell through an open coal hole into a cellar 15 feet below. The cellar was entirely filled with smoke and he was unconscious when several of his companions finally succeeded in rescuing him. It was found that he had fractured four ribs and suffered other severe contusions of the body. Both men were removed to their homes. The condition of neither man is believed to be serious.

BLIZZARD WEATHER IN WESTERN STATES

Chicago, Feb. 2.—The entire northwest and the midwest states are covered by a blizzard of the present cold wave for at least 24 hours longer, according to information given out by the U. S. weather bureau at Chicago tonight. The coldest spot in the U. S. today was at Glendale, (Mont.), where 33 degrees below zero was reported. Other low temperatures were reported in the day wave, including 20 degrees below zero at Devils Lake, 24; Bismarck, 20; Medicine Hat, 26; Bismarck, 20; and Devil's Lake, 24.

The centre of the cold wave is still in North Dakota, but it is moving southward.

This was the coldest day of the year in Chicago. Early this morning the official report showed 14 degrees below zero. A mean temperature of eight degrees below zero for the day was recorded. At 9 o'clock tonight the weather bureau thermometer registered eight degrees below zero and it was still growing colder. Owing to the violence of the wind the cold has been felt as much as is usual in Chicago. Among the few cases of persons there is a great deal of suffering, but no deaths directly due to the frigid weather have so far been reported.

BAD ACCIDENT AT DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N. B., Feb. 2.—(Special)—A bad accident occurred today at Vetal LeBlanc, who was felling a tree. The notice that a sapling had lodged in the tree he came directly under the falling sapling, receiving the full force of the blow, dislocating the shoulder and fracturing the collar bone. His fellow workmen say it was a narrow escape from instant death.

POLICE BURYING WARSAW VICTIMS

Bodies Taken from Homes and Relatives Not Permitted Near Them

RUSSIAN LOSSES GROW

13,000 is Now the Figure—Oyama Says Japs Lost 7,000 in Hun River Battle—Russia to Build Another Navy.

WARSAW, Feb. 2.—All the bodies of those killed in riots have been removed from their homes to police stations. The relatives are not allowed to bury them. From the police station in the Novisiat district alone the corpses of fifty men and two women were taken Monday night in four hospital vans to the Jewish, Lutheran and Catholic cemeteries and reburied there for identification until Thursday when they were buried. Twenty-one bodies are still unclaimed.

In the riots of last Sunday and Monday the workers' residence district was unprotected by the police and the police many dwellings. A large body of workmen yesterday worked in slums where criminals abound and instituted a vigorous search of their houses. Wherever they were able to identify stolen property the workmen promptly killed the persons found in its possession. About a hundred criminals were injured in fighting with the workmen.

The letter was not only actuated by revenge for their losses, but were enraged because the Tsarist element brought discredit on the strike movement.

The local newspapers and the public opinion agreed that the censor would not permit them to tell the truth regarding the disturbances they would absolutely refrain from mentioning the subject except in the official reports which are compiled to give the public a general picture of the government's proclamation of a state of siege, orders have been issued prohibiting assemblies in the streets or meetings in private houses and directing the police and military to disperse all street gatherings. Anyone found in possession of weapons or selling arms without permission is liable to punishment.

"But the question of number, desirable as it may be, is not the chief result aimed at by the department. The social character of the people that are being educated in our population is the chief quality to be sought after.

All contributions of these orders will be punished according to administrative process by imprisonment for terms not exceeding three months or by fines of not less than \$250. The orders will be enforced in the cities of Warsaw and Lodz and (Continued on page 8, first column.)

BRITISH EMBARGO ON CANADA'S CATTLE UP IN PARLIAMENT

Hon. Mr. Fisher Says Government is Using All Means to Have It Removed

MUST RETAIN POLICE

More Need of Mounted Force in the Northwest Than Ever, Says Premier—Their Pay to Be Increased—Interior Department Report a Glow-ing One.

OTTAWA, Feb. 2.—(Special)—The business of the house of commons opened today with questions from members. Mr. Wilcox of Lennox and Addington, asked whether there had been any friction between officials of the high commission office in London and W. T. R. Preston and what was the complaint had been made to Ottawa by government. Mr. Preston was unable to give information in the work of the high commissioners' office. He also asked if Mr. Preston visited Canada recently on his own initiative.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied to the last question that Mr. Preston came to Canada with the express purpose of the minister of the interior. To all other questions the premier answered "No."

Mr. Houghton, of Lennox, read an extract from the press giving the opinion of Mr. Chaplin on the embargo against Canadian cattle. Mr. Chaplin said that the proposed embargo would be a mistake and be an act of insanity. He added what the government was doing about it.

Hon. Sydney Fisher said that the government was using every favorable opportunity to represent to the British government the necessity of having the embargo taken off, but that it was a fool-like project to get themselves into an agitation on the subject in Britain. The president of the board of agriculture had stated in Britain that Canada was satisfied with the existing state of affairs. Mr. Fisher said that he forwarded a letter to the home authorities showing that Canada was by no means satisfied.

Hon. Mr. Fisher said that the government was using every favorable opportunity to represent to the British government the necessity of having the embargo taken off, but that it was a fool-like project to get themselves into an agitation on the subject in Britain. The president of the board of agriculture had stated in Britain that Canada was satisfied with the existing state of affairs. Mr. Fisher said that he forwarded a letter to the home authorities showing that Canada was by no means satisfied.

Mr. Fisher paid to mounted police.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER

OTTAWA, Feb. 2.—(Special)—The government has been trying to get the house of commons to agree to a new bill to increase the pay of the mounted police. The bill was introduced by Mr. Fisher on Feb. 1.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.

Mr. Fisher said that the mounted police had been given a raise in pay last year, but that it was not enough.