WEEKLY SUN, ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH, 9, 1898.

## THE LEGISLAFURE.

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FREDERICTON. Feb. 28.-Hon. Mr. Labillois followed the leader of the opposition, Dr. Stockton, in the budget debate on Saturday. He said: During the last fourteen or fifteen years I have not taken up much of the tim of the house in making speeches, but on the present occasion I think I will be warranted in making some remarks, especially as the department of agriculture has came in for considerable criticism at the hands of the opposition. i do not intend to follow the leader of the opposition through his long address of three hours. As he had referred to the offices of public works and crown lands department, and as the hon. gentlemen in charge of these departments will answer for themselves, I will not delay the house with touching on matters properly in these departments, but will say a word regarding the bonded indebtedness of the province. I am willing to take my share of responsibility with regard to the increase of the publie debt since Mr. Blair came into power in 1883. The people of the province, through their representatives, have from time to time since that date been asking for subsidies for railways, promised in most cases, almost in every case, by the legislation of 1882: and the action of the government in granting these subsidies has been approved by the people at each general election; and I might say at nearly every by-election since the change of government in 1883. (Applause.)

The hon. leader of the opposition has referred to the fact that certain crown lands held by wealthy lumber companies were not being operated on. while poor men could not secure lands to lumber upon. He has referred particularly to the Muskoka Lumber Company, which held crown lands in the county of Restigouche. I will tell the hon. gentleman that in that county it is only when there is a rumor of a general election that we hear any talk of the Muskoka Lumber Company not operating. (Hear, hear.) The lumber merchants in Restigouche, and even the smaller operators had secured what lumber they required, and if the lands of the Muskoka Lumb Company were thrown open, the small operators would not invest a dollar in those lands. There are hundreds of miles of vacant lumber lands in Restigouche. I think I am within the mark in saying that we have at least 425 square miles of lumber lands in Restigouche not yet taken up, and in view of this fact is it not idle to say that the Muskoka Lumber Company's being in Restigouche seriously affects the smaller operators ? (Applause.) As the hon, provincial secretary has pointed out, the province is receiving an income of \$4 per mile annually from the lands of the Muskoka com-; any; the lumber is growing, and the only ones who complain are those who are understood to be the candidates in opposition to the government candidates in the next general election. (Applause.) I learned recently that one of the gentlemen who had been making a strong canvass about the Muskoka company had becom discouraged of his prospects of success in the elections, that he has left for the Klondyke. (Applause.) In accepting the position of commissioner of agriculture. I was taking upon my shoulders a great responsibility, be cause in looking at the situation in our own province and following what hud been done in other provinces, there was a great work to be done to place the farmers of New Brunswick on the same footing as the farmers of the other provinces of the dominion. A short time after my appointment to office, the government made an importation of pure-bred stock. This had been recommended by the agricultural committee of the house of as sembly and by a resolution by the Farmer's and Dairymen's Association at their annual meeting held in 1897. The importation was a great success The original cost of the 115 cattle imported was \$6,600. The average of each animal was \$57.39. The sales amounte1 to \$6,540; average of each animal. \$53.87. We imported 160 sheep; cost, animal \$2.798: average for each \$17.48 3-4. The proceeds of the sheep sale amounted to \$1,954; average for each, \$12.21 1-4. The total cost of importation, including expenses of delegates, freight, keep and advertising, \$12,282.30. The total sales amounted to \$8,512, showing a difference of \$3,770.30. The average cost of importation of 1891 for each animal was \$85.03; and the average sale was \$52. It will thus be seen that from the standpoint of income, the recent importation was most satisfactory; and there is no doubt that the result was very largely due to the gentlemen who had been entrusted with the selection of the stock. (Applause.) The departmen exercised great care in furnishing th purchasers with the pedigrees and transfers belonging to their animals. Before going any further I might say on. member for York (Pinder) to the h that whatever I may be now-clerk or merchant-that it was when I was in the position of a clerk, seventeen Years ago, in a large store where we received between 40,000 and 50,000 pounds of butter every year, 60,000 bbls. of pork per year, besides a large quantity of grain and other pro from the farmers, that I gained information which I find very valuable at the present time in conducting the affairs of my department. (Applause.) Besides this, I have had sixteen years' experience as the representative in house of a farming county, in addition to being a member of an agricultural society for many years; and in view of all these facts and circumstances, my colleagues may not have been so very censurable in entrusting me with the position of head of the new department of agriculture. (Applause.) Passing on from the importation my attention was drawn to the fact that the dairy school at Sussex, which had been managed by the dominion goverment, would not be operated in future by them. I communicated immediately with Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, urging upon him to continue the school; but the minister gave me to understand that he expected each province to take

charge of such matters in future. I or they would not be employed by a made arrangements at once for the man of such experience as the Hon. Sydney Fisher. Mr. Millberry of Caropening of the dairy school at a provleton county was also among ncial centre, and the result is our speakers, and no one will say that taking charge of the school at Sussex. (Applause). In connection with the he is not a farmer; and I may say right here that the representatives of school we have been experimenting in the direction of winter butter mak-Carleton county in this house have ing. In this respect I may say that reason to be proud of him. (Hear, from the 11th of November last till hear.) Mr. Millberry, after having atthe first of the present month over tended the meetings by out dairy supten thousand pounds of butter have erintendents, by information received at those meetings decided to improve been made at Sussex, which butter has brought at the markets of St. his system of dairy butter making, John and Halifax 20 cents per pound. and at the St. John exhibition tool and the factory has been unable to first prize, and he was certainly a supply the demand. A much larger very valuable man at the meettings quantity of butter will be made next as there is a great work to be done winter, as we are hopeful that separin dairy butter making. Mr. Jack of ators will be placed at Petitcodiac, St. John, who spoke at some of our Cornhill, Havelock, Jeffrey, Corner meetings on poultry, was certainly Mount, Middleton and Norton in ad posted in his line. The most valuable dition to the separators now located man to attend those meetings is W. at Sussex, Berwick and Waterford. W. Hubbard, editor of the Co-Oper-If we are successful in our hopes the ative Farmer. creamery at Sussex should turn out The farmers of the province them in the six winter months at least 60,selves took great interest in these 000 pounds of butter, and indeed there meetings, and in the future they will is no reason why the quantity should be expected to take an increased innot go up to 100.000 bounds. (Apterest, and, as I am informed by the plause). The dairy school is now open. dominion minister of agriculture, the province will be expected to furnish

and any young man of the lower provinces may be instructed in butter their own institute speakers, and I and cheese making without any cost have in view several farmers belongfor tuition. Notwithstanding the ing to our province who will be abl statement of the dominion minister of to address meetings in future, and agriculture in the direction I have with the assistance which will be named, that hon. gentleman is kindly assisting us by placing at our disposa the valuable services of Mr. Hopkins of the Nappan, farm. (Applause). I feel that there is a great future for meetings in New Brunswick. (Apthis province along the line of dairyplause). ing, especially in the winter butter I wish to thank the members of the making. house who assisted in the different

Westmorland is a good county for winter butter making. The southern and northern parts of Kent county also afford a good field in this direc tion, and the same may be said of Carleton county. In this latter county there is a great work to be done, and I am glad to learn since the holding of our recent farmers' meetings a movement was on foot to open factories that have been closed. The county of Carleton should be making a great deal more cheese and butter raising more pork and beef than it is, for in that way, besides an immediate ance which the members have renderdirect financial benefit to the farmers ed in the work, and again urge upon of that splendid county, they would all the necessity for much local worl thereby preserve the fertility of their in planning and perfecting the meetlands. I am glad to notice that the ings. If any new effort shall be made prospects of dairving in many other or new lines of work marked out the counties of the province were improvcoming year I am quite sure one of ing, and I look forward to a great inthem should be along the line for betcrease in the manufacture of cheese and butter all over our province. (Applause).

It was important for farmers resid ing in localities where factories were situated to be united in making such factories a success. I am led to make this remark from the fact that in some localities I visited I found factories closed on account of dissensions existing among the farmers over trifling matters, and it is for reasons such as this that some one in authority should visit the factories from time to time remove or prevent such àifferences.

I desire to say a few words with re-Porter, a bill to amend Grand Falls gard to the Farmers' Institute meetincorporation act: Hon. Mr. White, to ings recently held throughout the amend the act respecting practice and province. I notice that some of the proceedings in the supreme court in leave the impression that these meetings were organized for political purroses. I wish to state now that after was appointed to office a committee from the Farmers' and Dairymen's associations had an interview with me and made the request that their grant be increased to the sum of \$600 to carry on a certain number of institute meetings in the province so as to arouse a more general interest among the farmers to the possibilities of the business operations. I gave the matter some consideration before I made any recommendations to my colleagues in the government. I found that the province of Ontario farmers institutes were first began in 1885. And were placed in definite form in 1889. In 1885 twelve meetings were held in Ontario, and 2,808 persons attended to hear the discussions of practical questions for farmers and the result of experiments. The session of 1896 and '97, 659 meetings were held in Ontario, 3,227 addresses given, 125,177 persons attended the meetings. The government of Ontario issues a farmers' institute report containing many of the most valuable papers read at these meetings, which report is sent broadcast all over Ontario. In the western states institute meetings have been carried on for vears. After having ascertained what had been and was being done in other countries, as soon as Hon. Mr. Emmerson became leader of the govern ment, at our first meeting of council, I made the recommendation for the increased grant to the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association, which recommendation was cheerfully approved of by my colleagues in the overnment and following that the corresponding secretary of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association and myself set to work and made arrangements for the holding of forty or fifty meetings. We have had to can cel some of these meetings on account of recent storms, especially in York, Sunbury and Charlotte. These counties, as well as Madawaska, will be attended to in due time. (Applause.) The state of Maine in 1896 held 46 meetings: total attendance, 6.210; average attendance, 135; average cost. \$43.15. We held in all, 38 meetings, 50 sessions; total attendance, 5,700. Counting morning, afternoon and night meetings, the average was 130. Average cost, \$26.31. It is time we received valuable assistance from Hon. Mr. Fisher, who not only sent Col. McRae to talk on tuberculosis, but gave us material aid in placing at our disposal Dr. Fletcher of the Ottawa experimental farm, and the three gentlemen who were at the Nap pan farm. The hon. member for York (Pinder) made the statement that not a single one of the speakers attending the meetings was a farmer. He surely was not in earnest. Mr. Robinson, manager of the Nappan farm, was one of the best farmers in Canada. Col. McRae has a high reputation in Ontario, not only as a farmer, but as stock ariser. We also had, as I have said, Dr. Fletcher, W. Saxby Blair, Mr. Hopkins and J. E. Starr, four gentlemen who are known to be well posted in the subjects they treat upon

not desire to be misunderstood in reference to what he had said. He had referred to the hon. member for York having been closeted with Mr. Inches the every time that he (Labillois) went fo the latter's office to talk to him on business, not as a reason why Mr. Inches should be dismissed, but had incidentally referred to that matter just to show what the hon. member for York was looking after. Mr. Inches resigned without any conditions whatever being understood and the placing of another man in the office was solely at the desire to make the department more efficient. Mr. Pinder said that three different reasons had now been given for, Mr. Inches' dismissal. He (Inches) had told him (Pinder) that he had been asked to resign and had also told him that he would not resign, but would stay in office till he was turned out. Hon. Mr. Tweedie-I suppose you advised him to resign. (Laughter.)

Mr. Pinder-I object to money being caid in this way, and no mention of the amount being made in the public accounts. Hon. Mr. Tweedie-It has been already explained that the amount was

not paid until after the close of the fiscal year, 1897. Would the hon. member say that the government should not have paid the amount? Mr. Pinder said he was not called upon to say anything regarding that

furnished from time to time by the matter. If there was any plame to be attached the government should gentlemen now on the Nappan farm. We expect to hold during the next not try to lay the blame on the twelve months at least one hundred late Hon. Mr. Mitchell. Hon. Mr. Tweedie-Do you say that

Mr. Inches should not have got the \$1,000 ? Mr. Pinder-You did not intend that

counties in making our meetings a ve should know about it. success, and hope they will take the Hon. Mr. Tweedie-The ion. memsame interest in the meetings in the ber is now talking nonsense.

future. The secretary of the institute The item passed. meetings held in the state of Maine On the item on additional assistance pays a high tribute to the members of to school libraries, there was considthe Maine legislature for having so erable discussion. Mr. Pinder wanted well assisted in making the farmers' to know who was the middleman between the government and Mr. Han-I find in the thirty-eighth annual nay, who had advanced money to the report of the secretary of the board of latter? The house would like to know all about the government's education for Maine the following transaction or the transaction of any under the heading of institutes: "I wish to acknowledge the great assistfriend of the government and Mr.

Hannay and Mr. Bowes in connection with this appropriation. Hon. Mr. Tweedie said that the gov ernment knew nothing about what the hon, member was now talking of. The government had made no payment to Mr. Hannay either directly or indi-

rectly Mr. Pinder-Will you say that Mr. ter drawing out the interests of the Hannay did not receive money people by the local members. We bethrough some friend of the governlieve this duty has been too much overlooked in many instances in the ment to pay for the printing and past, and I think members can in no binding of this book?

way add to the efficiency of the work what arrangement Mr. Hannay may better than by actually canvassing have been able to make with any one which he may have obtained an Mr. Chipman introduced a bill to advance. The government, however, amend the act incorporating the New was in no way a party to any arrangement that Mr. Hannay may have Brunswick Masonic Company, Hon. been able to have made. He (Tweedie) Mr. Dunn, a bill to enable the rector knew of no such arrangement. If Mr. church wardens and rectory of St. Luke's church, 'Portland, to issue de Hannay on the strength of the govcentures and for other purposes; Mr. ernment's statement to him that they would put an item in the estimates for so many copies of this book was able to make a loan in case he needed to do so, what had the government

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-If the

Hon. Mr. White introduced a bill

Mr. Pinder gave notice of motion

stated on page 26 of the auditor gen

eral's report as "sundries sold" of the

agricultural products of the lunatic

stock importation, stated on page one

each animal, the cost of conveyance,

and all expense and charges of the

commissioners or each of them, in de-

tail, and including a statement in de-

FREDERICTON, N. B., March

Dr. Alward introduced a bill to in-

ege of the house to make an explan-

ation. It would be remembered that

additional taxes had been placed

the county of Westmorland alone, and

hon. member that he did not believe

of King's Daughters and Sons.

sale thereof .- Adjourned.

John.

Westmorland had an account of \$200 which the judge of the county court had refused to certify. He (Richard) was: now in a position to say that no such extra charges had been placed on the county of Westmorland. He had wired to the clerk of the county court of that county as to the claim of two hundred dollars, to which the n. member (Stockton) referred, and had received the following reply: 'Your telegram is the first I ever heard of such a matter. It is not true." Mr. Richard said the hon. gen-

tlemen on the other side of the house should not indulge in these charges unless they were prepared to formulate a definite accusation. Their charges in this matter were as baseless as those made in reference to the lunatic asylum management. Every person in the province was interested in the proper management of that institution, and it was a most unjustifable proceeding to seek to create the impression that the asylum simply served as a dumping ground for suicides in the St. John falls.

Mr. Pitts-Do you deny that three of them went into the falls from lack of attention last year?

Hon. Mr. Richard thought the hor member's statement was only based upon surmise. It might be that these missing patients had disappeared in that way, but if the hon, member had evidence, of mismanagement in his possession he ought to formulate his charges.

Mr. Pitts-Have you talked this thing over with the government, and do you want an investigation .

Hon. Mr. Richard said he did not think he was especially obliged to tell the hon, member for York whether or not he had consulted his colleagues in the government. The government had already intimated to the hon. member that they feared no investigation whatever. If there was any wrong doing on the part of any of the officials of the asylum, the government were only too anxious to be informed of it.

Dr. Stockton-Do I understand the hon. member is demanding an investigation on the part of the government ? Dr. Alward-Has not the hon. member wandered from his subject? Mr. Speaker-The hon. member

should confine himself to the explanation. Hon. Mr. Richard-I simply wished to show that the hon. member was entirely mistaken in the statement he made yesterday with regard to the county court act. He had incidentally referred to the asylum, and he would

say now that in both of these matters the hon. gentlemen opposite were derelict in their duty in making statements that they were not prepared to Hon, Mr. Tweedie-I do not know back up by evidence. Dr. Stockton said he felt obliged to the hon. member for Westmorland in

giving him an opportunity to refer to this question Hon. Mr. White-I rise to a point of order. Dr. Stockton-The hon, gentleman was disingenuous when he sought to confine my criticisms to sections 101 and 105 of the county courts act. I say still that the act placed an additional burden upon the municipality,

and I will later show how that is done. Hon. Mr. White-I confined my cri-

the law of last year, and was passed to make it clear that non-resident guides and camp helpers had to pay a license of \$20. Hon. Mr. Tweedle said our guides

were shut out from Maine, and therefore it was reasonable that a tax should be placed on non-resident guides. Dr. Stockton thought resident

guides should be registered, the same as in Maine. Hon. Mr. Tweedle thought the sug-

gestion was a very good one, and he would suggest that the sub-section stand over in order that it might be perfected.

Hon. Mr. Dunn said that ander the bill the partridge season would close on 1st December, instead of first of January, as formerly.

Mr. Fowler asked if the surveyor general intended to place a bounty upon wild cats and lynx.

Hon. Mr. Dunn said, yes; the bill provided a bounty of \$5 on wolves and fifty cents on lynx and wild cats. He also mentioned that sub-section 2 of section 7 provided a period of ten days for taking the carcass or pelts of game animals out of the woods.

Mr. Robinson hoped that the section prohibiting the catching and keeping of moose, caribou and deer would not interfere with Mr. Selick's moose farm at Moncton.

Hon. Mr. Dunn said the bill was not retrospective.

Mr. Porter thought written returns should be received from each county warden as to all licenses issued and game killed in their respective counties. He thought each county should issue it own licenses.

Hon. Mr. Dunn said the trouble was that when sportsmen came here from the States they had little time to waste, and it was very' convenient for them to apply to the nearest warden for their licenses.

Progress was reported. Hon. Mr. White committed a bill to amend chap. 46 of Consolidated Statutes. witnesses and evidence, Mr.

Robinson in the chair.-Agreed to with amendments. Mr. Mott submitted a report from

corporations committee. Hon. Mr. White reported from the

committee on law practice and procedure.

Mr. Mott introduced a bill further relating to the town of Campbellton. Hon. Mr. White committed a bill to amend chap. 62, Con. Statutes, summary evictions, Mr. Porter chairman. -Agreed to.-Recess

After recess, Mr. Lockhart committed a bill relating to the assessment for water supply in the city of St. John, Mr. Smith, chairman.-Agreed

Mr. Shaw committed a bill authorizing an assessment in the city of St. John to meet expenses incurred by the corporation for the celebration of the sexagenary of Her Majesty the Queen, Mr. Smith, chairman,-Agreed to with amendments, and an amended title. Mr. Hill, from the standing rules committee submitted a report.

Mr. Sumner committed a bill enabling the trustees of the First Moncton Baptist church to issue debentures on the security of their corporate property, Mr. Fowler, chairman.-Agreed to with amendments.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie your colleagues, Mr. ed Mr. Stewart. Mr. Howe gave

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Hon. Mr. Tweedie-

SECOND PART.

ara, rela St. Joseph's College, the name thereof wrong about it? to be the University of St. Joseph College.

Mr. Mott from corporation commitee submittde a report. On the motion that Mr.Speaker leave

their counties for this purpose.'

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 28.-

neetings a success.

the chair and that the house go into further consideration of supply Mr. Stockton made an explanation of his remarks on the budget debate. After recess, the house in commit

tee of supply, passed several items. On the item of encouragement of dairying, \$4,000, Mr. Pinder asked if and Stockton, after which the item the government had not paid Mr. passed. Inches to give up the office of secre tary for agriculture ?

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said that Tuesday morning, and passed every Inches had a claim of \$1,200, which he item of supply. claimed as a result of an arrangement On motion of Mr. Tweedie, further he had made with the late Hon. Mr. consideration of supply was made the order of the day for Monday next. Mitchell when the work in connection with the Dairy nen's association was urther amending the New Brunswick begun. The claim extended over a period of six years, Mr. Inches assert Elections act of 1889; Dr. Alward, auing that he was to have extras of \$20 thorizing the corporation of St. John a year for each of the six years by city to supply water to the inhabitreason of extra work imposed upor Lancaster; Hon. Mr. White amending him. His claim was \$1,200 and the chapter 58 consolidated statutes and government settled with him foi to give civil jurisdiction to the stinen-\$1,000. This amount was not paid Mr diary magistrate of Kent county: also Inches either as a bonus or as superby Hon. Mr. White further amending annuation, but as the result of an the law respecting parish courts. agreement made with the Hon. Mr. Mitchell. It was not paid to Mr. Inches for a statement in detail showing arbefore the latter resigned his office. ticles sold and the prices received Mr. Pinder-Why did not the am ount appear in the auditor general's therefor and the persons to whom sold making up the amount \$291.25

account for last year? Hon. Mr. Tweedie-For the very good reason that the amount was not paid till after the close of the fiscal year of 1897. The amount would, how-ever, appear in the auditor general's report for next year and could not cossibly have appeared sooner: Hon. Mr. Labillois said that the fact of the matter was that it was

found necessary to have a younge man in the office of secretary for agriculture, particularly in view of the many farmers' meetings that were to be held and the necessity of having the secretary attend to a considerable number of such meetings. Hon. Mr. Tweedle said it was a well known fact that Mr. Inches was unable to move about with any degree of comfort to himself, and as a matter of fact that gentleman had to be driven from his house to the depart-

mental buildings most of the time. Hon. Mr. Labillois said he might mention another reason which explain why he was not sorry to see a change in the office of secretary for during the debates the hon. leader of agriculture, that was that he (Lathe opposition (Stockton) had stated billois) as commissioner for agriculby the consolidated county courts act ture could not get a chance to talk with the secretary on business without finding the hon, member for York (Pinder) closeted with him (the secretary).

Dr. Stockton-Oh, that is the reason Is it possible that a public officer must lose his office because one of the opresentatives of the people was found talking to him? He (Stockton) would be careful how he talked to the clerks in the different departments in future.

Hon, Mr. Emmerson-Oh, there will the county of Westmorland, all such be no objection to your talking to any accounts passed through his hands. of them. (Laughter). The hon. member (Stockton) had also Hon. Mr. Labillois said that he did stated the clerk of the county

ticisms to the same sections that you was there anything did. Mr. Pinder-I did not say there Hon. Mr. Dunn committed a bill to

anything wrong about it, but I do say amend the game law. Mr. Carpenter that the government should not go in the chair. Mr. Dunn explained that about these matters in an underhand under the bill each sportsman was restricted to one moose, one cariboo and two deer. It also provided a close member is not able to say that there season for two years upon moose and is anything wrong in the matter recaribou on the west side of the River garding which he is talking, I thing St. John, and of five years in the we are losing time in a further discounty of Albert for moose, caribou cussion of this case. The matter was

and deer. further discussed by Messrs. Pitts Dr. Stockton said he had been in formed that the calling season for moose did not commence until Octo-The house in committee of supply ber, and that perhaps it would be betsat all night and until two o'clock this ter to restrict the moose killing season to the period from October 1st to December 1st

Hon, Mr. Dunn said that the hon member was mistaken-that the best alling time was in September. He had consulted many sportsmen and they seemed to think the season provided was about right. Mr. Porter thought it was useless

to pass game laws unless they were ints and merchants of the parish of enforced. He was informed that Hon. John Costigan had taken about all the beaver off the Tobique river. Hon. Mr. Tweedie said he regretted that the hon, member had credited such a rumor. He was satisfied there was no truth in the report. On the contrary, Hon. Mr. Costigan had the greatest interest in the protection of the beaver, and had asked him (Tweeúie) to have a special game warder appointed to protect them.

Mr. Porter said doubtless the hon provincial secretary's statement was correct, but that some of the people asylum. He gave notice of motion for on the Tobique had stated to him that a statement in detail of the cost of Mr. Costigan had taken the beaver. Hon. Mr. Tweedle said Hon. Mr of the audior general's report for 1897 to be \$12,282.30, giving cost and sex of Costigan had shown the greatest interest in the protection of the beaver, and he did not think it reasonable to suppose that the hon. gentleman was himself destroying these animals Hon. Mr. Costigan had interviewed tail of all expenses incurred at Fredbim specially in reference to the matericton and in connection with the ter and had impressed upon him the necessity of appointing special game wardens, and had recommended Hon. Mr. Dunn introduced a bill man by the name of Merrithew for amending the act relating to public the purpose of protecting the beaver. laughter houses in the city of St. This was another instance of what might happen by crediting lying rumor.

corporate the St. John branch and Hon. Mr. Dunn said that sub-section city union of the International Order of section 3 was an amendment from Hon. Mr. Richard asked the privi-

A LONG LIST !

This Whole Column Would not Cen-tain the Names of the Many Promin-ent Ministers, Members of Parlia-ment and Professional Men all over this Continent who Have been Cured on the municipalities. He had stated that a burden of eight hundred or one of Catarrah by Dr Agnew's Catar-rhal Powder -- It Gives Relief in 10 thousand dollars had been placed upon Minutes.

Minutes. Volumes of mestimony have been written of its curative powers. Catarrh is an ag-gravating malady, insignificant in its begin-ning-a little cold in the head-neglect it and scon you're in its thrail. Eighty in every hundred have the taint. Dr. Agnew's Ca-tarrhal Powder will cure the slightest cold in the head, and cure the most stubborn case of catarrh. "Its action is instantan-eous," says one. "I feel it my duy to recommend it to the public," says another. "Never got relief until I used it," says an-other, and so on and on. Acts like magic and always cures. of course what applied to that county would apply to all the counties of the province. He had further stated that next year would show that he was right. He (Richard) had then told the the statement, because as treasurer of of and always cures.

Mr. Fowler introduced a bill incorporating the Provincial Coal Com-

Mr. Tweedle introduced a bill authorizing the town council of Chatham to issue depentures to the sum of \$20,000; also relating to taxation in the town of Chatham. Adjourned.

FREDERICTON, March 2.-Hon. Mr. Tweedie introduced a bill in further amendment of chap. 65, Con. Stat., of schols. Hon. Mr. Tweedie explained that the bill provided that the premier of the province might preside at meetings of the board of education in the absence of the lieutenant governor. It also provided that school districts might if they saw fit provide means for conveying children to ahaal

Hon. Mr. Richard introduced a bill to enable the county council of Westmorland to sell and convey certain lands in the parish of Salisbury held for school purposes.

Hon. Mr. Labillois presented the report on agriculture for 1897. Hcn. Mr. White introduced a bill to authorize the boards of school trus-

tees to dispose of real or personal estate Mr. Beveriage introduced a bill con-

tinuing the act to incorporate the Grand Falls Power and Boom comrany.

Mr. Hill submitted a report from the standing rules committee.

Dr. Stockton said he rose to a question of privilege. He said by an article in the St. John Globe that on nomination day in Gloucester a telegram was read from the premier stating that Mr. Stewart having been chosen by a convention of the friends of the government, should support him, and that Mr. Venoit, M. P. P., announced that Mr. Poirier, if elected, would have nothing to say in the disposal of patronage. He (Stockton) thought the attention of the house should be called to such an extraordinary statement. That a member of this house, apparently with the authority of the premier, should make such a declaration on the hustings for the purpose of intimidating the electors of the constituency was certainly a revelation and one that struck a the independence of the electors of the county.

Hon. Mr. Tweedle said, in the absence of Hon. Mr. Emmerson, he did not know the exact contents of the telegram, but he was certain that nothing had been done that would reflect upon the government in any way. He presumed, the premier of the province would exercise the right, or the government would exercise the right, of making a choice of a candidate. So far as the county of Gloucester was concerned a convention of the friends of the government was held and they selected a candidate. Whether they were wise or not in their selection was not for the government to say. It was the duty of the government to adopt the choice of the convention. He did not think the whole fabric of local responsible self government was likely to be abolished because the government was backing up its friends or supporters in a constituency.

Dr. Stockton-What I wanted

inary surgeon or v examined and report eased animals, and port in writing; if nature of the repor ments was made w connection with the any of them, and money was paid t the government, thereof and for wh animals imported why, and in who they and upon what Mr. Beveridge con corporating the Vil for fire and water p in the chair.-Pro with leave to sit as Hon. Mr. Dunn amending the act r tion of church wa men of Trinity Chi O'Brien (Northum) chair.-Agreed to Hon. Mr. Dunn amending the act exhibition associati county of St. John. thumberland) in th with amendments. Dr. Stockton con ending chapter 95 Statutes of lien of jewellers, Mr. O'B land) in the chair amendments. Mr. Mott from th mittee submitted Dr. Alward ask nt in detail of banking operation ed. He (Alward) the motion for s the 11th instant, stant the leader had said the infor furnished. Hon. Mr. Emme tion would be fur ther delay. The provincial department the m not in his seat at was made, and it merson's) mind t provincial secreta Mr. Pinder gave for a statement when the several tered into for the several public wo page 23 of the r works for last ye act further to pr tion of permanen when work was and when comple then the names of ers for each work, respective tender tenderer to whom awarded, with the tract in each cas Mr. Russell con ing chapter 102 Statutes, settleme