

VOL. XL.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER, 1908.

THREE NEW NORTH AMERICAN PHLCEOTHRIPIDÆ. BY J. DOUGLAS HOOD, OFFICE OF THE STATE ENTOMOLOGIST, URBANA, ILL.

In a collection of Thysanoptera, kindly sent me for determination by Prof. H. A. Surface, Economic Zoologist of Pennsylvania, I find three new species, described below. Type specimens are in the writer's collection, and in the collection of the Pennsylvania State Department of Agriculture.

PHYLLOTHRIPS, gen. nov.

 $(\phi v \lambda \lambda o v, \text{ leaf }; \theta \rho \psi, \text{ thrips.})$

Head about 11/2 times as long as wide, subcylindrical, broadest across eyes, narrowed posteriorly. Eyes large, finely faceted, bulging. Vertex elevated, prolonged, overhanging insertion of antennæ, and bearing the anterior ocellus at its extremity. Mouth cone subacute, reaching about four-fifths across prosternum. Prothorax about half as long as head. Legs slender; fore femora not enlarged; fore tarsi unarmed in both sexes. Abdomen slender. Male with a scale at base of tube.

Type - Phyllothrips citricornis, sp. nov.

This genus is erected for the reception of P. citricornis, sp. nov., and Cryptothrips aspersus, Hinds. It is close to

Liothrips, Uzel, differing from it in the produced vertex, overhanging ocellus, bulging eyes, and longer head.

Phyllothrips citricornis, sp. nov. (Fig. 15.)*

Female .- Similar in general appearance to P. aspersus (Hinds), from which it may be distinguished as follows :

a. Antennæ rather stout ; segments 5, 6 and 7 slightly more than one-half as wide as long; segments 1 and 2 nearly concolorous with body; segment 3 pale

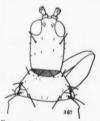


FIG. 15.-Phyllothrips citricornis

yellow; rest of antenna shading to dark brown at tip, excepting bases of segments 4 and 5, which are yellowish. Prothoracic spines small, inconspicuous; mid-laterals wanting .. P. aspersus (Hinds).

*In the figures all membranous portions are stippled.

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