

Mountain region give every promise of being richer in insect remains than any other country in the world, the material for this volume will be more ample than any other student in fossil entomology has been able to command.

For the evident omission of reference to much valuable work done during the period reviewed, I ask indulgence. The time that I had allotted to the preparation of my sketch was found, too late, to be quite insufficient for the extended bibliographical examinations required for even an approach to completeness. I offer it only as a partial sketch, and as such please accept it.

On motion, the thanks of the Club were tendered to the President for his able and interesting address, with the request that a copy be sent to the CANADIAN ENTOMOLOGIST for publication.

The Club next proceeded to consider the amendment to the Constitution proposed at the St. Louis meeting, and after much discussion, the amendment was adopted in the following form :

1st—No resolution affecting important scientific questions shall be adopted at any meeting of the Club unless there shall be present at least seven members who shall have been enrolled at least one year previous to said meeting.

2nd—When any motion has been carried by the Club, such motion shall not be rescinded at any subsequent meeting unless there shall be present at least seven persons who shall have been enrolled as members one year or more previous to said meeting.

3rd—Five members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of ordinary business.

The Secretary was instructed to draw up a list of members of the Club, to be embodied in the record of its proceedings, including all those who had been present at previous meetings.

The second meeting was held at 4 : 30 p. m., the President in the chair.

Mr. Grote exhibited specimens of *Pseudohasis eglanderina* sent him by Mr. Jas. Behrens, of San Francisco, who had collected them on the top of Mount Shasta. These differed from the ordinary specimens in being almost entirely black on the upper side. Mr. Grote expressed the opinion that this variation was mainly due to the climatic influences to which they were subjected in this elevated situation.