## No. 18,010. Improvements in Grain Bindders. (Perfectionnements aux lieuses à grain.)

William B. Burson, Chicago, III., U. S., 1st November, 1883; 15 years.
Claim.-1st. The knotter constructed with its working extension substentially segmental, and its recessed hook or barb as described, the whole operating to lay the loop of the knot around it and to receive the part of the twine that is to form the bow by a forward rotary movement, combined with means for shedding the loop thus formed over the twine thus engaged by the barb, and the barb itself, as set forth. ind. In a knotter, the combination of the working extension provided with the barb, with the lateh al,substantially as described 3rd. The combination of the barb and the concave flange $a$, operating as a resistant to the escape of the twine during the stress incident to yying the knot, substantially as set forth. 4th. The curved knotting hook a provided with the concentric groove, combined with the stationary stripping hook $h$ which enters said groove, for the purpose set forth. 5th. The holder blade e having a rotary reciprocation upon an axis coincident with a knotter, and a stationary fiange el, substan tially as described. 6th. The rotary knotting hook a combined with the holder $e$, and the flange ex provided with the notch es arranged to pay out so much cord or twine as may be required to form the knot as set forth. 7th. In a grain binder, the knotter, the slotted breast plate for guiding the twine thereto, the holding notch e3, the slotted knotter frame for guiding the needle twine therein, in combination with the needle, the whole operating substantially as described. 8th. The knotter, the slotted breastplate for guiding the twine thereto, the holding notch e3, the slotted frame for guiding the needle twine therein, and the holder $d r$ as means for retaining the twine at intervals in said notch, the whole in combination with the needle, substan tially as described. 9th. The arrangement of the knotter frame and the actuating gear of the knotter, substantially as shown and de scribed, so that both the knotter and pinion may overhang the bear ings of the shaft and they may be so close to each other as to permit casting them integral, as set forth. 10th. In a grain binder, a pinion casting them integral, as set forth. 10th. In a grain binder, a pinion
overhanging its bearings, a delay surface on the said pinion, and a overhanging its bearings, a delay surface on the said pinion, and a
knotting device also thereon, provided with a sloping base forming a cnotting device also thereon, provided with a sloping base forming a tantially as described. 11th. In a knotting device, a pinion provi ded with a delay surface, a base forming a cast-off, the said base extending to support and carry the operating point of the said knotter axially forward in relation to the pinion, substantially as described. 12 th. The combination, with the knotter having the barb when operated to form the bow of the knot and give a second for Ward rotation to return it to its position of rest, of the concave 80 located, as shown and described, that the bow if still olinging to the barb will be carried against the termination of the said concave and brushed thereof, substantially as described. 13th. The combination of the knotter $a$, shaft $c$, pinions $b$ and $b 2$, delay surface $b 1$, with a Wheel having segments 1 and 2, and guide rim 4, the whole constructod, substantially as described. 14th. The combination of the knot ter operating to tie the knot by a forward and reverse rotation, and discharge the bow from the barb by a second forward rotation with \& wheel having the segments 1,2 and 3 , constructed and operating substantially as described. 15th. The combination of the knot ter provided with a barb for engaging the ends of the cord, with the rest gi, for receiving and retaining them in proper position to be en-
gaged by said barb, substantially as set forth 16 . The combination, with the knotter operating to complete the knot by a revers movement on its axis, and having the concentric groove, the fixed unyielding stripping hook, its point directed into the said groove and adapted to permit the cord to pass it When the knotter is revolving forward to form the loop by yielding into the said groove, but to en gage and operate to strip the loop when the knotter 18 reversed to complete the knot, substantiallop and opergting to complete the knot by a reverse rotation, a stripper operating to retain the loop While the ends of the cord are drawn through it, and a concave proFided with the recess $g^{2}$, substantially as desoribed. 18th. The oscillating cord holder, constructed substantially as desoribed, combined with operating means to engage the cord and carry its end along the concentric flange of the holder in its forward oscillation, and to draw the end of the twine with it in its retarn movement to pay out, substantially as set forth. 19 th. In a grain binder, the holder shaft $d$ provided with the arm $d 1$ and the teeth 8,9 , and 6,7 cast integrally thereon, for the purposes set forth. 20th. In a grain binder the holder shaft $d$, constructed so as to form a bearing for the knotter ghaft and provided with the arm d1, and teeth 8, 9 and 6,7 , for the purposes set forth. 2lst. In a grain binder, the combination besring forter and holder frame constructed 80 as to form 8 thereon, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 22nd. In a knotting mechanism, thescombination, with a holder, of the concentric groove $f 1$, and corresponding shaped knife $f$, constructed and operating to form a resistance between the cutter and holder and the knotter. substantially as described. 23rd. The combination, with the needle, of the holder arm d1, constructed as described, and operating in the paying out movement of the holder to pass between the needle and cord, and retain the latter in position to be grasped by the holder proper, without regerd to the position of the needle, substantially as proper, without regerd to the posion of the cord-holder and knife set forth. 24th, The combination of the cord-holder and knife mounted upon arm d, shaft a provided whel, substantially as desoriped. 25 th. The combination of the intermittently moving cord holder, the shaft provided with the teeth 6,7 and 8,9 and the driving and 82, the whole constructed and operating, substantially as desoribed. 26th. The combination of the oord-holder shaft provided Fith the teeth 6,7 and 8,9 , with the wheel $F$ provided with the teeth $61,7 \pm$ and $81,9 \mathrm{a}$ and the delay or guide tracks 72,82 and 62 , the whole constructed and operating, substantialty as set forth. 27 th. The combination of the intermittently oscillating cord holder shaft proFided with its operating teeth, and the knotter shaft provided with its pinions, with means for producing the various movements upon them, for the purpose set forth. 28th. The combination of the inter-
and driving teeth 6, 7 and 8, 9, and the knotter $a$ with its shaft $c$ and pinion $b$ provided with the delay $b_{1}$ and pinion $b 2$, with the wheel F having teeth 61,71 and $81,9 \mathrm{I}$ and delay tracks 62 , 72 and 82 and segments 1,2 and 3, the whole constructed and operating, sub stantially as described, 29th. In knotting mechanism, the combination of the oscillating cord holder shaft $d$ provided with the arm $d$ and holding blade $e$, with the noteh or recess e3 operating to retain the twine in position while the cord-holder passes over it, preparatory
to securing a new hold upon the said twine, substantially as set forth

## No. 18,011. Rocking and Reclining unairs.

 (Sièges à bascule et pliant.)
## Alexander G. Fuller, Grand Rapids, Mich., U. S., 1st November,

1883: 5 years.
Claim.-The combination of the base frame, rocker frame and springs for connecting them together, the back frame pivotally connected to the rocker rame as shown, the seat pivotaly connected at its rear end to the lower end of the back frame, and the locking dovice attached to the rocker frame and adapted to engage with the base frame to prevent rocking, and with the seat or back frame to prevent reclining, substantially as specified.

## No. 18,012. Pulverizing Machine. <br> (Machine a pulvériser.)

Ryerson D. Gates, Chicago, Ill., U. S., 1st November, 1883; 15 years.
Claim.-1st. The pulverizing roller case A having the separately constructed sections $a$ and $a$, and the side portion $a^{x}$ which are provided with the oblique flanges and the fastening bolts, the upper sec tion $a$ being of cap-form and separately united to th, side sec tion al
and portion $a^{x}$ by said bolts and oblique flanges, whereby the upper and portion ax by said bolts and oblique fanges, whereby the upper section of said case is removable in an upward direction, substantialy A having the separately constructed section a ar cia and the portion $^{2}$ $a^{x}$, which are provided with flanges and fastening bolts, the side sections at ax being provided with journal bearing supports, whereby a side section at and the journal bearings on a side of the outer case or frame are removable laterally after said section $a$ has been upwardly removed, substantially as and for the purposes described. 3rd. The pulverizer case A having separate sections ar and a3 united by a lapping flange and bolts, the section $a_{3}$ being removable downwardly substantially as and for the purpose described. 4th. The pulverizer roller case A formed of the top section a, side or middle sections a ax and lower sections $a^{2}$ and a3, in combination with the pulverizing rollers, the driving friction rollers and the journals or shafts and 5tes of said rollers, substantially as and for the purpose described sth. The combination of inner shell plates B B1, supporting rods $m$ uniting bolts $n$, the sectional case A, revolving elevating-screen $H \mathbf{H}$ and pulverizing rollers. substantially as and for the purpose de porting rods $m$, with the outer case $A$ provided with outside feed porting rods $m$, with the outer case $A$ provided with outside feed
hoppers 0 , the rollers $G$ Gr and revolving screen $H$, substantially as and for the purpose described. 7th. The revolving soreen provided with ring plates $h^{2}$, clamping rods $l$, elevator buckets Hr having short journals and being adjustable between the clamping plates, substantially as and for the purpose described. 8th. The revolving screen provided with ring-plates $h 2$, clamping rods $l$ and separately constructed bars of metal $h$ which are filled with wood as gi and are clamped between the said ring-plates, substantially as and for the purposes described. 9th. The revolving screen provided with the ring-grooved plates $h 2$ and wood $g_{3}$, substantially as and for the parpose described. 10th. The revolving screen provided with ring-plates purpose described. 11th The a casing therefore, a revolving elevating screen inclosing said rollers, the gearing for the pulverizing rollers, the gearing m7 cel c4 c5 c6, shafts $b \pm b 3$, and friction rollers $b 2 b 4$, for driving the revolving elevating soreen, substantially as and for the purpose desoribed. 12th. elevating soreen, substantially as and for the purpose desoribed. 12th. ingscreen $\mathbf{H} \mathbf{H I}$, the inclosing roller case $\mathbf{A}$ and the friction rollers ing screen H Hi, the inclosing rolier case a and the frictionally driving said screen, substantially as and for the bu 44 for frictionally driving said screen, substantialy as and inolosing case $A$, of the central shaft M5, gears $M$ M $1 M 2$ M3, journals os $g^{6,}$
spider $\mathrm{M}^{6}$, gears $N \mathrm{~N}$ and pulley shaft $\mathrm{N}_{2}$, substantially as and for spider M6, gears N N
the purpose described.

No. 18,013. Improvement on Neck Yokes. (Perfectionnement des jougs.)
Sidney Conant, Ole O. Peterson, Arcadia, Wis. and William B. Reed, assignees of James Hollister,) St. Paul, Minn., U. S., 1st November, 1883 ; 5 years.
Claim.-1st. A three-horse equalizing neok-yoke consisting of the single-tree A provided with means for pivoting it to a tongue $B$, in combination with whiffe-trees $C$ and $D$ provided with means tachment to harness, and pivoted to said single-tree, substantially as turning, for the purpose specified. 2nd. A three-horse equalizing neck-yoke consisting of the single-tree A, provided with means for pivoting it to a tongue $B$, in combination with whiffe-trees $C$ and $\mathcal{U}$ pivoting it to a tongue $B$, in combination with whiffe-trees $C$ and $D$ and provided with means for attachment to harness and pivoted to and provided with means for attachment to harness and pivoted to equal leverage in backing and turning, for the purpose specified.

## No. 18,014. Door Hanger. (Penture de porte.)

I. Besse, (assignee of Henry T. Moody), Newburyport, Mass., U. S., 1st November, $1883 ; 5$ years.
Claim.-1st. In combination, the plates A A having projections $d$ d connected by the rider bar B, the track-rail D and wheels C, all sheped ombined and operated in the manner and for the purposes specinod nd. The rider-bar $\mathbf{D}$ shaped and adapted to be operated in connectio 3rd. The track-rail D having a raised central portion with inolined

