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EIGHTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1887. — PRICE ONE CENT

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S ADIEU

HIS LAST SPEECH BEFORE HIS DEPARTURE FOR AMERICA.

He Has No Fear That Irish Americans Will Render His Mission Futile—He Gives a Few Moments' Attention to a Statement in The Toronto Globe.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A meeting was held at Islington to-day in honor of Joseph Chamberlain. Resolutions were adopted expressing satisfaction at his appointment to the Fisheries Commission and the trust that he would be successful in his announced intention to promote harmony and good will between the United States and England.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that he appreciated this reference to the honorable and important mission upon which he would embark in the course of a few days. He was well aware that the task was full of difficulty. The question was a complicated one and involved enormous interests. [Cries of "hear, hear."] On several occasions during the present century it had gone far toward endangering the amicable relations existing between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race, whose cordial amity must be the earnest desire of every friend of peace and civilization. [Cheers]. Unfortunately the difficulties in his way were not those inherent in the case or directly involved in the issue to be decided.

They all had seen a telegram stating that Irish Americans would do all in their power to mar his mission and would be able to prevent its success. The sources of this statement might be tainted, yet it represented the undoubted fact that Irish Americans were ready to use every effort to prevent a settlement.

There had never been a time during the last thirty years when the Irish in America had not been willing to use the privileges conceded to them by their adopted county in order to sow dissension and promote ill-feeling between Great Britain and America. [Hear, hear.] More than once they had shown their readiness to jeopardize the interests of their adopted country in order to avenge real or fancied injuries. He was not sanguine enough to anticipate that on the present occasion they would change their policy, but he was encouraged by the belief that the vast majority of native Americans [cheers] and every Englishman and Scotchman in the United Kingdom would regard a fratricidal conflict between the two countries as a crime of the deepest dye. They were earnestly desirous of an amicable and honorable settlement and would not allow it to be jeopardized by party rancor or personal feelings. [Hear, hear.]

This would be his last speech before leaving for America, Mr. Chamberlain declared, so he would refer to another telegram stating that The Toronto Globe had commented upon some words in one of his speeches in Ulster, construing them into an insult to all Canadians. There was great misapprehension of his meaning. What he had said was that there was a part of Canada seeking Commercial Union with the United States, which would practically mean free trade between Canada and the United States, while at the same time Canada was to continue to impose protective duties on imports from the Mother Country. Canada was to give preference to every article of manufacture from the United States over manufactures from Great Britain. He had said that if the people of Canada had desired an arrangement of that kind he did not doubt that they would be able to secure it. He did not think anybody in England would attempt to prevent such an arrangement by force, but he had remarked that in that case all the advantages of the slender tie which still bound Canada to England would disappear as far as England was concerned, and it was not likely that the people of Great Britain would continue much longer to sustain the obligations and responsibilities of a relationship all the reciprocal benefits of which had been withdrawn. So he had said that Commercial Union of this kind, if it ever came about, would be the first step towards signal and practical separation. That was a matter of fact. He could not conceive how any human being with a grain of reason could deem that there was anything wrong in this statement. [Hear, hear.]

He was not sorry for the occasion to make this reference. What a vivid light it threw upon the general question of Ireland. Mr. Gladstone had again and again quoted Canada as an illustration of how England might maintain imperial control over matters of imperial interest while allowing entire independence on all domestic business. The Toronto Globe in the same article had said that Canada had reached a stage of development where her choice must prevail over all considerations. That meant that Canada had the right—and he would not dispute it—whenever her interest demanded it, to follow her own interests, without reference to the views of the Mother Country, although the subject of disagreement might be among those expressly withdrawn from her cognizance by the constitution. Let that be applied to Ireland. If ever Ireland obtained a practically independent Parliament a separation would be at the discretion of the Parliament. The Gladstonians might not intend to bring about a separation, but they were blind to the results which must inevitably follow the adoption of their policy. [Cheers.] They failed to see what the example of Canada clearly showed, that if their policy were adopted England would have to give up all control over the Union and hand it over to Parnell or to some successor who might be less moderate in his views and more hostile to the British connection than Parnell.

Criticizing Mr. Gladstone's speeches at Nottingham, he said they gave evidence that it was hopeless to attempt to reconcile the opposing factions of the Liberal party. He claimed that every item of Gladstone's program had been borrowed from his own authorized program, every measure of which had been delayed and defeated by Gladstone's policy.

In concluding, he denounced Gladstone's attacks upon the police in Ireland and the police of London. These attacks, he said, had the effect of promoting a spirit of disorder.

During the latter portion of his speech Mr. Chamberlain was disturbed by a band of music stationed outside the hall, and on departing he was hooted by a large crowd.

The Suez Canal Convention.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The Standard, commenting on the Suez Canal convention, says: "The French miss the whole moral of our concession if they interpret it as a forerunner of our abandonment of the control of Egypt." Almost all of the Paris papers hail the convention as a victory for M. Flourens and the prelude to the evacuation of Egypt by the English.

Another Friend of Suffering France.

PARIS, Oct. 25.—Prince Victor Napoleon has issued a manifesto in reply to the manifesto issued by the Count of Paris some time ago. He demands an appeal to the people and asserts that the Napoleons alone can give France a strong democratic Government.

AN UNRESTRAINED MOB.

The Police no Longer Interfere With the Demonstrations in London.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—The World's London despatch says the remarkable demonstrations in the streets of London continue. The police no longer pretend to stop the meetings in Hyde Park and Trafalgar-square. Neither do they seek to prevent the parade of the Socialists in the streets. Trafalgar-square was crowded yesterday afternoon with people listening to labor orators. Mounted and foot police marched around with the Socialists when they paraded. Every one wonders at the vacillating policy of the police. Last week and before, they would not permit any meetings or parades; now the workingmen meet where they like and their orators say what they please. Since the police have ceased to interfere there have been no scenes of violence, but there is a great feeling of uneasiness in business circles over these daily scenes in the streets. The shopkeepers fear riots, and are constantly on the alert to guard their property. The weather is cold and sharp, threatening snow. Any severe change will augment the distress and threaten trouble.

A Great Meeting at Rotherhithe.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Fully 10,000 persons attended an open air demonstration under the auspices of Radical clubs at Rotherhithe, last evening. Resolutions were adopted protesting against the Government's interference with the liberty of the press, and the right of public meetings in Ireland and England, and condemning Sir Charles Warren's action against the unemployed of London. Speeches were made from five platforms. Mr. Redmond, the Nationalist member of Parliament was the principal speaker.

WAR ON THE K. OF L. EXECUTIVE.

The Dissenters From the Action of the Convention Issue Their Circular.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—The circular issued by the dissenters from the action taken at the Minneapolis convention of the Knights of Labor expresses indignation at the ever-increasing usurpation of power by those who manage the affairs of the order; and calls upon all honest men to free themselves from "the most autocratic and tyrannical clique that ever controlled any labor organization."

It states that the general office has become the "luxurious haunt" for self-seeking men; and that a conspiracy has been formed to make the salaried positions in the order permanent.

The system of appointing general lecturers is severely condemned, while the charge is made that local assemblies have been suspended to get rid of dissentients.

The annual expenditure of the order is said to be controlled by a ring, the members of which apply funds to their own personal use.

The boycott has been used to injure the labor press, union establishments and the products of Knights of Labor and union labor, and persons not members of the order have been appointed to lucrative positions in the general office.

This circular concludes by pointing out that nearly all the strikes in which the general officers interfered were lost, and that although the membership decreased 217,924 last year, the expenditure of the general officers has been increased to $750,000.

This is a cold world, my friend, and you should be wise in your generation, and get one of Wheeler & Bain's King Hot Air Furnaces put in, and thus turn winter into summer.

GETTING THE BAIT READY.

The Next Move Will be to Procure a New York Assay to Float the Stock.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 25.—Frank and Geo Spencer and Louis Baubein, the latter an old half-breed explorer, yesterday brought to Duluth a large box of gold nuggets which indicate a find of unusual richness and value. The find is situated about forty miles north of Grand Marais, Cook County, Minn., and in a range of townships five or six miles south of the International boundary line. Only a few here know of the find. There was shown a nugget nearly as large as a man's hand and from a quarter to three-quarters of an inch thick.

About thirty miles inland from Grand Marais are ancient diggings of rich silver mines, which are supposed to have been worked by the Toltecs. The gold discoveries are a dozen miles northeast of this location, where land is pretty generally taken up, though considerable mineral land remains vacant. The gold has a very dull yellow appearance. Two kinds of samples were shown, one taken from near the shore of a small lake, and the other in quartz. The Spencer brothers also brought here a few specimens of rich native silver, and a curiously fashioned vessel made of what seems to be very hard copper. The vessel was found near the place where the richest gold nugget was discovered.

THE END DRAWING NEAR.

Little Hope of the Condemned Anarchists Getting a Writ of Error.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Moses Salomon, one of the counsel for the Anarchists, telegraphed his clients from Washington last evening that there was little hope that a writ of error would be granted by the Supreme Court, and that the whole matter would come back to the State to rest with the Governor. The seven men held a conference as soon as they were liberated and seemed to feel more depressed than at any time since they were incarcerated. Parsons afterwards admitted to a reporter that Salomon's despatch had almost destroyed their last hope, and they were ready for anything now. Nina Vanzant was present when the news came. Spies told her the contents of the message. "Well, if you die," said Nina, "you will not die alone. I will go into the grave with you." Lingg shed tears, and the wife of Engel, who was present, was almost prostrated by the news.

The Central Detective Force, composed of thirty patrolmen in citizens' clothes, has been reinforced by six expert officers. This increase results from the apprehensions of the general public concerning the coming date of the Anarchists' execution, and is merely one of the precautionary measures taken by the police to insure peace and order.

In spite of the weather yesterday Dineen's fur show rooms were crowded with ladies, all determined to have first choice from his handsome stock of ladies' fur garments. Dineen's sealskin sacques are all the rage.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The Chicago east-bound roads have issued a new tariff on export freight, making the rate the same via all American ports.

A fire at Petroleum, W. Va., Monday night, destroyed S. Woodward's valuable oil plant and considerable oil. The loss will be heavy.

The saw mill, shingle mill and planing mill of C. C. Louis, near Little Rock, Ark., were burned on Monday night. The cause was a fire in the woods.

E. J. Schenck & Co.'s furniture factory and Tuckle's agricultural implement repair shops at Allentown, Pa., were burned yesterday morning. Loss $25,000.

Guiseppe Longbardi, who stabbed and killed young John Barrett while he was defending his sisters from insult was committed for trial yesterday at New York.

The reported fight between vigilantes and outlaws, near Wewoka, Indian Territory, last Thursday proves to be absolutely false. Trouble is expected in the Cherokee nation, however, over the late election for chief.

In the Municipal Court at Boston yesterday morning the continued case of A. B. Damon, charged with obtaining $13,000 by false pretences from Everett Cummings of Concord, was nolle prossed on account of insufficient evidence.

The Comptroller of Currency yesterday declared a dividend of 25 per cent in favor of the creditors of the Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati on the claims proved, amounting to $2,386,569. The dividend will be paid on and after Oct. 31.

Two-thirds of the town of Spencer, Roane County, Virginia, was destroyed by fire on Friday last, including the Capital Church, Central Hotel, Postoffice, Masonic Hall, Clovinger House and stables, schoolhouse, courthouse and jail. Loss, $75,000.

THE CAPITAL'S BUSY DAY.

THE SUPREME COURT DEALS WITH SEVERAL ELECTION CASES.

A Sitting of the Railway Committee—Mr. VanHorne Denies a Mail Statement—The Experiment in the Transplanting of Lobsters to the Pacific Ocean.

OTTAWA, Oct. 25.—The fall term of the Supreme Court opened this morning, all the judges, with the exception of Judge Gwynne, being present. The election cases were taken up, the first being Lincoln and Niagara, Rykert v. Patteson. The appeal was allowed, with costs, the respondent, Mr. Patteson of St. Catharines, not appearing.

The next case was that of Prince County, P.E.I., being the appeal of Mr. Hackett, Conservative, against the decision of Judge Hensley of the Supreme Court of Prince Edward Island, who dismissed the petition against the return of Mr. Perry, Liberal. The appellant, Hackett, was represented by Mr. Hodgson, Q.C., who held that Perry was disqualified at the time he ran for the Commons because he had been elected to the Local Legislature in June, 1886, and had not resigned. In fact he could not resign as the Legislature had not met and no Speaker had been appointed.

Mr. F. Peters, who appeared for Mr. Perry, contended that at the time of his nomination Mr. Perry was not a member of the local House, as he had placed his resignation in the hands of two members, as required by the local law in the event of there being no Speaker. Besides this Mr. Perry had purchased an interest in a ferry contract which he held, vacated the seat. The case was taken en delibere, but it is most probable that decision will be given before the close of the term.

The last election appeal on the list, Robertson v. Laurie, from Shelburne, N.S., was also heard, Mr. Scott, Q.C., appearing for the appellant, the sitting member, and Mr. Graham, Q.C., for the respondent. This was a preliminary objection that notice of presentation of the petition was not served within the time prescribed by the Election Act, and that an order to extend the time was obtained by misrepresentation, there being no special circumstances to warrant it. This case will be resumed to-morrow morning.

A Busy Day for the Railway Committee.

This was a busy day with the Railway Committee of the Privy Council, which was in session nearly all day in the office of the Minister of Railways, hearing arguments in dispute between different railway companies and corporations. The ministers present were: Messrs. Thompson, Pope, Chapleau and Carling. The first case was that of the City of Kingston and several townships in the County of Frontenac against the Grand Trunk and Kingston and Pembroke railways with reference to level crossings.

Hon. Mr. Kirkpatrick, M.P., introduced a deputation which was composed of Mr. Wilmot, M.P.P., John McIntyre, .C., Thos. Clyde and F. W. Greaves. Messrs. John Bell, Q.C., E. Wragge and E. P. Hannaford appeared for the Grand Trunk. President Folger looked after the interests of the Kingston and Pembroke Road.

Mr. McIntyre presented the case for the city and municipalities, which was to the effect that the present level crossings at Collins Bay, Tete du Pont Barracks, York-road, Station-road and Cataraqu Bridge, were very dangerous.

After some discussion it was decided that the Government should be recommended to do away with the crossing at Tete du Pont Barracks, whilst the Kingston and Pembroke Railway agreed to carry the road leading from the township of Pittsburg right up to King-street, Kingston. With regard to Station-road bridge the Grand Trunk was to build an under crossing. At the Collins Bay crossing an overhead crossing was to be built whilst at Cataraqu; the county authorities agreed to divide the cost of keeping a flagman there.

C.P.R. Matters.

Mr. VanHorne, who was here to-day, flatly contradicts The Mail story that one of the C.P.R. steamers on the Pacific was flying the Stars and Stripes. He said that it was possible that one of the vessels of the Pacific Navigation Company, which has vessels running between Vancouver and Victoria, might have been mistaken for a vessel belonging to the railway. The Navigation Company has fourteen steamers, thirteen of which fly the Union Jack, but the other, which does coasting trade on Puget Sound, is necessarily an American vessel. Mr. VanHorne says that the through traffic on the road is exceptionally good, the sleeping cars being full every trip. He does not expect that the new steamers will be on the route for a year, as it will take that time to build them. Referring to the statement that the Northern and Union Pacific Railways had ratified a joint lease of the Oregon Navigation Company for the purpose of fighting the Canadian Pacific Railway, he said the Canadian Pacific Railway had nothing to fear. They had the shortest route, the inside track, in fact, and other companies had not a ghost of a chance in the fight.

Mr. VanHorne added that the Sault Ste. Marie branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway will be completed in about three weeks.

A Branch of the Intercolonial.

The contract for the Pictou and Mingan branch of the Intercolonial, about twenty-eight miles, has been awarded to Messrs. Clark, Gray & Trits of Salisbury, N.B., and J. L. & C. P. Harris of Moncton, N.B. The price is understood to be in the neighborhood of $300,000.

A Number of Contracts Let.

The Public Works Department has lately let the following contracts: Heating apparatus at Pictou, N.S., custom house to C. B. Thompson of New Glasgow, N.S.; four residences for the staff at the experimental farm, Ottawa, to Tobin O'Keefe, Ottawa; wharf at Toloma Bay, Cockburn Island, to David Porter of Wiarton; heating apparatus at Pictou (N.S.) Marine Hospital to Muirhead & Co., Halifax; wharf at Bayfield, N.S., to Sylvester O'Donoghue of Port Hood, N.S.; heating apparatus, Three Rivers Custom House, to Drapeau, Savignac & Co., Montreal; copper roofing for main tower western block, Ottawa, to Douglas Bros., Toronto.

The Entries of Exports.

In order to ensure exporters of lumber and other goods from Canada making their entries as required by law, it has been ordered that a penalty of $200 shall be incurred by any infringement of the rules, and, as a first step, the collector at Moncton, N.B., has detained a number of Intercolonial Railway cars with a view to carrying this into effect. Hitherto the customs authorities have had much difficulty in getting exporters to comply with the regulations in many parts.

An Interesting Experiment.

The transportation of live lobsters to the Pacific coast for the purpose of introducing those crustaceans to the western waters which, it was mentioned some time ago in this correspondence, would be tried by the Fisheries Department, will be made in a few days. A specially fitted up car is now being loaded at Campbellton, N.B., and will be taken through to Vancouver. The situation for the lobster deposits is being fixed by the Inspector of Fisheries, and the cargoes will be under the charge of Mr. Mowatt.

A Registrar's Jurisdiction Enlarged.

A general order has been issued from the Supreme Court, under the amendment to the Supreme Court Act of Canada, which was passed last session, conferring upon Mr. Robert Cassels, registrar of the court, the jurisdiction of a Judge of Chambers, except where there is an appeal from the registrar's decision. Mr. Cassels heard his first case, that of Lewis v. Wilson, which was an application for leave to appeal direct to the Supreme Court from a decree of the Judge of Equity, yesterday. The registrar reserved judgment.

Reserved for the Railway Committee.

The dispute between the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company and the Grand Trunk, as to whether the crossing at Lynn shall be a level or a bridge crossing, and the difficulty with reference to the crossing of the Burlington Channel by the St. Catharines and Niagara Central Railway, have been reserved for the decision of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council.

THE CITY OF OWEN SOUND LOST.

Driven on the Rocks of Clapperton Island During Monday's Storm.

COLLINGWOOD, Ont., Oct. 25.—The steamer Campana arrived here this morning, having on board all the crew of the steamer City of Owen Sound of the Collingwood Transit Company's line, which was wrecked half a mile east of Clapperton Island lighthouse during the heavy gale of Monday morning. The crew all escaped from the wreck at 4.30 a.m. in life boats, and had a very narrow escape from being lost.

She Was Nearly a Week Overdue.

OWEN SOUND, Ont., Oct. 25.—The steamer City of Owen Sound which was wrecked yesterday morning, was built at this port in 1875, and rebuilt last year. She was owned by Smith & Keighley, of Toronto, and valued at $29,000. She was classed A 1½ and was a staunch, good seaboat. Great anxiety was felt here yesterday for her safety, she being nearly a week overdue. The captain, first officer, steward and a number of the crew belong to this town.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.

Two Kingston Incendiaries Coolly Admit Their Guilt.

KINGSTON, Oct. 25.—Two incendiaries named Andrews and Newman were arrested last night while engaged in their rascally work. About midnight they set fire to a stable containing several horses, but a police officer detected the blaze and put it out. Not long after two police officers heard a noise in the direction of the Salvation Army's barracks, and going to it listened to the foot steps of men running down Queen-street. About the same time they found the barracks to be on fire. The fire could not be checked and the barracks were burned. Value $6000, insurance $5000.

An hour later a fire was discovered in the basement of the Third Methodist Church, a lot of books having been heaped together on the floor and ignited. As the police were leaving the church after trampling out the flames they heard some persons walking near by and secreted themselves in the hopes that these were the incendiaries. The men stopped opposite the basement entrance and one kept guard while the other started to enter and see what had become of the fire. Then the police fell on them and arrested them. They subsequently admitted that they had fired the Salvation Army barracks as well as the church. It is suspected that they fired the untenanted buildings of Senator Sullivan on Sunday morning.

They said that they had made two attempts to destroy the church, once when they unsuccessfully essayed to light a fire at the pulpit, and again where the police found it. They had no object in burning the property, acting simply in a spirit of deviltry. This morning they appeared before the magistrate and pleaded guilty with a coolness quite surprising. They were remanded until to-morrow for sentence. It will be a heavy one.

INDICTED FOR LIBEL.

Mr. Purcell, M.P., Pressing His Suit Against Mr. Stillwell of The Glengarrian.

CORNWALL, Oct. 25.—A bitter fight is going on in the courts between Mr. Patrick Purcell, the Reform member for Glengarry, and Mr. Chas. J. Stillwell, the publisher of The Alexandria Glengarrian. During the election contest of last February The Glengarrian published a letter signed Flora Macdonald, roundly accusing Mr. Purcell of gross immorality and drunkenness, and calling upon the writer's sister women of the county to use their influence in preventing his election. Mr. Purcell responded to this by prosecuting Mr. Stillwell for criminal libel. The case was postponed from the Spring Assizes owing to the absence of material witnesses. Then Mr. Stillwell struck another blow. He re-published the letter in his report of the proceedings and he brought an action against Mr. Purcell for malicious prosecution, which action stands for trial at the present assizes. To-day the Grand Jury found two true bills against Mr. Stillwell for the alleged libel, and he will be tried to-morrow. He has pleaded justification and some sensational developments are looked for. In consequence much public interest is felt in the case.

The other business at the assizes to-day was the following:

The Queen v. Jacob Vanallan: In this case the Grand Jury ignored the bill charging an assault on Rosie Vanallan.

Lewis A. Ross v. Oliver Gillespie, an action on a building contract for a house in Cornwall. The jury found that the plaintiff contracted to build the house for $1500, which is much less than he claims. The case now goes to the County Judge to settle the question of extras, which amounts to $500 or over.

The World's New Office is now at 12 Melinda-street.

A SLIGHT VARIATION.

In This Instance It Is the Hired Man Who Is Left Behind.

BRANTFORD, Oct. 25.—John Gamble, jr., of Troy, Brant County, and a farmer, eloped with Mrs. Coleman, the wife of his hired man, on Thursday. It appears both Gamble and Coleman were in this city on Thursday, and the former left Coleman and went to Paris Station, where he met Mrs. Coleman. The parties purchased tickets for Michigan. Coleman had supposed that his wife was merely going away on a visit, and his consternation on learning of the true state of affairs may better be imagined than described. Gamble leaves a wife and six children behind him. Mrs. Coleman had no children. Coleman had recently sold his farm, and Mrs. Coleman took a good share of the proceeds away with her, Gamble was also well supplied with money on leaving. Coleman is very indignant at the action of his wife and Gamble, and wishes that someone would shoot the latter.

No gentleman is considered "dressed" nowadays unless he wears a good hat. A good hat does not mean a cheap imitation, but a really genuine article. The best and latest style fall hats are to be had at Dineen's, corner King and Yonge streets.

The Case Will Probably be Dismissed.

OTTAWA, Oct. 25.—At the Police Court this morning W. R. Bingham was brought up on the charge of stealing $10,200, made by "Toby" Elliott of Montreal, arising out of Saturday's foot race. He was remanded until to-morrow at the request of complainant's attorney for the production of witnesses said to be in Montreal and Toronto. Elliott has gone home, and is not expected to return. The case will probably be dismissed.

Discharged For Lack of Evidence.

HALIFAX, Oct. 25.—Jane Doyle and William Preper, who were arrested at Musquodoboit on suspicion of being connected with the murder of the farmer Peter Doyle, have been released, as no evidence strong enough to hold them was elicited.

Sent Up for Twenty Years.

OTTAWA, Oct. 25.—At L'Orignal Assizes today Robert McIvor pleaded guilty to the charge of assault with intent to murder his employer, a farmer named Hunt, in West Winchester last June, and was sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment.

The Yellow Fever Outbreak.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—A telegram was received from Deputy Collector Spencer, at Tampa, Fla., saying that there have been six or eight new cases since the last report, and that there were two deaths yesterday and three this morning. Dr. Porter is in charge of the hospital and was to-day authorized to employ four nurses.

A cool smoking mixture, don't bite tongue, especially made up. Try it once. 25c. quarter pound. Alive Bollard, 199 Yonge-street. 136

A SAN FRANCISCO MYSTERY.

The Suicide or Murder of the Principal Witness of the Bowers Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 25.—The suicide of Henry Benhayon, brother-in-law of Dr. J. Milton Bowers, now under sentence of death for poisoning his wife two years ago, has resulted in sensational developments. Benhayon left a letter for the coroner, the contents of which that official declined to repeat, but it is stated on good authority that the letter is a full confession, and that Benhayon acknowledged that he administered the poison to his sister for the purpose of obtaining the insurance on her life, and exonerated Bowers from any connection with the crime. The letter has been placed in the hands of the police.

The revelations made to the police during the trial of Dr. Bowers show him to be a hideous wretch who would stop at nothing. He was an ignorant quack doctor who dressed loudly and made a vulgar display of diamonds and jewelry. He had had three wives, all of whom he is suspected of poisoning. He conducted his defence with great skill and audacity, and has secured several stays of execution. He has command of large sums of money, and has frequently boasted that he will yet secure his liberty. The police have a suspicion that Benhayon was murdered and that he did not commit suicide. The room where he was found dead was engaged for him by two strange men three days before.

AN ALARMING RUMOR.

A Report that the Steamer Westernland Had Foundered at Sea.

ANTWERP, Oct. 25.—Rumors which could be traced to no source have been in circulation here and in Brussels to-day that the Red Star Line steamer Westernland, which has 400 passengers and a crew of 90, has foundered at sea. The agents here have no information at all about the vessel and place no credence whatever in the rumors. The Westernland left Antwerp on Oct. 15 for New York and is not due at the latter place until Thursday.

Not Credited in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Messrs. Peter Wright & Sons, the Westernland's agents, have received no information whatever about the Westernland, nor have they heard anything about the rumors in circulation in Antwerp. They place no belief in them whatever.

Safe in Port.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—The steamer Westernland from Antwerp, concerning which alarming reports were current to-day in Antwerp and Brussels, arrived outside the bar at 7.52 p.m.

MORE CHOLERA AT NEW YORK.

The Dread Disease Makes Its Appearance Among the Britannia's Passengers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Cholera has broken out on the steamer Britannia, which has been for some time detained at lower quarantine. The record thus far is one death and one new case. Last Sunday Petronia Havancio was removed from the Britannia to the hospital at Swinburne Island. It was discovered that the dread disease was upon him and yesterday he died. Last night an Italian girl was stricken with cholera on the Britannia and was at once removed to Swinburne Island. She is very low.

The Alesia's passengers, who have been in the Swinburne Hospital, are entirely recovered and will to-morrow be removed to Hoffman Island to join the Alesia's detained passengers. The Britannia is carefully guarded.

A PRIEST MURDERED.

He Died Without Revealing the Names of His Assailants.

NAUGATUCK, Conn., Oct. 25.—Father Fitzgerald, pastor of the Catholic Church here, died last night of injuries received the night before at the hands of two men. As the priest was leaving the house of a sick person he was suddenly set upon, beaten, kicked and left senseless. Physicians restored him, but he refused to name his assailants.

The police last night arrested Timothy Sweeney and Joseph McKernan. Sweeney's sister was recently married by Father Fitzgerald to a man much disliked by her brother. He called on the priest and demanded satisfaction, but was ejected.

Judge McDougall on Monday handed to His Worship the Mayor his report on the famous waterworks investigation. The case has caused quite a lot of talk one way and another, but not half so much gossip as Dunlap's silk hats for fall wear. The best made hat in the world. Dineen, corner King and Yonge streets, sole agent.

The Opulent Comps of the Blizzard Land.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 25.—A new scale of wages goes into effect in the daily newspaper offices of this city on Nov. 1. The matter has been under arbitration for some days and late last night the arbitrators rendered their decision to this effect. The men give up the advertisements and cuts which will now be set up by men working on salary and will receive 42 cents per thousand ems for ordinary matter. The afternoon scale will be 37 cents per thousand. The scale heretofore has been 38 and 33 cents per thousand.

Sport in Florida.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., Oct. 25.—A white man named Parish shot and killed three negro men in Calhoun County some days since. Four negroes were using Parish's boat to gather logs which had broken loose from a raft, when Parish came along. It is said that the negroes told Parish they had no intention of stealing the boat, but Parish would not receive any explanation. He then shot three of the negroes. The other escaped.

The Locomotive Engineers.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—The time of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers yesterday was largely taken up with insurance matters. At a gathering of the ladies a proposition to form a national lady auxiliary organization was favorably received.

The Brotherhood expects to end its labors in this city Saturday.

St. Patrick's Bazaar has been removed to Simpson's Store on Leader-lane. Now open. Come one, come all. Music by the Governor-General's Body Guard Band.

A Plot to Kill Ferdinand.

SOFIA, Oct. 25.—A plot has been discovered to assassinate Prince Ferdinand and M. Stambuloff and Natchevitch. The plot originated with a Slav Committee at Odessa. An emissary of the committee has been arrested at Varna.

A Candidate from Brantford.

The name of Mr. Alfred Watts of Brantford is being freely mentioned in connection with one of the Senatorial vacancies. Mr. Watts is a representative man in the County of Brant, and has for many years been identified with its leading industries.

The World's New Office is now at 12 Melinda-street.

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

The first of the three volumes of Renan's "History of Israel" have appeared.

The city and County of Cork have been placed under the minor clauses of the Crimes Act.

Dr. Schliemann has made a will leaving his valuable collection at Athens to the Ethnological Museum at Berlin.

A number of prominent English Liberal members of the House of Commons will visit Ireland before the re-opening of Parliament.

A Paris despatch says that Paul de Roulede has resumed the presidency of the Patriotic League, which has now 30,000 members.

It is reported that M. de Heredia, Minister of Public Works, has submitted to his colleagues a project to celebrate the centenary of the French revolution by erecting a monument in every commune of France.

The Berlin Vossische Zeitung says England and Germany are about to conclude a convention for reciprocal protection of immigrants against bogus schools and hotels, which in reality are gambling hells and worse.

The London Times, publishing the correspondence between the Nizam of Hyderabad and Lord Dufferin, says it has the Nizam's special authority to state that his offer to contribute to the expense of fortifying the north west frontier of India, was perfectly spontaneous and without ulterior motives of any kind

THE DOORS STILL CLOSED.

THE QUEBEC CONFERENCE WILL PROBABLY END ON FRIDAY.

The Delegates are Expected to Visit Montreal Before Going Home—How Lord Lansdowne Ordered Mr. Mercier to Take Down That Flag.

QUEBEC, Oct. 25.—The conference will probably close on Friday next and if it should the delegates will pay Montreal a visit on Saturday. They have been hard at work day and night, yesterday's sitting lasting until midnight, and are evidently anxious to get home again. Not the slightest indication can be found in any of the papers here as to what they have done, and the general impression is they have done nothing. The probability is that they will meet again after the Ministers have had time to consult their friends at home and test public feeling in their respective provinces concerning any new phases the questions which have come up before the conference may have taken.

All the indications are now that no definite conclusion will be reached on any subject except, perhaps, the veto question and possibly some matters of minor import and that another conference will have to be held if any common accord is by any possibility to be reached.

This view is borne out by an article, evidently inspired, in The Chronicle this morning in which, after expressing regret that each province did not, as Ontario did, send a full delegation to the conference, that organ says "there must be another meeting in the near future and at this meeting there should be full cabinets."

A rather good story is going the rounds in connection with the display of bunting from the Parliament buildings. It appears that during the visit of La Minerve the French flag was hoisted to the main tower in honor of our visitors, but when Lord Lansdowne discovered this foreign ensign floating proudly over our legislative halls he was very indignant and sent an aide de camp to Mr. Mercier to tell him that this was a British colony and that the flag must come down. Accordingly the tri-color was lowered and furled away out of sight. On the arrival of the delegates Mr. Mercier gave orders that bunting should be displayed in their honor and this was done, but you can imagine the horror of the Premier, who is rather anxious to conciliate the Protestant horse, when he saw the tri-color again waving gaily from the main tower with the British ensign and the flag of the Dominion supporting it on each hand. Needless to add this inexplicable bungling was soon made right, amidst the wrath of the Premier and the amusement of those immediately interested.

St. Patrick's Bazaar has been removed to Simpson's Store on Leader-lane. Now open. Come one, come all. Music by the Governor-General's Body Guard Band.

ALL GOOD MEN ARE COMING IN.

Toronto Attracts One of Peterboro's Leading Citizens.

PETERBORO, Oct. 25.—At the Oriental Hotel this evening Mr. John Bertram, ex-M.P., was tendered a banquet on the occasion of his departure from this town for Toronto, where he will in future reside. Mr. Jas. Stevenson, M.P., Mayor of the town, occupied the chair, and Mr. J. R. Stratton, M.P.P., the vice-chair. The dining hall was elaborately decorated for the occasion. The guests were prominent citizens of Peterboro and other places, and the whole affair went off with eclat.

During the evening a beautifully engrossed address was presented to the guest on behalf of the citizens of the town and county, which set forth his value as a citizen, his business ability and oratorical powers. He was addressed as among the "prominent men of the district." Mr. Bertram made a happy reply.

Toasts, speeches, music and singing followed, and the banquet came to an end in the usual loyal manner.

Mr. Bertram was elected in the Liberal interest to represent West Peterboro in the Dominion Parliament in 1874, and continued as its representative till 1878. He has upheld the Liberal cause on the hustings and on the stump in many hard fought campaigns.

A DEAD DYNAMITER.

Suspicious Circumstances Connected With the Death of a Man in London.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A man died suddenly in South London to-day, and the police took charge of the body. On searching the clothing of the dead man the fact was discovered that he was an American and was connected with a dynamite conspiracy. The names of his fellow-conspirators were given, but the police will not be able to arrest them because they they have not committed any overt act. An inquest over the remains will be held to-morrow, when full disclosures regarding the conspiracy are probable.

The Scotland Yard authorities had secured almost enough evidence to warrant the arrest of the man when he died. The circumstances of his death were so suspicious that the detectives themselves notified the coroner. Sensational revelations are promised at the inquest. It has transpired that police patrolling on the river in front of the Parliament Buildings was recently resumed.

CURED BY A MIRACLE.

Like Other Miracles, the Explanation is Simple When Known.

From the New Haven News.

A reliable physician in Danbury relates a remarkable case of curing a woman who had been unable to utter a syllable in two years. She had been treated by a number of doctors for her loss of voice, but to no purpose. This physician satisfied himself that there was no disease of the organ of speech, or any derangement. He concluded that she could speak if only she would be influenced to exert the will power. From a conversation with her, carried on in writing, he discovered that she had great faith in miraculous cures. He found, too, that she was superstitious.

Accordingly, one morning he sat down by a table and leaned his head down upon his hands for some five minutes as if in wrapt meditation. He suddenly jumped up and told the woman that he was now right, that he was going to cure her on a certain day. He told her that on the day he should come to the house at 10 a.m., that he should first give three raps upon the window, and then he should go to the front door and give two raps; that when the door opened he would be found standing with both hands upon the door post and his head leaning upon them; that the door to her room must be opened wide, and that he would walk in with measured tread, and when he got to her bedside he should say, "Good morning," and that she would answer in reply, "Good morning, doctor." On the appointed day he did just as he said he should do, and when he said "Good morning" to her she promptly made the reply, "Good morning, doctor," in a loud, strong voice. She seemed utterly astonished herself, but said she felt that what the doctor said would be true, and firmly believed that he had wrought a miracle in her cure.

A Victim of Betting.

Toledo Dispatch to Pittsburg Post.

The attention of the guests at the Union Hotel was attracted to-day to an old, gray-haired man, bent with age and so stiffened with rheumatism that he could scarcely walk. He was dressed in threadbare garments, worn-out shoes and greasy hat. The man has a strange history. Years ago W. W. Wilmot invented the crimping machine and made a big fortune out of it. He went to Europe, where he created a sensation at all the courts by his wonderful playing on the key bugle. When he returned he located in Pittsburg. When Tilden was nominated Wilmot had every confidence in his election, and made a bet of $75,000 on the result. This was the beginning of his reverses, which followed each other in rapid succession, and he soon found himself a poor man. To-day he is little less than a beggar. Benevolent people aided him here, and he was sent to Cuyahoga Falls.

A DISGRACE TO THE BRIGADE.

Fireman John Cruis Arrested for Attempting to Assault a 12-Year-Old Child.

John Cruis, a fireman in the Berkeley-street Fire Station, was arrested last evening on a charge of indecently assaulting 12-year-old Kate Littleton, residing at 308 King-street east. The child was standing opposite the Union Hotel, in King-street near Berkeley, waiting for one of Mr. Evans' children, when Cruis accosted her and promised to give her some candies and a doll if she would go with him as far as a lumber yard in Duke-street, not very far from the fire hall. This the little girl refused to do, stating that she was waiting for one of Mr. Evans' daughters. Cruis then caught her by the hand and in a half-joking way forced her along with him. On reaching the lumber yard he tried to lift the child, despite her vigorous resistance, over the wooden fence, and would probably have succeeded were it not that her cries were heard by an old woman who happened to be passing, and who, finding the child in distress, raised an alarm. A number of men, on their way home from work, were attracted to the scene, and finding how matters stood, proceeded to administer to Cruis a thrashing. He attempted to escape, but was knocked down and held until Policeman Denning arrived, when he was taken into custody. An angry crowd followed the prisoner to the Wilton-avenue Police Station, and had it not been that he was under police protection he would no doubt have been roughly handled. Cruis is a married man, but his wife left him some time ago, and since then he has been boarding at the Union Hotel.

The Little Heroes of the Boys' Home.

The pupils of the Boys' Home School were pleased yesterday at receiving a handsome clock as a special prize for their proficiency in drill, awarded by the Public School Board. The presentation was made by Trustee Boxall, chairman of the Games Committee, and acknowledged by Mr. William Gooderham. Trustee Geo. McMurrich and Beard also addressed the boys, complimenting them upon their soldierly bearing on school children's day, and upon their generally good behavior on all occasions. Sergt. Wilson, their drill instructor, received a compliment for the pains taken to bring the little fellows to such a degree of military precision and discipline. The clock is of black marble and red granite, and bears a silver shield with this inscription:

QUEEN VICTORIA'S JUBILEE.
1837—1887.
Special Prize for Efficiency in Drill,
Presented by the T.P.S.B. to the
BOYS' HOME PUPILS.

Among the ladies present were Mrs. Dunlop, Mrs. McMurchy, Miss Scott, Mrs. Smart, Mrs. Janes and Mrs. Gilmour. The visitors were entertained by Mrs. Munro, the matron of the home.

Girls and Boys, don't forget the Grand Carnival, Metropolitan Roller Rink, this evening.

Old Q.O.R. Boys to Dine Together.

A well attended meeting of the Queen's Own ex-Members' Association was held in the orderly room at the Armory last night. Many new faces were in the room. It was decided to hold an inaugural dinner toward the latter part of November, and this committee was named to make the arrangements: Major Dixon, President; Lieut.-Col. Miller, Major R. B. Ellis, Messrs. Douglass, W. H. Cooper, Chin, Lee, Coo, Watkins, McMahon, Marshall, Lennox, Ramsay and W. Fahey, secretary. It is expected that this, the first of the annual dinners, will be a jolly reunion of old comrades and a means of largely augmenting the roll of membership.

The Canadian Advance and Dr. Wild.

A new religious, literary and home paper called The Canadian Advance has made its appearance. It has bought out The Parkdale News and prints the well-known Sunday evening sermons of Rev. Dr. Wild verbatim, as well as the sermons of the Rev. Joseph Parker, Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage and other celebrated divines. Editorially and typographically it is a credit to the publishers (Yeigh & Co.) and to the Congregationalists of Canada, whose interests the new journal will represent. The office of The Canadian Advance is at the rear of 10½ Adelaide-street east, and the paper is on sale at all the newsdealers on Tuesday of each week.

St. Patrick's Bazaar has been removed to Simpson's Store on Leader-lane. Now open. Come one, come all. Music by the Governor-General's Body Guard Band.

The Elm-street Branch, C.L.S.C.

A musical and literary entertainment of considerable merit was given last evening under the auspices of the Elm-street branch C.L.S.C. in the schoolroom of the Methodist Church. The program was short and sweet, containing but nine items. The Arion Orchestra, under Mr. W. J. Kirkpatrick, rendered good services, their selections receiving well-merited applause, Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," the "Diadem Overture," and "The Caliph of Bagdad" were fair specimens of the ability of the orchestra. Miss Boddy's solo, "The Lost White Stone," was well received, as was also a serio-comic song by Mrs. Jenkins entitled, "Shall I Say Yes?" "The Wedding Dance," as sung by Mrs. Powell and Miss Scott, proved an acceptable duet. Miss Churchill read the interesting legend of "The Well of St. Kean," sustaining all the humor of the piece. Mr. Douglas gave an essay, or short lecture, on what he termed the central point of Canadian history. This interesting spot he fixed as Abraham's Heights, near Quebec, and gave an interesting historic sketch of the decisive battle fought there in 1789.

Inspector Archabold After the Clubs.

Members of the various social, athletic and other clubs in town will be interested to learn that Morality Inspector Archabold is preparing for a siege on their quarters. It is understood that he is going to visit those clubs which have no licenses to sell liquor. Every club where gambling is said to be going on every night will be under special supervision. It is no secret, and last night it was common talk in the clubs.

At the Police Court yesterday Patrick Boyle of 24 West Market-square was charged with illegally selling liquor. Boyle was one of the decapitated 74, and the "Butchers' and Drovers' Club," who have previously been quartered next door to Boyle's, moved into his house and now use it as their headquarters. Mr. George Fryer, who is secretary of the club, was examined, and testified as to the standing and character of the club. His evidence showed that no liquor was sold to anyone except bona fide members. A fine of $50 and costs was inflicted on Boyle.

First of the Season. Fancy Dress Carnival, Metropolitan Roller Rink, Shaw-street this evening.

Cheer Boys, Cheer.

On the threshold of winter, trade never looked better. Merchants are happy, for orders are coming in like buckwheats on a frosty morning. The fall trade has shown a decided increase over that of last year. When we add that quinn's necktie trade is booming, we just give that touch to the record most pleasing to our readers.

Grand Prizes to be given at the Carnival, Metropolitan Roller Rink, this evening.

A Pink and White Social.

The Young Ladies' Society of the Bond-street Congregational Church held a pink and white social last evening, when a crowded audience enjoyed an excellent program and choice refreshments. Rev. Dr. Wild occupied the chair.

Carnival, Metropolitan Roller Rink, this evening.

A Gentle Reminder.

—The cold we experienced yesterday, the snow flurries, etc., have just come as a gentle reminder to those who want to prepare for the winter's blast and cold which we shall soon experience, and wise and thoughtful people will go right to 179 Yonge-street and purchase one of Strathern's stoves. The most complete line of ranges, self-feeders, parlor stoves in Toronto, and at prices that cannot be equaled anywhere. Competition defied. 2

A RAILWAY FIGHT AT HAND

THE G.T.R. OBJECTS TO THE PROPOSED ENTRY OF THE C.P.R.

The G.T.R. Says it Cannot Come by the Parliament-street Crossing, but as That is the Only Way it Can Come, it Will Probably Come That Way.

OTTAWA, Oct. 25.—The Railway Committee of the Privy Council to-day heard the case of the City of Toronto v. the Grand Trunk Railway with reference to putting gates on both sides of Simcoe-street, and also at the York-street entrance to the Union Station.

Mayor Howland presented the case for the city and was followed by Mr. Bell, Grand Trunk Solicitor, who admitted that the crossings were dangerous, but held that the streets should be closed by the Corporation, which view was sustained by the committee, and an order was accordingly made that the streets should be closed.

A lengthy discussion took place on the next case, that of the dispute between the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railways with reference to the new entrance into Toronto by the former by way of the Esplanade formed by the Don improvements.

Mr. VanHorne stated the case for the Canadian Pacific Railway, producing a map showing the proposed new route and pointing out its advantages. He desired permission to cross the Grand Trunk track at Parliament-street, his company having secured a right of way twenty-eight feet wide south of the Esplanade from Yonge-street to Berkeley-street, then crossing the Grand Trunk Railway track at Parliament-street and passing north of Mill-street to a connection with the Don improvements.

Mr. Bell, solicitor for the Grand Trunk, and Mr. Wragge, engineer, opposed the application on the grounds that there were other ways for the Canadian Pacific Railway to get to the Don without crossing the Grand Trunk tracks. The Grand Trunk was quite willing that the Canadian Pacific Railway should come down the Don embankments, strike the Grand Trunk double track and use it into the city, but the proposed crossing would damage the traffic of the Grand Trunk and interfere with the working of the road for all time to come. If the proposal were persisted in it would lead to great litigation, as the Grand Trunk Railway were determined to resist the proposal by every means in their power.

Mr. VanHorne said the Canadian Pacific Railway were willing to spend any amount of money in offering farther facilities to Toronto. He was surprised to hear what Mr. Wragge had said, considering it was Mr. Wragge who suggested this very crossing. The crossing could be protected by the interlocked switch system.

Mayor Howland said the Council had passed a resolution and had drawn up a petition approving of what was proposed to be done by the Canadian Pacific Railway. In the first place they had made arrangements to come down on their Don improvements, which the city had made, and the Esplanade. Having partially agreed that the Canadian Pacific Railway should use the Esplanade, it would be a very serious disadvantage if it were not carried out. There was no population in the vicinity of the Esplanade, and there would be no danger.

Mr. Blackstock, on behalf of certain owners of property, asserted that if the C.P.R. were allowed to cross at the spot they desired it would injure the property in that locality. They were not averse to the C.P.R. making an entry at another point.

After some further discussion the matter was taken en delibere by the committee.

Mayor Howland and the Toronto deputation made some enquiries at the Public Works Department with reference to the proposed extension of the Windmill line into the harbor, but owing to the illness of the Minister and the non-return from British Columbia of Chief Engineer Perley, the matter could not be discussed.

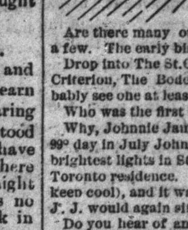
Ladies who really desire a choice, well made, fashionable fur garment for fall and winter wear should see Dineen's stock in his fur show rooms, corner of King and Yonge streets. Mr. Dineen has taken special pains this season to place a good stock before the public, and that his effort has been appreciated may be seen by the number of ladies who daily visit his show rooms.

A Story About Talmage.

From New York Truth.

Dr. Talmage is very close fisted and avaricious. He objects to newspaper interviews because he wishes to preserve all his ideas for publication for his own pecuniary benefit. It is said that his income from his pen is equal to that of his salary as a preacher. He arranged with a syndicate for $5000 to supply them with his sermon in advance, but the manager of a rival concern finding that his published and oral discourses were very different, the latter much the best, has him reported every Sunday and telegraphs the reports to his line of papers, so that there is no longer, to the parson's intense disgust, any demand for his MS.

THE EARLY BIRDS.



THEY are beginning to foregather at the public bars. The World saw two of them yesterday afternoon. They ordered a pint between them. Who are they? Why they are already in the field for aldermanic honors. Over their "foaming fizz" they plighted their troth to each other: "You stuckens to me, and I'll stuckens to you!"

Are there many out already? Not very many: just a few. The early birds are out.

Drop into The St. Charles, Mike's, The Woodbine, The Criterion, The Bodega or The Hub, and you will probably see one at least in each place.

Who was the first to declare his intentions?

Why, Johnnie James, of course. As far back as a 99° day in July Johnnie invited over two dozen of the brightest lights in St. Lawrence Ward up to his North Toronto residence. They adjourned to the cellar (to keep cool), and it was there and then proclaimed that J. J. would again sit for Old St. Lawrence.

Do you hear of any others?

Yes. But I am not at liberty to speak as yet. Ex-Ald. Pepler, one of the best men that ever sat in the Council, is going to give St. Patrick's Ward an awful wrestle. And by-the-by, while you are about it you might mention that "Joe" Beatty has his off eye on St. John's Ward for the last time. More anon.

MELINDA.

Registered at the Hotels.

Mr. C. R. Atkinson, Q.C., Chatham, is at the Rossin.
Mr. William Berrie, Chief Clerk Royal Hotel, Hamilton, is at the Walker.
Mr. William Stoddart of New York is at the Palmer.
Mr. R. F. Hill of New York is at the Queen's.
Mr. J. B. Hughes of Waterloo is at the Rossin.
Mr. E. S. Clouston of Montreal is at the Queen's.
Mr. N. Macdonnell of Ottawa is at the Walker.
Mr. W. F. Walker of Galt is at the Palmer.
Mr. H. H. Doran of New York is at the Queen's.
Dr. Millman of Kingston is at the Walker.
Mr. E. W. Garretson of Grand Rapids, Mich., is at the Palmer.
Mr. S. D. Smith of Chicago is at the Walker.
At the Albion: A. Neilson, Manitowaning; W. F. Harper, Hamilton; G. Everall, Beeton; E. Atkinson, Schomberg; S. A. Hager, Orillia; M. Denant, Brockville; A. Young, Galt; J. C. Fraser, Montreal; C. McPhaden, Cannington; S. Ritchie, Lindsay; Prof. Shrives, A. M. Soverin, C. Shrives, Prof. Afton, London.

For Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, Telescopes, Aneroid Barometers, Thermometers, etc., etc., go to Foster's, 17 King-street west.

Not Much Change in Temperature.

Weather for Ontario: Moderate winds; fair weather; not much change in temperature.

Steamship Arrivals.

At London: Demark from New York.
At Queenstown: Spain from New York.

The Weather.

KING HENRY: "The winds grow high, so do your stomachs, lords."
Henry VI., Act. II.

Sunday night's wind, so say the Observatory officials, traveled at a higher rate of speed than has been the case for some years. It came with a regular slash, crash, and I'm-going-through sort of a style that only a good garment can keep out. C. H. Tonkin, 718 Yonge-street, North Toronto, can show the ladies of Toronto some of the handsomest and cheapest furs in Canada. His stock, for quality and cheapness, cannot be equaled. x