CABINET CRISIS IS LOOKED FOR

Belief that Sir Edward Grey, Foreign Secretary, May Retire After Speech to be Made on Monday

LONDON, Nov. 23 .- The belief prevails in political circles that Sir Edward Grey, secretary for foreign affairs, will retire from the cabinet after his eagerly awaited exposition of fereign relations on November 27 in the House of Commons, and that James Bryce, ambassador to the United States, will succeed him.

The resignation of the foreign secretary will most certainly be handed to the prime minister should any lack of confidence be shown in his policy dur ing the debate that will follow his statement on Monday.

Sir Edward Grey, during the earlier years of his incumbency, received the almost unanimous support of all parties, but recently has been the object of continuous attacks, especially by the extreme radical element in his own party. The disclosures regarding the Anglo-German conversations with respect to Morocco and statements that hose two countries were on the verge of war have given the radicals another opening, and it is understood they are pressing for the retirement of Sir Edward. The radicals favor an Anglo-German understanding, and accuse Sir Edward Grey of balking their efforts in

this direction Should Sir Edward resign, Viscount Haldane, secretary for war, and Reginald McKenna, the home secretary, probably will resign also. James Bryce s the man considered most likely to be his successor, for he would be supported by the entire party as he was when the Unionists attacked him for the part took in the reciprocity negotiations between Canada and the United States. By a tacit understanding the Unionist leaders support the government's foreign policy or at least refrain from criticizing it. The prime minister, it is true, is under moral obligation to avoid a crisis during the King's absence, but it may be beyond his power to do so.

The German Version. The German foreign minister's revelations have caused a great sensation in London, as showing how Europe was on the brink of a war over Morocco, and Sir Edward Grey's version of the transactions adopted in the house of commons is awaited with in-

The London papers are reserving comment until they have heard the British side. The Telegraph in an editorial states that Europe looked into the abyss and recoiled with horror.

That war was so narrowly averted gives a fresh impetus to every movement directed to the attainment of a permanent basis of peace between Great Britain and Germany, the paper adds ..

The German foreign minister in his report to the budget committee recounted his sharp exchanges in July with Sir Edward Grey with regard to the dispatch of the warship Panther to Agadir. He told of Germany's energetic "representations," that the Lloyd George speech of July 21 was calculated to destroy the hope of a Franco-German settlement and that threats could not turn Germany from

asserting her rights. He recalled that Sir Edward Grey was formally invited to end the tension by declaring in parliament that British interests had not been effected and had not been touched in the negotiations. He said the crisis ended July 27, when an inspired statement asserted that Britain did not intend participating in the negotiations.

Two Men Frozen to Death VALDEZ, Alaska, Nov. 23 .- Fred Cook and William Cummings were frozen to death in the vicinity between Shoup and Columbia glaciers Saturday night Mike Sherry and Tex Day had a narrow escape. They left Shoup Bay in the morning for the Mayflower mining property. In the afternoon at 4 o'clock they were within two miles of camp, but thoroughly exhausted. The latter struggled on and reached camp badly frozen. Cook and Cummings failed to appear. and were found the next day within half a mile from where they were last seen. The news was brought to Valdez last evening and a party left yesterday to bring the bodies in.

SEATTLE GETS WATER

Walf of Amount Usually Consumed to be Secured from Swan Lake and

SEATTLE, Nov. 23 .- Water from Swan Lake will be flowing through the intermediate service mains, feeding the great dry area of Seattle before morning, and the crisis in Seattle's water famine will have been passed. This was the prediction made

water department officials tonight when word was received from the emergency plant at Swan lake, twelve miles from the city, that the five electric pumps installed there will begin pumping in a few hours. It will take six hours after the pumps begin working before the Swan lake water reaches the city and begins to flow through the taps in the home of the thirsty

residents. rate of 12,000,000 gallons a day and 6.000.000 gallons of impure Lake Washington water flowing through the mains, the city will have an amount about half its normal consumption flowing through all mains. Restrictions on the use of water will be rigidly enforced, but the lid on the bath tubs will be lifted a little, and each citizen will be permitted to splash in Mayor Dilling tonight closed the

university pumping station, which has been drawing water from Union Bay, which is considered the most danger-ous water in Lake Washington. As soon as the Holgate street plant was found to be working well the Union bay pumps were shut down. The state health authorities protested yesterday against the use of Union bay water.

Because of the rapidly diminishing refused to furnish water to steamships plying out of this port. As soon as a essel enters the harbor it is notified that fresh water cannot be obtained, and a sufficient supply is kept in the tanks to enable the ship to shift to some nearby town, where plenty is to be had.

HIS LAST NIGHT Henry Clay Beattie, Wife Murderer, Says Parewell to Belatives on Eve of His Excention

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 23 .- Taking a pathetic leave of his immediate family, Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., made ready to night to take the final plunge into the unknown. Tomorrow, before the sun is an hour high, he will have paid the penalty demanded by the law for the murder of his young wife last July. There is nothing to indicate that Governor Mann will act to stay the hand of jus-

For a few brief moments today Beattie broke down. This was when he took leave of his father and his brother Douglas. When the parting came, the son laid his head on his father's breast and sobbed convulsively. One arm was flung across the father's shoulders; the other hand gripped that of his brother. But he recovered quickly. The fortitude of the elder Beattle had more to do with the recovery than the soothing offices of the Rev. Benjamin Dennis, who has labored with the doomed prisoner. With Spartan self control, the father kept his emotions in check, although the tears ran down his cheeks and his lips twitched pathetically. No words were spoken, but the young wife murderer must have felt the stern repression of his parent, for his sobs were strangled and he straightened up, "Good bye," he

said, and turned away. Neither father nor brother trusted himself to reply, but both made their way from the penitentiary. When they enter it again, it will be to claim the

body of their kinsman. Hazel, the 18-year-old sister of the prisoner, and his two aunts drove to the state prison in a closed carriage in the middle of the afternoon. They were in the death chamber a trifle more than an hour. When they emerged, Hazel was on the verge of collapse, while all three were violently agitated and the eyes of each were red with weaping. Beattie will be taken from the death

watch shortly after 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. Within a few moments he will have paid his toll of life for the murder of his wife.

Shipment of Eggs from Great Lakes Will Be Made Next Spring-Lobsters, Too, Perhaps

First fruits of the mission to Ottawa of

First fruits of the mission to Ottawa of Premier McBride and his colleagues, Hon. Mr. Bowser and Hon. Mr. Ross, are indicated in a letter which Mr. Bowser, as provincial commissioner of fisheries, has just received from Hon. J. D. Hazen, the minister of marine and fisheries—a letter that is also, in itself, a testimonial to the activity and energy of the new minister in dealing with departmental matters with the administration of which he is officially concerned. Hon. Mr. Hazen's communication is directly in reply seriating to the memorandum on various fisheries matters with regard to which Hon. Mr. Bowser interviewed him during the visit to Ottawa.

As to the introduction into British Columbia waters of the famous whitefish of the Eastern and Manitoba lakes, Hon. Mr. Hazen shows himself to be in hearty sympathy with the proposals advanced by the provincial fisheries commissioner. He points out, however, that unusual and unfavorable weather conditions have this year been experienced, more especially in Manitoba, owing to which it is found impossible to obtain the required five million whitefish esgs from Lake Manitoba. As large a quantity as possible will consequently be obtained from this lake, supplemented if necessary bu further supplies from Lake Erle.

After a conference on the subject with Superintendent Cunningham, Hon. Mr. Hazen suggests that in order to assure best results, half of the consignment of ovashould be placed for development at the Granite Creek hatchery at Shuswap lake, the residue going to the Harrison lake establishment. The officer in charge at the former has had considerable experience in the propagation of whitefish from the ova in eastern centres, and will give the fish intended for British Columbia stocking his careful personal attention, while similar special care will be given the eggs sent-to Harrison lake by Superintendent Cunningham personally. Necessary arrangements for the incubation of the ova are now being perfected, and when the fry is ready for distribution—which should be

Rainbow Trout.

Rainbow Trout.

With respect to the rainbow trout with which it is proposed to stock various suitable streams on Vancouver Island, the minister writes that his department is quite prepared to give the Cowichan Lake hatchery facilities for the incubation and propagation of the ova, previded the provincial authorities deliver the eggs in the eye stage from the Seton Lake hatchery, which is a British Columbia institution.

Incidentally the federal minister, states that he has recently received several applications from eastern centres for supplies of British Columbia trout ova desired for the re-stocking of eastern streams, the fame of the trout of this province having been firmly established as far away from its home even as New Brunswick. Naturally, British Columbia has no objection whatever to sharing with the eastern brethren.

As to the lobsters desired by Hon. Mr. Bowser for British Columbia planting, Hon. Mr. Hazen writes that the officials of his department have advised scientific investigation of Pacific coast conditions precedent to the planting of the delectable crustaceans in British Columbia waters. If conditions are found suitable, the minister expresses himself as quite prepared to send consignments of young lobsters not only this year, but every year for three or four seasons, in order that the lobster may be substantially established in these waters. He advises that investigation of conditions here as they are likely to affect the eastern lobster should be undertaken by the federal biological station at Nanaimo.

It is quite probable that such an investigation will be decided upon, but meanwhile Hon. Mr. Bowser will press for an immediate shipment—which he will undoubfedly get—the success of which will be carefully watched as a most practical experiment. Rainbow Trout.

watched as a most practical experis

He Denies that Cabinet is a Coalition and That Differences of Opinion Between Its Members Exist

OTTAWA, Nov. 23.-Ice which crippled the electric light plant from which the parliament buildings obtain light caused today's sitting to come to a sudden end. About 7 o'clock the buildings were plunged into darkness, which continued for over two hours. At 8 o'clock, when the House reassembled after the dinner recess the chamber was dimly lighted by candles and oil lamps, and there was nothing

The afternoon was a purery Quebec day Messrs Monk and speaking and Mondu, of Yamaska, ommencing his speech

Mr. Monk denied that the cabinet is coalition and that there are dissensions in it. He made avowal of loyalty to and liking for Mr. Borden, declaring that there had been no differences between them. He had voted for the resolution of March, 1909, because an emergency was supposed to exist He had never regretted so voting. The phraseology of the resolution committed the house to the proposals of the admiralty in 1907, which were that the British navy should keep the supremacy of the seas and protect the trade routes, while the Dominion should guard the coasts against raids and provide navy bases. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's navy policy departed from this proposal, providing a force which would be enormously expensive and utterly useless. The cruisers would be of no service in defending, that being work for battleships. There was no disloyalty in disapproving such a cheme, presented without a mandate.

The people of Quebec, whom he and his colleagues represented, were leval subjects to the King and in regard to a naval policy, would pledge themselves to accept the verdict of the people or that question. He approved of Mr. Borden's view that any permanent naval policy must be carefully thought out and submitted to the people. No man, he said, was better qualified to solve the naval problem than the present

premier. Mr. Lemieux declared there had been an arrangement whereby Mr. Borden: during the election avoided addressing French Canadian audiences. Quebec had been won by duplicity, demagoguery and sectionalism. The Nationalists had promised to form a Roman Catholic Centre party, with Mr. Monk as the leader, to hold the balance of power. He concluded by hinting at a

Mr. Mondu accused the Liberals of being the first raisers of the racial cry, tracing it back to the double-faced campaign of 1896. He avowed himself a to cause the accident. Conservative and proclaimed his inde pendence of Mr. Bourassa.

Premier Borden tonight gives notic of two government bills, one to amend the department of state act and one amending the act establishing a department of external affairs, the object being to take the department of external affairs from the department of state and place it directly under the first Minister as part of privy council office. Hon. Mr. Doherty, minister of Justice, gives notice of a bill to amend the enquiries act.

WORKMAN WINS

Compensation to Amount of \$800 Granted Against West-Holme Lumber Co. for Damaged Hand

Judgment for plaintiff with \$800 damages was the verdict of the special jury empanelled under Mr. Justice Gregory in the Supreme Court yesterday to decide the case of Mr. W. Hodgson against the Westholme Lumber company which was brought under the provisions of the Employers Liability ct. The case lasted throughout the day and after the respective had addressed the jury, that body tool considerable time to deliberate before bringing in a verdict.

The case, as outlined in the Colonist vesterday, was based upon injuries to the hand sustained by the plaintiff while employed in the workshop of the Westholme Lumber company, at the corner of Broughton and Douglas streets. He had been operating a saw when owing to an alleged defect in its construction, the board which he wa cutting, buckled in such a manner as to bring his hand in contact with the unguarded machine, which contact re sulted in the amputation of his thumb and the injury of two fingers. The case was of paramount import to labor interests in so far as it gives an inter pretation of the Employers' Liability Act which will doubtless be widely cited in future cases of a similar char acter.

From the evidence adduced, it was shown that the saw in question was unprotected by a guard, a point which the plaintiff's counsel made much of, and which the counsel for the defence attempted to discount by producing expert evidence to show that it was im racticable to guard the saw under the circumstances. From the legal standpoint, the question to be decided was whether the fact of the saw being un guarded was tantamount to a breach of the statute, or whether contributary negligence on the part of the plaintiff, were ever "called by him."

was also brought out that the company had offered Hodgson compensation at the rate of \$11 per week, a sum which he regarded as wholly inadequate in view of the fact that he had a wife and four children to support. The sum sued for was a trifle over \$3,000, or equivalent of his earnings for a statu-

tory period of years.

Hodgson stated in evidence that when
the accident occurred to him he was in act of cutting table legs from a board. He attributed the accident to a missing tooth in the saw, saying that it caused the board to buckle, which unexpected action brought his hand in contact with the saw which resulted as stated above. The loss of his thumb had caused him great pain as well as incapacitating him for work, by which latter handicap he had lost the sum of \$370 in wages. So great had been his financial difficulties resulting from the accident that he had been compelled to mortgage his home. In regard to the protecting of the machine, Hodgson stated that he had complained about it before. In other places such machines were always guarded, and he thought that in the present instance a suitable guard could have been supplied for the sum of anywhere between \$6 and \$20. He was an experienced workman, hav ing been twenty-six years in the trade.

Left Company's Employ Mr. J. Shearlaw declared that he had worked in the mill but had left because the company or the foreman would not supply a guard for a saw. The saw he had reference to was a crosscut saw which had a "shake" in it. He declined to continue operating it unless it was guarded, and as they could not see eye to eye with him on the point, he decided to seek other employment.

Mr. G. W. Ships testified to the use of guards in other factories, saying that he had worked in all sorts of places, but always with the saws guarded. He also submitted a list of eight Vancouver firms to the court which he said all used guards on their saws. Mr. H. J. Sheen gave similar evidence.

The chief witness for the defence was Mr. S. Cameron, president of the Westholme Lumber company. He stated that there was nothing in the condition of the saw to account for the accident In regard to the point taken by the plaintiff that the saw should have been guarded, he stated that it was not practicable to protect the saw in this manner, and that as a matter of fact, to have put such a guard on it would have rendered it more dangerous than it was when unprotected, as the installation of a guard would prevent the operator from seeing what he was doing. He very readily admitted that a tooth was missing from the saw. It had been missing for a considerable time, but nothing had ever happened before as esult of it, and he claimed therefore that the absent tooth could not be blamed for the accident. In regard to the other allegations of the plaintiff that the saw was rusty and did not run true, he denied. Even after the accident had occurred the saw worker properly, and for that matter, was working properly now. He contended that unless the plaintiff had been guilty of contributary negligence, the condition of the saw alone was not sufficient

Mr Connason of the Lemon Con- rear of a store. Dannelserg obtain nason Lumber firm, was called by the a receipt for the two men and ther defence to give evidence regarding the arrested Moy Sing and the immigrants alleged impracticability of guarding the saw in question, He did not think that a guard was feasible under the circum-

Saw in Good Shape

stances. Mr. J. McKea, the foreman of the Westholme Lumber company stated that he saw the machine immediately after the accident and found it in excellent condition. Of course the tooth was missing, but otherwise it was alight, and even with that admitted defect he did not think it could be said that the accident was due to that alone, in view of the fact that it had beer perated successfully both before and after the occurrence.

In summing up the evidence and charging the jury with their mission, Judge Gregory made some interesting reflections upon the act and its relation to the present case. He declared that the plaintiff had to prove that the accident was due solely to the condition of the saw and was free altogethe from contributary negligence on part. The onus of proof in that regard lay with the plaintiff. On the other hand, if the defendants alleged contributary negligence on the part of th plaintiff they had also to prove their case. Both these phases had been alleged and it was for the jury to decide the question upon the evidence submitted. Negligence, he described as the omission to do that which reasonable precaution dictated should be done or the commission of that which reasonable precaution dictated should not be done. Not only had negligence to be proved satisfactorily on either side of the issue, but it had to be proved that that negligence was the direct cause of

DENIES MERRITT STORY

Mr. John D. Rockefeller Issues Sta ment in Regard to Mesaba Iron Mines Ownership

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.-John D Rockefeller, in a statement given out tonight, replied to the charges by the Merritt Brothers before the Stanley steel investigating committee regarding the methods used by Mr Rockefeller in obtaining control of the Mesaba ore mines and the Duluth, Mesaba and Northern Railroad, pointing out that these charges were de nied under oath as long ago as 1895 in litigation over the Lake Superior Consolidated iron mines. He submits the texts of a paper, dated January 22, 1895, to which are attached the names of Alfred and Leonidas Merritt and "all the others members of the family," declaring themselves satisfied that neither Mr. Rockefeller nor his agents committed fraud or made representations of the matter in question.

Mr. Rockefeller then sets forth what he says "are the facts in regard to the loans," to which the Merritts testified, and denies that the loans in question

Federal Officials Unearth Plot for Wholesale Smuggling in Which Several Canadians Are Implicated

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.-One of the largest Chinese smuggling plots unearthed by federal officers in years was revealed today when "Crappy Nelson was arraigned before United States Commissioner Foote charged with bringing Chinamen into this country from Canada. Twenty charged with being implicated in the plot are under arrest in Chicago, New York and Detroit, where the ban made its headquarters, according to the government agent who has been working on the case.

Those under arrest in Chicago are: "Crappy" Nelson, Lorne Stoneberg, Albert Arthur, alias "Bismie Ouelette," Gordon Ferrish, Moy Sing, Chung Hau and Moy Foo. Those under arrest in New York are Villie Tom, Jock Nom, Ning On, Ning

Back Sun, Ning Hong Jon, Moi Sai Tighe, wealthy Chinese merchants; Dos Shin, Ling Hung Seung, Nins Chung Lam, Long Kwong Fook, Ming Inn, Ching Quong and Ning Jung. Frank Walsh is under arrest in De-

Special agent Dannelserg, who made the arrests, was assisted in trailing the alleged smugglers by his wife, a bride of a few months. He says the band brought most of the Chinese to this country by way of Windsor and Toonto, Canada, by breaking the government's seal on freight cars a few miles from the border, putting men into the cars and sealing the doors again in such a manner that detection was avoided. According the special agent Dannelsberg, members of band received \$1,500 for delivering 'a Chinese from China either to Chicago or New York, and that \$300 was the amount charged for bringing a Chinese from Canada to this country. The Chinese, it is said, arrived at Vancouver, B. C., where they were put work until they had earned their passage.

Later, the immigrants were taken either to Windsor or Toronto by representatives of the alleged smugglers and brought into this country in freight cars. .

According to Special Agent Dannelserg, Ferrish and Nelson locked two Chinese in a freight car seven miles outside of Windsor, Canada, which was shipped to Gibson, Ind. Special Agent Dannelserg followed the car to Chicago. He delivered the immigrants to Moy Sing in South Clark | follows: street where he found a room with accommodations for 100 lodgers in the | Hon. Richard McBride. On October 14. according to Dannelserg, five Chinese were locked in freight car at Toronto by Stoneberg and Ouelette, the destination of the car was South Bend, Ind., where they were met by agents of the alleged smugglers. One of the men was taken to Chicago and four to New York, according to information obtained by Dannelserg. Two men have been de livered to Ling Kwong Fook, and Nin Gin at 15 and 17 Mott street, New York, while one was delivered to Moy Say Tighe at 28 Mott street. The fourth man was taken to Dos Shin at 44 Mott street. A fight followed a raid made by special agent Dannelserg on the premises at 44 Mott street, and after a number of arrests had been made the federal officer says he was offered a bribe of \$750 to release the prisoners. Ouelette and Stoneberg are being held under bonds of \$10,000. Other arrests are expected before the federal officers complete their investigation.

NE TEMERE DECREE

MONTREAL, Nov. 23.-Archbisho Bruchesi has issued a manifesto dealing with the Ne Temere decree in which he intends to correct a number of misconceptions which he states evidently exist throughout Canada. The manifesto deals with the famous decree and its application to mixed marriages as drawn attention to by statements recently made in Toronto and Winnipeg papers.

After saying that people throughout Canada, judging from newspaper ticles and conversations which he had overheard, do not seem to understar the meaning of the decree and that is often spoken of as if promulgated for Canada alone whereas it has been in force throughout the world since Easter, 1908, he quotes the chief article: "Marriages are only valid when contracted before the cure or the ordinary or by a priest delegated by one of them and before two witnesses." This is no new thing, he states, as it was dealt with at the council of Trent, in 1568, and ha al-He also vavs been in force here. points out that the decree says no-

hing about marriages contracted by ion-Catholics among themselves. The Archbishop then refers to headines in Toronto and Winnipeg papers regarding the Shaughnessy-Graham marriage, in which Sir Thomas' son, a Roman Catholic, married the niece of Sir Hugh Graham, a Protestant, which read, "Ne Temere shattered to pieces." and so on. His answer to this is seen in the following telegram which he dispatched to one of the papers referred to. "The Ne Temere decree has nothing to do with the Shaughnessy Graham marriage. The diocesan rules were not modified, but for very serious reasons I have simply accorded a dispensation of mixed religion, as I have previously done in other cases. marriage ceremony was celebrated exactly according to the laws of the

church before a priest. No other cerenony has taken place. The Protest-nt party signed before witnesses all ements of the church."

Special Survey Act. In the current issue of the Provincial Sezette notice is given by Attorney-General Bowser, pursuant to the prosions of the special survey act amend-ent act of 1903, that the plan of the special survey of New Westminster city, authorized on the 30th August, 1910. for the purpose of correcting any error or supposed error in respect of any existing survey or plan, of correcting and adjusting any discrepancies, between the eccupation of land and any existing plan or plans of such land, of plotting land not before subdivided, and of showing the divisions of land of which the divisions are not shown on any plan or subdivision together with a statement of costs incurred by such survey and showing in what proportions they are taxed against the city and against the land affected thereby, has been filed with the provincial secretary and is to e submitted for the approval of the leutenant-governor-in-council; and that any complaints which may be made against such special survey or plan by myone interested in the properties affected will be heard by Mr. H. L. Edmond at the New Westminster city hall on Monday, the 18th proximo, at 10.30 a. m. The proportion of the costs above referred to which is to be borne by the streets and lanes is \$2,238.22; and the proportion to be taxed against property wners, \$7,621.78, a total of \$9,860.

FATAL LURE OF GOLD

Cobalt Men Leave on Poolhardy Jour ney for Ungava Country in Hope of Getting Gold.

TORONTO, Nov. 23 .- A party of Cobalt men, incited by stories of great gold deposits in the Ungava district of Labrador, have outfitted for a journey to that region. They have gathered up 40 dogs to draw sleds with their provisions. Experienced plorers and prospectors say the party may succeed in reaching their goal, but none are likely to be able to return on account of the inhospitable character of the intervening country.

AN INCIDENT IN PROVINCIAL HISTORY

Exchange of Greetings as G. T. P. Steel Crosses the Great Divide and Enters B. C.

An incident in the forward march of British Columbia was marked, simply and unostentatiously, by the exchange of telegrams vesterday between Vicepresident E. J. Chamberlin of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway company and Hon Richard McBride, prime minister of British Columbia. The message of the former announcing the crossing of the continent's backbone by the metal layers of the new national transcontinental line was, as an exact matter of its destination, where he opened the fact, despatched on Monday evening last, car and brought the two Chinese to reaching the premier upon his return home Wednesday and was, in words, as

Winnipeg, Nov. 20. Prime Minister.

Victoria. Grand Trunk Pacific main line steel passed the Great Divide between Alherta and British Columbia at 9.34 this morning. Mountain time.

(Sgd.) E. J. CHAMBERLIN.

To this Hon. Mr. McBride replied vesterday:

J. Chamberlin, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Manager. G. T. P. Railway Co.,

Winnipeg. I received your telegram of the 20th upon my return yesterday. My best congratulations upon the accomplishment of the laving of main line Steel across the Great Divide, uniting the sister provinces of British Columbia and Alberta with the hand which soon will span the Continent and give another great artery of transportation which will add volume to Canada's carrying trade, assist materially in the development of the rich northern areas of this province, and unite us still closer to the sister provinces of the

(Sgd.) RICHARD MCBRIDE.

Dominion.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED ertificates Issued to a Number of Or ganizations of Many Varieties by

Provincial Government.

During the current week certificates of ncorporation have been issued to the following business associations organized under the Companies Act of British Columbia: The Alice Arm Mohawl Mines, Ltd. non-personal liability), Canada Post Publishing Co., Ltd., Dominion Midway, Ltd., Gardiner Fisheries, Ltd., Hazelton & Skeena Valleys Land Co., Ltd., Heaps Engineering Co., Ltd., Hewetson and Mantle, Ltd., Ladies' Club of Whonnock, National Home Builders, Ltd., Oyster Harbor Collieries, Ltd. (non-personal liability), Salmon River Mining & Swelting Co., Ltd. (non-personal liability), Tsimpsean Investment Syndicate, Ltd., Vancouver Esquipment Co., Ltd., Ward Investment Co., Ltd., Whatshan Lake Land Co., Ltd., and Womens' Industrial Exchange, Ltd. Licenses have been issued to J. J. H. McLean & Co., Ltd., the Kamloops Land & Development Co., Ltd., and the Aetna Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford, the two former as extra-provincial companies. Notice is, given of a change of the name of the J. W. Foster Co., Ltd., to that of Cla-Company, Ltd., and of the winding up of the Pitt Lake Brick & Cement Co., Ltd. The Revelstoke Agricultural Soclety, Ltd., is also to be known hereafter as the Western Turf Association, Ltd.

Parmers' Bank Cases

TORONTO, Nov. 23 .- The last of the 'armers' Bank conspiracy cases was lisposed of when four of the provisional directors were acquitted. They were Alexander Low, charged with wrongfully converting \$46,000 and stealing \$2,500, John Ferguson with stealing \$1,000, Alexander Frazer with stealing

\$2,000, and John Wasson with stealing

The historic Lyons homestead on Pleasant valley road, near Vernon, has

been destroyed by fire. COLLEGIATE SCHOOLS FOR BOYS

The Laurels, Rockland ave. Victoria. B.C. Headmaster, A. D. Muskett, Esq., assisted by J. L. Moilliet, Esq., B.A., Oxford. Three and a half acres extensive recreation grounds, gymnasium, cadet corps. Xmas term commences September 12th. Apply Headmaster.

DID you invest in Saskatoon ten years ago and clean up a fortune? Bight now you have the same opportunity in Edson, which is the distributing point for thousands of square miles of new territory. Edson is already the wholesale centre for the Peace River district, into which settlers are pouring. It is the divisional point on the main lines of two transcontinental railroads and has tributary to it coal; inon, lumber, and magnificent farm land. The population has grown in one year from nothing to about twelve hundred, we offer lots in the town for a short time longer at \$30 sach. Full particulars from The Edson Point Company, 608 McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910.

(Section 42.) NOTICE is hereby given that, on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel licence to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Sidney Hotel, situate at Sidney, in the Province of British Columbia. Dated this 24th day of October, 1911 TESTER & TAYLOR,

Applicant.

WATER NOTICE I, Olander Joseph Garner, of Salt Spring Island, by occupation a rancher, give notice that I intend on the 6th day of December next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to apply to the Water Commissioner at his office at Victoria for a licence to take and use one cubic feet of water per second from Garner's creek, a tributary of Ford's creek to be diverted at a point about 100 yards above place where to be used. The water will be used on lot N ½ of N ½, Sec. 79 for Industrial purposes.

Industrial purposes.

I intend to apply at the same time for permission to store two acre-feet of the said water in a reservoir at the farm, near the centre, in two small ponds.

OLANDER JOSEPH GARNER, Dated this 26th day of October, 1911.

WATER NOTICE

I, Vincent Hamilton Schwabe, of Aaros I, Vincent Hamilton Schwabe, of Aaros, Cobble Hill, B. C., farmer, give notice that on the 23nd day of December, 1911, I intend to apply to the Water Commissioner, at his office in the Parliament Buildings, Victoria. B. C., for a licence to take and use one half cubic foot per second or water from an un-named stream rising in Sections 10 and 11, Range 8, Shawnigan District, and flowing through Sections 14 and 15, Range 9, and Section 15, Range 10, Shawnigan District into the Satellite Channel, in the Victoria Water District.

The water is to be taken from the stream at its intersection of the boundary between Section 15, Range 9, and Section 15, Range 10, and is to be used on Section 15, Range 10, and is to be used on Section 15. 15, Range 10, and is to be used on S 16, Range 9, Shawnigan District, for

gation purposes.
VINCENT HAMILTON SCHWABE MINERAL ACT-FORM F. Certificate of Improvements.

A. T. Monteith Mineral Claim, situate in the Quatsino Mining Division of Rupert District.

Where located: On Kokshittle Arm of Kyuquot Sound, west coast of Vancouver Island.

Take notice that John L. Hangi, Free Miners' certificate No. 54013B, agent for A. T. Monteith, Free Miners' certificate No. 54012B, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

purpose of obtaining a Crown Gran. o. above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improve-

Dated this 25th day of October, A. D. LAND ACT.

Victoria Land District—District of Port Renfrew, B. C. Take notice that British Canadian Lumber Corp. Ltd., of Vancouver, occupation lumber manufacturers, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted 8 chains west of southwest corner of the northwest ¼ of section 7, township 10, on southwest side of San Juan river, Port Renferw District; thence in a westerly direction frew District; thence in a westerly direction 80 chains along the bank of the aforementioned river; thence 10 chains due north; thence 80 chains in an easterly direction along the bank of the aforementioned river; thence 10 chains due south to the point of commencement, comprising in all some 100 acres.

BRITISH CANADIAN LUMBER CORP. Ld. Normal R. Whittall, Agent. October 24th, 1911.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT—DISTRICT
OF SAYWARD Take notice that Thomas J. Whiteside, of Vancouver, B.C., contractor, intends to apply for permission to purphase the following described lands: Cortes_Msiand: Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Timber Licence No. 27196 (Survey No. 455); thence west 80 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 30 chains to point of commencement, containing 240 acres, more or less.

Dated September 14th, 1811.

ining 240 acres, more or test.

Dated September 14th, 1911.

THOMAS J. WHITESIDE,
Geo. Black, Agent. SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF SAYWARD

Take notice that Maria J. McGuire, of Vancouver, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the shore at east side of Indian Reserve, Squirrel Cove, Cortes Island; thence south 80 chains; thence east about 40 chains to the west line of T.L.27136 (Survey No. 455); thence north to the shore; thence northwesterly along the shore to point of commencement, containing 240 acres, more or less.

Dated September 14th, 1911.

MARIA J. McGUIRE,

Geo. Black. Agent. SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF SAYWARD

Take notice that Chester McNeill, of Vancouver, B.C., student, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of T.L.27196 (Survey No. 455), Cortes Island; thence north 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 60 chains to point of commencement, containing 320 acres, more or less.

dore or less.

Dated September 1ith, 1911.

CHESTER McNeill,
Geo. Black, Agent.

Form No. 9, Form of Notice

Blerni Land District—District of Rupert Alberni Land District—District of Rupert
Take notice that Rev. G. H. Bolt, of
St. Johns, Nfld. occupation, Minister, intends to apply for permission to purchase
the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted North-West corner
of Section 34. Twp. 20, thence 80 chains
south, thence 80 chains east, thence 80
chains north, thence 80 chains west, to
point of commencement,
acres, more or less.
G. H. BOLT, Name of Applicant.
Jack Lawson, Agent.

Jack Lawson, Agent.
Witnessed by: Marshall S. Oulton, ThomM. Clarke.
Date, October 9th, 1911. LAND ACT

Form No. 9, Form of Notice

Alberni Land District—District of Rupert.

Take notice that James Davis, of Montreal, Que, occupation, mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted South-East corner of section 35, Township 20, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east to point of commencement, 640 acres, more or less, Witnessed by, Thomas M. Clarke, Marshall S. Oulton.

Date, October 9th. 1911.

JAMES DAVIS, Name of Applicant.

Jack Lawson, Agent

TRAPPIN best time to w is on frozen h and a shade tere traps will not lear eave things hem, for the and wiliest ith. In trac et each way piece of boar on and leve a knife or a r hands in e them abo the bed. an an inch piece of gu inside the ot interfere Fasten and drive ind and co over caref

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e traps