# NEW IDEAS FOR NEXT COUNCIL

## Innovations in Civic Government Favored By Present Body

## A BOARD OF CONTROL

## Reduced Tax on Improvements and Equalization of City's Assessment

(From Tuesday's Daily)

The next council will be given several new ideas in municipal government to consider when it starts on the work of this year. The advisability of reducing the tax on improvements by levying a rate on only twenty-five per cent. of the assessed value of improvements in place of the fifty per cent. assessment as at present; the advisability of seeking legislative authority to introduce an innovation in the shape of a board of control and the necessity of appointing two assessors to assist City Assessor Northcott in his annual compilation of the city's assessment roll, were some of the new propositions which this year's council will refer to the incoming body.

The above three topics were introduced by Mayor Hall at last night's meeting of the council. Each, Mayor Hall stated, had come up previously this year, but nothing had been done, and he thought it would be a wise thing to refer them to the incoming council for consideration. Beyond the brief discussion aroused by the mayor's suggestions the work of the council last night was most perfunctory. In fact the meeting was the shortest of any held since the council took office. It was expected that the matter of water rates would be considered, but though the water commissioner was on hand the question was not introduced.

### Assistance for Assessor.

The matter of assistance for the city assessor was the first topic introduced by the mayor, who stated that owing to the great growth, the work entailed in the assessment has been greatly augmented. The assessor has not the time to give to every detail, and it has been found that in some instances property has been assessed a little too high, while in others the assessment is not high enough. What is needed is a revision of the assessment in order that the whole might be properly equalized. The best course to pursue, the mayor suggested, would be to ask the incoming council to appoint two experienced men to assist the city assessor in this work.

Ald. Mable, while acknowledging that an equalization of the assessment should be made, thought that the two men to be appointed should make an assessment independent to that to be made by the city assessor and the two reports could then be considered and it would thus be possible to get nearer to the true values. He was fully convinced of the city assessor's excellence in this work, but two independent assessments would be the proper thing.

It was finally decided to recommend to the council the appointment of two men to assist the city assessor in the compilation of the assessment roll of the city for this year.

### Reduction in Tax.

The desirability of full consideration of a reduction in the rate levied on improvements was also brought up by Mayor Hall, who stated that there are many who believe that instead of levying on a fifty per cent. basis the city should levy but twenty-five per cent. of the assessed value. By increasing the rate to be levied on lands the financial results to the civic exchequer would be the same. The matter, Mayor Hall said, had come up for consideration when the rates were struck last year, but there was not then time to make any change. It would be wisdom, however, for the new council to take the matter into consideration as early as possible, so that a decision could be arrived at in plenty of time for the striking of the rate this year.

Alderman Fullerton called attention to the fact that the assessing of the B. C. Electric company's improvements and other concerns controlling public utilities would occasion trouble and he suggested that the matter be referred to the legislative committee while Alderman Cameron pointed out that the council should not now go further than to declare itself in favor of the principle of reduction and leave the details to the legislative committee.

Alderman Pauline failed to see where the city was going to get its revenue in case of a reduction in the improvement rate, unless the rate on land were increased and such a step would not prove a very good advertisement to the city.

Alderman Mable declared that something like the system in some of the Sound cities where, in cases of two buildings, one old and dilapitated, and the other in good condition, the burden fell upon the owners of the poor structure, would do here. It would solve the question of the old buildings in Victoria, which, with all due deference to the advice of the city solicitor and that gentleman's method of procedure in holding inquiries which never seemed to end in any result, are still in evidence.

Alderman Hall energetically opposed any increase in the land assessment, declaring that most of the lands here are now assessed to the limit and the council should go very slowly before any drastic changes are made. The result should be well foreseen before action is taken.

### Favor Principle.

Alderman Pauline urged that in the recommendation to the next council no definite reduction be stated, but merely that the principle of reduction be urged and the amount of such can be determined by the incoming board. This was done.

The third innovation suggested by Mayor Hall was that of a board of control. Such boards are now in existence in Toronto, Ottawa, Winnipeg, and elsewhere and have proved, he said, a decided aid to proper civic government resulting in more economical and efficient results. The board of control would take up the details of civic administration while the council looks after the legislative work. The board sees to the proper carrying out of civic work, has supervision over the finances, streets and other details. The Vancouver city charter contains a provision for the establishment of such a body but so far advantage has not been taken of it.

Alderman Norman thought such a body would be a good thing if the members thereof were elected, while Alderman Gleason expressed himself as being in favor of the principal which is carried out in the Old Country and on the Continent in different ways. It was finally decided to refer the question to the committee on legislation which will consider it and report.

### Turn Down Agreement

That the municipality of Oak Bay will have nothing of the agreement governing the supply of water by the city which was drawn up by the city solicitors, approval by the council and referred to the municipal council for consideration, was the information contained in a letter from Messrs. Bodwell & Lawson, by which firm the agreement was examined on behalf of the municipality. The agreement was drawn by the city only after the repeated requests of the municipality, but after it had been submitted to the latter it was found, the municipality claims, that the most important detail, the question of price to be paid by the municipality, was not definitely stated and there were other points which were not considered sufficiently clear. The Oak Bay council referred the agreement to Messrs. Bodwell & Lawson for an opinion and that firm gives it as its opinion that the agreement is not a proper one for the municipality to enter into. The communication of the city solicitors was filed without comment, the announcement that Oak Bay would have nothing to do with the agreement occasioning the subdued mirth of the council.

The communication of the city solicitors stating that a petition in support of the city's private bill asking for the right to utilize its water for power and electric light production purposes, has been prepared and that it should be submitted to a small committee to be approved, and also suggesting the wisdom of promoting a petition supporting the city's petition, the former to be as extensively signed by ratepayers of the city as possible, was referred to the legislative committee for consideration and report.

### New Legislation

The city solicitors advised the council of the receipt of the report of the executive of the Union of British Columbia Municipalities on the consideration of the amendments to be proposed in the ensuing session to the Municipal Clauses Act and the Municipal Elections Act. So far as Victoria is concerned, the programme of the Union includes the following:

To increase the council's power to levy taxes for school purposes from five to ten mills.

To compel the fencing of unfenced lots in specified streets and districts.

To prevent depreciation of assessable property by advertisements upon or adjacent to public streets, etc.

To prevent acquisition of title by prescription to land of city streets;

To tax lands adjacent to parks, etc., for local improvement;

To enable numerous works of local improvement to be grouped together;

To provide regulations for the fencing in, draining, filling up or leveling city lots;

To enable the council under section 59 of the Municipal Clauses Act to better deal with nuisances;

To adjust the mode of tendering compensation before arbitration proceedings;

The following matters, in which amendments were recommended by the legislative committee of the Victoria council, were omitted from the report of the Union: power to charge a reasonable fee for recouping administrative expenses on all licenses, etc.; the like as to liquor licenses and matters coming before the board of licensing commissioners; for consolidating money by-laws without the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

### Victoria Not Represented.

The above communication from the city solicitors was referred to the legislative committee, Mayor Hall pointing out that the annual meeting of the Union of British Columbia Municipalities will be held at Vernon tomorrow and no one from Victoria council will be present.

Alderman Pauline suggested that the executive of the Union could meet the city legislative committee when the former body comes to Victoria while the house is in session.

The petition of the members of the fire brigade asking that the scale of pay for the brigade here be placed on the same basis as that in Vancouver will be referred to the favorable consideration of the incoming council along with the petition of many of the merchants of the city supporting the request of the firemen.

Among the expenditures authorized by the council were $1,430 for election expenses; this amount having to be voted before the council goes out of office, $5,000 for waterworks maintenance and installation and renewing of connections, $10,000 towards the work on the main surface drainage system on Cook street, and $750 for the laying of the floors in the new fire halls.

### Asks Questions.

Prior to the close of the meeting Alderman Gleason asked why the council of this year had not followed out the plan suggested by the previous council of collecting the taxes one month earlier. The previous council had decided that such a step should be taken and it was strange that the plan had not been followed. Mayor Hall explained that with the great increase in the work and the cramped quarters at the city hall the city officials could not do it. Two assessment rolls would be required and there was not the necessary machinery to prepare them.

Alderman Gleason also wanted to know when the council might expect to see the financial statement of the Agricultural Association, while Alderman Fullerton asked if the auditor appointed during the past year had made his quarterly financial statement as he was supposed to do. He had seen no such statement.

After the meeting adjourned and the mayor and some of the aldermen had departed the balance met in the committee room and discussed the programme to be followed at the forthcoming meeting on Friday evening when the heads of the various departments will be called upon the civic carpet and an effort made to get at the bottom of the alleged failure of the various departments to work harmoniously together. The press representatives were not admitted to this after meeting and what interesting experiences were related by the members of the council present were not given out for publication.

### Against Railway Company

Washington, Jan. 4.—The rebate case of the government against the Chicago and Alton railway company in the United States circuit court for the northern district of Illinois, in which the company and its officers were fined $60,000 on the charge of making a refund to Kansas City packers as terminal charges, was today decided by the supreme court of the United States against the company.

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On Adam's Peak, in Ceylon, at about 7,000 feet above sea level, there is a large, flat stone on which is the imprint of a human foot. Mohammedans believe this to be the place that Adam first stepped, on being expelled from the Garden of Eden. In close proximity to this are the tea gardens of the world-famed Nuwara Eliya district, where "Salada" Tea is grown.

# TO BEAUTIFY THE CITY OF VICTORIA

## Prominent Local Men to Discuss Matter With Government

## MR. TASSE HAS SCHEME

## Urges That Province Should Aid in Increasing Charms of Capital

(From Tuesday's Daily)

In order that they may discuss with the provincial government the plan evolved by Mr. Joseph Tasse for the beautification of Victoria and its environs, a number of prominent local gentlemen have asked the premier and his associates to meet them in the near future. Among the gentlemen who have become interested in the scheme of Mr. Tasse are Col. E. G. Prior, Colonel F. B. Gregory, H. B. Thomson, M.P.P., H. G. Wilson, F. A. Pauline and D. R. Ker.

Mr. Tasse proposes that a general plan be first prepared by competent authorities. He believes, as in the case of the federal capital as well as in the case of Washington and the capitals of many of the states, the government should bear a portion at least of the expense. The memorial to the government outlining the plan is as follows:

### Victoria, the Beautiful

"Although Victoria has unquestionably a bright future before it, from a commercial point of view, its greatest asset capable of immediate and profitable development is its gift from nature, its exceptional climate and magnificent situation—in these respects it has no rival among the capitals of Europe. So long as it remained a village, it was justly entitled to be called "Victoria the beautiful," but in its present day condition it may be more truly called "Victoria, the untidy," and in order to see the beauties, one must keep ones head up and eyes fixed far above the level of the streets.

"No one in particular can be blamed for this. As a city we have simply failed to recognize that we have outgrown the municipal system of years ago.

"Twenty-five years ago, Vancouver was practically a forest, and Seattle a saw mill town. Today both are thriving cities, humming with industry, and possessing municipal improvements far superior to ours. While we probably can never again be a rival of theirs, in industrial growth, we can by a proper awakening of civic pride and public spirit far surpass them in many ways, and make Victoria the most beautiful and desirable place to live in on the continent of North America.

### What is Needed

"We want a clean, healthy, dustless and mudless city. We must have an abundant supply of good water, delivered to the consumer at a cost that will encourage its use. We must have a perfect system of sewerage; streets well paved and lighted, with permanent sidewalks, boulevards and shade and ornamental trees in all residential districts; and we can have all this, if we will only wake up and say we will. We can have more, we can have parks and breathing spaces in every section of the city.

"With these improvements, and our natural advantages of climate and scenery, we would attract to Victoria, as permanent residents, thousands of wealthy people, particularly from the northwest provinces, who are weary of struggling against the heat of summer and cold of winter.

One family of this class would expend on an average not less than $10,000 in buying land and building and furnishing a home which would be a permanent addition to our capital wealth and ever after subject to taxation—and one thousand families on the same basis would mean a capital investment of $10,000,000.

### The Gain Therefrom

Each of these families would expend annually for ordinary living expenses an average of $5,000, which means that one thousand families would spend and put in circulation annually $5,000,000, the benefit of which would be reaped by the mechanic and laborer, as well as all other classes. It would only be a few years before this would be multiplied by ten, and we would have a capital expenditure of $100,000,000, all new wealth, and an annual expenditure of $50,000,000 from these people alone.

The C. P. R. has expended over $1,000,000 in building the Empress hotel—this showing that the men of genius who control this vast corporation have faith in the future of Victoria. Why should we not follow their example?

What shall we do? Follow in a modest way the example of Napoleon III, who in the middle of the last century, appointed Baron George Eugene Haussman to prepare a plan for the beautification of Paris, a plan to be worked out not in one, two or three years, but a complete plan, which is still being followed.

This plan should be prepared by the best landscape architect obtainable—it should indicate the order in which the work should be done, and divided into periods of say ten years. The municipality should include certain portions of work in the general system, but matters lying outside of general municipal work should be controlled by a commission.

### Aid From Government

Every national capital and many of the state capitals in the United States receive large grants of money from their respective governments which is expended solely for the beautification of the city, and there seems to be no reasonable objection to the government of British Columbia, if not assuming, at least contributing to a work of this kind in Victoria.

It is therefore suggested that the government should as a start:

1. Have prepared and pay for the general plan.

2. Subscribe $2,000,000 or guarantee an issue of $2,000,000 city debentures, repayable in forty years, and pay the annual interest on the debentures.

3. That a commission be appointed to carry out the work; and that such commission consist of three members, two to be named by the government and one by the city.

The general plan should include: Improvement of all parks in and around the city, and connecting them by a general driveway.

The clearing of the Gorge.

The improvement and extension of the ocean drive on the Dallas road.

### Seattle's Relief Fund

Seattle, Jan. 4.—As a result of collections taken up in the churches on Sunday the Seattle relief fund for the Italian earthquake sufferers totals $5,029.42 today.

### Fleet to Assist

Washington, Jan. 4.—The first division of Admiral Sperry's fleet has been instructed to go to Naples to assist in the relief work. None of the other foreign ports is to be visited by the American battleships.

### To Settle in New Zealand.

North Vancouver, Jan. 4.—Mr. Peers, who has been residing at the corner of Keith road and Mahon avenue, left with his family yesterday for Sydney, N. S. W., en route for Auckland, New Zealand, where he intends to settle.

### North Vancouver's Engineer.

North Vancouver, Jan. 4.—George S. Hanes, the newly-appointed engineer to the city, took up his duties this morning. Mr. Hanes has just come through with his family from Windsor, Ont.

### New Governor of Idaho

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 4.—J. H. Brady was inaugurated governor of Idaho today, following which the tenth legislature was convened. Governor Brady announced that his message would be delivered tomorrow morning.

### Insurance Man Acquitted.

Fernie, B. C., Jan. 4.—The case of Armstrong Dean, charged with obtaining money by false pretenses in the Globe Fire Insurance case, came up for trial before His Honor Judge Wilson last Monday morning. Dean was subsequently acquitted.

### British Vice-Consul Killed

Messina, Jan. 4.—Walter Fox, the British vice-consul at Reggio, and his wife, lost their lives in the destruction of that city. The Fox's resided in Messina and went over to Reggio by ferry every day. Fox was transferred to the consular district of Naples in 1905.

### Supplies on Sleds.

Valdez, Alaska, Jan. 4.—Freighting of supplies over the trail from Valdez to the interior started in earnest today. The first large outfit to begin moving was that of the Great Northern Development company, which is being sledded in under contract by the Copper River Dray company. This outfit consists of several hundred tons of mining machinery and provisions to be used in development work on the company's copper mines near the head of Kotsina river.

### Japanese Seal Poachers.

Valdez, Jan. 4.—Libel proceedings have been started by the government against the vessels Kinzai Maru and Sakai Maru, the two seal poaching schooners captured at St. Paul Island last summer. Hearing in the matter will be at Valdez, the third Monday of May, before the judge of the district court. The schooners are now in charge of government officials at Unalaska. The revenue cutter Bear seized these vessels with a cargo of 400 fur sealskins last July. The members of the crew were brought to Valdez and convicted of illegal sealing within American waters.

### Ruef's Appeal.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—Judge William P. Lawlor today set tomorrow as the time for deciding the length of time to be given for settlement of the bill of exceptions in the case of Abraham Ruef, sentenced to fourteen years in San Quentin for bribery. The defense asked for a period of 120 days to prepare its record, while the prosecution asserted that twenty days should be sufficient for the purpose. It was stated by Ruef's attorneys that the bill would be so unusually voluminous as to need four months of preparation.

### Royal City Fire Halls.

New Westminster, Jan. 4.—The two new firehalls recently erected in this city will be in use in a few days, and the city will then have a system of fire protection which it is believed is unequaled in any city of the size in Canada. The most important of the new halls is No. 3, and is situated at the corner of Fourth avenue and First street, will have the full brigade installed tomorrow, when four firemen will take charge of the hall under Captain Roy Young, and the handsome team of dappled grays from No. 2 will be placed in the hall to draw the hosewagon. No. 4 hall, which is located at Sapperton, will be in use in a few days, and the hosewagon there will be a light one, and will be drawn by one horse.

## VANCOUVER FIRE

### Grain Elevator Burned on Sunday Night, Causing Loss Estimated at $75,000

Vancouver, Jan. 4.—The second large fire in two days took place last night, when the elevator of the Vancouver Grain and Milling company was burned. The fire took place during a heavy gale. Loss about $75,000. There was much difficulty in saving the plant of the Imperial Oil company and a number of other buildings in the neighborhood, including some sawmills. Fortunately the high wind was blowing in the safest direction, and the firemen were able to confine the flames to the elevator.

## INTOLERANCE REBUKED

### Presbyterian Minister of Ottawa Finds Fault With Statements of Toronto Preacher

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—Rev. William McIntosh, chaplain of St. Andrew's society, created a mild sensation in an address Friday before that body. Speaking of the good feeling which should exist between Roman Catholics and Protestants, he said man was greater than his religion. "When a man says he is a Protestant, I ask him if he is any better for that. The important point is the man, not his religion. It is indeed strange that a minister may preach sermons all the year that are for public good and newspapers never mention them, but let him make a fool of himself and the papers come out with great headlines. I was ashamed when I read a despatch which came from Toronto in which a minister there played to the galleries, saying: 'I would not shake hands with the Pope.' I was ashamed that a minister should so forget himself as to cause friction and ill feeling by making such a statement. I would shake hands with the Pope. I would do so as greeting a gentleman, and a man who wields a great influence, and to whom many dear friends of mine look up."

# CAUSES PANIC AMONG CHINESE

## Dismissal of Yuan Shi Kai Followed By Naming of His Successor

## DIPLOMATISTS DISTURBED

## Powers Find No Opportunity of Interfering With Palace Action

Pekin, Jan. 4.—Following the dismissal from office of Yuan Shi Kai, grand councillor and commander-in-chief of the forces and the appointment of Na Tung as grand councillor, an edict was issued appointing Liang Tun Yen, customs taotai, to the position thus made vacant on the foreign board.

The British and American ministers agree that the dismissal of Yuan Shi Kai should not pass unnoticed. The American, British, German and Japanese ministers met again at the American legation this morning, Sir John Jordan, the British minister, joining with Mr. Rockhill, the American minister, in submitting an outline of representations which should be made to the foreign office.

The ministers disagree on the question as to whether the welfare of foreign interests is technically involved by the regent's recent action, but they agree that peace is endangered. The representatives of Great Britain, the United States and Germany view the regent's action as tantamount to an affront to the powers on account of Yuan Shi Kai's position abroad, he being recognized as the medium of fair and equitable treatment toward the nations.

The dissenting ministers believe that unless other serious events occur interference would not be justified. Japan concurs in the opinion that the dismissal is certain to result in international injury, but that representations to China would be difficult. There is a marked lack of unanimity among the diplomats.

The court's action a fortnight ago in increasing the palace trops and forbidding the entrance to the palace, even of the highest officials without passes, was taken as an indication at that time of the alarm in court circles, and it is now believed there was fear also of an anti-dynastic plot.

Today the government intimated its intention of making public the impeachment giving details of Yuan Shi Kai's alleged intrigue upon which his dismissal was based. According to reliable information the impeachment is framed on charges against Yuan Shi Kai in connection with the coup d'etat of 1898, when the regency of the dowager empress was restored and a reactionary policy inaugurated. The flight of Kang Yu Wai, the reformer, occurred at this time. The last minister who saw Yuan Shi Kai at the foreign board on December 28, states that he was at that time suffering from no malady, but the reason given for his dismissal yesterday was that he is afflicted with rheumatism. The foreign ministers agree that Yuan Shi Kai's restoration is impossible and that the action of the government in eliminating him cannot be recalled.

Liang Tun Yen's appointment this afternoon only serves to increase the pessimism. Yuan Shi Kai exercised an authority with the viceroys and governors, which is his alone and which the foreign board, no matter what its composition, cannot now retain.

Yuan Shi Kai must leave Pekin within four or five days. Consternation among the Chinese surpasses that felt by the foreign residents. Many of the supporters of the former viceroy are panic stricken.

There is the keenest interest as to the fate of Prince Tang Shao Yi's mission to the United States in which the source of his authority has now been relieved.

## DUBLIN WINTER SHOW

### General Increase in Various Classes Entered Has Greatly Increased

Dublin, Jan. 4.—The winter show under the auspices of the Royal Dublin Society, was opened at Ballabridge a few days since. The general entries in the different classes of cattle, sheep, dairy, farm produce and poultry indicated an increase of 58 upon those of the previous year. The in-fed stock were not, as a rule, up to the average of last year, which were regarded as below the average of last year. The prize winners were a very good class and showed signs of judicious selection. There were, however, a large number of the animals in this particular department put forward apparently for the purpose of sale and without any strong hope among the exhibitors that they would be able to annex some of the tempting prizes offered. Kerries, Dexters and small cattle made a very respectable exhibition, but animals of the Aberdeen Angus class carried off the larger number of prizes, though shorthorns were numerically very much more in evidence. Some animals which attracted a good deal of interest owing to their beautiful condition were exhibited in the Aberdeen stall. The prize winner in the out-fed section were a highly creditable lot, but a great number of the exhibits in this section were clearly not fit for the purpose for which they were entered. In the sheep section there was a falling off of 15 as compared with the entries of last year, but the quality of the exhibits were good. There was an increase in the entries in the dairy, farm produce and poultry sections.

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Washington, Jan. 4.—The $29,000,000 fine case of the Standard Oil company will not be reviewed by the supreme court.

Addressing the Canadian Club at Ottawa on Saturday last, Gen. Swayne, Governor of British Honduras, said that the Hindus employed in the mills of this province appeared to be suitable for that class of work, but others who came in the wake of those were poor workmen. General Swayne did not seem to regard the presence here of the small body of East Indians as a menace to the welfare of the country, and as a stop has been put to further immigration, the "problem" which was allowed to assume dimensions out of all proportion to its importance, will soon be numbered among the things that were.


# AT DEATH'S DOOR

## Doctors Had to Give Her Morphine to Ease the Pain

## Five Boxes of "Fruit-a-tives" Cured Her

Enterprise, Ont., Oct. 1, 1908.

For seven years I suffered with what physicians called a Water Tumor. I would get so bad at times that I could hardly endure the pain. I could neither sit, stand nor lie down. Hypodermics of Morphia had to be given me or I could never have borne the pain. Many physicians treated me but my cure seemed hopeless, and my friends hourly expected my death. It was during one of these very bad spells that a family friend brought a box of "Fruit-a-tives" to the house. After much persuasion I commenced to take them, but I was so bad that it was only when I had taken nearly two boxes that I commenced to experience relief. I kept up the treatment, however, and after taking five boxes I was cured, and when I appeared on the street my friends said, "The dead has come to life." And this seemed literally true because I certainly was at death's door. But now I can work almost as well as ever I could and go camping and berry-picking with the girls.

I will be glad if you will publish this testimonial, if it will further the interests of "Fruit-a-tives." They should be in every household.

Yours very truly,

MRS. JAMES FENWICK.

Through the whole country around Enterprise, Ont., people are talking about this wonderful cure. By their marvellous action on the Kidneys, "Fruit-a-tives" cured Mrs. Fenwick when the doctors said she could not be operated on and was doomed to die.

"Fruit-a-tives" cured Mrs. Fenwick when all else failed. Try them for your trouble. 25c. and 50c. a box at dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



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In addition to our Immense Bargains in Overcoats and Suits, note the following items:

WORSTED AND TWEED VESTS, worth up to $4.00, now ..... 95c

WORSTED AND TWEED PANTS, worth $4.50, now ..... $2.45

KNICKERS, sizes 31 to 42, worth up to $6.00, now ..... $2.85

MEN'S RAINPROOF RUBBER COATS, worth $16.00, now ..... $9.95

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS, worth $8.00, now selling at ..... $4.45

YOUTHS' RAINCOATS, worth $8.00, now selling at ..... $4.95

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