

The Advertiser

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THE ADVERTISER
Is not and does not propose to be a party paper. It is not an "organ." Its opinions are its own. The ADVERTISER alone is responsible for opinions expressed in these columns.

THE ADVERTISER
Advocates Free Trade—British free trade, Continental free trade, free trade with the whole world.

THE ADVERTISER
Looks forward with hope to Canada's future as that of an independent Canadian Republic, in equally friendly alliance with the United States and with Great Britain, believing that such a status would be best for Canada, best for Great Britain, and promotive of the best attainable relations with the United States. Meantime, everything is to be gained by cultivating cordial relations between all English speaking peoples. Those who take an opposite course should be regarded as enemies of mankind.

THE ADVERTISER
Advocates Prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor; and all expedient general legislation and persuasion in the meantime.

THE ADVERTISER
Is an advocate of Equal Rights for women, whether as regards the franchise, or equal wages for equal work.

THE ADVERTISER
Is a believer in Christian Union, and considers the time has come when the various Christian denominations should come closer together. Those bodies which are now nearest should unite first. Under the present system there is an unjustifiable waste of men, means and effort. The differences between most of the existing denominations are no greater than the differences, natural to thinking men and women, to be found in every congregation. Even those Christian bodies supposed to be the farthest apart, the Protestant and the Roman Catholic, have more of belief that is common than of belief that is antagonistic. To the laity the differences between the various Protestant denominations are microscopic. For various reasons the clergy, even when, as is true of the best of them, they favor Christian Union, are not in a position to be as outspoken as the laity.

THE ADVERTISER
Advocates Obligatory Voting. Most of the electoral corruption centers around "getting out the vote." Let the duty be laid on every elector of getting out his own vote.

THE ADVERTISER
Advocates the more general use of the Plebiscite, the Initiative and Referendum, etc., believing that the interest of the people in public questions, apart from persons, would be increased, and that something would thereby be done to promote independence of political thought, as opposed to excessive party spirit.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—(BROWNING.)

London, Monday, March 6.

When Mr. McCarty in his resolution says there is no necessity for waiting to reduce the tariff until after Mr. Foster makes a preambulation among the towns and villages, he has experience and common sense on his side. Suppose Mr. Foster did make his preambulation, nobody would accept the accuracy of his report in view of his proverbial tergiversations and tendency towards prevarication. If he prevaricated about the Washington mission, and if the manufacturing statistics of the census are notoriously crooked, nothing that Mr. Foster can hereafter assert will be accepted without "confirmation strong as holy writ."

The monopolists' Toronto special organ chides certain newspaper men who originally favored the high tax policy, but who at the recent press meeting in Toronto pointed out that it was an injury to the advertising business. If everything is to be a matter of mere selfishness, the Canadian Press Association would have the same right to think only of themselves as have the monopolists. But it is not a mere matter of selfishness. Advertising is a barometer. Advertising means competition. Competition means the exact opposite of what the monopoly or the combine stands for. Competition means money in the pockets of the consumer. Combines do not advertise because they buy such tariff arrangements at Ottawa that they have the public by the throat. Why should they solicit custom by the ordinary methods? Under low tariffs and open competition the

consumer has protection against robbery; and that desirable state of affairs is always indicated by the necessity of making business appeals to the public in the business columns of the press. Advertising is a barometer.

CAUSES OF DEATH.

The latest bulletin of the census, issued by Geo. Johnston, statistician, contains much that is interesting regarding the mortality of the people. During the year 1891, 67,688 deaths were recorded in the Dominion. The rate is equal to 144.30 deaths of males per 10,000 living males, and 135.70 deaths of females per 10,000 living females. In England the death rate in 1890 was of males 208 per 10,000 living males, and of females 183 per 10,000 living females. While in England in recent years the conditions of life have become increasingly unfavorable to males as compared with females, in the four Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the returns show that in 1871 there were 1,076 male deaths to 1,000 female deaths, and in 1891, 1,030 male deaths to 1,000 female deaths. This would seem to show that the conditions of life, in the four Provinces of which there is a record for twenty years, have become more favorable to males. No fewer than 5,915 deaths were attributed to lung diseases, 4,021 to diarrheal diseases, 7,490 to phthisis, and 4,299 to "old age." The deaths from drowning numbered 647; deaths from burns and scalds were 245, 83 of which were occasioned by the destruction by fire of an asylum for the insane at Longue Pointe, Province of Quebec. Almost one-half of the deaths, or 28,194, were of children under 5 years of age, and the deaths of children under 1 year numbered 18,568. Between 65 and 65, 3,993 persons died, between 65 and 75, 5,223 died, between 75 and 100, 7,583 died, and no fewer than 68 died who were over 100. These statistics show that life in Canada is decidedly conducive to longevity, though there is still far too great a sacrifice of infant life.

Special attention is directed to the fact that out of 2,006 deaths of children at birth in the whole Dominion, 1,547 are reported from the Province of Quebec, leaving but 459 for all the rest of the Dominion. The returns show that the deaths thus classified are not localized but are general over the Province. Out of a total of 10,612 deaths of children under one year in the Province of Quebec, no less than 15.4 per cent. were at birth, while in all the rest of the Dominion the deaths under this head are 5.36 per cent. of the total. Put in another way, these deaths are equal to 1,039 per million of the population of Quebec and only 137 per million of the population of Ontario. In epilepsy and convulsions the deaths of infants under 1 year-old were 379 in the Province of Ontario and 174 in the Province of Quebec. The proportion of deaths of infants in Canada as a whole is higher than in either England or Victoria, but closely approximates that of New South Wales.

The deaths from cancer recorded for the census year number 1,187, of which 558 were of males and 629 of females. Eight of the deaths from this cause were of children under 5 years and 9 of children between 5 and 15 years. Compared with England and Wales, the ravages of cancer in Canada are small, since in Canada the deaths from this disease are but 246 per million of living persons against 606 per million in England and Wales. Our returns show, as do those of England and Wales, that females are more subject to cancer than males; the deaths of females in this country numbering 130 against 116 males out of each 246. The liability to cancer increases with age; thus, up to 25 years there were 27 deaths in Canada, while between 25 and 35 years there were 40 deaths, and between 55 and 75 years, 558 deaths, or nearly one-half of the whole number.

Of the 4,310 persons who died of old age, 314 were females and 264 males under 75 years of age. No fewer than 1,832 males and 1,830 females were between 75 and 100 years when they died; 23 males and 42 females were over 100 years old. Of the 23 males 6 had reached the century mark, 6 were 101, 2 were 102, 2 were 103, 2 were 104, 1 was 105, 2 were 106, 1 was 108 and 1 was 118. Of the 42 females, 23 had reached the century mark, 2 were 101, 7 were 102, 2 were 103, 2 were 104, 2 were 105, 3 were 106 and 1 was 112 years. The province having the greatest number of deaths of centenarians was Ontario, with 12 males and 20 females. Quebec had 6 males and 4 females, Nova Scotia 2 males and 11 females, New Brunswick 2 males and 5 females, Manitoba 1 male and 1 female, and British Columbia 1 female. Of these centenarians, 2 females died of paralysis, 1 at 105 years and 1 at 109; 1 female died of heart disease (100) and 1 of cancer (102); 1 male died of influenza at 103 years, 1 of a grippé (102), 2 of phthisis (106), 1 of accidental fall (104), 1 of alcoholism (102) and 1 of drepny (103).

The number of deaths from the seven chief infectious diseases was 11,257, of which scarlet fever carried off 12, measles 794, scarlet fever 546, diphtheria 3,536, whooping cough 756, fever 1,692, diarrhoea 4,621. In Canada deaths from phthisis is more fatal to women than to men, as it also is in England. The disease is more fatal in British Columbia and Manitoba than in Ontario, and less so in the Northwest Territories. Under lung diseases there are about 50 different complaints, some of them, as for instance pneumonia, with a dozen different phases; 3,215 deaths of males and 2,700 deaths of females were classified under this head. It is somewhat remarkable to find that from this disease also there is a greater number of deaths in proportion to population in British Columbia, Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick than there is in Ontario and the Northwest Territories.

The deaths by violence numbered 2,391. Of these 183 were caused by railway accidents. Violent deaths are chiefly among males, the proportion being four deaths of males to one of females. Deaths from drowning numbered 647. The total deaths

by violence were 500 to 1,000,000 of the people. In England the ratio was 653 per 1,000,000.

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

Another exploring expedition into the interior of the Australian continent is soon to be equipped by Sir Thomas Elder, and to start under the leadership of Mr. David Lindsay.

A tax of ten francs a year is to be levied on pianos in France, those used by professional players being exempted. The measure imposing the tax passed the Chamber by a vote of 307 to 145.

The municipal council of Rouen has resolved to alter the name of the Quai de Lesseps, which was opened on the occasion of a visit paid by Ferdinand de Lesseps to Rouen some years ago, and will name it after Bois Guilbert, a political economist of celebrity who was born in that town.

Thirteen torpedo boat destroyers are to be added to the British navy, to be 180 feet long, about 240 tons displacement, and of 3,400 horse power. Their armament will consist of one 12-pounder and three 6-pounder quick-firing guns, and five 18-inch torpedoes for use in a bow tube, and two revolving tubes amidships.

Flying foxes are distressing the agriculturists in some parts of Australia, and a local paper says that at the present rate of increase it is greatly feared they will soon become almost as great a menace as the rabbit pest. A camp of the foxes, about four miles from Erina, New South Wales, contains fully 100,000 of the pests, "and when disturbed they rise like a cloud, obscuring the sun."

"In front of me at the theater the other night," said a citizen, "sat two young women, who, just before the play began, took off their hats. One of them kept her hat off until the end of the play, but the other put hers on after the first act. To my surprise and gratification, however, she removed it again just before the curtain went up for the second act, and in this way until the end of the play she continued—whirling her hat between the acts, and removing it when the curtain was raised."

The largest turret ship in the world, the Hood, of the British navy, successfully passed the official trial of her machinery two weeks ago. She has a displacement of 14,150 tons, and under forced draught she made an average speed of seventeen knots. The trials of her 67-ton turret guns were exceedingly satisfactory. The total cost of the Hood when fully equipped will amount to nearly \$250,000. She is sister ship to the Royal Sovereign except that her guns are mounted in turrets instead of barbets.

The old oak chest sung of in the mournful ballad of "The Mistletoe Bough," in which Lord Lovell's bride hid on her wedding night while playing hide-and-seek, which proved her tomb, was sold at auction three weeks ago. Many people regard the pathetic tale of the wedding festivities, and of her husband's pitiful search for her through some 50 years, merely as a tale, and a similar story is told in several countries. But it has always been stoutly maintained that the tragic event really did occur at Marwell Old Hall, near Winchester, Eng., and the authenticity of the old oak chest, preserved in the hall until a few years ago, has been accepted without question. Recently the chest passed by inheritance into the possession of the late rector of Upham, Hants, and at his death recently came to public sale.

A woman was brought to a New York hospital some weeks ago suffering from typhoid fever, but one feature of the case could not be accounted for by the diagnosis of typhoid. The woman's body was covered from head to foot with small star-shaped figures. Each was composed of a central spot no larger than a pin head, surrounded by five other spots of the same size at regular distance from each other. Such a species of skin disease had never before come under the observation of the hospital staff, and there was nothing to be found in the books which could clear up the case. The woman was too ill to talk about it, and no light was thrown on the subject until the patient's mother came to the hospital to see her. She was an old woman, born in the Austrian Tyrol of peasant stock. She explained how on the first day her daughter was taken sick she had made the marks which were still visible on her body, and then rubbed her with kerosene as a preventive against fever. The instrument used was a cork with five needles stuck into it.

WOMEN Full of Pains

Aches and weaknesses, find in CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER the first and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthening plaster. In ONE MINUTE it relieves the aching sides and back, hip, kidney and uterine pains, strains and weaknesses, rheumatic, sciatic, sharp and nervous pains, coughs, colds and chest pains. Odorous with balsam, spice and pine, it is the sweetest as well as surest, safest and best plaster in the world.

Price, 50c; five, \$2.50. At all druggists or by mail. PORTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., BOSTON.

IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any injurious.

R.R.R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST MEDICINE FOR FAMILY USE IN THE WORLD. NEVER FAILS TO RELIEVE PAIN.

It surpasses all other remedies in the wonderful power which it possesses of curing RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA.

Thousands have been relieved and cured by simply rubbing with READY RELIEF applied by the hand, the part affected and considerable of the adjoining surface; at the same time several brisk doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will do much to hasten the cure.

MALARIA,
Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague Conquered.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other Fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as Radway's Ready Relief.

INTERNALLY.
From 20 to 60 drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, your Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Colic, Flatulency and all Internal Pains.

THE TRUE RELIEF.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the only remedial agent in vogue that will instantly stop pain.

Instantly relieves and soon cures
Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs,
Inflammation, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Rheumatism,
Neuralgia, Headache,
Toothache, Difficult Breathing.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. BE SURE TO GET "RADWAY'S."

RADWAY'S PILLS,

AN EXCELLENT AND MILD CATHARTIC. Perfect Purgative, Soothing Apertive, Acts Without Pain, Always Reliable, and Natural in Their Operations.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera; purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

Price, 50c per box. Sold by all druggists.

The Great Liver Remedy.
PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS. By their ANTI-BILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of the bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. In all cases of Sick Headache, Jaundice, Bilious Attacks, Impaired Digestion caused by the overflow of bile and its mixing with the blood, the pills in doses of from three to five will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of RADWAY'S PILLS taken daily by those subject to biliousness and torpidity of the liver will purify the system and secure a healthy digestion.

Send a letter stamp to Dr. Radway & Co., 41, St. James Street, London, W., and you will receive information worth thousands will be sent you.

BE SURE TO GET "RADWAY'S."

The arrival of Spring will be greeted with "Showers" of tears. Why? Why? because every person will weep with joy when they find they can purchase at a reasonable price one of

Currie's Coats,

World-renowned Waterproof

which have stood the test of 50 years and still take the lead in the markets of Great Britain and the Colonies.

All large dealers keep them

Rheumatism Cured in a Few Hours

—BY THE—

ALKALINE TREATMENT

All Schools of Medicine are taught that there can be but two causes of disease, Acids and Alkalies, and where there is one of alkalinity there is a million of acidity. The Alkaline Treatment discovered by Professor Brunton, the Canadian Chemist, neutralizes the acid which is the cause of every known disease. Stimulates the blood vessels, restoring circulation. Rheumatism, Catarrh, Paralysis, Eczema, Etc., Stomach, Kidney Troubles, Indigestion, Debility, any form of Blood Poisoning, etc., are treated successfully. There are two preparations, internally to purify the blood through the stomach, externally to absorb the impurities through the pores of the skin; they are each 50c. Any information free, either by letter or personally. PROF. BRUNTON, Office 1,208, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

For Sale by Druggists.

KEARNEY'S HERBAL HAIR TONIC

Cures Dandruff, Promotes Growth of the Hair, Prevents Falling Out, and Imparts to the Hair a Beautiful Gloss. It being a purely Vegetable Compound, it may be used freely without injury to the most delicate scalp. Every Bottle Guaranteed.

R. J. KEARNEY, 185 Richmond Street, London, sole proprietor and manufacturer, London, Ont. All orders by mail are promptly attended to. Ask your druggist for it. All the druggists keep it. R. J. Kearney, the fashionable barber, the people's favorite, will always be found at the old stand, 283 Richmond Street, one door south of the waterworks office. None but good artists employed. Nothing but good work performed.

◊ THE ◊

CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Winter Goods

STILL GOES ON AT

CHAPMAN'S

CONVINCING VALUES

—IN—

Navy Serge for Boys' Wear

Specially adapted for coats, pants and spring suits, at 25c and 30c yard. Extra value in all wool at 35c yard.

Ladies' Skirtings

Beautiful reversible Molleton skirtings; full depth with pleasing and attractive borders, in skirt lengths, as follows: \$1 25 for 75c, the 75c for 50c, etc.

Dress Goods

5 yards Navy Bedford, tweed effect, for \$1 25.
5 yards Tartan Check Suiting for \$1 25.
8 yards stylish Brocade Dress Goods for \$1.
14 yards Tweed Suiting, suitable for ladies' or children's wear, for \$1.
6 yards English Henrietta Cashmere for \$1 20. Your choice of ten colors.
12 yards Stripe Suiting, Scotch manufacture, for \$1. Only a few colors left.

Hosiery and Gloves

Special value in plain and heavy ribbed, all-wool Cashmere Hosiery. We ask your inspection of our 25c line.

New Arrivals Just Opened.

NEW PRINTS—Nobby patterns and fast colors, 6c, 10c, 12c, 15c yard.

NEW SATEENS—See our west center window as you pass by.

NEW DRESS GOODS—In German plaids, large and small checks.

NEW QUILTS,
NEW TOWELS,
NEW SHEETINGS.

J. H. Chapman & Co.,

126 and 128 Dundas St.