White-Winged Peace I have not owned, never did own, and do not own a mining location in the Province of Ontario. Mr. Hardy said that Mr. Wardell would either have to take the responsibility of his arguments or abandon that kind of argument. Mr. Wardell admitted he was only speaking from what he had heard. Mr. Wardell admitted he was only speaking from what he had heard. Mr. Wardell admitted he was only small. The government did not buy small. The government did not buy small.

The Hispano American Protocol Signed by Both Parties.

Hostilities to Cease at Once-Commission to Meet in Paris-Spain Loses Her Island Provinces-Terms of the Protocol.

(1) The Cit 가 (1) 2개 (4) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1
War beganApril 21, 1898
Was alosed
Duration of hostilities114 days
Duration of hostilities \$141 000 000
Expense of actual warfare\$141,000,000
Americans killed
Americans wounded
Spaniards killed
Spaniards wounded2,948
Spaniards Wounded
Vessels destroyed (American)0
Vessels destroyed (Spanish)35
TERRITORY LOST BY SPAIN.
Square miles. Population.
24.00

1.631.000 Porto Rico 3,670 Guam 150 Philippines52,656 Washington, Aug. 13. - The peace protocol was signed yesterday afternoon, and the U.S. army and navy

commanders were cabled at once to cease hostilities. Ambassador Cambon and Secretary Thiebaul drove over to the White House from the French embassy in a heavy rain. Both were immediately ushered into the cabinet room, where President McKinley, Secretary Day, and Assistant Secretaries of State Moore, Adde and Cridler had been awaiting them five minutes. There, in the historic cabinet room, the ceremony of formally agreeing to and signing the protocol of peace took place. The protocol provides:

1. That Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over and title to

Cuba. 2. That Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies, and an island in the Ladrones, to be selected by the United States, shall be ceded to

3. That the United States will oc cupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

4. That Cuba, Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated, and that commissioners to be appointed within ten days, shall, within 30 days from the signing of the protocol, meet at Hayana and San Juan, respectively, to arrange and execute the details

the evacuation. 5. That the United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace. The commissioners are to meet at Paris not later that the 1st of October.
6 On the signing of the protocol,

hostilities will be suspended, and notice to that effect will be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and The protocol was signed by Secretary

of State Day, representing the United States, and M. Cambon, the French ambassador, representing the Spanish

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY'S PROCLA-MATION.

The preamble of the president's proclamation gives in formal terms the facts above stated and says:
Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, do, in protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given there-

from all acts inconsistent with this proclamotion. Witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this 12th day of August, in the year of our

Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-third.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY. WILLIAM R. DAY,

Secretary of State. ORDERS TO CEASE HOSTILITIES. The order sent to Gen. Merritt to suspend hostilities was as follows: "Adjutant General's Office, Washington, Aug. 12. 1898.-Merritt, Manila:-The president directs all military operations against the enemy be suspended. Peace negotiations are nearing completion, a protocol having just been signed by representatives of the two countries. You will inform the commanders of the Spanish forces in the Philippines of these instructions. Further orders will follow. Acknowl-

edge receipt. By order of the secretary of war. (Signed) H. C. CORBIN, Adlutant-General. The order sent to General Miles and General Shafter were identical

the above save as to names. Gen. Merritt will be directed to confer with the Spanish commandant at Manila to carry out the terms of the protocol, and to occupy Manila imediately. General Miles will put himself in communication with the chief authority in Porto Rico for the purpose of having Spanish forces turn over San Juan and other points to him preparatory to evacuation. Owing to plause.)
conditions in Cuba, the orders to General Shafter to be sent hereafter will be different than those to other generals. The navy department is also preparing orders to all commanders on lines similar to the war department threatening to vote against the gov-

GREAT RELIEF TO SPAIN. Madrid, Aug. 13.-The papers here discuss the situation quietly, and great relief is felt in government and court circles that President McKinley has not demanded a convocation of the cortes to approve the peace preliminof the extremists will have cooled down and the country have become more in-

May Now Find a Resting clined to accept the accomplished facts. Senor Sagasta has again advised the queen regent that he does not fear Carlist trouble: and the Carlists themselves appear to realize that the country is not in the temper that would support a Carlist rising. They are now speculating on the return of the discontented expatriated army, hoping for mischief there. The government has decided to withdraw its prohibition of wheat export from and after Monday

GLAD THE WAR IS OVER. London, Aug. 13 .- The morning papers are unanimous in expressing gra-tification that the war is ended. The comment mainly turns upon the fact that the protocol leaves untouched the hardest problems now facing America. REAL PEACE.

The Times believes it will be a real peace, adding: "We trust it is no violation of neutrality to express the satisfaction of the great majority of Englishment in America's success; and we venture the prediction, that Cuba, 20 years hence, will be a prosperous and tranquil island."

FIGHTING AT MANZANILLO. New York, Aug. 13 .- A special from Washington says: Assistant Secretary Allen, of the navy department, has received a dispatch notifying him that a naval force sent by Admiral Sampson had appeared in the harbor at Manzanillo and demanded its surrender. The commander of the city declined to comply with the demand and an engamement took place, which is said to have resulted victoriously for the Americans. The fight at Manzanillo was begun at four o'clock, 23 minutes before the protocol was signed, by a bombardment from the fleet. In view of the signing of the protocol today and the suspension of hostilities every effort was made by the authorities to stop the fight at Manzanillo.

The First Division in the Ontario Legislature.

Government Majorty of Six With One Liberal Absent.

House Sat Until Nearly Three O'Clock in the Morning.

Mr. Whitney Invites Every Opposition Member to Talk-Mr. Ross' Effective Reply-The Address From the Throne Carried.

Toronto, Aug. 13.-The opposition talked itself out at an early hour this morning. Mr. Ross wound up the debate for the government in a telling speech which shattered the filmsy fabric of the opposition. The division taken at 2:40 a.m. resulted in a government majority of six, which would have been seven but for the illness of Mr. Craig, East Wellington. Mr. Beatty (Parry Sound) voted Liberal and Mr. Tucker (West Wellington) Conservative. The result was greeted with

cheers. The debate was resumed by Mr Carscallen, of Hamilton, whose florid rhetoric was rather amusing to the government side. He accused the Lib. eral members of "craven suppliant worship" in the adulation of the ministers. He condemned personalities in the house as beneath his dignity. He exonerated the member for West Peterreflect on the judiciary and went on to nothing less than boro (Mr. Stratton) of any desire to give the judges credit for uniform courtesy and impartiality. He denied the necessity of calling the house toaccordance with the stipulations of the gether. The constable question should be left to the trial judges. The Liberals claimed a popular majority of 7,000, but their majority in the house of eight should, under proper conditions, represent a popular majority of to through the proper channels to the 175,000. (Liberal laughter.) The whole commanders of the military and naval study of the government has been cenforces of the United States to abstain tralization of power in themselves.
They had got control of so many offices that they actually controlled the worst family compact that ever exist-

> Mr. Conmee (Liberal), West Algoma, neatly tripped up Carscallen upon the quoted from Mr. Carscallen's Liberal speeches, in which the member for Hamilton eulogized Sir Oliver Mowat's purity of government, and defended the Ontario ballot. Mr. Conmee said that Col. Matheson owed his position to Hon. John Haggart. Col. Matheson protested against this and Mr. Conmee withdrew his statement.

Mr. Conmee resumed at the evening session. He denied that one dollar of colonization money had been used to effect either his own or his colleagues election in the Algomas. Referring to ernment purchased more supplies by tender than did railway companies other private corporations. He denied that Mr. Meredith had initiated government's mining policy. Mr. Meredith supported that policy in 1892, and he (Mr. Conmee) was the only man who opposed it. Mr. Meredith always supported the government when it was wrong. (Laughter.) The speaker scored the opposition for denouncing imaevils in Ontario when they supported the government which per-petrated the McGreevy and Curran bridge scandals. Mr. Carscallen had said of that government: "With the Dominion Government it was a constant grab for every cent of money that hands could be laid on from every source to be put into the treasury and fished out by contractors who contributed to the election fund."

Wardell (Con.) North Wentworth, next spoke, and opposed retroactive legislation. He charged that Mr. Conmee had been dogging the government for a cabinet position, and ernment if he did not get !

Mr. Hardy—Never. Mr. Conmee—I never asked this government nor any other government for

Mr. Wardell said that the contrary had been reported. He accused Mr. Conmee of being unduly interested in mining locations, of introducing legis-lation presumably in the interests of

speaking from what he had heard.

Mr. Conmee said that if a member were permitted to make hearsay charges, he could slander any one in the house.

Mr. Wardell was sorry.

MR. ROSS' REPLY. Mr. Ross took the floor when Mr. Wardell sat down, and it was soon apparent that he was in excellent form At the recent election, he said, 300,000 electors had expressed their will at the ballot box, and by a majority of 7,000 had declared their confidence in the present government. There could be no more important duty for the legislature than to see that the will of the electors was carried out and not thwarted by such issues as were raised by the opposition. The policy of the government would, he was satisfied. commend itself to the good sense of the house, and he had not seen a single Liberal that had offered the slightest objection to the bill or the policy embraced in it. They had heard a great deal this session about the result of the last election, and he congratulated the leader of the opposition upon the increase in the number of his supporters, but he pointed out that his majority was not growing, as they were now where they were twenty-five years ago, and he gave them as an arithmetical problem to work out, if they had made no progress in that period, how long would it take them to obtain control of majority? (Cheers.) Honorable gentlemen had without success alopted as many policies as there are points in the sailor's compass; they had appealed to every faction above ground and below-(laughter)-but they were now precisely where they stood twenty-five

can make no inroads. Discussing the election. Mr. Ross pointed out that the members for Stormont, Glengarry and other constituencies, making probably a dozen votes on a division, had been pressed at the poll should prevail. (Cheers.) They believed that the peocarried by the present Conservative incumbents, not by the majority of the votes of the electors, but by reason of the fact that they had slipped in ple of the country will sustain them in in a three-cornered fight. He showed that the opposition was just in the place it was in 26 years ago, no better. no worse, and there was just as little one for it now as there was then.

years ago. The government have a

majority of seven, the sacred number,

a solid vote, in which the opposition

The honorable gentleman had boasted of what he had done, and began to say that the government had the "scare," that they had turned tail,

opposition in parliament? (Cheers.)
Referring to the charges of bribing
the constituencies, the arguments of
honorable gentlemen opposite were
small. The government did not buy
the Victoria College from the people of West Northumberland, but from the Methodist Church; ergo, by the arguments of the leader of the opposition, the purchase was made for the purpose of bribing the Methodist Church. Then they had planted the Normal School in London for a bribe. John School in London for a bribe. John Carling had planted a large asylum in London as a bribe; a school of in-fantry was put into London for a bribe. The Tay Canal was built near the honorable gentleman's town for a bribe. (Cheers) The honorable gentleman was not then a "briber," "bribee" in that case. (Cheers.) The honorable gentleman had dreamed dreams and seen visions, and these visions carried him away with the be lief that he is a stateman. (Laughter.) His honorable friend had referred to a mutiny in the Reform ranks-Mr. Matheson-Hear, hear. Hon. Mr. Ross-No, it was "There,

there!" over there. Honorable gentlemen opposite would see that honorable not like their honorable friends at Ottawa, who deserted their leader for a few days, but, when they found that the patronage was slipping from them. returned like whipped spaniels into the folds of their party, until the country rejected them with scorn and indignation. (Cheers.) His honorable friends appealed for British justice. What surprised him was the constitution which the British constitution had to stand such strains. (Laughter.) He referred to the struggle for the possession of the disputed and incidentally recalled the fact that the member for East Hamilton was then a champion of the government. Mr Ross touched on the question of the vacant portfolios and the constables with constitutional acumen. The government were right in taking the course they proposed to carry out. They contended that the policy should be to broaden and extend the franchise rights of the people, and that the full, free, and sovereign will of the people as ex-

carrying out this policy. (Cheers.)
Mr. Whitney followed in an impassioned address, during which he appealed to every one of his supporters who had not already spoken not to allow the vote to be taken until they had voiced their protest. The suggestion was acted upon by Messrs, Boyd and Fox (West Victoria).

Great Indignation

Expressed by the British Press | liberately dropped upon a scene of naat the Position of Affairs

Talk of a Secret Treaty Between China and Russia.

Serious Character of the Rebuff to Great Britain.

London, Aug. 13 .- The morning papers express the growing indignation of the country at the condition of affairs in China. The Daily Graphic says: "If this state of things continues, the guns will go off of them-

selves." The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail, who professes to divulge the terms of a long existing secret between China and Russia says: " It is

AN OFFENSIVE ALLIANCE. China undertakes to regard Russia as having a preponderating influence in all questions of commercial and internal politics, while Russia will support China against all 'open door' demands. Russia finances China, in internal developments, and China grants Russia preferential rates in certain areas and railways built in the joint interests of the two countries will be conscience of the people. It was the under Russia's practical control. Russia will assist China in developing her naval and military forces, and China will co-operate with Russia as an ally. latter's change of political faith. He This treaty has been in abeyance since Li Hung Chang visited the czar. That it has become operative at the present moment in respect to the Kin-Kow and Niu Chwang contracts is sig-

SIMPLY TO SHUT BRITAIN OUT. If the Daily Mail's version may be trusted, it will explain much that had hitherto been inexplicable in the development of the question. The manager of the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank in London, in the course of an interview yesterday, said: "I believe the Pekin Han-Kow line, owing to natural obstructions and its costliness, will never be built, Russia merely wishing to keep England out."

THE FRENCH CHUCKLE. The French press comment gleefully upon the situation, and the newspapers at Berlin and Vienna are at no pains to hide their satisfaction at the discomfiture of England,

The continental press regards the project of an Anglo-American alliance as chimerical. These journals consider that the U. had enough of war for the present, and will not care to give Great Britain anything more than moral support in China. Therefore, they argue, England is not likely to pick a quarrel with Russia, but will content herself with seeking compensation elsewhere.

A special dispatch from Shanghai

The Russian agents are again

intriguing to obtain control of the Chinese maritime customs department. SERIOUS REBUFF. The Pekin correspondent of the Times telegraphing with reference to the Pe-kin Han-Kow contract says: The rebuff is all the more serious because the Tsung Li Yamen gave assurances that the decree confirming the contract would not be issued until after a fur-

ther conference with Sir Claude Mac-Donald, the British minister. The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial which reflects the general opinion of

tional humiliation and national indig-

GENERAL CABLES Death of the Sultan of Morocco-Rus

sian City Swept by Fire-Epidemic of Suicide in the German Army. SULTAN OF MOROCCO DEAD.

Gibraltar. Aug. 13 .- It is reported that Mulai Abad Ali-Azez, Sultan of Moocco, is dead. HUNGARIAN CABINET CRISIS.

London, Aug. 13 .- The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: Baron Banffy, the Hungarian premier, has gone to Ischl. Upper Austria, to see the emperor-king, and to tender the resignation of the Hungarian cabinet. NEW STEAMSHIP LINE.

London, Aug. 13 .- The Birmingham Post is informed that a direct regular service of steamers is to be established and Port Arthur and that German consulates are to be created at the latter ports on Sept. 1. EPIDEMIC OF SUICIDE.

Berlin, Aug. 13.-There is an epidemic of suicide in the German army. The Frankfort Gazette reports four cases in Saxony, and the Ludwigsburg Gazette

tells of a fifth due to an officer's brutal-MURDEROUS BRIGANDS. Bucharest, Romania, Aug. 13. - A band of armed brigands stormed the Usponia monastery near Toltria. In the fight that ensued two monks were killed and many wounded. The others fled. The brigands then pillaged the monastery and decamped. Two have been arrested.

FIRE-SWEPT. Moscow, Aug. 13 .- The city of Kazan, capital of the government of the same name, on the River Kazanski, is in ruins, the result of destruction by fire. The flames were fanned by a high wind. Several large buildings, the arsenal, barracks, and a hundred other buildings are in ashes.

FRANCE HORRIFIED. Paris. Aug 13 .- The Berlin correspondent of the Temps has stirred up a hornet's nest by hinting, on the strength of a statement made to him "confidante of Emperor William" of the possibility of Prince Herbert Bismarck, who will shortly re-enter the service of the crown, succeeding Count von Muenster as German ambassador

Le Paris says that the idea is de testable, senseless and preposterous.

The Gazette de France says: "It would be a nightmare if it were not simply a dream." IMPROVEMENT OF CHINESE CON-

DITIONS. Marquis Ito, who has gone on a visit to China, urges the importance of adopting the following measures for the improvement of China's condi-

tions: 1. The establishment of a large bank with a capital of about 100,000,000 yen under foreign supervision. 2. The opening of the military and naval colleges.

3. The amendment of the system of

conscription. It is reported in Pekin that it is the intention soon to dismiss from military and naval service foreign instructors with the exception of British, American and Japanese officers. CABLE NOTES.

The Chinese Government has decided to open a new Japanese concession of Hiykujoshi, adjoining the German concession in Hankow. The German Government has protested against the

Better relations exist between China and Japan and the latter country is urged from Pekin to show her friendship by helping China in giving in

A Great Success!

Our Alteration Sale has been a great success. The fact of our advertising 25 per cent off all goods has had

the effect of drawing eager buyers. We are anxious to still reduce our stock, before making alterations. Come in and see the bargains we have in Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Cutlery, Sterling Silver Goods, all kinds of Gold and Silver Jewelry, Rings, Ladies' Belts, Blouse Sets and Novelties of all kinds.

No trouble to show goods.

THOS. GILLEAN

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

402 Richmond St.

Serious Damage Caused by Lightning.

Boy and Horse Both Struck and Killed Numerous Buildings Destroyed.

St. Catharines, Ont., Aug. 13 .- A severe rainstorm visited this section yesterday morning, flooding everything and causing serious washouts through the fruit district. The lightning visited G. W. Robertson's farm, just outside the city, and totally destroyed his barn, with every sheaf of wheat and oats of this year's harvest. The elec-

ning Wednesday evening. The horse those made by a knife were found in

housie was built in 1893, and had the revolving lights and an the latest machniery. The lighthouse keeper lost all his books, tools and some personal effects. The season's requirements, with the exception of one barrel of oil, were

also destroyed. St. Thomas, Aug. 13.—The trolleymen had a bad scare during the storm. The lights in the cars were all extinguished while running on Center street. Lightning struck the following barns and contents Wednesday night: Hugh

Black, near Salem; Daniel Gavin's, Tottenham; Fred Horn's, near Mitchell; M. Schroeder's and Wm. Burnev's Brant township. Whitechurch parsonage was

stroyed by lightning. Wm. Howie's barns on the ninth concession of Innisfil, were struck by lightning, and all his season's crop, about a thousand bushels of grain, destroyed. Mr. Howie had a very narrow escape while trying to save his horses. No insurance.

IMPORTANT RAILWAY DEAL.

The Erie and Huron Absorbed by the L. H. and D. R. R.

Chatham, Ont., Aug. 13.-The Erie and Huron Railway, which runs from Sarnia to Rondeau, a distance of 74 miles, has passed into the hands of the Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway. The M. C. R., as well as the L. E. and D. R. R., had been negotiating to get control of the E. and H. The selling price is to be \$750,000.

It is understood that in consequence of the deal. Chatham is likely to lose the E. and H. shops, which will probably be removed to Walkerville, together with the head offices of the E. and H. About September a new timetable will go into effect, and trains after that date will run from Ridgetown to Sarnia, and from Chatham to Walkerville, with Blenheim as a common

junction The extension of the system will connect Rondeau with the boat service already established between Port Stanley and Ohio, so that the new system now extends from Port Huron and Sarnia on the north to Cleveland and other Ohio ports on the south, from London, St. Thomas and Port Stanley on the Mrs. Silcoks, Miss Clares and Miss Alleast, to Windsor and Walkerville on

the west. The lake traffic of the L. E. and D. R. R. Company will in this way be a very important factor. That for the western peninsula will be via the Eau and they are looking for a big business via Port Stanley to St. Thomas and London. The E. and H. Railway was owned by the Blackford estate, and the retiring

manager, Mr. J. J. Ross, was a very popular and capable official.

Two Million Victims. It is estimated that one-third the population of Canada are victims to the pill habit. This should not be so, as Merrill's System Tonic tones the liver, restores the natural muscular powers to the bowels and permanent-ly cures habitual constipation. The result is that dyspepsia, impure blood and nerve troubles disappear. One 50and nerve troubles disappear. One 50-cent bottle cures. Sold by W. T.

Strong, the Druggist. Kite telephones for torpedo boat destroyers are being tried by the British navy. A kite is sent up held by two strings, each attached to a destroyer, along which the message is sent. Of what practical use in warfare this device is expected to be no information

The Fly has come to the front. & tf Your Shoes; 26 cents.

"THE WEED"

Successfully Grown by Mr. Secord, in Dorchester.

Belmont Times: Mr. Sol. Secord, 6th oncession of North Dorchester, devoted 3% acres of his farm this spring to growing tobacco, as an experiment, and thus far the crop looks well, and a big yield is expected. Being frequently in the county of Essex, Mr. Secord was struck with the great amount of tobacco raised, and as an experiment he purchased 9,000 plants and set them out, planting them four feet apart one way and three and a half feet the other. one error made in selecting the land. the piece selected being sod, and the extremely dry weather has been much worse for the plants on his land than tric car service was suspended for the on any other. However, by careful greater part of the day owing to the cultivation, the crop has grown well, generators being burned out by the and is frequently visited by those who lightning.

Gagetown, Mich., Aug. 13.—Michael
Rider, aged 12, living 2½ miles northwest of the village, while hunting cows on horseback, was killed by lightnishing a great amount of employment was killed also. Three sharp cuts like for the laboring classes. The raw to bacco leaf finds a ready market for home consumption at good price Port Dalhousie, Aug. 18.—Shortly af- yielding the farmer from \$160 to \$250 ter 8 o'clock yesterday morning the per acre. Mr. Second brought a couple largest lighthouse on the east pier was struck by lightning. It is a total loss.

The lighthouse burned at Port Daleld of half a ton per acre seems low. This crop is being eagerly watched by several of the leading farmers in this vicinity, and should the outcome be a successful one, a large number of them will engage in tobacco culture next year. Mr. Secord has two varieties

PORT STANLEY NOTES

planted, one of which is only for wrap-

Port Stanley, Aug. 12 .- Percy Hunsinger, who was hurt last evening on the Fraser Hill road, and whose injuries required nine stitches, was tak-en home on the late train. Latest re-ports leave him in a much better con-

The vessel Maumme Valley arrived here loaded with coal.

Miss Nena Sanborne, who is holiday-

ing at Erie Rest, is spending a few dars in London.

The Black Knights of Ireland held their annual picnic at Port today. The races were the chief characteristic of the afternoon. The smoking race, in which the contestants, after starting, would have to light a cigar and return smoking it, was highly appreciated by the audience. Many of the gentlemen wanted the race for ladies under 40 repeated. A slight dispute arose over the three-legged race, the result of which was a fist fight between two young men. The crowd became so enthusiastic that bets rose as

high as 5 cents on the winner.

Those from London who registered at the Fraser today were: M. cock, Mrs. Tanton, Mr. and Miss Mc-Killop, and Fred Burns. St. Thomas, Miss Maud Williams, Miss Maud Waite, Miss Clara Waite and Mr. W.

A. Bucker.
Mrs. Bell and daughter and Mrs. D. D. Foster are guests of Mrs. D. M. Mr. and Mrs. Barr and daughter, of Kansas, are spending a few ways with Mrs. McLaws. Mrs. Louis Hade, of Brantford, is

stopping at Orchard seach. Dr. Drake, of London, visited friends in Port Friday.
Miss Courtenay, of St. John, N. B., is paying her uncle, Rev. Mr. Courtenay, a visit.

The Misses Mary and Maggie Camp-

pell, who have been summering here, leave for Toronto Junction Wednesday, where they will spend the rest of their holidays. Mr. and Mrs. Pat Merritt, Mr. and

worth have settled in "Camp Cicada," on Erie Bank. The Jenny left for Pelee Island today for another load of stone.

Miss Ethel Tait, who, for the past few weeks has been visiting with her brother, Dr. Tait, of Blythe, has returned home.

Mrs. Chas. Rupp, of the M. C. R., is Miss Ella Smith is the guest of the Misses Campbell.
Mr. Adams, of Brantford, who has been holidaying here, has returned Miss Frankie Reynolds, of Beachville, who has been spending some time in Port, left for her home today. Miss

Reynolds has become a great favorite during her visit, and will be missed by many friends. \$12,000 FOR FIFTEEN CATTLE. Winnipeg, Aug. 18.-W. Mills, of this city, who went out to the Klondike last spring, returned yesterday morn-

ing. He reached Dawson City safely and sold his 15 head of cattle for \$12,000. TO OURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo-Quining Tablets. All druggists refund the money & fe fails to come

If you're a tenderfoot, use Shake in