

Read, Mark, Learn and Then Do Likewise

Convincing Proof

If the producers require further proof that the only sane method of disposing of their grain is on the

Sample Market at Fort William

please note the following:—

A farmer, living at Manor, Sask., consigned a car of No. 4 Northern Wheat to a local grain firm. The grade price was \$2.07 per bushel. A sample of the grain was placed on the sample tables, three or four bids were received, and eventually the car was sold at \$2.09½ per bushel—a premium of 2¼ cents per bushel over the grade price.

The cost of handling this car was just the same as if it had been sold on grade certificate. In other words, the above farmer by his vision and foresight made a net gain of 2¼ cents per bushel.

Farmers

How long are you going to continue to sell your grain on grade certificate and lose money? We are sending out circulars regarding the progress of sample market trading, and what it means to the producers in dollars and cents. If you want these, please drop us a postcard or letter. We will be glad to place your name on the mailing list. Enquiries cheerfully and promptly answered. Address

The Secretary,
Grain Exchange,
Fort William, Ont.

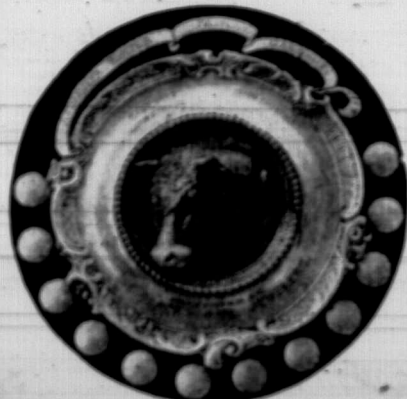
Some of the firms doing business in this Exchange and licensed and bonded by the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada:—

Black's Elevator Ltd.	Fort William
Bole Grain Co.	" "
Canadian Feed Man. Co.	" "
Davidson & Smith	" "
Dwyers' Elevator Co., Ltd.	" "
Fort William Grain Co., Ltd.	" "
Lakeport Elevator Co., Ltd.	" "
Merchants' Grain Co., Ltd.	" "
Mutual Elevator Co., Ltd.	" "
Muirhead-Bole Grain Co.	" "
B. J. Ostrander & Co.	" "
N. M. Paterson Co., Ltd.	" "
Progressive Farmers' Elevator Co., Ltd.	" "
Roy Elevator Co., Ltd.	" "
Stevens Grain Co., Ltd.	" "
M. Sellars & Sons	" "
Service Grain Co., Ltd.	" "

COLONY FARM STOCK SALE

New Westminster, Oct. 19.—Over \$18,000 was realized at the Provincial Government sale of pedigree stock at the Colony Farm at Essondale yesterday. There were over 300 buyers present from all parts of the province as well as men from Alberta, Ontario and from Washington state. Prices realized were not as high as the quality of stock offered warranted, but top figures were paid in some cases.

Some of the highest figures paid yesterday were by the Dominion Government. They bought over \$6,000 worth of stock to be placed on the various Dominion Government farms in Canada. Animals they purchased included Boobian Queen with foal for \$1,150; Colony Margilou, \$1,250; Monelle, nine-year-old Clydesdale, \$1,250. Eight of the best horses were reserved by the government for the agricultural department at



The Shield to be given to the winner of the Boys' and Girls' Baby Seal Contest at Calgary Winter Fair

the B.C. University when that gets under way. The animals will be used for breeding purposes.

SASKATOON WINTER FAIR

The Saskatoon Winter Fair will be held December 4, 5 and 6. \$12,200 in prizes are being offered, distributed as follows: Horses, \$5,000; cattle, \$3,000; sheep, \$1,100; swine, \$1,100; poultry, \$2,000. \$50 in prizes will be offered in the sheep dog trial. \$100 is being offered in livestock judging competition, \$25 each for the competition in horses, cattle, sheep and swine respectively. In some classes of poultry as high as 12 prizes will be offered besides ribbons. A special feature will be the dressed poultry department for which the management are offering attractive prizes with the approach of the Christmas trade. Entries in all departments will close on November 29. Prize lists and information can be obtained on application to the manager, C. B. Fisher, Room 58, York Building, Saskatoon.

TO MAKE PICKLED PIGS' FEET

To Make Pickled Pigs' Feet—Soak the pigs' feet for 12 hours in cold water. Scrape them clean and remove the toes. Boil until soft, four or five hours will usually be required. Salt them when partially done. Pack them in a stone jar and cover them with hot spiced vinegar. They are served cold or split and fried in a batter made of eggs, flour, milk and butter.

HOME MADE SOAP

Put the waste bits of fat or fatty material into a kettle. To purify add a raw potato sliced thinly, boil very slowly till the potato shows are crisp and brown, then strain through several thicknesses of cheese cloth. Dissolve one pound of lye in 11 cups of water and pour it gradually into seven pounds of the clarified and strained fat, stirring the mass till it is creamy and thoroughly mixed. Pour into molds to harden. This will make a satisfactory soap for dishwashing, laundry and similar purposes.

PATRIOTIC FUNDS

Belgian Relief Fund	
Previously acknowledged	\$10,953.02
Ed. W. Sullivan, Winnipeg, Sask.	50.00
Total	\$11,003.02
Serbian Relief Fund	
Previously acknowledged	\$243.00
Ed. W. Sullivan, Winnipeg, Sask.	50.00
Total	\$293.00
Polish Relief Fund	
Previously acknowledged	\$ 50.00
Ed. W. Sullivan, Winnipeg, Sask.	50.00
Total	\$100.00
Blue Cross Fund	
Lily Gilling, Wawilona, Man.	\$1.00
Total	\$1.00
Previously Acknowledged	
Red Cross Fund	\$1,007.56
British Soldiers' Relief Fund	30.00
Canadian Patriotic Fund	800.00
French Red Cross Fund	61.00
French Wounded Emergency Fund	6.00
Y.M.C.A. Military Fund	25.00
Prisoners of War Fund	105.00
Returned Soldiers' Fund	25.00
Total	\$16,645.98

DEATH OF GLEN CAMPBELL

Lieut. Col. Glen Campbell died in the hospital in France on October 21 from kidney trouble. Col. Campbell was born in Fort Pelly, Sask., the son of a chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Company and the discoverer of the Yukon river. Col. Campbell subsequently established a stock farm in the Riding Mountains, near Gilbert Plains, where he continued to make his home until the outbreak of the war, and where his farming and stock raising enterprises were very successful. In 1902 he was elected to the Manitoba Assembly, and was returned in 1907 by acclamation. The following year he re-

signed and entered the house of commons, where he sat until the elections of 1911. Since 1912 he has been chief inspector of the Indian agencies for Canada.

FARM MANAGEMENT

Continued from Page 35

may safely increase his yields without depressing the price, if all the farmers were to follow the example the price would drop and all would lose money. Under this principle a few farmers will always be practicing methods not practicable for the mass. By this we see that in the long run the chief results of better farming would be realized by the consumer rather than by the farmer. All attempts to hold down production with the purpose of raising the price are as unavailing as they are unwarranted. The world wants food and the principles herein presented are the ones that will guarantee the cheapest production.

It is relatively safe, therefore, to invest capital freely upon the farm for the sake of correcting abnormal conditions and raising the yield to the normal, but beyond that point it will pay only when prices rise. As we approach this point by reason of increased population with increased demands, either the cost of food must rise or labor will be greatly degraded, as the farmer cannot afford to produce the increase needed. As the population increases therefore but one alternative will present itself. Each human unit must become more efficient in production or it must deny itself most of what is now enjoyed. We should ascertain and practice those relatively inexpensive methods belonging to a transition stage that correct bad conditions and thereby considerably increase the yield without seriously raising the cost of production, so that the result may be profitable alike to the farmer and to the public whom he serves. In this good work there is no danger of doing too much.

CURRENT EVENTS

The food controller has given notification that he will stop the sale of cereals and cereal products in packages



HON. S. J. LATTA
New Minister of Highways in the Saskatchewan Cabinet

under 20 lbs. Retailers will be given until the first of the new year, and wholesalers and manufacturers until December 1, to dispose of their present stocks.

An order-in-council has been passed rescinding the prohibitory law against the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, which has been prohibited in Canada since the eighties.

The notice deposits in Canadian banks total \$958,393.54 according to the monthly bank statement for September.

The first session of the fourth legislature of Saskatchewan elected on June 26 has been called to meet on November 13.

FOREST HOG
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Andrew Gr

DUROC JER
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bred-to-lay
\$1.50.
Assiniboia

FOR SALE
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U. A. WALK
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FOR SALE
Angus bull
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Stock Farm

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Geo. R. Bu

FOR SALE
May boars
W. L. Gray

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DUROC-JER
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J. A. Smith

PURE BRED
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Man.

BREEDING
I. Corman

CHOICE OX
John Wilkin

FOR SALE
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WOLFHOUS
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SEED

SEEDS WANT
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Specialists.

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