

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES

Not merely a 'breakfast food', but a wholesome dainty you'll enjoy oftener than once a day.

10c A Package

THREE YEARS OF MISERY

Mrs. Burnside Escaped an Operation by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mahoningtown, Pa. "For three years I suffered untold misery every month, and had to stay in bed the first two or three days. I also had displacement and other ailments peculiar to women. I became so weak and run down I could scarcely walk across the floor. The doctor told me I would never be well unless I underwent an operation, but I was advised by my mother to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and after I had taken four bottles I am strong and well. I have got others to take your medicine with the same good results and they can not say enough for it."—MRS. A. BURN-SIDE, Mahoningtown, Pa.

"Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women who suffer from these distressing ills should not neglect these facts, or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health."

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

FREDERICKSON MAN'S DEATH ALLEGED TO BE DUE TO HIS KEEPERS

Boston, Sept. 18.—Fred. B. Sears and John Leather, attendants at the insane hospital of the Bridgewater State Farm, will be given a hearing Saturday on a charge of causing the death of Charles E. Naves, formerly of Fredericton. Both attendances are in Plymouth jail in default of \$1,500 bonds.

Naves is said to have resisted being moved from one ward to another last Friday, and it is charged he was beaten by Sears and Leather. He had several ribs fractured and bore marks on the throat, and other bruises. He lingered several days.

Naves was fifty-six years old, and a paper hanger. He was born in Fredericton, son of Charles M. T. Naves, a well-known Naves. He was arrested in Boston July 27 as a vagrant and was in a pitiful condition from lack of food and care. It is said he was mentally weak due to a fall from a staging. He had never been arrested before, so far as known.

G. T. P. Annual Meeting

Montreal, Sept. 18.—The adjourned annual meeting of the directors and shareholders of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company was held here today. The following officers were elected: E. J. Chamberlin, president; M. Donaldson, vice president and general manager; Wm. Wainwright, vice-president; M. J. Roy, vice-president; J. E. Dalrymple, vice-president; Henry Phillips, secretary; Frank Scott, treasurer.



WHEN YOUR HAIR BRUSHES OUT

Your hair is as sensitive as your skin—even more so. It stands up under heavy hats, curling irons, and dyes of the scalp, etc.—But there is a limit. When you comb and brush your hair in the morning, watch for the "TRAILERS" that turn grey, fall out, and comb out with the first morning brush. You MUST know that there's something wrong. If your hair is in good health, it wouldn't fall out, nature never intended that. There is something wrong at the root of things—the hair needs a tonic restorer. When you are sick you take medicine. That is your first thought. Its turning grey, falling out, are both ways the hair has of "complaining of illness." It can't do it in any other way.—Do YOUR part. Use HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Keeps You Looking Young

\$1.00 and 50c. at Drug Stores or direct upon receipt of price and dealer's name. Send 10c. for trial bottle. Philo Hay Spec. Co., Toronto, Ont. For sale and recommended by E. CLINTON BROWN, Cor. Union and Waterloo Streets.

CHARGES IN KAY CASE ARE SERIOUS

Statements From Petition Presented Against Moncton Magistrate

EVIDENCE BEING TAKEN

Have To Do With Cash Returns From Court and Conduct of Cases—Much Interest is Aroused in the Railway Town

(Special to Times)

Moncton, Sept. 18.—Interest is felt here in the equity into the charges made against Police Magistrate Kay, in whose behalf temperance men and organizations have adopted strong resolutions, intimating that the liquor interests are behind the prosecution because the magistrate enforced the Scott Act, as stated yesterday the enquiry was opened yesterday morning.

Some Evidence

John S. Magee, city clerk, was the principal witness when the enquiry resumed at 4 o'clock, and examined at length as to the returns made by Magistrate Kay to the city. His witness was questioned as to various items in the magistrate's returns for copies of proceedings in the police court, and said they were not there. During Magee's evidence Mr. Kay admitted that there were no returns for execution or returns for costs of indictable offences, and there was increase in summons from thirty to forty cents and copies from fifty to sixty cents. Mr. Kay, in cross-examining City Clerk Magee, dwelt on the custom of the predecessor regarding the returns for indictable offences and fees for copies of proceedings, but witness could not reply without going back through the records many years ago. W. H. Chapman, Deane's clerk, testified regarding the county clerk, testified regarding indictable offences cases committed for trial by Kay since the beginning of the year. His estimate for each case at \$5.85, the total would be \$117, which counsel for the petitioners claimed should be taken. Cross-examined by Kay, witness did not remember the custom of Kay's predecessor. Allen W. Chapman, clerk of circuit court, was examined regarding depositions from Magistrate Kay. The total number of cases taken was fifteen. Taking \$5.85 average, the cost would give a total of \$87.75 since August, 1909.

Antoine J. Legor, barrister, told of requiring two copies of trial proceedings from Kay, paying \$1 each. Witness said he and the magistrate got along fairly well, but others had made statements that they were not altogether satisfied.

Cross-examined by Kay, witness said they had been friendly, but differed in their opinions as to a conviction in a Scott Act case.

Roy Keith, police court clerk, testified regarding the practice of the office regarding the handling of money, making a pile of cases, and other office work. He handed the money over to the magistrate and got no money outside of his salary from the city.

Fred. LeBlanc testified to giving \$1 to Mr. Sherren for a copy of a case which was sent up to the supreme court and the conviction quashed.

This concluded the evidence for the evening. Counsel for the petitioners said they expected to finish by tomorrow noon. Commissioner Grimmer asked Mr. Kay to be ready to go on with the defence. The magistrate said Messrs. Chandler and Hewson, barristers, would appear as his witnesses, and perhaps more.

The inquiry adjourned till tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The Charges

In the petition to the government signed by Moncton residents asking an investigation into the administration of Police Magistrate Kay it is alleged that "since his appointment, dissatisfaction among the citizens of Moncton with the manner in which Mr. Kay discharged the duties of his office."

Before a made to the investigation into his administration by commissioners appointed by the provincial government in 1909. It was alleged that he kept the courts for, or did not make returns for costs of renewals of executions in the civil court. It is set forth in the petition that Mr. Kay paid to the city \$277, for the investigation, for costs of renewals of executions in the civil court, one third of the copies taken and paid for to him."

The petitioners express their belief that the magistrate "has not accounted or made returns for costs for preliminary inquiries held before him in indictable cases for some years past."

It is alleged that "in a number of cases where persons have been sentenced for a common drunk to a fine of \$10 or ten days imprisonment, they have not served their time, and no returns for their fines have been made to the city, nor, so far as your petitioners can learn, were there remissions or penalties by the city council in the cases."

It is stated by the petitioners that "about two years ago, without any change being made in the law to justify his action, he increased the costs for a summons from thirty cents to fifty cents. It is contended that "business has been driven from the civil court of Moncton."

The petitioners believe that the said James Kay is not a fit and proper person for the position he holds; that "he is extremely impulsive, irritable and vindictive. When any person comes before him, either as attorney or litigant, against whom he has a dislike, his prejudice influences his judgment to such an extent that his decisions are not in accordance with justice."

"YOU'LL SUFFER ALL YOUR LIFE"

That's What the Doctor Told Him "Fruit-a-tives" Cured Him

Chesterville, Ont., Jan. 25th, 1911. "For over twenty years, I have been troubled with Kidney Disease, and the doctors told me they could do me no good, and that I would be a sufferer for the rest of my life."

I doctored with different medical men and tried many advertised remedies, but none of them suited my case. "Fruit-a-tives" Nearly a year ago, I tried "Fruit-a-tives" I have been using this fruit medicine nearly all the time since, and am glad to say that I am cured.

I give "Fruit-a-tives" the credit of doing what the doctors said was impossible. I am now seventy-six years old, and in first-class health.

GEO. W. BARKLEY. This famous fruit medicine acts directly on the kidneys—helping and strengthening them—and ridding the system of the waste matter that poisons the blood.

50c. a box, 4 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ontario.

He alleges that the investigation of 1909 was a conspiracy of the hotel keepers and their friends to injure him, and he displays in his defence on the firstest evidence, and even when the circumstances in evidence tend to show the innocence of the accused, and the accused disproves the charge under oath, that attorneys practicing before the court are treated with scant courtesy," and that constables who serve and execute civil papers in the city complain of the unfair manner in which they are treated by the magistrate.

The petitioners, in conclusion, express the belief that an investigation should be held, and ask that, if the allegations they make are proven; "or other evidence of wrongdoing, irregularities or incapacity shown, the said James Kay be removed from said office, and some person properly qualified be appointed in his place."

The petition is dated at Moncton March 18, 1912.

TALIANI WIN BATTLE. MANY MEN ARE KILLED

Rome, Sept. 18.—The most sanguinary engagement of the war in Tripoli was fought yesterday in the town of the Medjeranean coast, 140 miles northeast of Benghazi. The Italians lost 61 men killed and 215 wounded. The Turks and Arabs left more than 800 dead on the field. Forty-one prisoners, including an Arab chief, fell into the hands of the Italians. The battle opened at daybreak when a force of Turks and Arabs surprised and attacked the Italian lines. General Retford, commander of the Italian army in Tripoli, in his report to the war office, declared that the Turkish and Arab forces numbered 1,000 men killed, including those who were carried off, and that more than 1,000 others were wounded.

CHILD COVERED WITH ECZEMA

Zam-Buk Worked Complete Cure

Mrs. A. J. Cameron, of Melita, Man. writes: "When my little boy was six weeks old he had eczema. The sores simply covered his face and head, and I had to tie his hands to keep him from scratching and making them bleed. The doctor gave me several kinds of ointment, but they did no good. I then tried fourteen boxes of an advertised remedy. Still there was no improvement! I tried another ointment, and several medicinal soaps, but the poor little fellow still continued to suffer, and I began to fear nothing would do him any good. He suffered in this way for over a year, when one of my friends said, 'Why don't you try Zam-Buk?'"

"I began with this balm, and a week's treatment made a great difference. I persevered, and within a month every sore was healed! I feared that the sores having been so bad on his head, his hair would not grow, but thanks to Zam-Buk his scalp is perfectly healthy, and he has long locks now."

All skin diseases, cuts, burns and blood poisoning use Zam-Buk and Zam-Buk Soap. All druggists and stores, and Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Germany is now estimated to be worth \$2,201,000,000, an increase of \$4,282,500,000 three years ago.

DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, SUMMER COMPLAINT, COLIC, PAINS OR CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH, CHOLERA MORBUS, CHOLERA INFANTUM and ALL LOOSENESS OF THE BOWELS

May be Rapidly and Effectually Cured by the Use of that Old and Sterling Remedy

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

It has a reputation of over 65 years' standing, and never fails to either relieve or cure.

Do not be imposed on by any unscrupulous dealer who wishes to substitute the so-called Strawberry Compound for "Dr. Fowler's," as these nameless, reputation substitutes may be dangerous to your health.

MADE UP HERMATICALLY TO NEVER BE WITHOUT IT

Mrs. Joe Parent, Campbellton, N. B., writes: "I had tried several remedies with no benefit. At last I tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. The first bottle nearly cured me, and the second cured me. I am so satisfied with this medicine that I will not be without a bottle of it in the house in case of emergency."

The original is manufactured only by **The T. MILBURN CO., Limited** TORONTO, ONT. Price 35 Cents.

IMPORTANT MATTERS ARE TAKEN UP BY CANADIAN CLUBS

The Schools, Highways, Language and Other Subjects at Meeting of Federation

Fredricton, Sept. 18.—The fourth annual conference of federated Canadian Clubs was formally opened here this afternoon in the city council chamber. Hon. Josiah Wood, lieutenant-governor of the province delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the province of New Brunswick; City Clerk J. W. McCready, on behalf of the city of Fredericton, and Rev. F. L. Carney, on behalf of the local Canadian club. C. R. McCullough, of Hamilton, replied.

Delegates from the Atlantic to the Pacific in attendance at the conference which had sessions morning, afternoon and evening today and which will continue tomorrow. The afternoon session concluded at 4 o'clock when the delegates were taken by motor cars to the University of New Brunswick, where they were entertained. The intention had been to hold a garden party there but rain made that impossible. The afternoon session was largely devoted to a discussion of the resolution on Fostering Canadian Sentiment in the Schools.

English Only in Primary Schools.

A proposal that English be the sole language in primary schools was received with some opposition on the ground that culture demanded the teaching of some other language. It was pointed out that no antagonism was intended to the language of the French-Canadians but that in sections of the west, where the population contained a large French-Canadian element, it was imperative that English be the language of schools.

The matter of emphasis of the incidents of Canadian history in the schools was also touched upon but it was decided that it was too much a matter of detail for the association to make any recommendation with regard to text books, an abundance of which exist.

Dr. W. S. Carter, chief superintendent of education in New Brunswick, who presided, demonstrated that the greatest need along this line was the extension of the system of free text books in order to encourage supplementary reading.

At the evening session A. R. Dobie, of Montreal, introduced the subject of improved highways, and read an interesting and instructive paper on the subjects pointing out that from the standpoint of farmers as well as motorists good roads would be a benefit and also that they would have direct military value from the point of view of defense of Canada.

After a lengthy discussion a resolution was laid on the table to the effect that the matter of improved highways was one which should not be the subject of discussion on the part of Canadian Clubs. The resolution was passed in this form because the subject was considered to be one which had entailed the affairs of politics and the association should not place itself on record as favoring any particular method of improvement. Objection on account of the political aspect of the matter was made by H. A. Mann, of Vancouver.

A resolution that the Canadian Club movement be extended by the establishment, wherever possible, of Canadian clubs in universities and colleges and in industrial centres, such as great manufacturing plants, was passed.

It was pointed out that the Canadian Club movement for recognized reasons had failed to touch the laboring man, and an effort to obviate the difficulty must be made, evidently by taking to the working man at the place where he works, the spirit of movement and an opportunity of hearing the great questions of the day set forth. Individual clubs are to be asked to take up this matter. In several universities Canadian Clubs already have been formed, and it is hoped that in industrial centres, such as great manufacturing plants, was passed.

Prof. Kyrie, of Toronto, put forward a resolution to the effect that a movement toward centralization and permanent organization of Canadian Clubs should be undertaken but objection was raised and the resolution was withdrawn.

Barb in Trouble

Perth Amboy, N. J., Sept. 18.—Captain Munden, of the Norwegian steamer Ragnarock, which has arrived here from Sydney (C. B.), reports that at 10 a. m. Sept. 17, the ship was overtaken by a Pollock Rip light, passed back Hancock, of St. John (N. B.), with foretopmast, yards and rigging carried away. The captain wished to be reported and declined assistance, intending to bring the vessel into port under jury. The wind was light and the weather clear.

The Hancock left New York Sept. 13 for Yarmouth (N. S.).



WHERE MEN gather for social relaxation—in College Hall or in Clubdom, in bachelor or in benedict assembly, the question of clothes quality is ever a factor.

May we show you the new Semi-ready garments for Fall and Winter? It's a great pleasure always to see and to show things so finely made, so artistically conceived.

You will wonder, as others do, how we can sell such beautifully tailored garments for \$15, \$20, and up to the purest and finest woolen fabrics of England at \$25, \$30 and \$35.

Semi-ready Tailoring

JOHN P. CONDON 54 KING STREET



EVERY CASE IS CURABLE. It is now a settled scientific fact that alcoholism is not a disease, in any sense of the term, but poisoning that creates an appetite and superinduces a desire and craving for more liquor. The occasional or periodical drinker cannot escape this poison any more than the excessive, habitual drinker. When liquor is taken into the system, it is taken up by the circulation. The distribution of this poison causes diseased conditions of the brain, stomach, heart, liver, bowels and kidneys, through the specific action upon these organs. This theory is amply supported by the fact that the Neal Treatment never fails to effect a perfect cure, in any case, of the periodical, habitual or nervous drinker, no matter how long he has been drinking or to what depth of degradation he has fallen. It cures each and all in just three days, without hypodermic injections.

Write Neal Institute 46 Crown St. Phone 1665 B. H. Stevens, Mgr.

PROHIBITIVE EXPORT DUTY ON PULPWOOD

Pressure on Government by Manufacturers, and it Will Have to Be Heeded

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—The government has before it the most important fiscal measure it has had to deal with since assuming office. The proposal from the paper and pulp manufacturers, backed by the Canadian manufacturers and the moral support of the forestry and conservation interests of the country, has been renewed looking to the placing of a prohibitive export duty on pulpwood.

It is understood the question is being seriously considered by the government, and it would not be surprising if legislation along this line were brought down next session. A royal commission to investigate the question is likely in the event of the government failing to take action without waiting for further long "consideration."

The question has been before parliament for four or five years, but owing largely to influence of the tone of thousands of Quebec electors, especially on the south side of the St. Lawrence, who now find a ready and accessible market for their pulpwood in the neighboring American states, the proposal to prohibit the export and require its manufacture into pulp or paper in Canada has made little progress.

But now the manufacturers are again pressing and the government, by reason of its affiliations, has to turn a sympathetic ear.

Last year the total cut of pulpwood in the dominion was 1,520,227 cords, valued at \$9,678,616, or an average price of \$6.37 per cord. Of this amount 44.2 per cent, or 672,288 cords, was manufactured in Canada, while 847,939 cords, or 55.8 per cent, valued at \$5,940,992, were exported in the raw state, practically all to the United States.

Of the total amount exported, 75 per cent, valued at \$3,933,423, went from Quebec; 14.5 per cent, valued at \$800,808, went from New Brunswick, and 10 per cent, valued at \$570,000, went from Ontario.

All of the exported pulpwood came from privately owned lands, the domestic supply coming from crown lands in consequence of the regulations now in force in Ontario, Quebec and New Brunswick prohibiting the export of wood cut on crown lands.

If the pulpwood exported had been first manufactured into pulp Canadian producers would have received three times as much for it, or about \$10,000,000 more. Thus the advocates of prohibitive export duty argue that the loss to Canadian labor and in profits to industry was last year fully \$10,000,000.

Two suggestions are made by way of export duty, making the change from present conditions gradual; second, a royal commission to pave the way and avoid trouble for a year or so at any rate.

CHEW KING GEORGE'S NAVY PLUG

For Sale Everywhere

THE ROCK CITY TOBACCO CO. LTD. QUEBEC

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach. A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine of known composition, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

BURIED YESTERDAY

The funeral services of James Kee, who was a well known resident of Kentville, Nova Scotia, were held yesterday at 11 o'clock in the presence of a large number of the deceased. The burial service was read by Rev. R. P. McKim, pastor of St. Luke's church, and interment was made in the family burial grounds.