

Canada was flowing unmistakably in favor of prohibition, and he could not see how a man could favor a dry canteen in Canada and a wet canteen mywhere else. Attacks Lemieux Fiercely. A number of the Conservative mem-bers attacked Mr. Lemieux and his motion with great ferocity. They de-gounced his speech as slanderous and

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16.50

(Concluded on Page 7, Column 3):

BRITISH ATTACK FOE

WITH GREAT VIOLENCE ing insurance underwriters here to-

Bulgarians Refuse to Admit Advances on Vardar River.

sinking is not known, other than it occurred prior to April 22. The City of Paris was owed by the Eller-Mann Lines and was built at Glasgow in 1907. She was 493 feet long, 57 foot beam. London, April 26.—A Bulgarian offi-tal communication dated Wednesday, which was received here today, says: "Between the Vardar River and Lake Doiran, after violent artillery activity mating thruout the day, the British at-tacked at night with considerable forces over the whole sector with the greatest of violence. The enemy was everywhere repulsed, mainly by grenades and in bloody hand to hand fighting."

Lloyd George to Announce Important Imperial Policies

Copenhagen, April 26, via London.— At Malmo, Sweden, yesterday, 30,000 people took part in a demonstration before the town hall at which demands London, April 26.—The war cabinet were made for a commercial agree-ment with England, larger bread raconference met today, when vital de-cisions of common concern were. de-cided. Premier Borden and his col-leagues will attend the admission to e freedom of London tomorrow of noon while the demonstration was in byd George, who is expected to make progress. Similar demonstrations on important announcements on matters a smaller scale occurred at Gothen-of imperial concern.

* WAR SUMMARY * THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

NOTHER pause in the infantry action in France marks the comple-tion of the recent British operations, and the British and French tion of the recent British operations, and the British and French tion of the recent British operations, and the British and French preparations for the next ones. Only the artillery maintained its tory for France, which already was uncessing bombardment. On the British front the guns kept up a lively assured, but a victory of morality and right, which will "forever secure the existence of a world in which all our children shall draw free breath violent centres in the general artillery engagement were Cerny and Hurtebise. The successes of the allies have attracted to the western front all in full peace and undisturbed pursuit the divisions raised and trained by the enemy in the past winter for his of their labors." offensive against Russia, and those not already destroyed will now have to Bombs Dropped by Aviator

via England from an East Indian

port. The date and locality of the

Masses in Sweden Demand

face the further assaults of the allies. . .

An important outcome of this week's fierce action has been the gaining of a British ascendancy over the Germans in the fighting of the open field. Berne, April 26, via Paris,-Late an interview given to Berlin newspapers in mid-winter, Von Hindenburg Dredicted that the German army would welcome the return of a trof man-oeuvre, because while it was an old army and especially trained for this sort of war, the British army was a new and untrained army, except for trench warfare. He suggested that in a war of the open field variety the German army, with its superior training, would fight at a great advantage over the British army with its inferior training. When the testing-time ar-rower, the British success exploded this theory. The Germans had gained considerable useful tactical experience in their Polish campaign of 1915. and they hoped that this would serve them in good stead. The British wires destroyed. Three persons, in-cluding a child, were injured. The military authorities are seeking the identity and nationality of the aviator. and they hoped that this would serve them in good stead. The British, however, it seems, have outclassed them in tactics. What they now need above all is a constant and increasing stream of shells to blast the Germans in Artillery Provokes

out of France and Belgium. So far the first few weeks of this spring's fighting, as compared with the same period after the opening of the battle of the Somme last year, have brench the British double the number of prisoners, a great many more spitured guns, and half the casualties. If the German lasses have been twice as great and the British losses half as great as in the fame period ant July, the present British coperations must be four times as effective as (Command on Page 2, Coin. 1 and 2).

TO SEND TROOPS Military Military Military KE ASAS U. J. most of the day to arranging the dis-most of the autical beginning of formal conferences has been delayed both by the amount of information to be pre-pared for American Government offi-cials and by the desire to postpone them until the French could take part. City of Paris Was Bound for New York From East Indies.

Marshal Discusses Military New York, April 26 .- The British **Outlook** With American freight steamship City of Paris. a vessel of 9239 tons gross register, Army Heads. has been sunk by a German sub marine, according to advices reach-

EXCHANGES OF VIEWS day. The City of Paris, loaded with cargo, was on her way to New York

France Believes U. S. Co-operation Will Ensure Peace

eration Will Ensure Peace for World. Washington, April 26.—Conferences between members of the French war mission and American Government officials for exchanges of views re-

garding the conduct of the war TO OPEN PROPAGANDA **Commercial Pact With Britain** against Germany began here today after the leading commissioners had said official calls upon President Wilson, Vice-President Marshall and

Daniels.

Dr. Meyer Arranges to Start Paper in Berne for Republicans. Secretaries Lansing, Baker and Of foremost importance was a long talk between Marshal Joffre and members of his staff and Secretary Baker, Gen. Scott, chief of staff, and Washington, April 26.-Official de-spatches from Berne to the state de-

partment announce the appointment there of a committee organized for several other American army offi-cers. France is known to desire the propaganda purposes in favor of the establishment of a republican form of sending of an American expedition-ary force to co-operate with her armies, and Marshal Joffre came to government in Germany. The com-mission is headed by Dr. Roese Meyer, former editor of The Morgenpost of Berlin. Establishment at an early date of a newspaper to further the work of the committee at Berne is an-nounced. The publication will be the United States prepared to give reasons for the opinion of French military experts that the sending of such a force is advisable. Information regarding the meeting between the military leaders was withheld. Soon after the conclusion of the conference, Rene Viviani, vice-preknown as The Freie Zeitung.

Sensational Report From Montreal Results in Increased Vigilance.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, April 26.—Mederic Martin, M.P. for the St. Mary's division of Montreal, and mayor of that city, received a telephone message from No. 3 police station of Montreal this evening that it was reported that there was to be a German attempt tonight to gas or bomb the Victoria. Museum, where parliament is meeting. Work Havoc in Swiss Town The police passed on the information, they had received for what it was

OF BOMB CONSPIRACY

worth, Mr. Martin notified the police authorities here and careful watch was instituted, but there was no sign of any attack meditated.

intervals of strange quiet just where the determined line of British troops were approaching their unsuspecting gray clad foes.

them until the French could take part. The discussions to date were stated today to have brought about complete agreement by British and American officia's as to main principles involved. It became known today that Mr. Bal-four and Secretary McAdoo had agreed on the general principles affecting such momentous subjects as shipping, bank-ing, trade and exchange. British military and naval officials also have been in conference with their American colleagues, but as yet no announcements have been made. Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, the Chin-Barrage Cuts Off Foe. Four successful daylight assaults had left a touch of chagrin which was to be wiped out in this "getting" of a man. There is little more to tell. The sound of the fighting in the trenches was lost in the British barrage, which closed down some distance behind the German position immediately the British signaled they had

entered the position. This barrage cut off any German who attempted to flee from the bayonet charge. Thus in 10 minutes with the silent bayonet was secured a position which

had held out for two days. The bayonet also has come in ef-fectively in dealing with the ever troublesome machine guns and guntroublesome machine guns and gun-ners. A few brave men, stealing out in the night, have been able to ac-complish much. Several British battalions have re-FOR GERMAN REVOLT

London, April 26.—The following honors awarded Canadian soldiers for deeds of gallantry are announced: Military Cross.—Lieut. Edwin Al-fred Trandell who, at great personal risk, carried out difficult reconnais-sances and made a complete patrol under enemy fire, gaining in station Several British battalions have re-ported in the past few days that the Germans are again employing the old "kamerad" ruse, suddenly standing up in the shallow trenches and holding up their hands and shouting across to their opponents that they would sur-render. Two battalions, believing in the sincerity of this proposal, started across to bring in the prisoners, but were immediately attacked. Fighting More Bitter. Incidents like this have helped ma-terially to give an element of bitber-ness to the fighting to a degree which has started even those men who have been, in the battles since the first German rush thru Belgium. means and the prisoners is a started even those men who have been in the battles since the first German rush thru Belgium. means and the prisoners is a started even those men who have been in the battles since the first German rush thru Belgium.

across to bring in the prisoners, out were immediately attacked. Fighting More Bitter. Incidents like this have helped ma-terially to give an element of bitter-ness to the fighting to a degree which has startled even those men who have been, in the battles since the first German rush thru Belgium. The British have given unceasing attention to the bayonet fighting drill in the past two years. The months of training in England have been sup-plemented by post-graduate courses in the great training camps in France, and continued as the units passed down thru the corps into divisions. The might

E. B. Milward.

BRITISH CONSOLIDATE

Sir Stanley Maude Reports Steady

Bombardment of Turks.

London, April 25.—A British official communication dealing with the opera-tions in Mesopotamia says: "We are satisfactorily consolidating the positions we have gained. A steady bombardment of enemy positions con-

our air craft raided an enemy depot Cernista, causing considerable dam-



From Falling Victims

to Gas.

London, April 26 .- The following

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

WIN DECORATIONS
Lieut. Trendell Carries Out Difficult Reconnaissances at Great Risk.
CORPORAL'S BRAVERY
Importance."
Importance."
The official communication issued by the French war office tonight reads:
"In Pacific and Communication issued by the French war office tonight reads:
"In Pacific and Communication issued by the French war office tonight reads:
"In Pacific and Communication issued by the French war office tonight reads:
"In Pacify and March war office tonight reads:
"In Pacific and Communication issued by the French war office tonight reads:
"In Pacify and March war office tonight reads:
"In the sector of Westende, South of the Ailette River we caught under our fire and dispersed an enemy could be an enemy office tonight reads:
"In the sector of Westende, South of the Ailette River we caught under our fire and dispersed an enemy caught under our fire and dispersed an enemy office tonight reads:
"In the sector of Westende, South of the Ailette River we caught under our fire and dispersed an enemy caught
"In the isot renew their attempts.
"In the isot tonight reads:

strong enemy reconnaissance which at-tempted to reach our lines in the Avo-court Wood was repulsed by our gren-Hall Rescues Two Comrades adiers.

adiers. Foe Planes Felied. "On April 23 and 24 six German air-planes were brought down in aerial en-gagements by our pilots. In addition sixteen other enemy machines were seen falling into their own lines seri-ously damaged. From the 16th to the 22nd of April our pilots have added appreciably to the number of their ex-ploits. Sub-Lieut. Dorne brought down his nineteenth and twentieth machine;

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 3).

PRINCE'S BODY CANNOT BE SENT TO GERMANY

Britain Has Replied to Request Made Thru Neutral Sovereign.

London, April 26.—Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blockade, said in reply to a question in the house of commons today that a private in-quiry had been received thru the sovereign of a neutral power as to

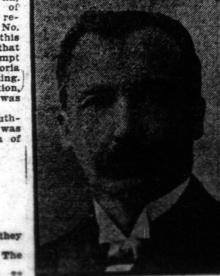
The prince, who was a cousin of Emperor William, had previously been reported by Berlin as missing after an air raid by the Germans in this vicinity. POSITIONS ON TIGRIS

> FEWER WOUNDED TO BE TAKEN TO ENGLAND

Decrease in Number of Hospital Ships is Logical Course.

wasnington, April 26.—Measures to cope with the continued destruction of hospital ships by German submarines will be among the first questions tak-en up by the British and French com-missions.

TRENCH RAINCOATS. Trendish officers trench coats-a muser-dreadnought raincoat-made of two layers of rubber and Palerane giazed proof: warranted for two years service in any elimete. A minimize the racessary to establish greater num-ber of hospital ships and thus mini-mize the racessary to establish greater furthis for caring for greater num-bers of allied wounded in France in-atead of theme exceptional coats



SIR CLIFFORD SIFTON

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The Best Local Paper When people buy a newspaper they