Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

TWENTY-THIRD

EIGHT PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING JULY 3 1902—EIGHT PAGES

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Government Majority of 1 Hangs on 4 Spoiled Ballots
Lennox Goes Conservative, But North Grey Liberal

THREE MAJORITY IN LENNOX, TWO IN NORTH GREY, JUDGE SAYS

Mr. Justice Maclennan, by His Announcement Yesterday, Changes the Political Slate.

POPULAR MAJORITY IS AGAINST ROSS

Points in the Judgment—A Scrutiny of the Ballots in Grey to Be Held.

FIGURES.

As the parties now stand the slate is:

Liberals	49
Conservatives	48
Vacant	1
Liberal Majority	1

When North Grey has been scrutinized it is the confident hope of Conservatives that the slate will be:

Liberals	48
Conservatives	49
Vacant	1
Conservative Majority	1

Should North Renfrew in the bye-election go Liberal the slate then would be:

Liberals	49
Conservatives	49

The government would then have to elect a speaker from among their number, and the voting slate in the house would be:

Liberals	48
Conservatives	49
Conservative Majority	1

This would throw the government down.

The political situation in Ontario at the present moment is decidedly encouraging from the viewpoint of Conservatives. The announcement made by Mr. Justice Maclennan of the Court of Appeal yesterday morning, that Lennox had been given to the Conservative candidate, has raised the hopes of the opposition sky-high. Doubt has now given way to a certainty that Mr. Whitney will be the next Premier.

As matters now stand, the government has a majority of one. Mr. Ross has a following of 49, the Conservatives 48, and there is one seat—North Renfrew—vacant.

The Conservatives, however, declare that they can wipe this majority out. They figure it that North Grey will fall into line on a scrutiny of the ballots. Of this there is not the slightest doubt in their minds. This, then, would exactly reverse the situation, by giving Conservatives 49 and Liberals 48. West Huron, too, they argue, will also go Conservative on a scrutiny. In both instances, they claim to have a sufficient number of illegal ballots, which, at the scrutiny, will be discovered, to change the present result of the elections. As things now stand, the fate of the government hinges on North Grey.

Ross' Slender Hold.

Looking at it from the other side, the government's position is equally precarious. Even if there is no further change in the political complexion of the constituencies, they have only a majority of one, not including the vacant seat, which the Conservatives by no means concede to the government. The election of a speaker, which must necessarily take place immediately on the legislature re-assembling, would no means concede to the government. The election of a speaker, which must necessarily take place immediately on the legislature re-assembling, would wipe this majority out, so that the forces of both parties will be of equal strength on the opening of the House. Despite this, however, it is not expected that Premier Ross will resign. It is generally thought that the position he will take, when he finds that he is without a majority, will be to await the results of the bye-elections, in the hope that they will go Liberal.

This phase of the question, tho, is not viewed with alarm by the Conservatives. They admit it is usually the case for bye-elections to go with the government, but only when that government is strong. The present administration, they maintain, are tottering, and the wave of popular opinion is overwhelmingly against them, so that it is, therefore, only fair to assume tht the bye-elections will go Conservative.

Popular Vote Against Him.

Another thing that the Conservatives point to with a great deal of satisfaction is the fact that public opinion is strongly in favor of them, and opposed to the government. To prove this, they point out that the total vote polled at the last election was approximately 427,556. Of this number, government candidates secured 211,005 and Conservative candidates 216,551, thus giving a popular majority of 5546 for Mr. Whitney. In one seat, Centre Grey, the Conservative candidate, I. B. Lucas, was elected by acclamation, and, taking the majority of nearly 1100, which he succeeded in piling up in the election of 1898, the Conservatives have thus a popular majority of nearly 7000.

Will the Premier Resign?

Will Premier Ross resign when he returns from his trip to England?

This question was on the lips of politicians yesterday, of both parties. Said one prominent Conservative, "I can't, for the life of me, see how Mr. Ross can carry on the government after the way things have turned out. The only honest and upright course for him to

Continued on Page 3.

DELIVER MEDALS AT PARIS

This Idea is Favored by H. P. Dwight of the Royal Canadian Humane Association.

RECOGNITION FOR DR. D. DUNTON

Toronto Clergyman Endorses Proposed Plans for Sanford's Education—Designed for Ministry.

The strange case of Joshua Sanford, the Paris well-digger, is exciting intense interest among the people of Toronto, as well as those in all parts of the country. Since his declaration that he desired to secure an education that he might "work for God," the interest in the affair has materially increased. This feature of the case is but little less remarkable than those surrounding his entombment.

Here is a man who has followed the vocation of a well-digger since he was 16 years of age, of no religious tendency, converted to the idea of his responsibility to his Maker in a moment of dire peril. Since being rescued from the well this seems to have been the consuming idea of the young fellow. He declares that he could never have been rescued without divine intercession; and, in truth, there are many features of the extraordinary case that lend color to this contention.

His Escape Remarkabl.

Buried under tons of earth, receiving air thru the most precarious manner incident to the presence of the piping in the well, even this scant supply was cut off after the second cave-in. Then he was supplied with air thru the infinitely small crevices between the brick and earth, and this is considered miraculous because of the known presence of quicksand between the point where he was confined and the surface. Then, at the conclusion of four days of the most imminent peril, Joshua Sanford escapes alive and little worse for his horrifying experience.

There are many who see in his experience Biblical parallels where men who afterwards became apostles and famous followers of Christ were brought to a realization of their responsibility by some horrible suffering or extreme danger.

Made of Good Stuff.

Those especially interested in the case insist that it is no argument against the theory that Joshua Sanford may not hope to distinguish himself as a minister of the Gospel, that he has always been a well-digger or a farmer, and is lacking in even the rudiments of an education. The fact that the young man has always discharged his responsibility toward his mother and sisters argues well for the quality of which he is made. Because of domestic troubles he has for years supported his mother and five sisters. Aside from the courage he has exhibited in this terrible case, Joshua Sanford's daily sacrifices for his aged mother and his sisters add lustre to the laurels conceded to him because of his bravery in the well. He is but 28 years old, strong of mind and vigorous of body. Many of the famous preachers of modern times were unable to read and write at this age, and had never thought of a career in the pulpit. Under the circumstances, friends of the young man argue, there is every reason to expect something from him, since he has declared his determination to get an education and study for the ministry. They point out that three years in a university and as many more in a theological institution ought to graduate Joshua Sanford, wholly fitted for the career he has selected.

Career Chosen By Mother.

It is a coincidence that the mother of this young man designed his career along this line. She is a very devout woman, and bestowed upon her son the name of that unique Biblical character who was selected by God, according to the Old Testament, to succeed Moses as the leader of the children of Israel when death deprived the chosen people of a leader. She never wholly disabused her mind of the idea that her son Joshua would some day become a preacher. Mrs. Sanford now regards her son's burial and escape as wholly a miracle, and intended to lead him to the path designed for him years ago.

Many friends of Sanford in Toronto are working along the idea that he should come here and deliver a lecture under the auspices of his Paris friends. Within the next 48 hours an invitation will be sent to Sanford and a number of his friends at Paris, by a number of leading Toronto citizens, to the end that they come to Toronto as soon as he is well enough.

Endorsed By Rev. J. L. Gordon.

This idea of Sanford desiring to study for the ministry is appealing to many citizens. For instance, here is a letter on this subject from Rev. James Gordon, one of the best-known ministers of Toronto:

Editor World, I write this note to indicate my interest in the case of Mr. Joshua Sanford. His desire to study for the ministry appeals to me greatly. I wish you great success in your efforts to place an education within his reach.

July 2, 1902. James L. Gordon.

Medals Presented at Paris.

It is practically settled that the medals of the Royal Humane Society will be delivered to the well heroes at Paris. This is the idea of Mr. H. P. Dwight, chairman of the Board of Investigation, and he has so indicated to the president. It is learned that there are no medals in stock at present, so the supply in this case must be especially manufactured. This will require two or three days. Then the plan, as now arranged, is to have the board go to Paris and deliver them at a meeting to be called by them.

Another Name for the List.

The idea is growing that Dr. D. Dunton, the physician who made repeated trips into the well to administer to Sanford as he lay fastened by one foot, should be included in the medal awards. It is known that at least one member of the Investigating Committee insists that Dr. Dunton's extraordinary services in this case be acknowledged. In addition to risking his life by trips into the well, which were necessary, as a person skilled in medicine was required at the bottom of the shaft, he remained night and day at the well, where his services were almost constantly required. Dr. Dunton's retiring nature will not permit him to claim the credit his friends think is so abundantly due him, so they are prepared to force an investigation along the line that justice may be done. Letters were sent to-day to Rev. E. D. Silcox, urging him to investigate the claim of Dr. Dunton to a medal.

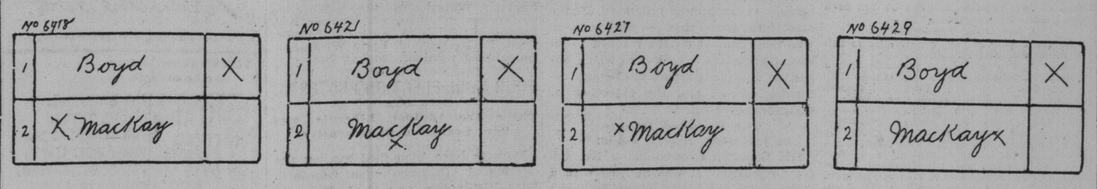
Clear Havana Cigar La Arrow 10c, for 5c straight. Alive Bollard Yonge St.

TRANSPORT WITH BOERS.

Cape Town, July 2.—The steamship Canada arrived here to-day with 400 Boers, who were formerly prisoners on the Island of St. Helena, on board. The Canada is the first transport bringing former Boer prisoners back to South Africa to reach here.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

SALVATION OF PREMIER ROSS



Notorious Four Spoiled Ballots from North Grey.

WHERE JUDGES DIFFER.

"It is a case of the gravest suspicion. and after giving it the fullest consideration I am clearly of the opinion that the ballots have been tampered with since election night."—County Judge Morrison's remarks on the four spoiled ballots at the North Grey recount in Owen Sound on June 11.

"I think they were simply not observed in the hurry of counting, while the crosses for Boyd, being conspicuous, caused them to be at once counted for him. It appears to me there is hardly room even for a suspicion that the marks complained of were made after the counting of the votes."—Mr. Justice Maclennan's remarks on the four spoiled ballots at the North Grey recount appeal at Osgoode Hall, July 2.

Affidavits of Scrutineers and Deputy-Returning Officer Which Bear Out County Judge Morrison's Suspicions

John H. Carson, William Goudy, Thomas Buchan and John Kennedy Solemnly Declare on Day of Election There Was Only One Spoiled Ballot, Where To-Day There Are Five, in No. 9 St. Vincent.

The finding of Judge Maclennan in the North Grey election appeal, giving the seat to the Liberal candidate by a majority of two, it is to be remembered, was given on an appeal for a recount alone and no evidence was taken nor was there any attempt made to show that the ballots had been tampered with after they left the hands of the voters. Mr. Justice Maclennan took the ballots as he found them, showing plain crosses in the compartment for marks for the Conservative candidate, and faint markings in the Liberal candidate's compartment. There was no evidence of the facts to prove that the ballots were tampered with, and the judge had no other means of ascertaining if fraud had been practised.

The Conservative has now one more chance to claim the seat, and that is by a protested scrutiny. This is a tedious process and involves taking evidence and going over every ballot in order to ascertain if there has been any foul play to deprive the rightful member of his seat. At the scrutiny the disputed ballots will be traced to the electors who marked them. They will be called to give evidence, and they will be able to enlighten the courts if they marked the ballots in the manner in which they were found by the judge of the recount and by the appeal judge. If they voted for Mr. Boyd and did not mutilate the ballots to spoil their votes, these facts will come out and the public will have an opportunity of judging of the claim of the Conservatives that the ballots were spoiled after they left the hands of the voters.

In this connection it is interesting to note what the deputy returning officer at poll No. 9 of St. Vincent says. He made a sworn statement before a justice of the peace, and in that sworn statement these words are found:

"I did not see any ballots in said division that ahd two crosses upon any of them; that ther was one spoiled ballot not counted for either of the candidates, and put in an envelope and put in the ballot box; and that I was not provided with envelopes for the other ballots, and they were placed loosely in said ballot box, which was then locked and sealed in the presence of William Goudy, Thomas Buchan and George Dyce."

William Goudy, scrutineer for George M. Boyd, the Conservative candidate, made an affidavit before a commissioner, and among other things he says:

"All ballots counted for said George M. Boyd were properly marked and that there were none counted for the said Boyd that had two crosses on or a cross opposite each name of the two candidates, and after the said count and toting up of said ballots they were not placed in envelopes, there being no envelopes there for that purpose, but were put in the ballot box loosely, and the same were sealed in my presence and in the presence of John H. Carson."

Another affidavit is put in by Thomas Buchanan, who acted as scrutineer in the interest of A. G. McKay, the Liberal candidate. He says this:

"That I saw all ballots counted and added up, and state that there were no ballots with two crosses thereon; that there was only one spoiled ballot which was put in a separate envelope and put in ballot box; that the other ballots were not put in envelopes but were simply put in box in a lose state."

John Kennedy, who was also a scrutineer for George M. Boyd, makes affidavit to the following effect: "That, at said polling division, there was only one spoiled ballot, which was put in an envelope and put in ballot box; that there were no ballots in said division with two crosses on; that after all ballots were counted by John H. Carson and the scrutineer, the said Carson, who was deputy returning officer, was asked by William Goudy for the envelopes to put ballots in, so he could sign his name on the wrapper, when Carson replied he had not been furnished with envelopes for the ballots, and that the ballots were all loosely put into the ballot box, which was then locked and sealed in my presence and in that of John H. Carson and Thomas Goudy and George Dyce."

Before the appeal judge there was no opportunity to produce these affidavits or receive evidence that would throw light on the transactions, which are alleged to be of a shady nature.

ELDER POTTER APOLOGIZED

Yankee Preacher Made an Attack on the British at a Sherbrooke Camp Meeting.

ROUSED IRE OF THE BRETHREN.

Under the Union Jack He Humbly Retracted and Then Fled Across the Border.

Montreal, July 2.—There is a great deal of excitement in the Eastern Townships over an attack made by Elder Potter on the British in South Africa at a camp meeting near Sherbrooke yesterday.

The following resolution was adopted by the brethren: "That whereas the Rev. Elder Potter, preaching upon Canadian soil and to a largely Canadian audience, grossly insulted His Majesty and the government of Great Britain by uncalled for, false and malicious statements regarding the management of the affairs in South Africa, and whereas such remarks are insulting to a very large proportion of his audience, it is respectfully requested that the reverend gentleman do, this evening, apologize for such statements, withdraw the same and express his regrets at having given utterance to such offensive remarks."

This resolution was placed in the hands of Elder Potter, and before the evening service the pulpit was draped with the national colors and the Union Jack was placed overhead. Standing beneath its folds, in the presence of a very large audience, the reverend gentleman read the resolution and complied with its demands. He left on the first train for the United States side of the line, and did not return to the camp meeting.

Don't wait until the rush comes to order an iron fence from the Canada Foundry Company, 14-16 King St. East

VAN HORNE IN THIS.

New York, July 2.—Mr. Spreckels, when asked who were the officers of the newly-incorporated sugar refining company, said: "The Board of Directors of the Federal Sugar Company consists of the following gentlemen: John W. Mackey, Sir William C. Van Horne, Dumont Clark, Edwin Hawley, William W. Cook and myself. I am president of the company and Mr. Mackey is vice-president."

Gibbons' Toothache Gum—Price 10c. 24

RUSSIAN RIOTERS KILLED.

London, July 2.—A despatch to the Reuter Telegraph Company, from St. Petersburg, says there have been labor riots for the past few days at Rostov-on-Don, in the Province of Ekaterinoslav, Southern Russia. There have been numerous collisions between the troops and the rioters; the troops fired and many of the rioters were killed or wounded.

Don't forget C.Y.M.S. Moonlight, 25c-50c.

STRIKE ON THE U.P.

Omaha, Neb., July 2.—The strike of the machinists and boilermakers of the Union Pacific seems to have settled down to a stubborn, quiet fight for supremacy.

CHAMBERLAIN TONGUE-TIED.

Speech in Opening Colonial Premiers' Conference Was Indefinite.

London, July 2.—The speech made by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, at the conference of colonial premiers, on Monday, is said to have been a great disappointment. It is described as "varied and comprehensive, but indefinite." While Mr. Chamberlain covered a large field of subjects in his speech, he committed himself to no decided opinion on any one of them, and he advanced no definite opinion or proposal of any kind on behalf of the government, his only suggestion in the direction of imperial federation being that of the periodic repetition of the conference of the colonial premiers in London.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech has left the impression that, regarding the zollverein and all other important points, including Imperial defence, not only his hands, but his tongue, also, is tied.

DIED ON A HOLIDAY TRIP.

Mrs. W. E. Stanley of Montreal Taken Off Steamer at Brockville.

Brockville, July 2.—Mrs. Stanley, wife of Mr. W. E. Stanley, an employe of Thomas May & Co., Montreal, died suddenly this morning at the General Hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Stanley left Montreal by the steamer Spartan, for a holiday trip, and Mrs. Stanley was taken ill en route, and was taken off the boat on its arrival yesterday afternoon and placed in the hospital.

Huron Old Boys' Excursion to Seaforth, Saturday, July 5th. Fare, $1.60 return, good for 8 days. Everybody welcome.

CADETS MUST GIVE UP GUILTY.

London, July 2.—Owing to the continuance of incendiary fires at the Royal Military College at Sandhurst, Lord Roberts has adopted drastic measures to discover the guilty persons. He has given the cadets 48 hours to deliver up the culprits, failing which all the cadets will be "rusticated."

To Improve a Church.

Preparations are being made for extensive improvements in the interior decorations of the Bond-street Congregational Church. The edifice will be closed during the month of August for that purpose. The walls are to be tinted in oil, other portions of the work work repainted and renovated and a handsome new carpet added. Twenty-five hundred dollars will be spent in the work. Services will be held during the month at some other place. During the time the church is closed Rev. James Gordon, the pastor, will take his vacation, tho he has not determined yet whether he will remain quietly in Toronto or go out of the city for the time.

C.Y.M.S. Moonlight to-night. 48th Band.

A SANFORD FUND.

The fund for Sanford and the heroes who rescued him is beginning to grow. In addition to the fifty dollars from a source previously acknowledged and a guarantee of the rent for the Massey Hall meeting, the following communications were received yesterday:

Editor World: Inclosed please find one dollar towards the Sanford fund.
Joseph Johnson.

Editor World: I will give five cents to start a present for the three men, Carney, Hamilton and Doyle, who so nobly rescued Sanford from a living tomb. J. Porter, 433 Euclid-avenue.

A Friend sends $1.

The World will be pleased to acknowledge all contributions and suggestions along this line day by day.

C. P. R. CIRCULARS.

New Appointments Made and Approved by the Executive.

Montreal, Que., July 2.—Circulars were issued to-day, the first by Mr. D. McNicoll, approved by Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, appointing Mr. G. McL. Brown superintendent of dining and parlor cars and of hotels of the Canadian Pacific Railway, vice Mr. J. A. Sheffield, resigned. Mr. Brown has been acting as executive agent at Vancouver, representing Sir Thomas Shaughnessy there, asd, previous to that, was district passenger agent there.

Mr. C. W. Spencer also issued a circular to-day, appointing Mr. H. B. Spencer general superintendent of the Ottawa Northern and Western Railway, vice Mr. W. B. Resseman, who left the service yesterday to join that of the New York Central. The circular was approved of by A. R. Creelman, K. C., president, and is effective to-day.

GOING TO LONDON.

Chas. M. Hays Will Confer With the G.T.R. Directors.

Montreal, July 2.—Mr Charles M. Hays, second vice-president and general manager of the Grand Trunk, will leave for England shortly, probably next week, to confer with the directors in London. It is likely he will return in August, when he will be accompanied by the president, Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, who will then make his annual inspection. Mr. Hays will be able to lay a statement before the board showing that this year's receipts are far in advance of last year's, notwithstanding that the Buffalo Exposition was at full blast a year ago. From May 1 to June 21 the gross receipts show an increase of $368,680.

Famous Scotch Whiskies—Hill-Thompson's & Sheriff's Special Scotch, draws from original packages. 31 Colborne 46

ANOTHER STRIKER SHOT.

Roanoke, Va., July 2.—A special to The Times says: Estill Jones, white, a belligerent striker, was shot and killed at Simmon's Creek, W. Va., last night, while trying to force himself thru the guard's line. The shooting was clearly self defence. Jones was asked to leave the premises, which he refused to do, and fired at the guard a number of times, after which the guard returned the fire, killing Jones instantly.

Don't forget C.Y.M.S. Moonlight, 25c-50c.

SAILS ON JULY 15.

London, July 2.—The Earl of Dundonald, the new general officer commanding the Canadian militia, sails for Canada on July 15.

C.Y.M.S. Moonlight to-night. 48th Band.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

London, July 2.—The London Chamber of Commerce has appointed a committee to inquire into the project of a fast Atlantic service.

For Smokers "a Convincing Argument."

The very fact that we actually sold in June over fifteen hundred pounds of "Clubb's Dollar Mixture," is positive proof that smokers know a good thing. A high-grade dollar fifty mixture is practically what you get when you buy it. 1 lb. tin $1.00, 1-2 lb. tin 50c, 1-4 lb. package 25c, sample package 10c. A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King West

IT IS TIME TO LIVE UNITED

Sentiments of Race Have Held Canadians Apart, Says Le Journal of Montreal.

AN APPEAL TO FORGET THE PAST.

And Work in Harmony for the Development of Our Common Country.

Montreal, July 2.—The following article from Le Journal, the French Conservative organ, denotes a welcome change in the public mind of French Canada. "Yesterday," it says, "was the thirty-fourth anniversary of the Confederation—Dominion. Unfortunately we do not celebrate this day with all the eclat and enthusiasm it deserves, for it is our national feast, and we are a people of six millions. On this day all Canadians, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, should fraternize, so as to affirm with energy our existence as a nation. English, French, Irish, Scotch, all Canadians living upon the soil chosen by our ancestors, or chosen by ourselves, it is our duty to set aside all sentiments of race and to live united and work together for the development of our common country, and our country has not upheld nor given full force to its development, if, enjoying the same resources and climate as the United States, it has not as yet attained the degree of prosperity seen in the great republic. It is in part for the following reasons:

"There is here a certain element which too frequently turns its regards to the Mother Country, and neglects, thru an unreasonable sentimentalism, the well-known interests of Canada. On the one hand, imperialism clearly defined by the tariff or exceptional preference, and on the other the silly desire to imitate all that is Parisian, are the direct consequences of the first defect. We probably discount too much our country's past, while we do not endeavor to smooth away the difficulties which are likely to retard our progress.

"It cannot be denied, the great obstacles which have delayed our progress are questions of race and religion. They have been numerous since 1867."

Le Journal goes on to cite the New Brunswick school question, the Northwest rebellion, the Manitoba school question, imperialism and several others, and says:

"Now that the most burning of these questions are dead, would it not be better to pass the sponge on old enmities, and work, all together, for the greater development of Canada? If it should happen that we again have reason to complain of the trespassing of a certain element upon the rights of another, let us make our complaints quietly and with calmness. It is not by irritating those against whom we have grievances that we will predispose them in our favor. Let us appeal to their reason, and not forget that there is under our flag that spirit of justice that will cause the triumph of right and equity."

Mr. Arthur Beauchesne, a young writer of ability, and a Canadian in the largest sense of the word, has taken editorial charge of Le Journal.

Good Iron Fences take time to make. Order now from the Canada Foundry Company, Limited, 14-16 King St. East.

DIED IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, July 2.—Mr. E. Mery Lavigne, well-known organist and musician, died to-night.

C. Y. M. S. Moonlight, Str. Chippewa.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Public School Board, City Hall, 7.45 p.m.

Carlton-st. Methodist Church Young Men's Club moonlight excursion, steamer Chippewa, 8 p.m.

Vaudeville at Hanlan's Point, 3 and 8 p.m.

Vaudeville at Munro Park, 3 and 8 p.m.

C.Y.M.S. Moonlight, Str. Chippewa.

ADVICE TO TENANTS, 'PAY UP'

Pending Evictions on Lord De Freyne's Estate Defended by the Chief Secretary for Ireland.

CLAIM TENANTS WERE INTIMIDATED.

Spirited Debate in House of Commons on a Motion by Mr. Russell, Liberal.

London, July 2.—A long and heated debate on the Irish land question was precipitated in the House of Commons to-night. Thomas W. Russell (Liberal) moved the adjournment of the house to discuss the pending evictions from the estate of Lord De Freyne, in Roscommon County, in connection with which Lord De Freyne recently had writs issued against a large number of the Irish parliamentary party, whom he charged with conspiracy in the matter.

Threatens Trouble.

Mr. Russell declared that unless the government intervened to prevent these evictions an era of trouble and turmoil would be inaugurated in the West of Ireland, where there was trouble enough already. He said that he had visited the De Freyne estate three times, and that he was thoroly convinced of the injustice under which the tenants of the estate suffered. The people in question were the poorest of the poor.

Should Reduce Rents.

Continuing, Mr. Russell said he believed one word from Mr. Wyndham, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, would settle the whole trouble, and that he thought the reduction of the rents collected on the estate by 33 per cent. should not be excessive for those bog lands, which were now renting for more money than was obtained for decent arable land in Ulster Province.

Surprised at Russell.

Mr. Wyndham replied to Mr. Russell, with some asperity, that he was surprised to find the latter siding against law and order. The rents from the De Freyne estate, he said, had been reduced 37 per cent. in the past 20 years, and that he knew some of the organizers were making money out of the agitation. His advice to the tenants was to pay up. This statement was greeted with groans from the house.

Tenants Intimidated.

Hundreds had done so, said Mr. Wyndham, and this remark was received with Conservative cheers, and many more would like to, but were intimidated. Mr. Wyndham said it was impossible to carry out the land purchase scheme in Ireland when it was interrupted by agitators who desired to make government there impossible.

Redmond's Statement.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader in the house, characterized Mr. Wyndham's statement as paltry and flippant. He declared that whatever money was paid in rentals on the De Freyne estate was earned by the male population working in England during the harvest season and he contended that the government would be directly responsible for the happenings on the De Freyne property.

After other members of the house had spoken on the subject, Mr. Russell's motion for an adjournment was defeated by 231 votes to 132.

DEATH FROM GREEN GRAPES.

Davenport, Iowa, July 2.—Three children of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Offerman died to-day from eating green grapes while suffering from scarlatina. Cholera morbus caused complications that quickly resulted fatally. A fourth child is seriously ill from the same cause.

A carriage for You—Want a carriage of any description? A good one? Telephone Main 3485—open all night. Dineen's Livery.

CARNEGIE PENSIONS FRIEND.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 2.—Andrew Carnegie has remembered another friend of his youth. John Powers of Sharpsburg to-day received word that he had been placed for $600 a year on the pension roll created by Mr. Carnegie for old friends and employes.

Mr. Powers is 69 years old. When a young man, he worked on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and was a companion of Andrew Carnegie.

Patents—Fetherstonhaugh & Co. King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington. ed

AHEAD OF LAST YEAR.

The number of paid passengers carried by the Toronto Railway Company on Dominion Day was 193,759, which is an increase over the number on the same day last year. The receipts were $494 greater than those off the previous Dominion Day.

Empress Hotel, 335, 337, 339 Yonge-st Modern first-class up-town Hotel—$1.50 and $2. Cars from all boats and trains.

Monuments.

The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street. Tel. 4249. Terminal Yonge-street car route.

BIRTHS.

McCLURE—On June 30, at 64 Bleecker-street, the wife of John A. McClure of a son.

MARRIAGES.

McKIM—FESSENDEN—On Tuesday, July 1, 1902, at 91 Summerhill-avenue, by the Rev. Dr. German, Mr. Thomas McKim to Miss Nora Belle Fessenden, both of Toronto.

DEATHS.

GORWILL—On Wednesday, July 2, at his late residence, 96 Queen's-road, Toronto Junction, Thomas Gorwill, in his 67th year.

Funeral Friday at 2 p.m. to Prospect Cemetery.

JARVIS—At Hamilton, on June 30, 1902, Thomas B. Jarvis, infant child of George and Maggie Jarvis.

Funeral Wednesday afternoon at 3.30, from family residence, 199 Hunter-street east.

MANNING—On Wednesday, July 2, at his late residence, 502 Parliament-street, R. Y. Manning of the People's Wholesale Supply Company, in his 49th year.

Funeral Friday at 3 p.m. No flowers.

PRAYERS OF 2000 DOCTORS OFFERED UP IN ST. PAUL'S FOR KING'S RECOVERY

Many of Them Wore Academic Robes at This Unique and Impressive Service.

KING COMPLIMENTS COLONIAL TROOPS

His Improvement Continues and Last Night He Ate a Good Dinner.

London, July 2.—King Edward has passed another good day. The quiet and routine of the royal sickroom was varied to-day by the excitement of listening to the music and cheers of the Indian troops, as they marched past the Palace and greeted Queen Alexandra on the balcony. King Edward demanded a full account of the review, and the formal report made by the Prince of Wales was supplemented by the personal narrative of the Queen.

His Majesty dictated a letter to the Duke of Connaught, commanding him to compliment the colonial and Indian troops upon their excellent appearance, and to thank them for their expressions of loyalty and sympathy, which he had heard with pleasure in his sickroom.

King Edward was somewhat disappointed that he was not able to see the march past of the troops. He had hoped that this would be possible from an invalid couch in a window of the Palace, but the King's doctors were unwilling that their patient should risk this exposure and excitement, and His Majesty had to content himself with hearing the troops, without seeing them.

At a late hour to-night, the King's improvement continued. It was said that he had partaken of a fairly good dinner and smoked a cigar.

The Prince and Princess of Wales gave a brilliant dinner party at York House to-night in honor of the visiting Indian princes.

A unique and impressive scene was witnessed in St. Paul's Cathedral this evening, when some 2000 doctors assembled beneath the dome of the building and offered prayers for the King's recovery. Many of the doctors wore their academic robes. A litany was sung in processios, the doctors joining in the singing. At the conclusion of the service, the congregation sent a message to Queen Alexandra, expressing its fervent wishes for His Majesty's speedy recovery

WORK OF ANARCHISTS.

Wound Sentinel and Try to Enter Magazine at Brest.

Brest, July 2.—Two men attempted to enter the magazine lying just outside the fort yesterday evening and wounded the sentinel with a revolver. The latter fired upon them with his rifle, raising an alarm, but his assailants escaped. A similar attempt was made Saturday evening and it is believed that Anarchists intended to blow up the magazine, which contained powder sufficient for five million cartridges.

CANADIANS SAIL TO-DAY.

London, July 2.—At 6 o'clock this afternoon Sir Frederick Borden stated that the contingent would leave in the morning. The War Office, he said, had invited the troops to prolong their stay a week, but that would really mean a fortnight, for a suitable vessel for transportation home could not be procured in less time, so that if nothing unforeseen occurs, the Canadians will sail from Liverpool on the good ship Tunisian at 2 o'clock on Thursday.

Panama Days.

They're here right now. And it isn't altogether because the Panama is stylish that it's worn so extensively. It's because the Panama is comfortable and cool, and because it wears well and is cleanable. Dineen has some Panamas just in selling to-day at $9.75. Couldn't be purchased elsewhere less than $12 to $15, They're the real thing, too.

Try the Decanter at Thomas.

CLOUDY, WITH SHOWERS.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, July 2.—(8 p.m.)—An extensive area of low pressure covers the entire western part of the continent and promises to cause a recurrence of unsettled weather in Ontario. To-day the weather in Canada has been generally fair, but showers have occurred in the Georgian Bay district, Southwestern Ontario and in the Territories. Temperatures have been higher in the Northwest Territories, Manitoba and the Maritime Provinces, elsewhere changes have been slight, except in the Gaspe Peninsula, where it has been somewhat cooler.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 54—62; Kamloops, 52—74; Calgary, 46—60; Qu'Appelle, 48—72; Winnipeg, 58—82; Parry Sound, 50—76, Toronto, 52—76; Ottawa, 50—72; Montreal, 50—78; Quebec, 50—60; Halifax, 50—78.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fresh easterly winds; cloudy, with showers and local thunderstorms.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Mostly cloudy, with showers at most places.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fresh winds; partly cloudy and not much change in temperature; local showers.

Maritime—Fair and moderately warm.

Lake Superior—Fresh east and northeast winds; mostly cloudy; some showers.

Manitoba—Mostly fair and a little lower temperature.

Cook's Turkish and Steam Baths. Bath and Bed $1, or private room $1.50

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

July 2.	At	From.
Corean	Montreal	Philadelphia
Kaiserin M. Th.	Cherbourg	New York
Ivernia	Queenstown	Boston
Rhynland	Queenstown	Philadelphia
Dominion	Liverpool	Montreal
Oceanic	Liverpool	New York
Pretorian	Moville	Montreal
Blucher	Plymouth	New York
St. Paul	Southampton	New York

Cook's Turkish and Steam Baths Bath and Bed $1, or private room $1.50