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The Toronto World.

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TWENTIETH YEAR — TEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 17 1899—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Rdg Room Library SENATE FO

BATTLE OF LEADERS.

Sir Charles Tupper Aroused the People of Goderich.

ROAST ON THE GOVERNMENT

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Colleagues Charged With Insincerity.

The Mission to Washington Discussed in Sharp Language—Speeches Made When in Opposition Are Now Coming to the Front Most Awkwardly — The Premier Rejected a Priceless Boon Offered by Great Britain — The Use of the Senate Vindicated — Other Speeches.

Goderich, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The fight is waxing hot in West Huron. Nothing is heard here except high praise of Sir Charles Tupper's speech at Clinton last night. This is the first visit Sir Charles has paid Goderich to participate in a federal election. His reception was, if possible, more enthusiastic than at Clinton. Sir Charles left the latter place by the noon-tide train, and was given a rousing send-off. Accompanying him were Dr Montague, Mr George Taylor, M.P., Mr Bennett, M.P. and Mr Robert McLean, the Conservative candidate, whose stock is rising in the political market each day the hot campaign proceeds.

Welcomed to Town.

Major Beck, president of the Conservative Association, and a large number of influential supporters met the visitors and welcomed them to Goderich. Sir Charles was escorted to the Hotel Bedford, where during the afternoon large numbers of Conservatives of Goderich and adjoining places shook the hand of the veteran leader and cheered him with reports of progress all along the line, the prelude of next Tuesday's victory.

Several Meetings.

Besides the great meeting in the Victoria Opera House and the overflow meeting at the court house here to-night, enthusiastic meetings were held in Dungannon and Auburn, addressed respectively by Dr. Montague and Mr. Bennett, M.P. Other Conservative meetings arranged for to-morrow are at Kintail, St. Augustine and East Wawanosh, the speakers at which will be Hon. M. Griffin of Montreal, Dr. Montague, Mr. Bennett, M.P., and Mr. Clancy, M.P., Mr. Henderson, M.P., and Mr. McLean, the candidate. Never before were there so many politicians in the riding taking a more earnest part in the struggle.

Liberals in Large Numbers.

Scattered throughout the riding are the following Ministers and M.P.'s, which the Liberals have summoned to their aid: Hon W Mulock, Postmaster-General; Hon J Israel Tarte, Minister of Public Works; Hon Mr Fitzpatrick, Solicitor-General; Hon Mr Paterson, Minister of Customs; Dr Landerkin, M.P., Dr Macdonald, M.P., O Higgins, M.P., J McMullen, M.P., Mr Talbot, M.P. of the Province of Quebec, and a host of local workers. This large importation the Conservatives here regard as a desperate move to bolster up a losing cause. Some even go so far as to say that the Liberal rank and file are panic-stricken.

The Principal Meeting.

The Goderich Opera House was densely crowded long before the proceedings began. Sir Charles Tupper's appearance was greeted with loud cheers, again and again renewed. Major Beck presided, supported by E. B. Osler, M.P., Mr. James Clancy, M.P., Mr. W. R. Bennett, M.P., and the officials of the Conservative Association. The Goderich marine band entertained the crowd outside.

The chairman said it was a distinguished honor to preside over a meeting, the chief speaker of which was one of the greatest statesmen in Canada. [Loud cheering.]

Mr. James McLeod, secretary of the local Conservative Association, read a very eulogistic address as to the services of Sir Charles Tupper to Canada and the British Empire.

What Sir Charles Said.

Sir Charles Tupper said the present election for West Huron was being seen at one of the most important crises in the political history of the Dominion. He highly endorsed Mr. McLean's candidature, and said he thought the Conservative standard-bearer would be an honor not only to that constituency, but to the great Liberal-Conservative party and to the country. One of the points he wished to insist on was the inadequacy of the gentlemen charged with the administration of the affairs of the Dominion for the high position they occupy. He challenged their right to claim that they had advanced the interests of Canada as they required to be advanced.

A Policy of Robbery.

The policy of the Government had been one of robbery and injustice, a policy to make the rich richer and the poor, poorer. They stood convicted before the country, either as being insincere, or that for the purpose of obtaining power, they had abandoned all the principles and all the policies they propounded for 18 years, and adopted the policy of the Conservatives, which they had steadily denounced, and which had placed Canada in a position that commanded the admiration of the civilized world. Instead of carrying out the principles they professed, we had evidence of their dishonesty, or that they had discovered that they were all wrong and we were all right.

His Mouth Had Been Closed.

Sir Charles said his mouth had been closed in reference to questions of this character on account of the great international commission, held first in Quebec, then at Washington. He felt that no party ever had such an opportunity to obtain fair conditions for Canada, but the hope was vain, and the commission had ended in disappointment, for the demand for the commissioners to leave the United States and come back to Canada is as loud from their own party as from their opponents. Canada, said Sir Charles, with impassioned emphasis, is being humiliated as never before. We are, said he, represented in all countries as grovelling at the feet of that great republic and begging for favors at their hands. We ask no favors for Canada. [Cheers.] We want justice and right and fair consideration, and that is all. It is my duty, continued Sir Charles, to put before you my own conviction that the failure of the commissioners is solely and entirely due to the unfortunate position that the men who have undertaken to carry out these negotiations occupy.

Review of the Past.

During 18 years the Liberal party sought to obtain power by denouncing the policy of the great Liberal Conservative party, to whom Canada owes all the great prosperity it possesses to-day, and when they found that they could not induce the people to

Continued on Page 4.

THE BATTLE OF THE BOBS.

Messrs. Tarte, Mulock and Landerkin Made Speeches Last Night at Clinton.

REPLIED TO SIR CHARLES TUPPER

The Postmaster-General Took Credit to Himself and Mr. Tarte Defended Government.

Clinton, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—To say that the excitement is intense here over the election in West Huron, between the two Bobs, is putting it mildly. Nothing is talked of here in the stores and on the street-corners but which Bob will win. Both have their running shoes on, and not until next Tuesday at 5 o'clock will the race be ended. Bob McLean remarked here last night that he had the brains, and the hind Bob had the wind, and this is causing great fun here to-day. The presence of so many gatling guns here yesterday and to-day has further increased the interest and intense excitement. Never before has such interest been taken in an election.

Town Hall Packed.

To-night the Town Hall is packed to the doors by as large a crowd as greeted Sir Charles Tupper last night, to hear the Hon. Mr. J. Israel Tarte, Mr. Wilman Mulock and Dr. Landerkin.

The chair was occupied by Mr. Farran, who called for the first speaker, Mr. Robert Holmes, the Liberal standard-bearer, who is a very fluent speaker, and, though a young man in politics, made a good speech. He is proud of the present administration and was follow his leader and do his best to absolutely the Senate.

Mr. Mulock Spoke.

Mr. Mulock followed in a one-hour speech, the time being principally taken up in commenting on the speech of Sir Charles Tupper here the evening before, and as reported in to-day's papers. He claimed his speech was the same as he has given for the last twenty-five years, and to read it one would think he had made the country what it is to-day. He was particularly severe on Dr. Montague, referring to the family quarrel in 1896. He blamed the late Administration for the deficit of $686,000 when he took office, and took credit for the discharging of 334 unnecessary mail officials, and by re-lettering mail contracts, which would make a saving of $415,000 in four years. He blamed Sir Charles for not telling the people last night about sending $240,000 Kootenay-cure circulars on which he had paid postage, that would amount to $142,000. This he took out of the Treasury. He claimed great credit for the penny postage and the $800,000 loss of revenue would be made up by the increased business. He challenged Sir Charles to point to one dollar of wrongly-spent money. He claimed the increase of business with England, the increase in immigration, and the working of overtime in all our factories were due to the Reform Government, and "our policy will be on a closer relationship with the Mother Country."

Mr. Tarte's Deliverance.

Mr. Tarte followed and received a most hearty greeting. He also spoke for one hour, starting in on a severe denunciation of Sir Charles' speech, which he quoted from to-day's paper. He told them he had been a Conservative for 20 years, but was proud to-day to be a Reformer. He told them that if an election were to take place in the Province of Quebec they would not get more than four seats. He claimed that when he made a promise he also fulfilled it. This Sir Charles did not do. He was particularly severe on Sir Charles' campaign promises in 1896. He told the people here that he was proud of his department and took credit for the deepening of canals that would direct so much traffic to this country instead of going to the States. He challenged Sir Charles, and would on the floor of the House, challenge him to make good his remarks of last night in connection with the Drummond deal. He referred to the Washington treaty and spoke of the long while they were there. He acknowledged now that though they were too grasping, we must remember that we are only 6,000,000, while they are 70,000,000. They are bigger and he was afraid they knew it. They may believe, and he thought they did believe, that they could get along without us, and this made it harder to deal with them. But we can only tell them that if they can live without us, we can live without them. Anyhow, he claimed, the committee had done their duty. England and Canada will stand by each other.

Dr. Landerkin followed, and was funny. He ridiculed the family quarrel and especially Dr. Montague, and had the audience in roars of laughter.

The meeting closed with the usual cheers.

GORGE ROAD IN TROUBLE

Placed in the Hands of a Receiver—Captain Brinker Said the Road Made No Money.

Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 16.—The Niagara Falls and Lewiston Railroad Company, otherwise known as the Gorge Road, went into the hands of a receiver this afternoon. On the application of a majority of the directors, Justice Childs granted an order appointing Joseph R. Megrue of New York City temporary receiver. Captain John M. Brinker, one of the stockholders, said this afternoon that the road did not make any money last year, and this fact, with heavy losses from damage suits, was responsible for the insolvency of the company. The company will be reorganized as soon as a plan can be agreed upon.

Signs of Spring at Dineens'

The first robin is only one of the harbingers of approaching spring. Style is an earlier bird, and greets mankind at Dineen's to-day with the newest shapes and shades in early spring hats. The advance fashions in men's hats at this time are designed to attune men's spirits to the gladsome change which is beginning to creep through all creation and which will burst out in foliage and song after Easter. The hats which have just reached Dineens' are the Lenten styles, and the qualities are very choice at $2.50 and $3.

Committee Reports Adversely.

Paris, Feb. 16.—The Senate recently appointed a special committee to consider the Government's trial revision bill. It reported to-day, showing five of its members favorable to the measure and four opposed to it.

Lucky strike 7a quality and quantity. The best 10c plug Kentucky chewing tobacco in Canada. Ask for it.

To-Day's Program.

Varsity v. Knox debate at Association Hall, 8 p. m.

Conversat. at Ontario Ladies' College, special train leaves Union Station at 6.30 p. m.

Lumbermen meet at Board of Trade, 2 p. m.

Canoe Club's dance at the club house, 8.30 p. m.

Tampa Cadets to arrive at 9 p. m.

"That Man," at the Grand, 8 p. m.

Mrs. Fiske at the Toronto, 8 p. m.

"Mixed Pickles," at the Princess, 2 p. m. and 8 p. m.

Band at the Bijou, 8 p. m.

CULTIVATE THE COLONIES.

Discussion in the British House of Commons About the Food Supply of the Nation.

NO CHANCE OF STARVATION

In the Opinion of the President of the Board of Trade—National Granaries.

London, Feb. 16.—The president of the Board of Trade, the Right Hon. C. T. Ritchie, speaking in the House of Commons to-day on the amendment proposed by Mr. Henry Seton-Karr, conservative, to the address to the Queen, in reply to the speech from the Throne at the opening of Parliament relative to the dependence of Great Britain on foreign imports for food supply, and the danger therefrom in the event of war, said Her Majesty's Government had fully inquired into the existing conditions, and did not believe that the fears expressed in some quarters were justified. The Government, however, would be glad of some arrangement could be made by which a large supply of food from the colonies might be received. But, if anything in the nature of protection was necessary in order to obtain this desired effect, he feared that it was not likely to be fulfilled.

What About War Times?

Mr. Ritchie added that if a foreign power attempted to prevent the transshipment of grain in time of war, or declared it contraband of war, it would arouse the hostility of the United States and possibly of others. As 50 to 60 per cent of the grain exports of the United States entered Great Britain, it was not to be supposed for a moment that the United States would "remain quiescent if our enemy declared grain to be contraband of war."

Therefore, according to the President of the Board of Trade, there was no chance of starvation as long as grain can be introduced as freely in war times as in times of peace. The system of bounties upon home-grown grain, he added, was not within the range of practical politics.

National Granaries.

Mr. Ritchie then dwelt upon the practical difficulties in the way of establishment of a system of national marine insurance or national granaries, saying that if the navy was kept sufficiently strong to protect the trade routes and prevent a blockade of the British coast, there was not the remotest danger of starvation, though, possibly, there might be temporary high prices.

Mr. Seton-Karr's amendment was eventually negatived without division.

Redmond's Motion Voted Down.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Opposition leader, speaking upon an amendment to the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, proposed by Mr. John Redmond, which declared that local self-government in Ireland intensified the demand for Home Rule, "the most urgent of all domestic questions," said that the Liberal party had not changed its attitude regarding Home Rule, but could not accept an amendment demanding unconditional priority for any measure.

Mr. Redmond's amendment was rejected by 300 votes against 43.

LIVES, BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

Matthew Dummett, a Wealthy Florist, is a Puzzle to the New York Surgeons.

New York, Feb. 16.—Matthew Dummett, the wealthy florist of Mount Vernon, who shot himself in the centre of his forehead on Sunday last, is still alive in the Mount Vernon Hospital, with a 38 calibre bullet in his brain.

Doctors Benanning and Carter, who probed for the bullet, found that it had split up on entering the brain. One section took a downward course, while the other fragment sped to the rear brain cells. Efforts to remove the bullet have been ineffectual.

Though Mr. Dummett's body is entirely paralyzed, he appears to understand when spoken to, as his lips move and he tries to speak.

A SOUTH-AFRICAN SQUABBLE.

An Ex-Q. O. R. Man Tells of the Feud Between the English and the Boers.

The following is an extract from a letter received by a friend in town from Mr. Van Raper of Johannesburg, Africa, under date of Jan. 16, '99. Van is an old Toronto boy, and an ex-member of the Queen's Own Rifles.

"On Saturday we had a lively time in town, between the Dutch and the English-speaking sections. It was commenced by the Dutch interrupting an English meeting at 4 p. m., and heads were being broken until 12 o'clock that night. I think we will have another meeting next Saturday, and if so, very probably there will be more heads broken and some revolver practice indulged in. It is looking as it did before the raid, and personally I hope the fight will progress until the big guns are out again, and Britain takes possession. We are all spoking for a fight."

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Open all night. 202 and 204 King St. W

Go and Hear It.

Mr. W. T. Murray called at The World office last night. Said he: "I have come here as a matter of justice. I went to the Auditorium last night, paid twenty-five cents admission to hear Kurkamp's band. I never heard a better band performance in my life, and I have listened to a good many bands. There are 40 in the band, and they are stars. The distressing part was the few in attendance. I think the people of Toronto, who love band music, ought to go and hear it."

Mr. P. Hughes May Get It.

The World was glad to hear last night that the Hon. Mr. Hardy, Attorney-General, was much inclined to give the position of the late Mr. Bernard B. Hughes in Osgoode Hall to his brother, Mr. Patrick Hughes, who has made greater sacrifices for the Reform party than almost any other man in the country. It is understood that Mr. Peter Smale will head a deputation to impress this matter on the Attorney-General to-morrow.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-street

The attention of users is invited to the merits of E. B. Eudy's indurated fibre ware tubs, pails, etc., which are for sale at all first-class grocery stores. Housekeepers readily recognize their superiority over the ordinary wooden tubs, etc. 135

Try Wilson's Hygienic Brown Bread. 739 Yonge street. Phone 3510. 135

COLD IN THE HEAD.
Immediate relief and cure guaranteed by using Dr. Evans' special catarrh snuff. Pleasant, no sneezing. All druggists, 25c.

Did you ever try the Top Barrel?

PRETTY ROCKY.

FARMER LAURIER (after breaking another "point"): Well, I'm not very much surprised that John A. abandoned this field.

SCIENTIST BADLY BURNED.

J. Watson Baird's Mishap While Experimenting at the School of Practical Science.

WAS MOLTEN ACETATE OF LEAD

Which Was Spilled All Over Him Except His Face—His Hand Injured.

J. Watson Baird, who is Lecturer in Mineralogy in the School of Practical Science, met with a painful and serious accident yesterday afternoon.

He was engaged in making some experiments with minerals, and had in his hands a pan of molten acetate of lead. By some means the contents of the pan were spilt all over the lecturer, from his neck to his feet. Happily none of it touched his face, and that that went upon his clothes did no damage to his person. But, unfortunately, his right hand was covered with the molten acetate, and as a result, he was badly burned.

A physician was called and the injured man taken to his home, 90 Charles-street.

He was resting easy last night and if blood poisoning does not set in the accident will not result seriously. However, Mr. Baird will be unable to use his hand for three months to come.

BOUGHT 17 SILVER MINES.

A Toronto Syndicate Invests $250,000 in Southwest Colorado.

Toronto capital, ever ready to stretch out its arm after snaps, whether English, the softer Spanish, or a language as old as the Pyramids be the tongue of its habitation, has now gripped 17 silver mines in the southwestern portion of Colorado. The sum paid is $250,000. The syndicate are all Torontonians, Louis Scherfino, A. Mills, Ph. Petriarche, J. Hamilton and R. Pack. The land acquired, which is 2½ miles long by 1¾ wide, lies close to the famous Smuggler and Virginius properties, the latter of which was not long ago sold to an English syndicate. Into the side of the Saliffe Mountains, sparkling with ore, the Toronto men will run a tunnel 3300 feet long and 1200 feet at one point below the surface to intersect the newly-acquired veins. The silver lying in them is chiefly what is known as ruby silver, giving a red tinge when scratched or wet. When tested it runs from 270 to 10,000 ounces a ton. The syndicate believe that the value of silver will go up shortly and in view of growing western influence that it will elect Bryan in 1900.

Ask for Red Tag, solid comfort—the biggest and best 10c plug pure Virgin a smoking on the market.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

It Was a Hard Trip.

Rossland, B.C., Feb. 16.—The first trip to Norway mountain, that has been accomplished since the heavy fall of snow, has just been made by F. S. Griswold and his nephew, Wallace Griswold, of the Chrysolite Mining Company. They traveled 20 miles on snow shoes, drawing a toboggan and 240 pounds of provisions. They were 11 days in making the trip, of which nine days were spent on the trail.

Beaver Plug is the only "Gentleman's Chew."

Metropolitan Railway.

Every Saturday and Wednesday afternoon cars leave C.P.R. crossing, Yonge-street, at 1.30, 2.40, 3.30, 5.40 and 7.45, returning leave Richmond Hill at 2.30, 4, 4.30, 7 and 10 p.m. Return fare, adults 25c; children 15c. Through excursion every evening at 7.45 o'clock. Return fare 25c. 356

WINNIPEG MAN'S CLOSE CALL

D. N. McBride Was Very Near Death When the Door of His Room Was Broken Open.

THE BELL BOY SMELT THE GAS

Resuscitated by a Physician and Removed From the Walker to the General Hospital.

A guest at the Walker House, Mr. David Norman McBride, had a narrow escape early yesterday morning from being asphixiated by gas. He registered at the hotel on Wednesday night and was assigned to a room on the first floor. About 6 a.m. one of the bell boys was passing his door with a pitcher of water for another guest, when he noticed a strong smell of gas. The lad knocked on Mr. McBride's door and, getting no reply, became alarmed. He then secured additional help and the door was broken in. Mr. McBride was lying on the bed in a semi-conscious state and he was hurriedly carried to the open air. A physician was summoned and the unfortunate man was brought round again after restoratives had been applied. Later he was taken to the General Hospital in a cab, where he is getting along very nicely. It is thought that the gas escaped from a leak in the pipe, caused by the frost.

Mr. McBride is 24 years of age and resides in Winnipeg.

WILL RESIGN IF NOT MOVED UP.

Judge McIntyre of Ontario County Wants No Younger Man to Supersede Him—No Change Yet.

Judge McIntyre, junior judge of Ontario County, and the likely successor of the late Judge Dartnell, feels the strain caused by the delay of the Government in filling the vacancies.

As he paced the Rossin Hotel corridors last evening he intimated that he would resign if a younger man was put over his head.

The judge doesn't think a local man will be appointed junior, in view of the determination of the Minister of Justice to follow in the footsteps of Sir John Thompson and select his material from a wider field.

Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths, 127 and 129 Yonge. Bath and bed $1.00.

Philadelphia is "Bad."

Philadelphia, Feb. 16.—According to a statement issued by thirty-nine clergymen of different denominations, Philadelphia is no longer a sleepy, respectable, but a dissolute, wicked place, with everything "wide open." This startling state of affairs, according to the allegations of the reverend gentlemen, has existed for some time, and corrupting influence is threatening serious consequences. They threaten a Parkhurst investigation.

BOYS WILL BE HOME TO-NIGHT

The Toronto Cadets Have Had a Big Fortnight of Fun and Enjoyment.

WERE AT CHICAGO YESTERDAY.

In Detroit This Morning — All Are Well and Dizziness Has Worn Off.

Chicago, Feb. 16, 10 p.m.—(Special.)—Too many sweet things bought on the train between Montgomery, Ala., and East St. Louis was the cause of several Toronto Cadets being bilious and dizzy. All, however, are better to-day. Musical entertainments of various descriptions are taking place on the home journey. Some of the songs make the boys homesick. We arrived in Chicago at 8.30 this morning. We will reach Detroit in the morning and will arrive in Toronto in the evening.

Sergeant Curran got a cinder in his eye, but it was extracted. His optic is better, but much swollen.

Capt. Thompson treated each boy to an orange yesterday and was loudly applauded.

The boys visited the Swift slaughter departments, and more than one got sick over this visit. J. W. M.

BRITISH PAPERS BACK CANADA.

Cannot Have U. S. Friendship at the Price of Sacrificing Us.

London, Feb. 16.—The Chronicle, commenting on the possibility of the failure of the Joint High Commission at Washington, says it had hoped the reasonableness of Ottawa's demand would be recognized at Washington.

The rumored deadlock in the Joint High Commission at Washington causes much dissatisfaction in Canadian circles. Lord Herschell is blamed for not giving Canada's claims proper support.

The Globe says this afternoon: President McKinley made a great mistake in appointing Mr. Foster, an ultra Anglophobist.

The St. James Gazette says: We wish the friendship of the United States, but cannot have it at the price of the sacrifice of Canada's interests.

The Pall Mall Gazette says the deadlock is more regrettable than surprising. Experience of over a century has taught us that surrender and backing out is not the way to win friendship, or even respect.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and Bed $1.00. 204 King St. W.

Tulips! Tulips!

Flowers in large masses of solid color are most effective; few varieties give this result so readily as the tulips and daffodils which are displayed in Dunlop's showrooms. ed

DEATHS.

MOURE—At her residence, 166 Lippincott-street, on Feb. 16, Louisa Moure, widow of the late J. B. Moure, aged 63 years. Funeral private, Friday, at 9 o'clock to St. Basil's Church.

PINGLE—On Tuesday, Feb. 14, 1899, at Toronto General Hospital, John Ethan, second son of George H. and Frances Pingle, Unionville, aged 18 years 6 months. Funeral took place yesterday.

BOLTON—On Feb. 16, at his late residence, 394 Wellesley-street, William B. Bolton, aged 80 years. Funeral private, on Saturday, at 3 p.m.

HALDIMAND—On Wednesday, Feb. 15, Theresa Haldimand, beloved wife of W. L. Haldimand, commercial traveler, in her 31st year. Funeral from her late residence, 620 Bathurst-street, at 9 a.m. Friday, to St. Peter's Church, thence to St. Michael's Cemetery. Montreal papers please copy.

KIELY—On Wednesday, Dec. 15, George A., eldest son of the late George W. Kiely, aged 29 years. Funeral private, from St. Michael's College, to St. Basil's Church, on Friday, the 17th, at 10 a.m.

FRANCE AGAIN MOURNS

President Faure Cut Off Suddenly Last Evening.

APOPLEXY WAS THE MALADY

Stricken at 6 o'Clock He Gradually Sank, Expiring at 10.

Premier Dupuy and Other Prominent Men Were Summoned to the Palace and Physicians Vainly Tried to Prolong Life — Worked as Usual All Day — A Self-Made Man, Who Rose From an Humble Calling to the Highest Position in the Land.

Paris, Feb. 16.—M. Felix Faure, President of the Republic of France, died at 10 o'clock to-night, after an illness of three hours, Apoplexy was the malady.

It had been known for some time that his heart was weak, but the first intimation that he was sick was given at 6.30 this afternoon, when a message was despatched to the Premier, M. Dupuy, announcing that the President was ill. M. Dupuy immediately proceeded to the Elysee. All medical efforts proved futile, and the President died on the stroke of 10.

The flag over the Elysee was immediately lowered to half-mast and the news was despatched to all the officials and the members of the Cabinet. Gen. Zurlinden, Military Governor of Paris, the Grand Chancellor of the Legion of Honor, the Prefect of the Seine, the Prefect of the Police of Paris, and the Presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, promptly arrived at the Elysee. The report spread rapidly through the city and large crowds soon assembled in the vicinity of the palace.

The First Symptoms.

About 6 o'clock M. Faure, who was then in his study, went to the door of the room of M. Le Gall, his private secretary, which is contiguous to the study, and said: "I do not feel well. Come to me."

M. Le Gall immediately went to the President's aid, led him to a sofa and called Gen. Bailloud, general secretary of the President's household; M. Blondel, under private secretary, and Dr. Humbert, who happened to be at the Elysee attending a relative.

The President's condition did not appear dangerous, but Dr. Humbert, on perceiving that he was rapidly getting worse, telephoned for Dr. Lunne-Longue and Dr. Chourlet, who arrived with M. Dupuy and were joined later by M. Bergeroy.

Though M. Faure still retained consciousness, the doctors soon recognized that the case was hopeless, but it was not until nearly 8 o'clock that the members of the family were informed of the real state of affairs. They then came to the sofa, where the President lay upon a hastily improvised bed. Soon after he began to lose consciousness and, despite all efforts, expired at 10 in the presence of the family and M. Dupuy.

Published Abroad.

M. Dupuy communicated the sad intelligence to M. Loubet, President of the Senate, M. Paul Deschanel, President of the Chamber of Deputies, the members of the Cabi-

Continued on Page 4.

HOCH, DER KAISER!

[From the Paris Edition New York Herald.]

Der Kaiser auf der Vaterland
Und von on high all things gommand,
Ve two! Ach! don'd you understand?
Meinself—und Gott!

While some men sing der bower divine,
Mein soldiers sing der "Wacht am Rhein."
Und drink der health in Rhenish wein.
Auf me—und Gott.

Dere's France dot swaggers all around,
She's ausgespleidt—she's so aggoundt;
To much, ve dinks, she don'd amoundt;
Meinself—und Gott.

She vill not dare to fight again;
But, if she should, I'll show her blain
Dot Elsass und (in French) Lorraine
Are mein, by Gott.

Dere's gran'ma dinks she's micht schmart bier,
Mit Boers and dings she interfere—
She'll learn none owns dis hemisphere
But me—und Gott.

She dinks, dot frau, some shings she's got,
Und soldiers mit der scarlet coat—
Ach! Ve could knock dem—pouf—like dot!
Meinself—und Gott.

In dimes auf peace brebared for wars,
I bear der helm und spear of Mars,
Und care nicht for ten thousand Czars—
Meinself—und Gott.

In short, I humor every whim,
Mit aspect dark and visage grim;
Gott pulls mit me und I mit him—
Meinself—und Gott.

Mildness All Over.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Feb. 16.—(8 p.m.)—The depression which has been in the Northwest Territories has now reached Lake Superior, but it is dispersing. Another moderate depression covers the Middle Atlantic States, attended by very heavy rains. There is no indication of a change to colder weather again at present.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 44—44; Kamloops, 28—40; Calgary, 28—36; Qu'Appelle, 26—30; Winnipeg, 16—34; Port Arthur, 20—42; Parry Sound, 18—40; Toronto, 20—38; Ottawa, 20—38; Montreal, 18—36; Quebec, 14—34; Halifax, 20—42.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Generally fair and continued mild.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh winds; mild; local rains.

Lake Superior—Southerly to westerly winds; generally fair and mild.

Manitoba—Fair and mild.

The earliest arrivals of spring overcoats in light and medium-weights are on sale at Oak Hall. There is style, elegance and careful making shown in every garment. The finest coats are ten and twelve dollars at 115 King-street east.

Steamship Movements.

Feb. 16.

At	From
Alesia	Halifax	Hamburg
Aug. Victoria	Nice	New York
Norwegian	Glasgow	New York
Majestic	Liverpool	New York
Waesland	Philadelphia	[illegible]
Ulunda	Liverpool	Halifax
Dunmore Head	Belfast	St. John