e not retained fic man to exof the country, ald result from become better n to reap the

nd no country v Brunswick is undertakings. r desire. Her stretching her pended several swick frontier, communication t all seasons of with one of the ed in this Prords Woodstock, people are also is Continent to bt the day is not from reasons of ther the under-

sail by steamer ot to undergo a and when he is , he will readily ying in his new the winters may oeen habituated, for the summer into barns and th with a mantle other roots from led to travel in fields and across ced in a position celerity. Snow re, and it is reades spring forth on its disappearance. Vegetation is therefore much more rapid in this country than in England. Another advantage presented to the settler in New Brunswick from the British Isles, is, that he comes among a people who are characterized for their frank and genial feelings. He is not going among a race alien to those principles in which he has been nurtured, but to a country where the inhabitants possess a lively regard for the land of their forefathers, and where he may enjoy every social, political and religious privilege.

It remains, however, for the Government and Legislature to do their duty, by enacting the best local regulations for settlement, as then there could be no obstacles, however remote, in the way of intending settlers. Improved regulations for the settlement of wild lands are very generally deemed necessary, as well as a stop being put to speculations in them. In order to effect the latter, a tax should be placed upon land which the holders suffer to remain unimproved. Every man holding more than one hundred acres, who neither settles nor cultivates the land, should be taxed. Thus the industrious settler who improves his own land, and consequently increases the value of that of the wealthy speculator in his neighbourhood or district, would not be compelled to bear all the local burdens, although it is true that, comparatively speaking, they are light. matter deserving of serious consideration, and the adoption of the plan here proposed, would not only check excessive speculation in wild lands, but also lighten the taxes of the thrifty settler, by helping to provide him with better roads and schools.

It is not merely necessary for the people of this Province to be told that they live in a land teeming with all the elements of wealth and greatness;—they must be made known abroad, in order to be understood and appreciated; and if sufficient pains were taken to disseminate correct information throughout the Parent Country respecting New Brunswick, there can be no doubt that the patriotic object which the President and Directors of the Saint John Mechanics' Institute had in view in proposing the present theme for competition, would be most fully realized.