ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE-Con.

Ethier, J. A. C.—Con.

new Conservative, a Liberal of yesterday. new Conservative, a Liberal of yesterday, 296. Henri Bourassa, the political adviser of the present Prime Minister, 'Le Devoir' and Colonel Hughes, 297. With Laurier as leader victory is as-With Laurier as leader victory is assured to the Liberal party, 298. Reads 'Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Reciprocity' from France-Canada, 299-300-301-2-3. The Autonomy Bills of 1905. Sir Wilfrid and Mgr. Sbaretti, 304. Bourassa's account of 1905; a fanatical denunciation, 305. Quotes 'Special orders from His Holiness the Pope,' 306-7. The Conservative-Nationalist alliance, quotes an article descriptive of the Nationalist, 308-9. Henri Bourassa declared himself in Henri Bourassa declared himself in favour of reciprocity before the campaign, 310. Quotes 'Le Devoir' Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Lemieux, 311. The Bourassa and Mr. Lemieux, 311. The choosing a candidate in Yamaska. The Manitoba school question, 312. The persecution of French Canadians in Ontario; The Navy Bill, 313. The St. Eustache resolutions. Mr. Monk and the Navy Bill, 314. What is the position of the Quebec ministers? The question of a plebiscite, what will be the question asked, 315. Quotes Mr. Monk at Lachine; avegents from Bourases. Blandin Tan excerpts from Bourassa, Blondin, Tan-crède Marcil, and others, 316-7. What can be expected from such a hotch-potch,

Foster, Arthur De Witt (Kings, N.S.)-201.

Congratulations to the mover and seconder, 201. McKenzie in 1909 advocated a higher duty on coal; six months later swallowed his principles, 202. The Opposition quote Conservative statesmen, but do not follow them, 203. The people realized that the home market was the best. Mr. Jameson on the fisheries, 204. Nova Scotia entitled to greater railway development; scientific tariffs, 205. The whole tendency of Macdonald's speech to set one section of the community against another, 206. He was appealing from sectional standpoints to the cupidity of his constituents, 207. Nova Scotia and her products for export. His presence an evidence of the sound common sense of the people of Kings, 208. Too little stress laid on the whole paragraph regarding pulpwood, Congratulations to the mover and seconder. whole paragraph regarding pulpwood, 209. Will ask and get aid in making Nova Scotia a banner province of the Dominion, 210.

Foster, Hon. Geo. E. (Minister of Trade and

Commerce)—72.
Mr. Guthrie's developement; he has a delightfully short and sharp way of bringing great issues to fulfilment, 72. Mr. Guthrie as a prospective Minister of Justice, 73. How he can advance the interests of the country. Are they all at peace on the other side? 74. Mr. King differs from Mr. Guthrie; Sir Wilfrid as a coiner of catch phrases, 75. Canada of 1911. A little different from Canada of fifteen years are. Reciprosity 76. of fifteen years ago; Reciprocity, 76. From 1896 to now the appeals to the country have been appeals to the selfishADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE-Con.

Foster, Hon. Geo. E.-Con.

r, Hon. Geo. E.—Con.
ness of the individual. A misleading statement, 77. Canada needs markets, but what she needs especially is home markets, 78. The economic argument in the campaign, touched the national and imperial questions, 79. Sir Wilfrid starting to light the flames of dissension between different parts of this country, 80. They want us to-night to formulate a policy of naval defence. Will defend it, but do not intend to hurry, 81. but do not intend to hurry, 81.

Fripp, A. E. (Ottawa)-409.

Impressive aspect of the corridors, character of the old debates, 409; Debate fallen to a lower level. Unkindly remarks of Sir Wilfrid re the selection of the Speaker; other instances, 410. The French Canadian people do not approve such tactics as sectionalism; elevate the plane of statesmanship, 411. Reciprocity is a dead issue. The appointment of His Royal Highness, 412. If they want a businesslike administration, they must keep their eyes on Ontario, 413.

Gauthier, L. J. (St. Hyacinthe)-475.

Characteristics of the ministerial speeches. Hon. Mr. White on reciprocity and the farmers, 475. Decision to cancel the naval policy. Mr. Borden and Mr. Monk's divergence of view; three par-ties in the elections, 476. No party should set aside such a policy as the should set aside such a policy as the naval without being prepared to find a substitute policy, 477. The late government and the trusts. Mr. Monk declared he had severed his connection with the party now in power, 478. He would never return as long as the Conservatives supported a navy, 479. We have been true to one policy, we have been true to our trust. Double policy of the Conservatives, 480. The members of the present administration trying to conceal the terms of the agreement that ceal the terms of the agreement that brings them together, 481. Hopes they will not set aside one naval policy without enunciating another, 482.

German, W. M. (Welland)-364.

His own position in the election and attitude to reciprocity, 364. Has always been a Liberal, intends to remain one. How Mr. White became Finance Minister, 365. Opposed reciprocity on econoister, 365. Opposed reciprocity on economic grounds entirely; practically one policy under Liberal and Conservatives, 366. Better highways; terminal elevators; the best route to the Hudson bay, 367. The enlargement of the Welland canal; the naval policy, 368. No reference to a plebiscite, or to dreadnoughts in the 1909 resolution; Mr. Monk's Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde character, 369. Did he abdicate his rights and principles for a cabinet position? Nationalists in the cabinet, 370. Quotes Mr. Blondin that in 1857 they had to bore holes in the British flag to breathe the air of liberty, 371. The government is proposing to make that gentleman Deputy Speaker, 372.