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Council will doubtless consider in the light of the anticipated report from the Secretary-General whether further mandatory measures are advisable. I should like to assure the Committee that the Canadian Government is giving serious study to this question and, as a member of the Security Council, will put forward its views when the question of Rhodesia is again considered by the Council.

Mr. Chairman, the General Assembly in previous resolutions has advocated the use of force in order to put an end to the illegal regime in Rhodesia. The Committee is well aware that my Government has not been able to support recommendations of this nature. The Canadian delegation informed the Committee last year that our misgivings arose because of the human and material cost of such action and the grave political, social and economic repercussions inside and outside Rhodesia of such a course. We continue to believe that the <u>right</u> course is to do all in our power to bring about a peaceful resolution of this grave problem. The Charter of the United Nations provides for means of persuasion short of force to compel respect for United Nations decisions and the Security Council has already taken the important step of deciding for the first time to impose mandatory economic sanctions. By these measures the Council has attested the rejection of the illegal regime by the world community. We believe that the aim of these measures is not only isolation and coercion but also encouragement to change. We continue to hope that eventually the illegal regime will be willing to accept the requirements of today's world and that there will be established in Rhodesia a just multiracial society based on non-discrimination and equality of opportunity. When this happens there is no doubt that the world community will respond and welcome the Rhodesian people, led by their majority, into the ranks of progressive humanity.