

ceived certificates for licences to practise the several branches of the profession—

Francis Robineau of St. Thérèse de Blainville ; Hyacinthe Beauchemin of Nicolet ; Louis Laurier of Mascouche ; ——— De Bosier of Ste. Hugue and Augustus Régnier of Montreal.

We have in this number, taken from the Medico-Chirurgical Transactions of London, a case of Sir Benjamin Brodie's—whose authority and language supply us with an apology for inserting it as it appears.

The history of four cases of poisoning, produced by the *Cicuta Virosa*, appears in our number of this month, and will be found interesting in a pathological point of view, as demonstrating the fact of the enormous quantities of emetics which may be administered without producing their specific effects, when the system is thus narcotized. The stomach was not the only organ rendered insusceptible of stimulation: in the instances recorded, the pupils were obliterated—the irides scarcely visible and immovable. The violent remedies passed through the nostrils, and those subsequently applied to the tongue and fauces of the boy who recovered, produced not the slightest local irritation: on the fourth day he was in every respect well.

#### ERRATUM.

In Dr. Crawford's paper on Medical Statistics, in our last number, page 39, second line from the bottom, for "out of every 100 troops," read, "out of every 1000 troops," &c.

#### TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Dr. Wight's case was received too late for this month's impression; it shall appear in our next number.

Z. is again unavoidably postponed; we hope that he will not be displeased.

Dr. Dubé's wish has been attended to.

The continuation of Dr. Crawford's article in our next.

Dr. C. Carter's remarks will be concluded in the July No.

Dr. Cartier's instructions will be seen to.