

colony to the ground, where they will lie motionless and quite invisible, so that you had better give up looking for the tricky little creature.

No further observations have been made on the habits of the insect, nor have I even seen the larva or the eggs. So we may still doubt if *Solidago latifolia* be really the food-plant of *Chalepus nervosa*. This question might be elucidated next season, and it would also be interesting to find out what sort of damage the beetle causes to the foliage of this handsome wood Goldenrod.

Blatchley, in his work on the Coleoptera of Indiana, says that *Chalepus nervosa* occurs on weeds and bushes of many kinds. So far, I have not seen the beetle crawling in number over any plant except *Solidago latifolia*.

Is it not strange that the discovery was made only after more than twenty years of very active collecting?

Outremont, Que., Jan. 11th, 1919.

JOS. OUELLET, C.S.V.

A NEW PARAJULUS FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BY RALPH V. CHAMBERLIN, CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

In a small collection of Chilopods and Diplopods collected by Dr. C. Gordon Hewitt in British Columbia, Sept., 1918, were several specimens of a new species of *Parajulus*. These were collected at Agassiz. From the same locality were also secured representatives of *Harpaphe haydeniana* (Wood) and *Bothropolys hople*s (Brölemann). A specimen of *Paobius orophilus* Chamberlin, previously known from Kaslo, was taken at Jaspas, Goat Mountain, at an elevation of 7,000 feet.

Parajulus hewitti, sp. nov.

The general colour of the female is brown above with the sides paler, a series of small, black spots along each side caused by the black repugnatorial

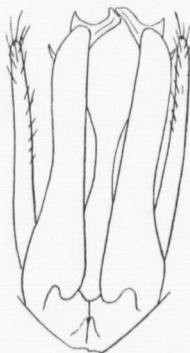


Fig. 21.—*Parajulus hewitti*, sp. n.
Anterior view of gonopods of male.

glands. The male is darker in colour throughout. The posterior border of metazonites darker down the sides or in the form of an encircling annulus. Anal valves dark. Collum dark along the borders, the remaining portion covered with a dense network of dark lines as is frequent, such also covering the