## REPORTS AND NOTES OF CASES.

## Dominion of Canada.

## SUPREME COURT.

N. B.] Grimmer v. County of Gloucester.

May 15.

Municipal bond-Form-Statute authorizing-Construction.

An Act of the New Brunswick legislature authorized the county council of Gloucester county to appoint almshouse commissioners for the Parish of Bathurst in said county who might build or rent premises for an almshouse and workhouse, the cost to be assessed on the parish. The municipality was empowered to issue bonds to be wholly chargeable on said parish, under its corporate seal and signed by the warden and secretary-treasurer, the proceeds to be used by the commissioners for the purposes of the Act. G. purchased from the secretary-treasurer of the county a bond so signed and sealed and headed as follows: "Alms House Bond—Parish of Bathurst." It went on to state that "This certifies that the parish of Bathurst, in the county of Gloucester, Province of New Brunswick, is indebted to George S. Grimmer . . . pursuant to an Act of Assembly (the above mentioned Act) . . ." In an action by G. on said bond:—

Held, reversing the judgment of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, that notwithstanding the above declaration that the parish was the debtor, the county of Gloucester was liable to pay the amount due on the bond. Appeal allowed with costs.

Currey, K.C., for appellant. Teed, K.C., for respondent.

B. C.1

Union S. S. Co. v. Drysdale.

May 15.

Shipping—Bill of lading—Limitation of time to sue—Damage from uuseaworthiness.

On a shipment of goods by steamer the bill of lading provided that all claims for damages to or loss of the same must be presented within one month from its date after which the same should be completely barred.

Held, reversing the judgment appealed from, 8 B.C. Rep. 228, Mills, J., dissenting, that this limitation applied to a claim for damage caused by unseaworthiness of the steamer. Appeal allowed with costs.

Davis, K.C., for appellant. Sir C. H. Tupper, K.C., for respondent.