

NEWS.

REPORT FROM IMMIGRANT HOSPITAL SHEDS.

July 20, deaths.....	31
" 21, " .....	31
" 22, " .....	30
" 23, " .....	33
" 24, " .....	32
July 25.	
Sick.	Dead.
Men..... 740	10
Women..... 685	13
Children..... 223	7
Total..... 1648	30

Total number of immigrants arrived at the port of Montreal from 19th to 26th July, both days inclusive, 2,790.

Total number forwarded at Government expense, during the same time, 1,773.

The agitation for the removal of the emigrant depot to an island below Montreal has been transferred, to a considerable extent, from the citizens to Parliament. An Address recommending this step was carried in the House last week by a considerable majority, and the ministerial reply may be expected this evening. Meanwhile the new hospitals on Point St. Charles are ready for the reception of 1500 patients, and but for the wet weather yesterday and to-day, would doubtless be filled by the removal of the patients in the old sheds. In these hospitals the poor sufferers will, we presume, enjoy very great advantages in point of ventilation, cleanliness, and attendance, and we trust the rate of mortality will rapidly decrease.

Very few cases of the emigrant fever have occurred among the citizens for the past fortnight, and none, we believe, when proper precautions could be observed—that is to say, except among persons obliged to come into actual contact with diseased emigrants, or their clothing, beds, &c. little or no danger is to be apprehended. Indeed, it is believed that no case has occurred wherein an imbecile citizen has infected others, at all events, when cleanliness and ventilation were attended to. With the exception of those who caught the fever by visiting the Sheds, the disease is almost wholly confined to the close and filthy lodging-houses of the lowest orders. Some of the Physicians in most extensive practice in Montreal, assure us that they have only had one or two cases each of fever to attend, and that they do not believe the present season to be more unhealthy among the citizens than many past seasons which attracted no notice.

The Lachine Canal will be closed on the 17th of August next, from which date the Navigation through the Canal will be suspended until further notice is given by the Board of Works.

**A MAN ATTACKED BY A BEAR.**—The Bytown Packet states that a man was attacked by a bear near the Manawaska River, a few days ago. As the man attempted to escape up a tree, the bear nearly tore his legs off. The animal was at length frightened away by the cries of the man, who was so severely hurt that his life was despaired of.

**EXTRAORDINARY HAIL STORM.**—The Bytown Packet states that a thunder storm in the Township of Horton, was succeeded by a hail storm, in which the hail stones were five or six inches in circumference. The storm cut up or laid down all the crops along its course.

The Brantford Courier complains of the large numbers of starved and diseased emigrants thrown upon the generosity of the inhabitants of that town.

**DISEASE IN TORONTO.**—There is an immense deal of disease among the emigrants who have reached this city. There are, at this moment, we understand, nearly 350 sick in the hospital. Half a dozen new sheds that were erected lately are occupied with the more convalescent. We fear there is real ground for apprehending danger to the health of the city. Complaints are made that the decks of the steamboats bringing emigrants to this city are suffered to be crowded almost to suffocation without the slightest reference to the health of the emigrants. If, as is alleged, 1000 human beings have been crowded on the deck of one steamer, it is high time this barbarous cruelty, arising from the cupidity of the steamboat proprietors, should be put a stop to. We have heard that there is an intention to call a public meeting, to devise measures to meet the present fearful emergency.—*Ex-aminer*.

A riot took place on the steamer *Victoria*, at Oswego, a few days ago, principally occasioned by a party of sailors going on board, throwing over the anchors, &c. The U. S. Sheriff took the ringleaders into custody.

The prevalence of fever in Glasgow and Edinburgh at present is truly appalling, and hitherto all attempts to stay its progress have proved insufficient. On Friday, the total number of inmates in the Royal Infirmary in the latter city amounted to 803, of whom not fewer than 568 were fever patients, being an increase of between twenty and thirty since the previous day. The streets of Glasgow are at present literally swarming with vagrants from the sister country, and the misery which many of these poor creatures endure can scarcely be less than what they have fled or been driven from at home. Many of them are absolutely without the means of procuring lodging of even the meanest description, and are obliged consequently to make their bed frequently with a stone for a pillow.

**AWFUL AND COLD-BLOODED MURDER.**—The quiet town of Rotherham has been thrown into a state of great excitement by the perpetration of an atrocious murder, which was committed this forenoon, between ten and eleven o'clock, on the turnpike-road leading from Rotherham to Rawmarsh, a village about two miles off, on a woman who was passing on the road. From inquiries made on the spot, it appears that Samuel Linley, a joiner, left his lodgings at the Four-Lane Ends, near Rawmarsh, between ten and eleven, and was proceeding to the Park Gate Iron Works to his work, about three hundred yards off. He had not gone far before he met the deceased, Susannah Jagger, the wife of Benjamin Jagger, of Masborough-Common, shop-keeper, who was quite a stranger to him, going to Rawmarsh with some groceries. Linley held out his hand to the deceased, and asked her to shake hands; she refused, and passed him. He turned round, followed her,

and struck her with his fist over the back of her head, knocked her down, and got upon her, and when she attempted to rise he struck her several severe blows on the head. He then got her shoulders between his knees, and kept beating her. She screamed out, and some persons who reside near and were passing ran to her assistance; but before they could get to the place, Linley was seen to take a clasp knife out of his waistcoat pocket, open it, and cut the woman's throat on its right side. Joshua Steward, of Rotherham, a cow keeper, who was passing, and saw Linley commence his attack on the woman's throat to them, and when he got up the ruffian was cutting at the woman's throat with the knife; he did not even desert when Steward got there, but the latter pulled him off the woman, and some other persons coming to the place the man was secured, and the knife taken from him. The poor woman was bleeding profusely, the assassin having separated the jugular vein. Medical aid was immediately sent for, but long before any could arrive the poor woman had breathed her last, she having died a few minutes after receiving the injuries. Linley, on being asked why he did it, replied, 'I have made a bad job of it,' and that drink had done it. He was not, however, drunk at the time, but had been drinking for some days previous.—*Sun*.

**VIRGINIA WHEAT CROP.**—From various parts of Virginia we learn that the wheat crops have been harvested without damage, and that the yield is good both as to quantity and quality.

**MILWAUKEE.**—We learn from the Milwaukee Gazette that the entries of public lands at the office in that city since January 1, 1847, exceed one hundred thousand acres, and that the receipts are upwards of \$130,000. The quantity of land remaining unsold on the Milwaukee District is between 350 and 400,000 acres.

**DREADFUL STEAMBOAT DISASTER.**—On the 29th ult. the Steamboat Star-spangled Banner struck a snag below Baton Rouge and sunk in a few minutes. A large number of German emigrants were on board, of whom it is said over twenty were drowned. Those who survived are left in the most destitute circumstances.

**A CONGREGATION ATTACKED BY DISEASE.**—At a recent sacrament at the Seceder Church, at Cadiz, Ohio, while the members were at the table, some 6 or 8 persons were attacked with a violent fever, so suddenly, that they were compelled to leave the church for home and a sick bed. The disease spread rapidly through the congregation, and upwards of one hundred members have since been taken dangerously ill—whole families have been prostrated, and a considerable number have since died.

**SANTA FE.**—The St. Louis Republican of the 7th inst. contains Santa Fe news to the 27th of May. Major Edmundson, when about 150 miles south east of Santa Fe with a force of 70 men, met some 400 Mexicans and Indians. A battle ensued, and the Americans were compelled to retreat with the loss of two killed and three wounded, besides losing all the horses belonging to the party. The cause of this disaster was, that the attack was made in an unfavourable position for our troops. Major Edmundson was compelled to leave one wounded American on the battle-field to the mercy of the Mexican opponents, and his fate is not known. Another government train has been attacked by the Indians, and one hundred and fifty head of cattle taken. This train was commanded by Captain Bell. Col. W. H. Russell, bearer of despatches from Col. Fremont, at California, had reached St. Louis.

**THE FLOUR TRADE.**—The Albany evening journal says, that notwithstanding the rapid decline in the price of flour, it continues to pour down the lakes and the canal with unabated profusion. Already more has been received at tide water than was expected previous to the incoming harvest; and yet there are no signs of exhaustion. The decline in price may check receipts; but not materially before the 1st of August. Those who hold at the West will be anxious to reach the market under the impression that better prices will be paid previous than subsequent to the English harvest; and that it is better to have their stock in New York and Boston than at Cleveland or Chicago.

Monies received on account of MAGAZINE:—

Chelsea, J. M'L., 8s. 4d.—Chambly, J. S., 1s. 3d.—Dundas, A. G., 2s. 6d.; D. S., 2s. 6d.—Georgeville, Rev. L. P. A., 5s.—Gananoque, E. W., 10s.—Niagara, F. C., 2s. 6d.—Onslow, A. W., 2s. 6d.; A. L., 2s. 6d.—Wellington Square, J. L., 5s.

PRODUCE PRICES CURRENT—MONTREAL, July 26, 1847.

ASHES—Provincial duty 1 per cent.	PROVISIONS—Provincial duty 2½ per cent.
Pots, per cwt 25 6 a 25 9	cwt. Imp. 24 per cwt.
Perish, do 25 6 a 25 9	Beef, Mess, hbl 200 lbs 00 0 a 00 0
FLOUR—Provincial duty 0d, Imp. 2s.	Prime Mess, do 70 0 a 00 0
Canada Superfine 26 0 a 28 9	Prime, do 67 6 a 68 0
Do Fino 22 6 a 25 0	Cargo, do 00 0 a 00 0
Do Middling 17 6 a 20 0	Prime Mess, per
Do Pillsbury 00 0 a 00 0	tierce of 301 lbs 105 0 a 00 0
MEAL—Provincial duty 2s per 150 lbs.,	Pork, Mess, hbl 200 lbs 95 0 a 100 0
Imp. 2s per 100 lbs.	Prime Mess, do 80 0 a 00 0
Indian Meal 09 0 a 00 0	Prime, do 70 0 a 00 0
Oatmeal 28 3 a 27 0	Cargo, do 60 0 a 00 0
GRAIN—Provincial duty 3s per quarter	BACON, &c.—Provincial duty 2s. Imp.
on all except Oats 2s.	perial, 3s per cwt.
Wheat, U C best 60 lbs 6 3 a 6 9	Bacon, none
Do do mid. do 5 0 a 5 3	Hams, 00 7 a 00 7½
Do Red nominal	BUTTER—Provincial duty, 2s. Imp.
Barley per minat Do	rial, 8s per cwt.
Oats do Do	Prime .. 0 6 a 0 0
Pense do nominal	Grease .. none
Indian Corn, 68 lbs nominal	

THOMAS M. TAYLOR, Broker.

THE PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE AND WEEKLY JOURNAL is Published for the Proprietor, JOHN DOUGALL, every Wednesday Morning, at 5s. per Annum, payable in advance. Orders to be addressed, post paid, to Mr. R. D. Wadsworth, No. 4, Exchange Court.