

THE THREE BEST BOOKS OF THE YEAR—  
PARSON JONES, BY Florence Maryat  
THE SCALLYWAG, BY Grant Allen  
ALL ALONG THE RIVER, BY Miss Bradon  
THE NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.

FOURTEENTH YEAR

# DISTRESS IN ENGLAND

## Appalling Destitution in the English Collieries.

### 25,000 MINERS RETURN TO WORK.

#### An Anarchist Paper in London Suppressed.

#### Severe Storms in Italy and France—Flood and Drought in Egypt—Spain—Floods Attacked and Defeated by Moors—Anti-Parliamentary Convention in Dublin—More Dynamite in Spain—Work for England's Unemployed—Elections in Scotland.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Among the many manufacturing towns that have lately felt the shortage of coal caused by the great strike of the miners are Sheffield, Leeds, Bradford, Nottingham and Derby. Notwithstanding the failure thus far of efforts to bring about a general settlement of the dispute, the mayors of these towns decided that something should be done to help the interests of the business that are threatened with heavy losses to bring the fight to an end. A meeting of the mayors was held to-day, and it was decided that they should invite delegates of local mine owners and the Miners' Federation to meet them on Monday next and attempt to reach some settlement of the trouble so that the strikers may return to work.

The mayors had in view, too, the terrible suffering that is now everywhere accompanying the strike. The men have been out of work for over two months and hundreds of those who have families have sold or pawned everything of value they possessed in order to obtain food for their wives and children. It is a common occurrence for the children of provincial parents to report deaths of miners, little children who have died from actual starvation. Relief committees have been appointed to alleviate as far as possible the prevailing distress. Part of the work of these committees is the feeding of children. Thousands of women apply daily for the only food it is possible for them to obtain. With this condition of things the mayors think they may be able to bring some understanding between the masters and the men, and to prevent the further loss of work that will furnish mills, factories, etc., and the planting of the seeds of anarchy. Should the coal famine continue and the industry of the several towns be forced to suspend the inferior quality of coal, the coal and iron industries and their families would be greatly affected. It is hoped that some solution of the problem will be reached in a few days, that the price of coal will reach its nominal level. It is believed by some persons that the return of the strikers to the collieries and in Yorkshire will tend to induce the men still out to reconsider their determination not to resume work until their full demands are granted.

### THE STRIKE IS OVER.

25,000 English coal miners have returned to work.

It is estimated that 25,000 coal miners, who have been on strike, returned to work to-day.

LYONS, Oct. 2.—Work was resumed this morning in two collieries in this district, where 400 men are employed.

6000 Yorkshire miners resume work. London, Oct. 2.—The thousands of more Yorkshire miners returned to work at former wages.

### WORK FOR THE IDLE.

An English scheme to put them on work.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The English Government has at last determined to deal with the more than ever vital question of the unemployed. Sir John Lubbock has pronounced himself in favor of a plan for dealing with the question in the rural districts, which has received the approval of the Government. The proposal is to empower the local authorities to buy or lease the waste or unoccupied land in the district, and at the same time an effective check would be put upon the migration of the unemployed from rural labor to the towns, an evil which is the despair of many economists.

### EFLECTIONS IN SCOTLAND.

Crofters have learned a lesson from the Irish.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—It is being proved at last that the rebellious spirit manifested in the crofters of Scotland and the land laws in Ireland is not due to the peculiarities of the Irish people. The poor crofters of Scotland have been treated with desperation to the adoption of the same methods. The trouble is not due to the usual evictions to make room for the extension of deer forests, but to the harsher and destination which is marked in the highlands and islands of Scotland as in the south and west of Ireland.

The crofters in the Dignall district cannot pay their rents, and will not leave their little holdings. The Queen's writ is being defied, and the ministers of the law maintained in the most approved Irish fashion. Sentries with fowling are posted in strategic positions to warn the country side of the approach of unlicensed sportsmen, and to prevent the crofters from leaving their homes with their families and their fowling gear.

### THE ANARCHISTS OF LONDON.

Police allow them full license in public speeches.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The earnest measures of extermination are being everywhere adopted in Europe against the anarchists, except in London. The agitators of Tower Hill are allowed to preach murder and robbery freely. One speaker declared that the bomb thrown in Spain should teach English anarchists what to do. Let them show the people of London that they were alive. Why may not the agitators of Tower Hill be allowed to preach murder and robbery freely, and they should pay back the authorities in their own coin. Let them show down the Mansion House and

destroy the effete governments. The reds grow bolder daily.

An Anarchist Newspaper Suppressed.

The police have suppressed the Communist organ of the anarchists in London. When a moderate Socialist sheet, the Communist was edited by William Morris, the poet, in the mind of the anarchist of Wallase Anarchists it was seized and the editors were arrested for their violent attacks on the police, but eventually it was allowed to proceed with publication. Recently it has surpassed its record in virulent and incendiary denunciations. The small group of English anarchists, who are now in close sympathy with the continental dynamite, are watched keenly by detectives in order to prevent any connection with the Spanish or Austrian dynamite plots has been discovered.

### MANCHESTER ANARCHISTS LIBERATED.

MANCHESTER, Oct. 2.—The anarchists arrested yesterday for assisting the dynamite were given small fines in the Police Court to-day and liberated. There was much local excitement over the case and the court was crowded.

### SPAIN'S REIGN OF TERROR.

Ten Bombs Found—Incendiary Circulars Urging Use of Dynamite.

BARCELONA, Oct. 2.—Anarchists in Catalonia are greatly excited concerning the discovery of ten bombs and the issue of circulars inciting the brotherhood to vengeance, saying that they should be used to blow up the houses of the bourgeoisie, the police and the military. The bombs were found at Villa Nueva near prominent buildings, which, owing to bad fuses, had remained unexploded. The author of the circulars is said to be a dynamite bomb was found last night under the palace wall.

### THE DEATH SENTENCE RATIFIED.

MADRID, Oct. 2.—It is stated that the Supreme Council has ratified the death sentence of Pallas as he will be executed at an early hour to-day.

### A COUNTERPOISE TO THE DREIBUND.

The Franco-Russian Alliance So Regarded by the Socialists.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—Deputy Millerand at a banquet last night declared that the Franco-Russian alliance is a counterpoise to the Dreibund and as a mutual assurance of the maintenance of peace in Europe. He said that the alliance is neither under Russia's protection nor under any obligation to her. He said that the alliance is a counterpoise to the Dreibund and as a mutual assurance of the maintenance of peace in Europe. He said that the alliance is neither under Russia's protection nor under any obligation to her.

### THE WAR IN MASHONALAND.

The Matabele Army Numbers 7000—Cape Town Comments.

CAPETOWN, Oct. 2.—A despatch from the Cape states that the Matabele army, estimated at 7000 strong, has passed the Orange river and is in the possession of the Orange river. The Cape states that the Matabele army, estimated at 7000 strong, has passed the Orange river and is in the possession of the Orange river.

### TWO REPORTS FROM BRAZIL.

Evidently Emanating From Government.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The Brazilian Minister in London has sent the following to Reuters' Telegram Company:

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rebel warships were firing intermittently, but some of their shots struck near us.

From what I heard I gathered that existing state of things could not last much longer.

ALLEN, the Argentine Rebel, a Prisoner.

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 2.—The capture of the Argentine rebel, Allen, has been followed by the arrest of the rebel leader, the Republic is now thought to be pacified.

### WAR IN MOROCCO.

Moors Attack and Defeat Spanish Troops at Tetouan.

MADRID, Oct. 2.—A despatch from Tangier says a large force of Moors attacked the Spanish troops engaged in erecting the new fort at Guarrich, near Melilla. The fight lasted all day. The Spanish were outnumbered and their ammunition beginning exhausted they were obliged to retreat under shelter of their guns to Melilla. The Spanish lost eight killed and thirty-three wounded, including three officers. The Moorish loss is unknown.

In response to a telegram informing him of the battle General Melillo, War Minister, ordered reinforcements to proceed at once to the mountains. News of the Spanish defeat caused great excitement in Madrid.

Defeated the Arabs and Liberated Many Slaves.

BERLIN, Oct. 2.—A despatch from Zanzibar says Major Von Wisemann, with his expedition, arrived at Tanganyika on July 1, after numerous hard-fought battles with the Arabs. He was victorious in every fight and liberated hundreds of slaves.

### A SLAP AT DILLON AND O'BRIEN.

Anti-Parliamentary Convention Approve Barry's Position in regard to Leaders.

THURSDAY, Oct. 2.—A convention for the purpose of hearing the reasons for the resignation of Mr. John Barry of his seat in the House of Commons for South Westford was held to-day. Barry will give a public account of his resignation, which he explained that Dillon, O'Brien and his friends were recklessly grasping after power and wanted to control the whole Irish party and country. He believed their course would result in the greatest danger to Ireland. The convention approved Barry's course, but passed a resolution, refusing to accept his resignation from Parliament. Barry will give a public account of his resignation, which he explained that Dillon, O'Brien and his friends were recklessly grasping after power and wanted to control the whole Irish party and country. He believed their course would result in the greatest danger to Ireland. The convention approved Barry's course, but passed a resolution, refusing to accept his resignation from Parliament.

### BRITISH COLUMBIAN BONDS.

212,700 Three Per Cent Issues to be Sold.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The success of the recent Victoria and New South Wales loans has induced the Province of British Columbia to issue a loan of \$2,000,000, three per cent, subscribed stock at 100.

The money is for the new Parliamentary Buildings at Victoria and other public works. The bonds are redeemable at the end of the year 1941.

### FLOOD AND DROUGHT IN EGYPT.

Delta Lands Submerged—Crops in Upper Egypt Damaged.

TORONTO, Oct. 2.—The delta is entirely flooded. A violent hurricane swept across the delta, and the crops were completely ruined. The water is so high that the crops are completely ruined. The water is so high that the crops are completely ruined.

The Vice Apostolic has issued a pressing appeal for the crops being ruined around Alexandria, in consequence of deficient water in the Nile. The Vice Apostolic has issued a pressing appeal for the crops being ruined around Alexandria, in consequence of deficient water in the Nile.

The cotton crop is a month late, and the Government has granted delay in payment of the land tax.

### STORMS IN EUROPE.

France and Italy Inundated—Train Service Stopped.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Serious storms occurred to-day in the south of France and northern Italy. Heavy rains fell in the country and the country between Bologna and Florence is inundated. The trains are stopped.

In the country bridges and houses have been swept away by the floods, and many persons have been drowned. The water is so high that the crops are completely ruined. The water is so high that the crops are completely ruined.

The Russian gunboat Archaengel brought the letter.

Mr. Frederick Jackson sailed from Vardo in the Orsteva, a vessel commanded by Captain Wiggins, in April. The Orsteva was bound for Gochkous, the ice in the Arctic Sea. From there Mr. Jackson sailed to the coast of Alaska, and made experiments and preparations for the expedition he is to lead next year.

His plans were to return to Archangel in March and reach England early in April. The Russian gunboat Archaengel brought the letter.

### JACKSON'S POLAR EXPEDITION.

Blocked by Ice in the Jugar Straits in the Arctic.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Frederick Jackson, the Polar explorer, writes from Jugar Straits under date of the 15th inst. that he and his party are still in the ice. The ice is so thick that the ship cannot proceed. The ice is so thick that the ship cannot proceed.

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# MINISTERS IN MIDDLESEX.

## CONSERVATIVE DEMONSTRATION AT LUCAN.

Sir John Thompson Receives an Oration—A Party Conference at the Grand Hotel—Expect Duty on Logs Advocated—The Young Conservative Nominations—West Huroon Liberals Meet at Goderich.

LUCAN, Oct. 2.—The visit of Sir John Thompson, Sir Adolphe Caron and Hon. Mr. Haggart, with Dr. Montague and other M.P.'s to this village was the occasion of a stirring demonstration and many thousands of yeomen availed themselves of the opportunity to hear the questions of the day discussed by members of the Government in a thoroughly candid manner.

The village was profusely decorated and the people were most enthusiastic in their reception of the ministers.

In response to an address from the village council, the ladies of Lucan, the North Middlesex Conservative Association and the Essex Conservative Association. Sir John made neat replies.

The meeting was organized in the drill shed and addresses were delivered by Messrs. Thompson, Caron, Haggart, Montague and Hurd.

The principal speakers dealt very largely with public questions, which have formed the subject of discussion at different points on their tour last week. They were enthusiastically received.

During Sir Adolphe Caron's speech he mentioned the fact that since the inauguration of the National Policy not a single failure had occurred in the village of Lucan. The meeting was very successful and the speakers were enthusiastically received.

The gathering was one of the most interesting of the tour and demonstrated that the electors are in hearty sympathy with the men, who are striving against the odds to bring about a change in the Conservative party.

### FARMERS WANT THE TWO CONTROLLERS AT LINDSEY—EXPORT DUTY ON LOGS ADVOCATED.

LINDSEY, Oct. 2.—A large meeting of delegates representing the farmers of North Lincolnshire and adjoining ridings was held here to-day. Mr. N. Clarke was in the chair. The meeting was very successful and the speakers were enthusiastically received.

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# THE YOUNG POLITICIANS.

## Nominations Night Among the Liberals and Conservatives—Expectation Presents a Couple of Tickets.

The nominations for officers for the evening in the Young Men's Liberal Club at Richmond Hall last evening were characterized by a great deal of good feeling, and very little animus was shown. The nominations:

President, Smith Ticket, Paddy Ticket. Vice-President, J. H. Gilmore, J. H. Atkinson. Secretary, J. E. Cassidy, E. H. Donohue. Treasurer, J. E. Cassidy, E. H. Donohue. Frank Simpson was elected librarian by acclamation, as also was Thomas Reid for treasurer.

Mr. Frank Paddy, in accepting the nomination for president, said that he had been published in a certain paper that he was a machine man, but the paper had been incorrectly informed, and he was not a machine man. Mr. Charles Smith believed that he was the best man for the position, and he was not a machine man.

### THE YOUNG TORIES.

The Young Conservatives also nominated candidates at their meeting in Shaftesbury Hall last evening.

The nomination of Sir John Thompson as an honorary president having been proposed, Mr. W. Bellrose moved that the names of Sir John Thompson and P. A. McCarty be added as honorary presidents.

After some discussion an amendment of Mr. Bellrose's motion was proposed, and it was decided that the names of Sir John Thompson and P. A. McCarty be added as honorary presidents.

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# THE NEW CANAL AT THE SOO.

## WILL BE READY NEXT SPRING, A YEAR AHEAD OF TIME.

The Masonry is Now Finished—Messrs. Foster and Angers Off for Chicago—The Manitoba School Case—Parliament Expected to Meet About Jan. 18—McCreary Still Unbated.

OTTAWA, Oct. 2.—The best news received by the Department of Railways and Canals for some time was a telegram from Hugh Ryan, the contractor for the Soo Canal, which reached the office about 4 o'clock, and stated that the last of the masonry on the lock walls was completed this afternoon. This means that the canal will be ready for use next spring, or in one full year ahead of the time in the original contract.

One of our Canadian guests. The contract for the five pairs of lock gates was let to Hugh Ryan a few days ago for something like \$7,000,000. The five pairs of gates for the American Soo Canal are to cost about \$125,000, although there is not much difference between them and those to be used on the Canadian side.

For the Northwest, via Chicago. Hon. G. E. Foster and Hon. A. R. Angers leave by special car in the morning for Chicago, where they will spend three days, and then proceed to Winnipeg, where they will hold their final conference with farmers and other interested parties. At the latter place they will have a dozen meetings together in Manitoba and the Northwest before they return to Ottawa. They will be away five or six weeks.

Parliament to Meet About Jan. 18. The World Herald to-day on pretty good authority that Parliament will probably be called for the despatch of business on either Jan. 18 or 25.

McCreary Still Unbated. Mr. McCreary is still in jail and likely to remain there until the McGreary-Conservative case comes off on Nov. 14, as he cannot get anyone to go security that he will appear as a witness.

The Manitoba School Case. Judge King was sworn in this afternoon by Chief Justice Sir Henry Strong as one of the judges of the Supreme Court and will take his seat on the opening of the court tomorrow in time to take part in the Manitoba school case, which is first on the list, and in which Mr. Justice Sedgewick is expected to deliver the judgment.

Mr. C. D. Scott, after the nomination was closed, rose to a point of privilege. He stated that he had been in connection with the partisan ticket, but that he was not a member of the ticket. He stated that he was not a member of the ticket, but that he was not a member of the ticket.

West Huroon Candidates in the Field. The names of the candidates for the West Huroon constituency in the next election were held to-day by West Huroon, J. T. Garraw, was the unanimous choice of the Legislature and Mr. C. D. Scott, after the nomination was closed, rose to a point of privilege.

### AMERICAN MISSIONS IN TURKEY.

Endorsed by a Deed of the American People—Necessary to Foreign Service.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily News says that the American people are in favor of the American missions in Turkey without a special firman. This will affect Americans chiefly since there are about 200,000 American citizens in Turkey. The American Minister has taken the position that the American people are in favor of the American missions in Turkey without a special firman.

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