THE TORONTO WORLD.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 21, 1885.

A Reform Club.

The reformers are to be congratulated on the formation of a central club in Toronto. The meeting yesterday settled that it is to go ahead and the interest manifested points to its success. Such a club ought to be a powerful engine in the next election—which by the by the reformers expect next year. The reformers are organizing for that fight: they are raising a fund for the proper registration of votes; they intend to watch the revising barristers, and they are setting the Ontario Reform Club association on its legs as a centre of organization.

French Colonization in Ontario.

It seems that the priesthood of Quebec, not content with the many and varied advantages which they now possess, have set their hearts upon obtaining control of some of the choicest portions of the unsettled districts of Ontario. In pursuance of this scheme they are bending their energies towards the colonization of that part of the province which lies between Lakes Nipissing and Timiscaming, and when this is accomplished, they will doubtless turn their attention to other sections of Ontario. They have colonization agents and colonization societies, and other highly organized means of carrying on the work, which so far, has, from their point of view, been tolerably successful. Of course nothing can be done, even by priests, without money. One method which is adopted for the purpose of raising the necessary means is the carrying on of "colonization lotteries" which in Montreal are superintended by Rev. Cure Labelle. The following extract from Le Monde of Montreal, of 17th inst., will perhaps be an eye-opener to many of our readers.

Attention is now directed to the triangle formed by the three lakes, Nipissing, Nasbonsing and Temiscaming. A new detachment of colonists from Terrebonne will leave Montreal next Monday (Oct. 19) for Lake Nipissing. A remarkable fact, well worth mention, is that up to the present date no frost has been felt in the Nipissing region this year. The Rev. Father Poitras in a letter addressed to Mr. Armstrong (Montreal) on Oct. 6, writes as follows: "Colonization goes on well and is making marvelous strides. Wonderful! fact! they tell me that frost, which has done so much damage in the St. Lawrence valley, has done none whatever in the region of Lake Nipissing. Recommend, recommend this district strongly. From communications just received, it is the best and most advantageous place. The Rev. Father Poitras is the superintendent for the colonization of this district of Nipissing.

This means that a settled and determined effort is now being made to fill up this fair portion of our province with a French Canadian population, or in other words, to extend the province of Quebec as far west as Lake Nipissing, and as far north as Lake Temiscaming. It means that French Canadian ideas, French Canadian institutions and a foreign tongue are being planted in compact and solid phalanx in the heart of Ontario, to be forever a standing menace to the progress and liberty of our land. It may be asked, what can be done to prevent this? The remedy is for our young men who want land to turn their attention to this rich agricultural region, to go in there and settle in such numbers as to submerge the French Canadian population and retain the country one in race, language and manners, with the remainder of the province. The district possesses many advantages. The land is good, the climate favorable and free from frosts, and there is railway communication at the door. Such townships as have been placed in the market by the Ontario government are for sale at fifty cents an acre, and the unanimous verdict of those who have been there is that the district holds out inducements to settlers not surpassed by any part of the dominion. This is the remedy, and it should be adopted ere it is too late.

A contemporary sagaciously remarks: "War news from the Balkans are conflicting." When were they otherwise from any part of the world?

A cable despatch says Bulgaria has done her utmost to avert war. Most people thought that by precipitating union with Roumelia she had gone a great way to provoke it.

Mr. Chamberlain predicts a great and decisive victory for the liberals at the coming elections. So far Mr. Gladstone's president of the board of the trade has confined his labors largely to the radical centres, and it is possible has been carried away in his hopes by the enthusiasm there manifested. It matters little, however, to Canadians what the result may be. We can only hope that it will be for the best interests of the empire. But we cannot fail to realise that with a radical ministry in Downing street we are the more likely to realize our idea of independence than with the tories, who appear to be rather fettered with imperial federation notions.

Mr. Chamberlain, speaking at Birmingham on Monday, said that Lord Churchill's bright star had paled under the heavy hand of his master, Lord Salisbury. The present British premier's own star once paled under the more brilliant, if somewhat meteoric, intellect of a Disraeli. It has shone forth now all the brighter for having been under a partial eclipse. As with Lord Salisbury, so there is hopes it will be with Lord Churchill. Experience will tame him and broaden his views. It is the most fortunate thing in the world for his future that he has been made to feel the weight of office early in his political career.

Mr. White said many sensible things in his address at Qu'Appelle. Among others he said we were over-governed. We are over-governed, and it is, therefore, gratifying to know that while it is intended to extend the political power of the Northwest territories it is not intended to make their government too expensive. We have, however, heard promises like this before, and it is, therefore, too early to take Mr. White's promises as *au fait accompli*. Mr. White is one of those who enjoys the pleasure of having his tongue well hung. Still he has shown a certain amount of earnestness in assuming the ministry of the interior, and it would, consequently, be unjust to prejudge him. We can only trust that he will be true to his words. Speaking of the government of the Northwest he was after all rather noncommittal. He only "hoped" and the hope carried him through. But we can hope with him, to use his own words, that "the experiment will be tried of a simpler system which will give all the rights the other provinces possess, all the control the other provinces have over their own affairs, and at the same time avoid the great expenditure which in some of the provinces seems to me to be an excessive burden on the people." We will say this, that if the proposed reform is really to be carried out the residents themselves must in a liberal spirit be given the control of their own local affairs and not be hampered by incompetent appointments from Ottawa or elsewhere.

In undertaking to suppress boycotting the Salisbury government has undoubtedly assumed a huge contract and this is recognized by the English papers, one of which recently said: "If it be sometimes difficult to prevent bodies of workmen from resorting to subtle ways for the intimidation of blacklegs, how is an Irish peasant to be compelled to speak to one whom he is resolved not to speak to? What kind of law is it to be by which the peasant will be forced to work where he is resolved not to work, to buy and sell where he is resolved to neither buy nor sell, to lend where he refuses to lend, and to sit in the same church pew with one whom he is determined to shun. The law is there already whereby to punish anyone injuring the person or property of another. But the lawmaker is not yet born who can make a free man speak when he has made up his mind to be silent."

In another column will be found a card of thanks from the Rev. Dean O'Connor, on behalf of Mrs. Beardsley, thanking the North American Life Assurance Co. for the prompt and liberal settlement of the policy recently issued to her son, the late John Beardsley. Upon receipt of satisfactory proofs, the amount was immediately paid in full. This company is noted for the expeditious and satisfactory manner in which they settle claims.—Northern Advance, Barrie, Oct. 15, 1885. 36

This popular company (the North American Life) is noted for its prompt and liberal settlements of all just claims. Mrs. Beardsley's card of thanks appears in another column.—Barrie Gazette, Barrie, Oct. 14, 1885. 36

Mr. Bourlier and the Salvation Army.

Editor World: In your issue of Oct. 19, appeared an item headed, "What the Salvation army did:" Now, that article is put entirely in the wrong light. I will give you a correct version of the accident which you will please print in your next issue.

As the Salvation army were marching up Queen street in Parkdale, Mr. Bourlier drove up and tried to go through the procession, and of course was stopped by one of the soldiers. The horse then became frightened by the confusion and in his struggles upset the buggy. The statement that there was not room for Mr. Bourlier to pass is not true, for there was room for two teams to pass alongside the procession. This is a correct version of the affair, for I was there and saw the whole thing. FRED FINGALL.

"Has Some One Blundered?"

Editor World: It seems to me a most unfortunate circumstance that a Saturday should have been appointed Thanksgiving day when any other day would have suited all classes, and a Saturday is certainly not suitable either for farmers or business men, and when business is of such a limited nature that every day counts, and the amount of goods sold on a Saturday is equal to three ordinary days. It cannot but be expected that business men will try and save the Saturday, and perhaps make another day the holiday, and so it will be neither one thing nor the other. It seems to me that a mistake has been made, and I feel satisfied that from the east to the west there are thousands who greatly regret that some one has blundered. Now, if that is so, had it not better be made right? YOURS, IN HOPE.

Guelph, Oct. 20, 1885.

Amalgamation of Our Nationalities.

Editor World: I think you are much too sanguine in your expectations of a speedy amalgamation between the different nationalities—at least judging by what we see around us. I could take you to at least a dozen school sections in Waterloo county and to as many more in Bruce and Huron, where you would not find a dozen school children who understand English to write a letter or make a business transaction. And although many do speak it sufficiently, I would like to see the bishop or school inspector who could foist a preacher or priest or teacher upon them who does not know German well enough to preach or teach. When this is possible in towns and rural districts of Ontario, it will be much easier in Quebec. For my part I do not believe that Quebec will be Anglicized for many generations, although they may find it useful to learn English more commonly than hitherto.

REV. THEO. SPETZ.

Berlin, Ont., Oct. 19.

Immigration Should Be Encouraged.

Editor World: I notice that the Trades and Labor council are opposed to immigration, and are always protesting to the government that they should not advertise Canada so much in the United Empire. Now, I can see no reason for all this, unless it be in the fact that there are a lot of poor, miserable souls among us who live in continued dread of losing their situations or having their wages reduced, if brought into competition with workmen from the old country. At all events, their solicitude betrays that they do not possess much confidence or self-reliance. Their plea for excluding immigrants is that the class who come here are poor working men for whom there is nothing to do. Bosh! There has never come an honest man to Canada yet who has not been able to get all the work he wanted. It would be a story more thrilling than fiction to read the account of how some of Toronto's prominent men have made their way from penury to opulence, and we would merely allude in passing to the man who occupies the highest office in the gift of the people of the Queen city, who, by his own confession, trudged into Toronto with all his worldly possessions in a little bundle, and who is to-day one of the wealthiest men in Canada.

And the question is pertinent: How many of these men, or their fathers (for they are all sons of the old sod, no matter what they say) came to this country with a dollar to spare? Not one; they all came with the same intention to make their way in the new country. Then why be so ungenerous, after we are domiciled ourselves, as to object to the coming of others? There is room enough in this grand Canada of ours for all who can come, and will be for the next century, and all we ask them to bring with them is a healthy constitution and a determination to work. We want our broad acres filled up. Our paltry five millions are lost here, and our fewness is the only thing that retards our independence.

As any thoughtful volunteer who traversed through the Northwest during the recent disturbance what his impressions were as he looked on the vast garden stretching all around him, and he will tell you that he was grieved to think that there was no one to take possession.

Let the Trades and Labor council think of these things, and like true patriots let them consider the welfare of the land they live in, and instead of hampering the dominion government in their noble work let them write to their relatives and friends in the old country: Come and share with us this glorious heritage, and help build up what is to be the mightiest empire of the world! YOUNG CANADA.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY, Oct. 20.

The sales on the local stock exchange aggregated 334 shares and a reported sale of 5 Commerce at 126½. The eyes of local speculators were turned towards New York, where a "daisy" market was reported in progress. The bulls were going around like hummingbirds. In the morning 30 Commerce sold at 126½; 10-10 Federal at 97½; 20 British America at 85; 5 People's Loan at 107½; 30 Hamilton Provident at 127½. At the afternoon board 10-25-15 10-10 Ontario sold at 110, 25 at 110¼; 25-20 Toronto at 188¾; 14 Merchants' at 116¾, 25 at 117; 20 Commerce at 127¼, 5 at 117½; 10 Dominion Savings and Loan at 114¾; 10 Hamilton Provident at 127½.

The sales on the Montreal stock exchange to-day were: Morning board—25 City Passenger at 115½, 25 at 115¾, 25 at 116, 100 at 116, 100 at 116½, 25 at 116¾, 100 at 117. Afternoon board—25 Toronto at 189½; 130 Commerce at 128; 25 Montreal Tel. Co. at 127½, 25 at 127¾; 50 Dundas Cotton at 59, 25 at 58.

The New York stock market was strong and active to-day, with frequent reactions. The close was firm and hard. New York Central opened ⅜ higher at 103¾, touched 102⅞ and 104¼, closed 104¼; sales 25,500. Lackawanna opened ½ higher at 118, touched 116¾ and 118¾, when it closed on sales of 48,000. Lake Shore opened ⅝ higher at 80, touched 79¼ and 81⅞, closed 81⅛, sales 62,100. Northwest opened 38 higher at 109 touched 108½ and 109¾, closed 109¾; sales 35,300. St. Paul opened ½ higher at 85⅝, touched 84⅞ and 85¾, closed 85¾ on sales of 39,500. Union Pacific opened ¼ higher at 53¾, touched 53 and 54¼, closed 54¼ on sales of 22,400. Western Union opened ⅜ higher at 76½, touched 76 and 77½ closed 77; sales 27,900. Canadian Pacific opened ¼ lower at 45¾, closed 45¼; sales 300.

Sterling exchange in New York closed unchanged at $4.86 and $4.84.

Consols unchanged at 100 7-16.

Canadian Pacific shares in London closed 47½.

Oil City—Oil opened 110, closed 112 bid, highest 112⅝, lowest 109½. These figures are the highest for two years, but in the summer of three years ago it sold under 50 and $1.36, an advance of 86.

The offerings of grain on the street today were: Barley 5000 bushels, which sold from 58c to 82c; wheat, fall and spring, 300 bushels, at 85c to 90c; wild goose 74c to 76c; oats 300 bushels (new), 35c to 37c; old 38c to 40c; rye, one load at 60c; peas, one load at 60c.

Visible supply: New York computation—Wheat 45,179,482, against 44,094,892 last week; corn 4,827,123, against 5,195,931; oats 5,245,980, against 5,095,067. Chicago computation—Wheat 48,738,976, against 46,717,001; corn 4,340,387, against 4,291,118; oats 4,405,375, against 3,887,940. The visible supply of wheat is the largest ever recorded by either New York or Chicago computation.

Cox & Co's. Chicago advices to-day were as follows: "10.10 a.m.—Receipts 20,000 hogs, 5 cents higher. New York visible wheat increase, 1,086,000 bush., corn, decrease, 368,000 bush. Minneapolis wires us three of their largest elevators will be plum full this week. Millers refusing wheat at 2 cents reduction from Saturday's prices. Cars piling up on their tracks; looks like wheat blockade there. Curb 90⅞c December. 12.06—Wheat opened weak on large selling, chiefly by local longs; scalpers bullied market; however, on correction in government report making crop only 350,000,000, some talk of fair export enquiry at decline in New York. See nothing to cause any material or lasting advance yet, but purchasers on sharp breaks now likely pay scalping profits. Corn heavy under general long selling. Provisions steady, dull. 220 cars wheat, 435 corn, 140 oats, 28,000 hogs expected to-morrow. F. & B."

Business troubles reported to-day were: Robert A. Allen, general store, Glen Tay: Ont., assigned in trust. W. Stephen, hardware, etc., Winnipeg, stock advertised to be sold by sheriff. Mrs. E. Desbiens, general store, Chicoutimi, Quebec, assigned in trust. L. Antoine Plante, general store, St. Eugene de Grantham, Que., assigned in trust. R. P. Whitney, lumber, North Esk, N.B., failed.

Toronto Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Montreal 205½, 203½; Ontario 110, 109¾; Toronto 189, 188¾; Merchants, 117¼, 117; Commerce 127⅞, 127½; Imperial 126¾, 126; Federal 97½, 97¼; Dominion, buyers 199; Standard, buyers 116; Hamilton, buyers 125; British America, buyers 85; Western Assurance, 113, 112; Consumers Gas, buyers 160; Dominion Telegraph, 89, 88; Northwest Land Co., 43, 41½; Canadian Pacific Rail. Grant Bonds, 97½, 96; Canada Permanent, buyers 203½; Freehold, buyers 167¾; Western Canada, buyers 191; Union, 130, 126; Can. Landed Credit, buyers 123; B. & Loan Association, buyers 105¾; Imperial S. & Invest., buyers 112; Lon. & Can. L. & A., 144, 143½; National Investment, sellers 102; Peoples' Loan, buyers 107; Manitoba Loan, sellers 99½; Huron and Erie, buyers 160; Dom. Savings and Loan, sellers 114¾; Ontario Loan and Deb., buyers 124; Hamilton Provident, 128, 127.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, Oct. 20.—Flour—Receipts, 1600 brls. Sales reported, 300 brls. Market quiet, steady; prices unchanged. Superior extra, $4.45 to $4.50; extra superfine, $4.35; spring extra, $4.25 to $4.30; superfine, $3.85 to $4; strong bakers', $4.40 to $4.50; fine, $3.70 to $3.80; middlings, $3.50 to $3.60; pollards, $3.25 to $3.35; Ontario bags, $1.90 to $2.10; city bags, $2.45 to $2.50 for strong Sales, 100 brls. super, at $4.50; 100 do extra at $4.35; 100 do. choice superfine at $4.15. Grain—Wheat—Red winter 95c to 97c; white, 93c to 95c; spring, 95c to 97c. Peas, 75c to 76c. Oats, 32c. Barley, 50c to 65c. Rye, 60c to 62c. Oatmeal, $4.20 to $4.30. Cornmeal, $3 to $3.10. Provisions—Pork, 12½c to 13c. Lard, 8½c to 11c. Hams, 11½c to 12½c. Cheese, 9c to 10c. Butter—Townships, 17c to 18c; Morrisburg, 15c to 17c; western, 12c to 14c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Cotton unchanged. Flour—Receipts 180,800 bbls; without further change, ruling weak; sales 14,000 bbls. Wheat—Receipts 253,600 bush. exports 33,000 bush; cash declined about 1c and options 1½c to 1¾c; sales 618,000 bush future, 224,000 bush spot. No. 2 Chicago 94c to 95c. No. 2 red 97½c in elevator. No. 2 red October closed 96½c. November 96⅞c. Barley firm; ungraded Canada 81½c to 82c. Corn—Receipts 84,900 bush, spot declined ½c to ¾c, and options ⅜c to ½c, closing heavy; exports 114,000 bush, sales 352,000 bush future, 148,000 bush spot, ungraded 51½c to 52c. No. 2 51c to 51½c elevator. October closing 50½c. November 50½c. Oats—Receipts 60,000 bush. ½c to ¾c better and fairly active; sales 420,000 bush future, 208,000 bush spot. No. 2 30½c to 30¾c elevator. No. 2 October 30¾c. November 30½c to 30¾c. Eggs firmer. Canada 19c to 20c. Lard higher and more active; contract grades spot quoted $6.30.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Wheat excited, unsettled and feverish throughout the entire session, fluctuating wildly at times but with general tendency toward a lower range of prices. Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat opened ¾c lower, fluctuated and closed ¼c under yesterday; sales ranged: October 87½c to 88c, closed 87½c; November 87⅞c to 88½c, closed 87⅞c; December 89½c to 90½c, closed 89½c; May 96½c to 97⅞c, closed 97c; No. 2 spring 87½c to 87¾c, No. 3 red 82c. Corn moderately active, but lower; cash 41½c. October 41½c to 42c, closed 39⅞c, year 37c. 41½c. November 39⅞c to 40½c, closed 39⅞c. Oats dull and easy; cash 25c, October 25c to 25½c, November 25½c to 25¾c, May 29½c to 29¾c. Pork fairly active; cash $8.42½ to $8.45, November $8.42½ to $8.45, December $8.47½ to $8.50. Lard steady, 5c higher; cash $5.97½ to $6, October $6, November $5.97½ to $6, December $6 to $6.02½. Boxed meats quiet; dry salted shoulders $3.50 to $3.75, short rib sides $5.15, short clear sides $5.65 to $5.70. Whisky nominally $1.10. Receipts—Flour 29,000 bbls, wheat 100,000 bush, corn 234,000 bush, oats 157,000 bush, rye 14,000 bush, barley 83,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 12,000 bbls, wheat 39,000 bush, corn 97,000 bush, oats 112,000 bush, rye 4000 bush, barley 6000 bush.

BEERBOHM'S DESPATCHES: "London, Oct. 20.—Floating cargoes—Wheat steady, maize nil. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize quiet but steady. Good cargoes No. 1 California off the coast, 36s, was 36s to 36s 6d. Good cargoes red winter off the coast, 34s, was 34s 6d. London—Good shipping No. 1 California, just shipped, 37s 6d, was 38s; do. nearly due, 36s, was 36s 6d. No. 2 red winter for prompt shipment, 34s 6d, was 37s. Liverpool—Spot wheat rather easier; maize 4s 7d, 1d cheaper.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 20.—Spring wheat 7s 2d to 7s 4d, red winter 7s 2d to 7s 4d, No. 1 California 7s 3d to 7s 6d, No. 2 California 7s to 7s 2d. Corn 4s 7d. Peas 5s 9d. Pork 51s. Lard 32s. Bacon, long clear, 30s; short clear, 31s. Tallow 28s. Cheese (new) 50s. Breadstuffs—Wheat quiet and in poor demand, supply large. Corn steady and in poor demand. Weather cold and dry. Receipts of wheat for three days, 135,000 centals, of which 37,000 centals were American; corn 108,200 centals. Cotton dull; uplands 5 7 16d, Orleans 5¾d.

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Breakfast Sets in China and Stoneware; Dinner Sets in China and Stoneware; Dessert Sets in Painted Landscapes, &c.; Tea and Coffee sets in great variety; Five O'Clock Tea Sets and Cups and Saucers; Ice Cream Sets and Fruit Sets; Porridge Bowls and Porridge Plates; Ornamental Goods, great variety; Silver plated Knives, Forks and Spoons; Silverplate Cruets and Butter Coolers; Rodgers' Ivory Handled Knives; and an endless variety of Goods; Hotel Goods of every description; Bar Fixings of every kind and shape. The store will be lighted every night during the Fair.
GLOVER HARRISON, Proprietor.

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Have on Exhibition an extensive assortment of new
Double Damask Tablecloths, Napkins, Doylies, Slips, Towels, and Embroidered Linen Pillow Shams.
Lace and Madras Muslin Curtains, Tapestry Table Covers and Piano Covers. Eider Down Comfortables, Pillows, Skirts and Tea Coseys.
ENGLISH AND CANADIAN BLANKETS
Bat Comfortables and Marseilles Quilts. Clearing a job lot of Damask Table Cloths from 2 to 6 yards long at a considerable reduction on regular prices. 36
King St., Opposite the Postoffice.

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Invested Funds	31,470,000
Annual Revenue	4,000,000
Bonus Distributed	17,000,000

SPECIAL NOTICE.
All policies taken out prior to 15th November next will be entitled to a full years share of the profits which have arisen during the last five years and will be divided as at that date.
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager,
C. GREVILLE HARSTON,
136 General Agent, Toronto.

New Advertisement.
TENDERS.
CITY OF TORONTO
Corporation Debentures.
Tenders will be received at the City Treasurer's office at or before 3 p. m., on
Thursday, 29th October, 1885,
addressed to Alderman Defoe, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the City Council, for the purchase of Consolidated Loan Debentures of the City of Toronto, maturing at the expiration of 40 years, bearing interest at four per cent. per annum, issued under several By-laws of the Corporation sanctioned by Acts of Parliament, and aggregating an amount of
$634,300,
To be applied as follows, that is to say:

For providing a new pumping engine and other special expenditure on the Toronto Water Works	$160,000
For constructing the Garrison Creek sewer	160,000
For purchasing a site and erecting a Court House	300,000
For Public School purposes	42,000
For Separate School purposes	32,300

These debentures will be made payable either in currency at the Bank of Toronto, or in sterling at the banking house of Messrs. Lloyds, Barnetts & Bosanquet, London, England, with interest coupons attached for the payment of interest thereon, half-yearly, at the rate abovenamed.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for City of Toronto Four Per Cent. Consolidated Loan Debentures." They shall name a sum reaching or exceeding $96 for every $100, the said sum of $96 being the minimum sum at which a tender can be made, and parties may tender for a part or the whole of the issues.
Parties tendering are requested to furnish names of personal or corporate security for the fulfilment of their tenders if accepted.
The Debentures will be delivered to the party whose tender is accepted at the City Treasurer's Office, Toronto, the proceeds of the sale, being payable in currency, or if the Debentures are taken in sterling, at the par of exchange, at said place of delivery.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Any further information can be obtained at this office.
SAMUEL B. HARMAN,
City Treasurer.
City Treasurer's Office, Toronto, Oct. 20th, '85.

MEDICAL CARDS.
DR. HALL, M.D., HOMŒOPATHIST 326 and 328 Jarvis street; specialties—children's and nervous diseases: hours—9 to 11 a. m.; 4 to 6 p. m., Saturday afternoons excepted.
DR. RYERSON HAS RESUMED PRACTICE—Eye, Ear and Nose. 317 Church street, Toronto. Hours, 10 to 1.45, Saturdays excepted.
DR. E. T. ADAMS, SURGEON AND Homœopathist, 450 Yonge street, corner College avenue. Specialty—Diseases of the stomach and bowels. Office hours—9 to 10 a.m., 2 to 4 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m.; Sunday, 2 to 4 p.m.

MUSICAL
DR. STRATHY'S MUSIC ROOMS, 50 Bond. Instruction resumed 15th September next. Class term fees ten dollars. Private term fees twenty and thirty dollars. Address Niagara until 11th Sept.
W. PAYNE, PIANOFORTE AND organ tuner, drum manufacturer, dealer in music and musical instruments, 355 Queen street west, Toronto. Music furnished for quadrille and evening parties. Tuning a specialty.

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Volunteers wishing to sell their
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Exchange and Stock Brokers,
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Chicago Board of Trade
In Grain and Provisions.
Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin. Daily cable quotations.
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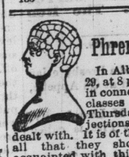
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Phrenological Lecture
In Albert Hall, Thursday, Oct. 29, at 8 p.m. by Wallace Mason in connection with phrenological classes now forming will meet Thursday evening, when all objections to phrenology will be dealt with. It is of the greatest importance to all that they should make themselves acquainted with this, the most useful of all subjects. Careful examinations daily, describing how to develop and improve the character, how to regain and retain good health, business adaption, etc. 362 Yonge street, 9th store above Elm street. 36

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