Mineral Wealth of Ontario

Annual Report of Director of Mines Furnishes Interesting Particulars.

Increase In Value of Production Exceeded $2,000,000 In 1901.

The Ontario Department of Crown Lands has issued the annual report of Mr. Thomas W. Gibson, director of Mines, for 1901. It is a comprehensive document, including, in addition to elaborate statistics dealing with every branch of the subject, valuable information concerning the explorations and investigations made by the officials of the Bureau and others to ascertain the extent and value of Ontario's mineral resources. The production of minerals during the year reached a total value of $11,831,086, as compared with $9,264 in 1900, and $7,235,877 in 1898. The most noteworthy feature is the increase in the metallic output, which was $9,016,734 last year, as against $2,565,- in 1900, and $1,689,002 in 1898. The metallic products formed 42 per cent. of the total last year, as compared with 11 per cent. in 1900. The great increases were in copper-nickel and pig-iron; gold and silver, which are now relatively small factors, showed a falling off.

First and foremost in importance is the nickel-copper industry, which is advancing by leaps and bounds. The output of nickel ore for the year was 8,882,000 pounds, or 4,441 tons, worth in the ore, $1,859,970. The output has increased 25 per cent. in quantity and 145 per cent. in value over that of 1900. The value of the copper contents of the ore, amounting to 4,197 tons, was $1,080, as compared with 3,364 tons, with $319,681 in 1900. In 1897 the yield of nickel was valued at $359,651, and that of copper to $200,067. In that year the number of tons raised was 93,- and the number smelted 96,093. The last year the number of tons raised was 326,945, and 270,380 smelted. Further returns covering the first three months of the present year, show that the industry continues to advance. There was a gain of $354,489 in nickel, $121,545 in copper over the corresponding period of 1901, due largely to the marked improvement effected in the process of smelting.

The quantity of iron ore produced in 1901 was over three times the output of 1900, largely owing to the extensive developments of the Helen mines, which is now the principal source of supply. The yield was 273,538 tons, worth $428, as compared with the previous year's output of 90,302, of the value of $805. Pig-iron also showed an extensive increase, due mainly to the operation of an additional furnace. The output was 116,370 tons, of the value of $1,703, an increase over 1900 of 53,- tons and $765,637 in value over the output of 1900. While in that year 23 per cent. of the ore made into iron was the product of Ontario mines, the percentage of native ore risen in 1901 to 57 per cent. The growth of the steel industry is one of the most noteworthy features of the year. Its output was 14,471 tons, valued at $247,280, while the year previous it was only 2,819 tons, worth $46,380. In iron and steel making employed 580 men, the wages paid amounting in the aggregate to $274,554. Bounties amounting to $25,000 were paid out by the provincial government for the encouragement of the industry.

The production has not yet attained to considerable proportions. There is but one mine in operation, the output of which was 1,500 tons, of the value of $15,000.

There were only nine gold mines contributing to the output of 1901, which amounted to 14,293 ounces, valued at $295,843. In 1900, 18,767 ounces were produced, worth $297,861. The later figures for the first three months of the year are of a more encouraging nature, the gold output showed an increase in 1902 amounting to $22,548, as compared with the corresponding period of 1901.

The silver product was 151,400 ounces, valued at $84,830, as compared with 152 ounces, valued at $96,376 in 1900. There was a gain amounting to 151 in the yield of the first three months of the present year.

The returns of non-metallic products show fewer noteworthy changes than those of metallic production. Non-metallic products have fallen off from $1,045,045 to $1,467,940, but this decline is compensated by increases in most of the other items, bringing the total value of the production for the year in advance of the production for 1900. Iron pyrites has been added to the schedule, with an output amounting to $500, and the value of corundum produced has risen from $6,000 to $53,-

Action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is sure, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels. They do not purge. They are sure to please. Try them.

IRON BOUNTIES.

Discussing the effect of bounties on the development of the iron industry in Ontario the Ottawa Citizen says:

The effect of bounties in developing the iron trade of Ontario is clearly indicated in the report of the Bureau of Mines. In 1896 the Ontario output of pig iron under bounty conditions was 74,000 tons on which a bounty of a dollar a ton was paid. In 1897 the output declined, but in 1898 it advanced to 90,000 tons, in 1899 it was 12,752 tons, last year it reached 55,214 tons, and the bonus was reduced to $0,472. The iron mining fund, if not exhausted, will expire on January 1903, the amount appropriated having been $125,000. Of this $59,741 has been paid out.

The production of iron ore in 1901 was more than three times that for the previous year, 273,538 tons being raised and shipped as again 90,302 tons in 1900. The value of the ore was returned at $174,428, as compared with $111,- for the preceding 12 months. Eight mines in Eastern Ontario produced about one-tenth of the whole, but by far the larger proportion of the ore was the product of the Helen mine in the Algoma mining division, which was worked steadily during the year. The returns from the Helen were to the following points: Midland, Ont., 11,574; Hamilton, Ont., 66,330 tons; Ashland, Ohio, 98,213 tons; Buffalo, N. Y., 112 tons; Cleveland, Ohio, 17,026; total, 258,755 tons.

The working force of miners was 360. The paid rose from $107,583 in 1900 to $297,039. It will thus be seen that the increase in the expenditure in bounties was in the last year, the value of the ore had reached $174,428 and the bounties paid out amounted to $231,039. The disparity between the value of the ore and the wages paid is explained by the fact that a great deal of work was done in last year in opening up new mines which will now be available for increase the product proportionately.

Mr. Mackie, sentenced in 1898 to 10 years in the Kingston penitentiary for complicity in the robbery of the Dominion Bank at Napanee, was freed last night on the expiration of leave, after serving three years and nine months.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught will visit King Edward and Queen Alexandra respectively, at the Delhi coronation unless the King being unable to absent himself from England long enough to enable them to be personally at Delhi.

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

FORTY-FOURTH YEAR — VICTORIA B. C. FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 12 1902 — VOLUME LXVII

Postage To Yukon

Sir William Mulock Forced to Abandon His Obnoxious Double Rates.

A Great Gathering of Salvation Army to Be Held in Winnipeg.

Sir A. P. Pelletier May Be Next Lieutenant Governor of Quebec.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 9.—(Special.)—S. Larke, Canadian trade agent in Australia, reports to the Department of Trade and Commerce that Canadians cannot expect to do business in Australia unless they establish agencies there. These agencies ought to carry a full line of goods if possible. Every nation has done this to secure a foothold and Canada cannot expect to be different in that regard. Drought still continues. This has created a demand for Canadian butter, and also for Canadian No. 1 hard wheat. Samples of western grain and shipments of butter should be made by the government at its own risk.

Sir William Mulock has crawfished on his absurd postal regulations affecting the Yukon. Notice was issued today that postal regulation number 83 is repealed and the rates of postage in force in other parts of Canada shall apply to the Yukon and Atlin districts.

A proclamation was issued today putting in force the act of last session to keep out pauper immigrants.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—Gen. Booth will visit Winnipeg the first week in December to attend the largest Salvation Army gathering ever held in Western Canada. It will be attended by officers from all parts of the Pacific and Western divisions, which includes British Columbia, the Northwest Territories, Manitoba, besides the states of Washington, North Dakota, Montana and Idaho.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 9.—Minnedosa was reported 37 above at 9 o'clock this morning, the lowest temperature in the West. The weather all along the C. P. R. could not be more favorable for harvesting operations, being clear and not too hot. The fact of there not being enough harvest hands to get in the wheat will not affect harvesting and threshing. At present fine weather continues. Yesterday afternoon the weather on an average was 65 above all over the West.

Regina, Sept. 9.—Thirty per cent. of the crop is yet to be cut. This is on the heavy lands. All the crop on the light lands is cut and with the splendid ripening weather is O. K. The yield is heavy. All the crops will be marketable. Some of the specimens are stupendous. P. M. Breck, immigration agent, on his farm at Edenwold has fall wheat, something unusual here with 96 grains to the ear, each spike-let having eight grains.

The general meeting of the congregation of Knox church, Carberry, was held last night, when it was decided to extend a call to Rev. W. B. Cummings, of Nanaimo, B. C. He is now in the city.

Port Rowan, Ont., Sept. 9.—(Special)—The steamer Stevens of Buffalo, loaded with copper and flour, bound for Buffalo from Duluth, was burned to the water's edge off Clear creek, Port Rowan, last night. The crew were saved.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—H. J. Hill, secretary and manager of the industrial exhibition, is seriously ill.

Welland, Ont., Sept. 9.—(Special)—The Grand Trunk freight depot here, together with contents, was destroyed by fire about midnight.

Parry Sound, Ont., Sept. 9.—(Special)—The body of a woman, afterwards identified as Mrs. C. L. White, wife of the lighthouse-keeper of that place, was found on the shore about a mile from here this morning.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 9.—(Special)—A dark horse may get the Queen's Principalship, though Dr. Herridge's name is favorably mentioned.

Montreal, Sept. 9.—(Special)—Sir A. P. Pelletier is mentioned as successor to Lieut.-Governor Jette of Quebec.

THE FUNERAL OF VIRCHOW

Last Honors Paid to the Great Scientist By the German People.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—The city of Berlin today gave the remains of the late Prof. Virchow, one of the four citizens upon whom had been conferred the freedom of the city, a funeral worthy of the great scientist. The assembly room in the town hall, where the services were held, was most lavishly decorated, and in the adjoining lobbies, was a great display of magnificent wreaths sent by medical, political and scientific societies. The assembly room was crowded with the most distinguished professors, scientists, and physicians of the Capital, and with the highest medical officers of the Germany army. The hall was nearly filled by university professors and city councilmen in their golden chains of office. Around the sides, and in the rear stood deputation from students societies in mediaeval costumes bearing aloft their richly emblazoned banners. After the cathedral choir intoned solemn music, Pastor Kirtess made a short address of general eulogy of the late scientist, Professor William Waldeyer followed characterizing Prof. Virchow's scientific work.

Justice Albert Traeger, a member of the Reichstag then sketched the deceased's character and activity as a politician and chief burgomaster K. Friesner extolled Virchow's work as a town councillor of Berlin, and his activity in organizing hospitals, drainage systems and museums. After a final hymn by the choir, the funeral procession formed in front of the city hall and moved through Unter Der Linden, the Burgomaster and councilmen marching next to the hearse, behind which were borne Prof. Virchow's orders and decorations on cushions. The streets through which the procession passed, were lined with people long before the hearse arrived. The interment of the remains was in St. Matthews cemetery at Schoeneberg, a suburb of Berlin.

IN EUROPE NOW.

Vesuvius Beginning to Show Signs of Activity.

Rome, Sept. 9.—The volcano on St. Rombolt Island is in full eruption, and is throwing up great columns of fire and torrents of stones. The island is shrouded in smoke. Mount Vesuvius is showing signs of activity.

CHOLERA IN CHINA.

Disease Reported to Be Now Abating.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 9.—Official reports show that there have been 4,043 cases of cholera and 2,556 deaths from the disease in places along the Eastern China railroad from the time of the outbreak up to August 28. The spread of the disease is now abating.

LOOKS SERIOUS

Situation at Colon and Panama Very Warlike.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 9—Mr. Eherman, vice-consul general at Panama advises the State department by cable that Agua Dulce has been surrendered by the government forces. Four revolutionary war vessels are now in the Bay of Panama and the revolutionists are reported to be moving toward the railroad. Mr. Eherman considers the situation at Colon and at Panama serious.

TRYING TO SETTLE.

Meeting in New York to Discuss Subject.

New York, Sept. 9.—When Governor Stone left the office of the United States Steel corporation today, he said: "Attorney General Elkins, Senator Flynn and myself, have been in consultation for some time today with P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, who is a director in the United States Steel corporation, and is associated with Mr. Morgan in many business interests. Mr. Widener is very anxious to see the strike settled, and today took the matter up with Mr. Morgan. We are doing what we can."

Her Sentence A Light One

Kelly Woman Gets Year in Jail For Torturing a Young Child.

Silly Vancouver Girls Swap Their Jewelry For Soldiers' Buttons.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Sept. 9.—Mrs. Isabella Kelly, charged with aggravated assault on 12-year-old Myrtle Greek, by burning, cutting and otherwise abusing her, was sentenced by Judge Henderson to one year in jail with hard labor. The judge told Mrs. Kelly her conduct had been shocking, and remarked that if all the complaints of the girl Myrtle were true, that her behaviour was more like what might have occurred in the Middle Ages, and not in these enlightened times.

The decision of the water commissioner has been given, and the water in Capilano creek is secured to the city of Vancouver for water purposes.

There is considerable talk in Vancouver over a report that a number of Vancouver young ladies threw valuable rings and bracelets to Sikh and Hongkong soldiers on the steamship Empress of China as the steamship was pulling out. One young lady, who is now sorry for it, is said to have exchanged a $40 bracelet for a brass button with a khaki-dressed soldier she never saw before and would never see again.

The request of the Horticultural association for a grant of $250 to liquidate their indebtedness in the last flower show has been refused by the council.

The two last San Francisco steamers have brought no fruit to Vancouver. This is owing to the local market being entirely supplied with British Columbia fruit.

THE HAYTIEN SITUATION.

Germans Consider Sinking of Gunboat Was Justified.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—The attitude of the United States press regarding the sinking of the Haytien rebel gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot by the German gunboat Panther gives great satisfaction here. The press comment emphasizes the fact that utterances of the leading papers of the United States prove that people of that country are convinced of the unselfishness of Germany's policy in American waters.

Hamburg, Sept. 9.—According to information received from the Haytien consul here, the provisional government of Hayti has closed the ports of Gonavis, Saint Marie and Port de Paix to foreign ships in consequence of the disturbed condition of the island. The provisional president, Boiserond Canala, has issued instructions that bills of lading, manifests, etc., for these ports be not issued for the present.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Mr. Powell, United States minister to Hayti, has cabled the State department that he has a report that Admiral Killick and two of his officers went down with the Crete-a-Pierrot, recently sunk near Cape Haytien by the German gunboat Panther.

ANGLICAN SYNOD.

Add Deceased Wife's Sister's Daughter to Prohibited Degrees.

Montreal, Sept. 9.—The Church of England general synod today decided to hold sessions triennially hereafter instead of every six years. The next meeting will be held in Quebec. There was a discussion on temperance, but no action was taken.

The Bishops recommended that marriage with a deceased wife's sister and a deceased wife's sister's daughter be included within the prohibited degrees and lower house after considerable discussion agreed, and it now becomes a law of the church.

TOBACCO TRUST.

Mayor of Windsor Makes Important Admission.

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 9.—At today's session of the inquiry into the tobacco trade of Canada, conducted by Hon. D. R. McTavish as royal commissioner, Mayor Smith, who is consignee of the American Tobacco company and Empire Tobacco company, admitted he signed a contract with the trust whereby he agreed to handle no Canadian manufactured tobacco except that made by the trust and no union made goods whatever.

Fast On The Rocks

Cottage City Wrecked on Etolin Island, Twenty Miles From Wrangel.

All Passengers Safely Landed—Crew Stay With Vessel.

She Is Badly Damaged But May Probably Be Floated Again.

Skagway, Alaska, Sept. 9.—(Special.)—The Steamer Cottage City ran on the rocks at the point of Etolin island, 20 miles south of Wrangel at 10 o'clock on Sunday night. The 150 passengers were safely landed on the shore a hundred yards distant.

The steamer Spokane, of the same line, north-bound, three hours later picked up passengers and brought them to Skagway. All the crew, except the purser, remained with the wreck. Not many passengers had retired, consequently they were landed quickly without great excitement. No gold dust or mail was lost.

The boat is about 50 feet on the rocks, bow and keel badly damaged. At low water the rocks are nearly bare. At high water the vessel's smoke room is flooded. Tugs and lighter from Juneau have gone to her assistance. It is thought that by building a bulkhead, the vessel can be floated.

Pilot Meyers was on the bridge at the time of the accident. Captain Wallace was asleep. It was pitch dark, and a rainy night. The boat was running at half speed. All the passengers go south on the Spokane tonight.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 9.—"Cottage City went ashore Sunday night at 10:20 o'clock on Island Point, Etolin Island, Stickeen Strait, 20 miles south of Fort Wrangel. She is 60 feet forward on the rocks. Fifty feet of her keel is gone, and her forefoot is dry at low water. The ship filled aft and the hurricane deck is under water at high tide. The vessel is well sheltered and Capt. Lloyd thinks a bulkhead can be built inside and the ship floated. The damage extends on the forefoot to the pilot house. A steamer, scow and material have been sent from Fort Wrangel. Salmon cargo transferred to lighter. Over 100 tons of cargo was jettisoned. The 150 passengers were transferred to the steamer Spokane three hours after the accident. We require nothing now."

The foregoing tells of disaster to the Cottage City, Capt. David Wallace, one of the best known vessels plying between this port and Alaska. It is the contents of a despatch sent from Juneau today by A. S. Dautrick to C. W. Muller, assistant general agent for the Pacific Coast Company, which owns the vessel. Dautrick is Juneau agent of the company. At the time of the wreck the Cottage City was bound south from Skagway to Seattle. She began her voyage in this port, August 31, and was scheduled to arrive today. As the Dautrick telegram indicates, no lives were lost. The passengers and crew were got off in safety. While the vessel is badly injured, the information indicates that she can and will be floated. She is a wooden vessel, a fact which probably accounts for her not breaking to pieces with possibly a great loss of life. Her position indicates that she struck head on.

Capt. David Walace, her commander, is a veteran of the sea. He has been running to Alaska for years, and has long been regarded as one of the ablest and most cautious masters running ships in those waters. He has seldom had a mishap, and has been exceptionally successful in his command of the Cottage City.

The Cottage City was built at Bath, Me., in 1891. About five years ago she passed to the ownership of the Pacific Coast Company and was brought around the Horn to Seattle. She went at once on the Lynn Canal run and has never been on any other since her arrival on the Pacific.

The Cottage City has been on the Skagway route for five years, and although she has brought to Victoria, her first port of call on this end of the route, many stories of disaster to other steamers, she has never had a serious mishap herself. She was bought by the Pacific Coast Steamship company in 1897 for the Klondike trade, having previously been an excursion steamer on the Atlantic Coast, one of her points of call being Cottage City, after which she was named. At first she ran direct to Skagway, but afterwards replaced the City of Topeka on the mail route, which necessitated her calling at many ports on the coast of South-Eastern Alaska. Capt. William Meyers, a Victorian, formerly with the C. P. N. company was pilot on the steamer, having occupied that position for several months. Mr. Curtis, her regular purser, did not make this trip on her, having been taken ill on the last trip. Capt. Sears of this city, one of the officers of the steamer also laid off this trip and is now in the city.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

New York Man Kills a Woman and Himself.

New York, Sept. 9.—F. Gobeil, a resident of New York, shot and killed Annie Miller at the home of her parents in Brooklyn today, and then killed himself. No cause for the act is known.

FOR STEALING.

Toronto Man Gets Three Years in Penitentiary.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—David Hagan saw a Peterboro man pull out a roll of bills in a saloon a few days ago. He seized the roll and ran. The police caught him and today he was sentenced to three years in Kingston penitentiary.

CRIMES ACT.

Newspaper Men in Dublin Are Being Prosecuted.

Dublin, Sept. 9.—The first prosecutions here under the Crimes' Act, began today. The McCarthy editor O'Dwyer, manager and Mr. Holland, publisher respectively of The Irish People, William O'Brien's newspaper, were summoned for trial on charges of criminal conspiracy and intimidating people to prevent their taking unoccupied farms.

THE SOUFRIERE.

Nobody Ventures Near the Destroyed District.

Kingstown, Island of St. Vincent, Sept. 10.—The Soufriere volcano is now quiet, but nobody ventures near Richmond or the obliterated estates which are partially obscured by a vast cloud of steam extending from the summit of the Soufriere to the sea. Quantities of dead fish have been washed ashore on the Leeward coast.

In the absence of scientific opinion it is uncertain whether lava has been ejected. The matter ejected during the afternoon of September 8 was sulphur color. Descending the mountain it ran out to the sea, a distance of about 15 miles. The course of the stream is now a deep ravine. A big upheaval at the base, in the same district, not witnessed from another mountain on September 8. No fine dust fell here during the eruption of September 8. The mineral grit was different from former ejects, either from the Soufriere or Mount Pelee on the Island of Martinique.

FATAL SCRATCH.

John R. Anderson of Nanaimo Dies of Blood Poisoning.

Nanaimo, Sept. 10.—(Special)—John R. Anderson died this afternoon from blood poisoning induced by a scratch on the hand received while working in the mines. This is the second fatality of the same nature to occur within a few days. John Davis, who received similar injuries at the same time as Anderson, died last week. Dangerous germs in the coal are said to be the cause.

MINES NEAR YALE.

New Westminster, Sept. 8.—(Special)—J. E. Lord, a mining expert from Montana, arrived here yesterday, having returned from a professional examination of a quartz proposition near Yale, owned by the Mount Baker & Yale Mining Company. He was so impressed with all he found that he will recommend the installation at once of a 40-stamp mill.

The Fishermen Not Satisfied

Still Another Checking Over of the Salmon Pack on the Fraser.

Gambling House Raided—Three Schoolboys Run Away From Home.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 10.—The Fishermen's union have sent a letter to the Canners' association stating that they are not satisfied to accept 16½ cents per fish. The Canners' association are positive that according to contract the count of fish put up comes to over 252,000 fish, and the price of 16½ cents is the correct one. The count, however, is being again carefully checked.

The quartette of pickpockets came up for election today. They elected for speedy trial, and the case will be proceeded with on Monday. Mr. Bloomfield, of Messrs. Wilson & Senkler, applied to have some $600 found on the prisoners returned. Mr. Kane, for the Crown, stated that he had enough new charges against the prisoners to possibly involve all the money secured as subject to identification from parties who had had their pockets picked. The application was adjourned until Thursday morning.

The gambling house of Man Lee was raided last night, and six gamblers caught. All pleaded guilty and contributed $25 each to the city treasury.

Mr. Wm. Sulley, jr., and Miss Ethel Taylor were married today. The groom is a son of Wm. Sulley, sr., and Miss Taylor is the daughter of Mr. Taylor, manager of the B. C. Fruit Packers' association.

Three school boys, C. Nicherson, Lawrence Batson and Ernest Jackson have run away from their school and their homes. They were last seen at recess at 11 o'clock Monday morning.

A FINE PROPERTY.

The E. J. H. Group of Claims in Johnson's Basin on Lake Creek.

A very promising group of claims is the E. J. H., located in Johnson basin at the head of Lake creek, about two miles from the A. & K. railway. Frank Barber, who is one of the owners of the group, which comprises three claims, has done considerable work both in driving and sinking on the property which has resulted in showing up some nice ore, the value of which runs $70 to the ton. The lead, which is very well defined and strong, has been traced over the length of two claims, and has been broken into at intervals for the entire distance, and wherever the lead has been exposed it has shown up ore in very encouraging quantities.—Trout Lake Topic.

BAKERS IN COUNCIL.

Association Has Its Meeting in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Sept. 10.—The National Association of Master Bakers today heard addresses from bakers representing the association of Great Britain; Conrad Keiser, president of the New York State association; J. L. Spink, of Toronto, and Wm. Bier, of New York. Following the report on bakery insurance, a special committee in connection with the executive board was directed to organize a mutual fire insurance company for bakeries. Nominations for the election tomorrow include Frank Shephard of Boston for president, and W. H. Collins, of Buffalo for one of six vice-presidents to be chosen.

THE FRENCH SHORE.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 10.—Hon. E. M. Jackman, Colonial Minister of Finance will start tomorrow in the Colonial cruiser Fiona to visit the French shore and arrange for the establishment of customs ports of entry at the stations where the French resort, in the hope that the measure will prevent French smuggling along that coast. This step is a part of the new colonial policy of enforcing the customs laws against the French fishermen on the same lines as they are enforced against local residents.

FIFTY AGAINST TWO.

It is not reasonable to expect two weeks of outing to overcome the effects of fifty weeks of confinement.

Take a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla along with you. Three doses daily of this great tonic will do more than anything else to refresh your blood, overcome your tired feeling, improve your appetite, and make your sleep easy and restful.

Welcomed At Ottawa

Australian Ministers Receive Public Reception In the City Hall.

Sir Edmund Barton and His Colleague Refer to Subjects of Colonial Interest.

Militia Department Has Nothing to Do With Constabulary Pay Allotments.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Sept. 10.—Ottawa extended a very cordial welcome to Premier Barton of Australia and his party today. The distinguished visitors were conducted to the city hall, where a large attendance accorded a welcome to them.

Mayor Cook presided, having Sir Edmund Barton and Hon. Mr. Scott on his right, and Sir John Forrest and Sir William Mullock on his left. The civic address was couched in the most friendly terms, and drew from Sir Edmund a speech in which he alluded to the struggle for the Australian Federation. He announced that after 11 months fight the Australian tariff passed yesterday. They would now devote themselves to arranging for the establishment of a Federal capital. He again alluded to the importance of establishing an all red line of communication by cable from Australia by way of Canada, to the heart of the Empire in London.

Sir John Forest alluded to the South African war, and eulogized the C. P. R. The party leave for the Coast on Friday.

The Militia Department is constantly receiving letters from relatives of Canadian members of the South African Constabulary, enquiring for allotments of pay, which should have reached them, according to arrangements made, upon leaving for Capetown. As the force is neither Canadian nor Imperial, the department has nothing to do with transmitting such allotments.

The electric wiring in Ottawa buildings have been strongly condemned by Mr. Wright, of Toronto, a fire insurance inspector.

The Barbers' Protective Union will petition the city council to appoint an inspector of barber shops in the Capital.

KASLO CONSERVATIVES.

Want Larger Representations at Convention—Party Line Question.

Kaslo, B. C., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—The Conservative-Liberal association of this city have elected the following delegates to the convention to be held at Revelstoke on the 12th and 13th: C. W. McAnn, R. F. Green, M. P. P., A. W. Archer, H. Black, Mr. Hannah, F. McQueen, and as alternatives, Jno. Keen and J. Keenan. At the meeting Mr. R. F. Green moved: "That this meeting considers the present basis of representation at the general conventions of the Liberal-Conservative Union of British Columbia to be unfair to the outlying districts, as, naturally it is much easier to maintain associations and ensure large membership in the larger cities than it is in the more sparsely settled districts. And we submit that the basis should be so changed as to give equal representation to all by making the members returned to the local legislature the basis, and to give each riding an equal number of delegates to the general convention for each member, and that such change be made operative from the present convention." In support of his motion Mr. Green stated that the population of the Kootenays was about equal to that of Vancouver and Victoria, but whilst those two cities were enabled to send 165 representatives, the Kootenays were only able to send some 30 votes, because, under the present regulations, such small places as Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, and similar townships were not organized and remained unrepresented for the most part, because there being numbers of the voters who were half the time away in the hills or mines. Nevertheless the Kootenay was justly entitled to her fair representation, and as from now on the convention would probably deal with local and provincial matters more than formerly, this was a very important matter. Mr. Green further stated that by giving representation to the ridings, according to the number of representatives sent to the local House, as embodied in his resolution, the equalization of delegates would be obtained. Several other gentlemen spoke strongly in favor of the resolution, which was eventually carried by the unanimous vote of the meeting.

The question of party politics was raised and created a warm controversy, all the members present stating that it was to be favored, but some maintaining that the time was not ripe to push the matter. Upon a motion being put it was carried that "The question of party lines in provincial politics be left for a future date."

CHURCH THEATRES.

London, Sept. 10.—The unique plan advanced by the Vicar of Gorleston, of running theatres in conjunction with churches throughout the villages of the United Kingdom, has received the support of no less an authority than Joseph Chamberlain, the colonial secretary. Mr. Chamberlain has written a letter to the vicar, in which he sympathizes with this project, and says he is always pleased to hear of anything being done to bring light and happiness into the lives of the people.

A FILIBUSTER.

Vessel Sails From New York For Colombia.

New York, Sept. 8.—Loaded down with dynamite and carrying in her hold a large quantity of ammunition, it is alleged, the little steamer Maid of Penen has sailed from this port, says a Baltimore despatch to the Herald. It was stated that the vessel was to be used in building a jetty at the mouth of Paluca river in Honduras, but along the water front the impression prevails that the steamer is carrying ammunition for the insurgents in Colombia.

Provincial Reformatory.—The Department of Lands and Works have received eight tenders for the erection of the new provincial reformatory at Vancouver. They are all from Vancouver contractors.

OREGON FIRES.

Large Stretch of Timber Lands Burned Over.

Oregon City, Ore., Sept. 9.—Extensive forest fires are destroying a large amount of property in this country. They had been burning slowly for several days, and a strong north wind had caused them to spread rapidly in a southerly direction, sweeping everything before them.

QUARREL AMONG THEMSELVES.

Situation in Colombia Seems More Complicated.

New York, Sept. 9.—The latest advices which have reached here from Bogota, Colombia, are, cables the Kingston, Jamaica, correspondent of the Herald, that President Marroquin and Minister of War Fernandez have quarrelled, and that the latter is developing a tendency to assume illegal and dictatorial powers. Senor Martinez Silva, former Colombia minister at Washington, and other prominent Conservatives, have been imprisoned for publishing documents criticizing the acts of Minister Doinadez and the general government policy. Advices from Carthagena report that the Maggalena river is still blocked. Only four steamers have come down, as passage is difficult owing to the revolutionists holding Point Pinon with powerful artillery. It is rumored that the government steamers Hercules and Irsners have been either sunk or captured by the insurgents.

FOREST FIRES.

Big Range of Timber Ablaze in Wyoming.

Laramie, Wyo., Sept. 8.—Persons arriving from the Rambler mine report that a big forest fire just south of Holmes, in which the mine is located, is burning in the timber five or six miles south of the mine and has destroyed the property of the White Swan Mining Company. The loss cannot now be stated. The fire is still raging in the timber and is threatening properties in the Keystone district.

Where Did All The Water Go?

Calculations Show That Saving May Have Been Made Outside Sewers.

Impossible That 600,000 Gallons a Day Could Pass Through Tanks.

The statement was made at the Voters' League meeting Tuesday night, and the water commissioner was given as the authority, that since the change in the method of flushing the sewers there was a saving of 600,000 gallons of water a day, and that in consequence of this saving the pumps at the North Dairy Farm were now running at about half the speed that was necessary two or three months ago.

Mr. Raymur reported an estimated difference of about 400,000 gallons a few weeks ago, compared with the corresponding day of the previous year. In this latter case part of the saving was the no doubt to the fact that the day this year was a Sunday, and hence less water was being used than is the case on week days. However, a very large saving was attributed to the change in the method of flushing the sewers.

Now as the matter of this saving in the water has been given great prominence of late, it may not be out of the way to give some further particulars bearing on this subject. At the various meetings of the Voters' League at which this matter has been up for discussion some of the members, notably Mr. Belyea, have expressed themselves very strongly on the matter of this supposed saving of water, and have quoted figures to show that the claim as to the waste is not well founded.

With respect to the flush tanks connected with the sewers, Mr. Mohun, who prepared the plans and supervised their construction, has stated that there were some 40 odd tanks in the whole system, and these were filled by means of an ordinary half inch service pipe from the city water mains. Now, by actual experiment made yesterday afternoon by a thoroughly competent engineer at a tap on Government street, something less than six gallons per minute was the capacity of the ordinary half inch service tap. The pressure on Government street on the line of one of the 12-inch mains is no doubt much better than that obtainable in the average locality, therefore it may be correctly assumed that five gallons per minute would be a liberal allowance for the vast majority of such services in the city.

According to a statement made by the Water Works department, at least half of the flush tanks did not work properly—the inference being that there was no complaint against the other half. However, allowing that 25 of these tanks did not work properly, and that the taps were turned on full all the time, this would give 125 gallons waste per minute, 7,500 gallons per hour, or 180,000 gallons a day. Or supposing all 40 of the taps were running full blast day in and day out there could not possibly be more than 288,000 gallons a day go down the sewers. In fairness to the Water Works department it may be stated that they claim that all sizes of connections had been put into the flush tanks, but on the other hand it may be pointed out that but little more than half of the tanks had been altered when the claim to a saving of 400,000 gallons a day was first made. That there is a serious discrepancy somewhere is pretty clear—it may be that the specifications as to the service connecting the tanks with the water mains were not properly carried out, and much larger pipe used, or else the saving has been effected in some apparently unknown manner, always supposing that the saving has been made, for there are those who say that the pump at North Dairy Farm is not doing the work it is supposed to do. In fact this statement has been repeated several times at the meeting of the Voters' League.

While on this subject it may be well to point out that already complaints are being made rightly or wrongly as to the state of the sewers. One gentleman at the Voters' League on Tuesday night stated that people in the neighborhood of a sewer near Spring Ridge were greatly alarmed at the odor emanating from the sewer, and fears were expressed of an outbreak of fever in the neighborhood. Another gentleman stated that a seemingly similar state of affairs was rapidly developing opposite the Government buildings.

Like other evils cramps and diarrhoea come suddenly. Promptly give a dose of Perry Davis' Painkiller and the pains will go immediately. A bottle at hand will save hours of suffering—be prepared.

Products Of Yukon

Winnipeg Surprised By Vegetables and Grain Grown Near Dawson.

Mr. Tarte and Minister of Agriculture Disclose Dissension In Cabinet.

Sir Frederick Borden Sails for Home Today—A Punch Cartoon.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 10.—A sight that attracted great attention at the Dominion Immigration building today was an exhibit of vegetables and grains grown in the Yukon. Deputy Minister Smart has forwarded to Commissioner Smith a consignment of garden produce grown in the open air under natural conditions at Dawson, Y. T. To those who imagined that the Klondike was a barren, frozen waste, incapable of successfully growing agricultural products, the exhibit will be little short of a revelation. Clover 31 inches long, and oats four feet eight inches high show that growth must be phenomenal during the short summer. Rhubarb measured 15 inches in length, and four inches in circumference, and celery is exhibited 14 inches long. Turnips are even larger, one rutabaga measuring 33 by 26 inches. Potatoes 5 inches long would be no discredit to even the fertile gardens of this province or the territories, but apparently the Yukon can grow them up to that size. Carrots 9 inches in length and the same in girth and beets 21 inches in circumference are shown. The exhibit was shipped from the gardens of Messrs. Foichart & Son, one mile east of Dawson, and arrived in splendid condition this morning. They will be shipped immediately to the State fairs about to be held at St. Paul, Grand Forks, Duluth and Watertown, South Dakota.

The Canadian Pacific have ticketed 13,000 harvesters to points out of Winnipeg, and 700 more are expected from the East this week. Many districts have demanded more men.

Alex. Kyriouzyk has been arrested, charged with robbing the Greek church of its collection.

G. B. Gerrard, of Kaslo, B. C., has been appointed manager of the branch of the Bank of British North America in this city.

Windsor, Sept. 10.—In the tobacco inquiry being held here Lewis Wiggle, of Leamington, tobacco buyer, said that up to the time the trust made its influence felt in the western peninsula tobacco was worth from 2½ to 4 cents a pound. Since then on account of the operations of the trust and information disseminated by it as to curing, etc., the quality and price had greatly improved.

Montreal, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—A split in the Dominion cabinet over the tariff question was again accentuated at the dinner given by the Montreal Board of Trade to Sir Edmund Barton and Sir John Forrest. Hon. Mr. Tarte, whose speech was made at very late or rather at an early hour in the morning, again came out flatfooted for protection, but his colleague in the cabinet, Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, who sat at the table with him, when he spoke, took issue with Mr. Tarte, and declared against any change in the fiscal system.

Toronto, Sept. 10.—Mayor Howland has announced his intention of running for the mayoralty.

The Telegram's London cable says: Punch today has a well executed cartoon entitled "Our Montreal friend," which represents Miss Canada in Indian costume greeting her guardian, Sir Wilfrid Laurier on his return from visiting England and France, and saying: "So you've seen the two grandmothers. How do you like them Laurier?"

"Well my dear, they are both so charming I'm surprised they don't know one another better."

Among the passengers sailing for Montreal on the Tunisian tomorrow from England are Sir Frederick Borden and Sir James Grant and families. Mr. Fielding will not return until October.

MR. BORDEN AT ROYAL CITY

Conservative Leader and Party Pass Pleasant Day—Public Meeting.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Westminster, Sept. 10.—Mr. R. L. Borden and party arrived here this afternoon. The Westminster committee brought them via the new railway to Steveston, and thence up the Fraser by steamer, one hour being spent en route at Ladner, where they visited the Jubilee Farm.

On arrival they were welcomed by Mayor Keary and afternoon given to a steamer trip up the river to the bridge site and Brunette mills. Then they were taken round the city in an open car. The ladies of the party enjoyed afternoon tea at the residence of Mrs. Brymner. Tonight the opera house was crowded to hear speeches from the Conservative leader, many being present from points in the surrounding district.

Washington State superintendent of salmon hatcheries, J. M. Crawford, returned from prospecting for hatchery sites on Adam's lake. He will be delayed some days by the death of his brother in Whatcom before returning to complete the work for the private syndicate he represents. In the meantime he is reticent.

Today was the fourth anniversary of the fire which wiped out the business portion of this city. The fine weather is almost identical and citizens are congratulating themselves on the splendid pr