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The London Advertiser Printing Co., Limited.

LONDON, THURSDAY, JULY 24.

PRESENT STATE OF THE CANADIAN NAVY.

The Canadian naval establishment is still something more than a phantom. Its energy has not yet succeeded in destroying it.

The cruisers Niobe and the Rainbow are afloat with men on board. The Naval College at Halifax still exists, with instructors and young men in training for naval officerships. There is yet a naval department with a deputy minister and other officials. On British battleships there are a number of young Canadians as recruits or acting sub-lieutenants.

At one time the Canadian naval service had more than a thousand men enrolled as officers, gunners, stokers, seamen, recruits and officers in training. Nearly all the officers—drawn from the British navy to train Canadians to manage their own ships—have returned home. The three-year terms of over 100 British naval pensioners, enlisted as common seamen, expire this summer. These men are being discharged and sent back to Great Britain. But there are still 90 British fleet reserve men who were signed for five years, and who have two years yet to serve. They have been given a hint to go, but some of them show no inclination to take it, and the Government is bound by the five-year contract to keep them on the pay-roll for two years more.

As for Canadian recruits there are still 130 who remain in the service, though they may have a free discharge for the asking. They like the life, their pay is regular, and they are qualifying for pensions. It is decided to abolish the naval service these men will be placed in the fishery protection or hydrographic services. The same provision will be made for the score of Canadians taking training as seamen, gunners, and divers in the British navy.

In addition to the rank and file there are 50 young Canadians in training for naval officerships at Halifax, and upon British ships. Competitive examinations are still being held at Halifax. Four candidates entered the college only three weeks ago. Five, who have already passed through it, are serving in the British navy as sub-lieutenants and are due to return next Christmas with their course completed. Nineteen Canadian cadets are cruising in the Mediterranean on the British cruiser Berwick. They will soon become midshipmen, and after two years' service will be sub-lieutenants. In January ten cadets will complete their course at Halifax and will be sent to the British navy with an instructor to finish their training.

It will be seen that the Canadian naval service had so vigorous a beginning under the Laurier Administration that it has outlived the attempts of the present Government to strangle it in its cradle. There still remains a nucleus which could be readily developed if the Government so desired. The conspiracy to destroy and discredit it on the one hand and cater to the jingo-centralizers on the other, was a traitorous blow at the Dominion. The deed should shame every Canadian with a spark of national pride and spirit. National pride and spirit are asserting themselves, and if they do not drive the Borden Government back to the Canadian navy policy, the Borden Government will be driven out of office when the country has an opportunity.

LITERACY IN CANADA.

The latest census bulletin deals with the educational status of the people. It is evident that the schools in the Canadian west, except in Manitoba, are gaining on the growth of population.

The percentage of the people above 5 years of age, who could read and write, increased between 1901 and 1911, by 22.16 per cent. in Saskatchewan, and 17.25 per cent. in Alberta. Naturally the proportion of illiterates, especially among the foreign-born, is higher in Manitoba than elsewhere, as the Manitoba Government refuses to make school attendance compulsory. It is the one organized province in a self-governing British country where the state permits children to grow up in ignorance. The work of assimilating the foreign element is thereby made the more difficult. In Saskatchewan 254 new school districts were opened in 1910, and in Alberta 251.

The bulletin shows among other things that in the census year, 1911, persons of 5 years and over who could read and write, constituted 83.93 per cent of the population of Canada, against 82.58 per cent. in 1901. Ontario retains her lead in literacy. Of the eastern provinces, Quebec has made the greatest proportionate increase from 1901 to 1911 in the number who can read and write. In every 1,000 of the male population 880 claimed to be able to read and write, and 896 in every

1,000 of the female population of 5 years and over claimed to have a like accomplishment. A comparison of the tables will show that a greater proportion of females than of males have acquired an education in the eastern provinces and a lesser in the western provinces. In Ontario, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island the conditions are fairly even. At the last census, there were 2,197,663 males of voting age. Of these 1,996,341, or 90.51 per cent., could read in some language.

That the educational standard of the British immigrant has improved in recent years is evidenced by the fact that their proportion of illiterates is smaller in those provinces which have received the greatest number of them within recent years. The per cent. proportion of illiterates among the foreign-born immigrants is much higher, and is fairly level for all the provinces, being highest for both sexes in Manitoba. As to the educational status of the voting population, 21 years of age and over, of the Canadian-born, nearly 10 persons in every 100 are unable to read the ballot paper; of the foreign-born, nearly 17 persons in every 100 show a similar deficiency; of the British immigrants, only 3 in every 100 are open to this reproach.

DISCREDITED PROPHECIES.

Mr. H. B. Ames, M. P., of Montreal, of lantern-slide fame, has just returned from a trip along the Transcontinental Railway, paying particular attention to the section between Cochrane and Graham, where the Fort William branch joins the main line. He says that in a stretch of 450 miles between the Bell River and the height of land east of Lake Nipissing, three-fourths of the land is suitable for cultivation. He adds:

"The people of Ontario have in that country an area of arable land, as large as the Ontario peninsula, which some day will probably have a large and thriving population. It is a fine country for dairying and pasturage, with plenty of water, and though the winters are long, growth in the season is very rapid, owing to the length of the days."

For 200 miles west of Cochrane and 150 miles east, the railway is in perfect condition. The remainder is being rapidly finished, and it is expected that western traffic will be running to Cochrane this fall. Between Cochrane and Graham the road will be delightfully easy travelling, the grades being so nearly level, and the line in places being perfectly straight for fifteen miles. Mr. Ames says he has been rendered enthusiastic by what he has now seen, and he predicts for it a grand future when overtaken by settlement.

This is good news. Mr. Ames was not in Parliament when the national transcontinental railway was projected, so that he can consistently pay tribute to the foresight and statesmanship of the Laurier Government in insisting upon the present route. But his enthusiasm is a rebuke to the leaders of his party. Their jeremiads are still ringing in the public ear. They could see only party politics in the Winnipeg-to-Moncton division, and only desolation in that northern region. A railroad through it would be an engineering and commercial impossibility, ruinous to the country. Our local contemporary, for instance, pictured snow-bound and frost-bound trains hundreds of miles from human aid and from civilization. This calamity howling echoes oddly today.

The Borden Government's threat of Senate reform has been laid on the shelf, with the other broken pledges.

The murder administration of Mexico pleads for recognition from Uncle Sam and may receive it in the solar plexus.

The mayor of Saskatoon has gone to Chicago to try to borrow money for civic purposes. But according to the gospel of 1911, wouldn't it be tainted money?

The stock market in the United States is recovering right in the midst of a tariff revision. The stand-patters can't understand it, but they are still hoping for disaster.

A contemporary recalls the fact that on July 21, 1836, the first railway line in Canada was opened between La Prairie and St. Johns, Que. That's a long time in the history of this young country, yet there is a lady living in Tunbridge Wells, England, who attended the opening, and she was then 24 years of age.

The late James Connlee, former M. P. and M. P., for Algoma, was an original character. His life was a romance, and there was a sort of rough poetry about the man himself. A pioneer of New Ontario, there was a suggestion in his presence, manner and speech of the untamed and picturesque vigor of a new country. He was a forceful and racy speaker and debater, and could soar sometimes to flights of genuine oratory.

An obscure writer in an American magazine tells a cock-and-bull story of some Canadian Liberal proposing to President McKinley to spend \$2,000,000 in the Canadian election of 1900, and thus annex the Dominion to the United States. And some Canadian newspapers are so lacking in patriotic spirit as to parade this grotesque fiction in big type and to insinuate that there was a Canadian conspiracy to sell the country.

THE LORDS TO BLAME.

[Montreal Gazette.]

Mr. Asquith, as head of the Government, has promised that at the next session of Parliament a bill will be presented to reform the House of Lords, judging by the temper of the Government party, the reform will be thorough. For this the lords themselves are chiefly responsible. When they were assailed in the Parliament bill,

they could have countered with a proposal to make their House an effective and respected part of Parliament, and could have compelled consideration. They thought of their class privileges, however, and were put in a position that brings them only contempt. They will go without regret.

DEMONSTRATED.

[New York Sun.]

Shakespeare was asked whether Hamlet was sane.

"He never thought there was a fortune in chicken raising," he responded.

MACBETH SHALL SLEEP NO MORE.

[New York Sun.]

Shakespeare had just made Lady Macbeth walk in her sleep.

"Her skirt would probably be too tight to walk by day," he explained.

LINGER, SUMMER.

[Clinton Scollard.]

Linger, summer, linger still, Swooning wood and crooning rill, And the low wind like a harper Tuning far behind the hill!

Linger, summer, glow and gleam! Linger, loveliness supreme, With the pageant of the hours Lapsing like a sunset dream!

Linger, summer, bland and sweet Linger, beauty all too fleet, With the redolent rose attar, And the poppies in the wheat!

Linger, summer, nor depart Down dim ways without a chart Until all thy golden harvests Are deep stored within the heart!

A USEFUL PURPOSE.

[Baltimore Express.]

"The elements can be made to serve a useful purpose," remarked the philosopher. "Yes; if one casts bread upon the water and throws care to the winds."

OUT OF DANGER.

[Philadelphia Record.]

"They say genius is a disease," remarked Silenus.

"Well, I wouldn't worry," replied the Grouch. "You look perfectly healthy."

SO THOUGHTFUL.

[New Orleans Picayune.]

A pair of deaf mutes were married in Mississippi and one of the presents was an alarm clock.

ENJOYING THEIR OWN.

[Ottawa Citizen.]

Vincent Astor gave 5,000 New York children a ride in the harbor lately. He had still remaining the major portion of the unearned increment which the parents of the children had helped to create, but not to spend.

NO DIFFERENCE.

[Houston Post.]

"Papa, what does being disappointed in love mean?"

"Why, either marrying or being jilted by the girl you are in love with."

THE LATEST.

[Puck.]

"Was there a fashionable wedding?"

"Right up to the minute. It was even a hygienic one."

THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

[J.]

"I can't live without your daughter."

"Well, can you live without her father?"

OH, YES.

[Chicago News.]

Life is, indeed, complicated when one has to be vaccinated against typhoid before departing for a merry vacation.

THE IDEAL.

[S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.]

I want to find a Summer boarding place.

Where no mosquitoes ever may be found.

Where all the eggs are fresh and there is space.

For one to wander aimlessly around.

I want to find a place where not a fly Will ever come to perch upon my plate.

Where no one will be petulant if I Sometimes get down to breakfast rather late.

I want to find a place beside a stream Where I, when I am so inclined, may wade.

Where there will be abundance of rich cream And bread and pie like that which mother made.

I want to find a place that shall be free From ragtime and unnecessary show, Where others will have deep respect for me.

And ask no questions when I come and go.

It must not be too cool and not too hot; I think I have described the place I seek; For what I want in such a favored spot I'm willing to pay seven plunks a week.

CHAP WANTS TO KNOW.

[Chicago Tribune.]

Why do you sit cross legged, O, inconsiderate brother?

You're merely giving one leg a rest At the expense of the other.

A FISH STORY.

[New York Sun.]

Fish. Wish.

Bait. Wait.

Bite. Flight.

Roam. Home.

Buy. Lie.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

CURES RHEUMATISM, GRINDING, DIABETES, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, ETC.

23 THE PR

CLAMORING FOR EXPULSION OF SUN YAT SEN

Army at Nanking Has Withdrawn to Strong Position on the Hwai Ho.

Reported Assassination of General Huang Sing Situation Better for Govt.

[Canadian Press.]

London, July 24.—A Peking dispatch to the Times says:

There is a general demand among foreigners for the expulsion of Dr. Sun Yat Sen and other leaders of the rebellion.

The decision of the Nanking army to withdraw a hundred miles south to a good position on the Hwai-Ho is obviously good strategy, although the abandonment of the more advanced position near the Shanghai border is not likely to add to their prestige.

On the other hand the arrival of 7,000 Hunanese troops at Yuchow, close to the Kiang-Su border, is significant of the sympathy of Hunan, which, however, has not yet declared its colors.

Chekiang also actively sympathizes with the revolution, although it has refrained from openly declaring itself.

May Be Assaulted.

Among unconfirmed rumors the most persistent reports, the assassination of Gen. Huang Sing at Nanking.

Altogether the situation looks better for the Government, owing to the southerners' failing to secure preliminary advantages, which are vital to the successful advertisement of their cause.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says:

Provided the navy's ammunition holds out, the result of the rebels' attack on the arsenal is not doubted. The garrison consists of seasoned troops, and their defenses are admirably planned. The southerners have good officers, but the troops are inefficient.

BULGARS MUST CEDE SALONIKI TO THE GREEKS

Balkan Allies Will Arrange the Details of Peace at Bucharest Shortly.

Greeks Are Attempting to Cut Off Force of Twenty Thousand.

[Canadian Press.]

Athens, July 24.—The allies' terms will not be announced before the meeting of the Bucharest conference, but it is known that they will be based on the principle of the balance of power in the Balkans.

According to the Athens newspapers, the Bulgarian delegates will propose the cession to Greece of Saloniki, and the hinterland, as far as Serres, as well as the line of the Struma River as far as Tsageti, but will claim for Bulgaria the retention of Kavala. They will also propose that no indemnity of compensation for damages be demanded. These conditions are regarded as impossible.

ISOLATING BIG FORCE.

[Canadian Press.]

London, July 24.—Saloniki dispatches to the Post describes a Greek attempt which is being made by combined land and sea movements to isolate the 20,000 Bulgarians still remaining between the Southern Bulgarian frontier, and the Aegean littoral.

A Vienna dispatch to the Chronicle says that news has reached there of a great movement of troops in Southern Russia obviously intended for the coercion of Turkey.

TO HELP BULGARS.

[Canadian Press.]

Bucharest, July 24.—King Charles addressed telegrams yesterday to the Kings of Greece, Serbia and Bulgaria, recommending adherence to the Roumanian proposals in consideration of Bulgaria's situation, and Europe's desire that Bulgarian shall not suffer further damage.

ROYAL LOVERS WERE AT BRILLIANT COURT BALL

Prince Arthur and Duchess of Fife Partners at Opening Dance.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, July 24.—A cable from London today says:

Special interest

in the state ball at Buckingham Palace, the last court function of the season, by the appearance of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the Duchess of Fife in the opening dance, a quadrille d'honneur.

It was assumed that the usual rule of procedure would be observed, and that the newly-betrothed couple would not be seen dancing together until the later dances, but the King and Queen decided to dispense with strict court etiquette in this respect, and Prince Arthur and the duchess found themselves allotted to each other in the state dance.

After the opening quadrille the King, the Queen and the royal family became spectators in turn, while the dancing was soon general.

Queen Mary wore a dress of pale blue silk brocade, with corsage and centre panel skirt, arranged with crystal and diamond hand embroidery, also crowned with pearls and diamonds.

There was a great display of beautiful dresses.

Among them in the royal circle were the Princess Royal, Princess Maud, Princess Victoria, the Duke of Connaught, Princess Beatrice, Prince Henry of Battenberg, the Duchess of Albany, with Princess Louise of Wales, the Princess of Teck, Princess Marie Louise of Schleswig-Holstein, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, and Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg, with Princess Louise of Battenberg.

PLEASE REMEMBER EARLY CLOSING DURING THE SUMMER.

5 o'Clock

CHAPMAN'S

Children's Picture Books, Slightly Soiled, Were 10c to 60c—Half Price.

Greater Bargain Giving

CLEARING OF SUMMER GOODS IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY ON ACCOUNT OF ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO THE STORE. TAKE A LOOK AT THIS EXTRAORDINARY LIST OF BARGAINS.

Girls' Middy Blouses 50c

White Middy Blouses with blue and white striped trimming, and blue and white striped galatee with white collar and cuffs. Made in regulation style, with laced front. Sizes to fit girls 8 to 16 years. Were \$1.00, at half-price.

Little Boys' Wash Suits 50c

The final clearance of little Boys' Wash Suits at 50c. Regularly sold at \$1.00 and \$1.25. Made of the best washing materials in Russian and Buster styles. Sizes 2½ to 5 years. For a rush sale at 50c (Not more than two suits to a customer).

Sale of Black and Colored Petticoats

A manufacturers' sample lot of Black and Colored Petticoats, in sateen, silk and satin. Six different lots marked at unusual prices:

Lot one: 50c	Lot two: 75c	Lot three: \$1.00	Lot four: \$1.25	Lot five: \$1.50	Lot six: \$2.00
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Another Line of Dress Goods at 25c Yard

Formerly sold at 50c. An unusual opportunity to buy material for school dresses; serges, cashmeres, satin cloths, etc., in a variety of colors.

Silk Bargain Repeated, 69c Yard

Double width Plain Colored Paillette Silks in the following shades: Brown, reseda, gray, mauve, helio, sky blue, buttercup, champagne, deep cream and Nile. Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25. The best qualities obtainable. Sale price, yard..... 69c

EVERY ITEM A BARGAIN IN THE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

ROLLER TOWELLING—Pure linen crash, with nice red border. An extra good quality, 16 inches wide. On sale Friday and Saturday only 8½c per yard, 12 yards \$1.00

SHEETING—Unbleached even round thread, absolutely pure and clean, 72 inches wide. Sale price, yard..... 22c

MEN'S OVERALLS—Blue Denim Overalls with bib, made to give good satisfaction; all sizes. The best 75c line, at per pair..... 59c

FLANNELETTE—Stripes in pinks, fawns, blues and grays, firm quality; 30 inches wide. Always sold at 10c. On sale Friday and Saturday only 8½c per yard, 12 yards \$1.00

CURTAIN MUSLIN—Pure white, suitable for sash and bedroom curtains, 25 inches wide. Per yard..... 5c

CROCHET QUILTS—Snow-white, good firm quality, hemmed ends; will stand the wear and look well; extra large size. Special..... \$1.29

CLEARANCE OF GLOVES

Clearing sale of odd dozens of Women's Long and Short Lisle Gloves, including short lisle gloves, in black, white, tan and gray, sizes 6 to 7½. Short Silk Gloves in white or black, and Long Lisle Gloves in tan, gray and white. Best 50c grades grouped for a week-end clearance. Per pair..... 39c

(Two cents extra by mail.)

Women's Summer Vests, 3 for 25c

25 dozen Women's Ribbed Cotton Vests, no sleeves, taped arms and neck, good wearing quality, at 3 for 25c, or 6 for 45c

J. H. Chapman & Co., 239, 241, 243 Dundas St.

TROOPS CALLED TO KEEP ORDER AT THE MINES

Several Violent Outbreaks Were Made by Strikers in Michigan.

All Shafts in the Affected District Are Now Completely Tied Up.

[Canadian Press.]

Calumet, Mich., July 24.—Strike violence occasioned by yesterday's walk-out of copper miners in this district grew beyond the control of Sheriff Crane today, and he wired to Governor Ferris asking that state troops be dispatched to maintain order.

The local militia companies were ordered to hold themselves in readiness for service pending word from the governor, who, it is understood is on his way to Alpena from Lansing.

Many Badly Hurt.

The chief attack of strikers today was directed against the Calumet and Hecla properties. Shortly before noon 300 men armed with steel drills, clubs and stones, and with a few of them displaying firearms, divested of their stars, all deputies stationed at the shafts of the companies. The strikers then moved over to the Hecla branch mine and repeated their tactics.

Several men were badly beaten and sent to hospitals in the fights that developed.

REFUSED TROOPS.

Bay City, July 24.—Governor Ferris, on his way to Alpena, but delayed here by a train wreck, said today that he would not grant Sheriff Crane's request for troops in the copper mine strike district, except as a last resort to protect lives. He said he believed the sheriff's message was "anticipatory."