

THE ONLY SAFE

Executor or Trustee is one not subject to personal risks such as Death, Default, or Distraction by other interests.

Appoint therefore a Permanent Executor of great Strength and Experience, such as The Royal Trust Company, which has fulfilled the duties of Executorship with conspicuous success for more than 20 years.

THE ROYAL TRUST CO

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES

Assets under Administration exceed \$280,000,000.
For information apply to the NEWFOUNDLAND BRANCH,
Bank of Montreal Building, St. John's. E. D. BATH, Secretary.

What Really Did Happen at Scapa Flow.

IT IS REVEALED FOR THE FIRST TIME HOW THE MOST SENSATIONAL GERMAN COUP OF THE WAR WAS WORKED.
ADMIRAL VON REUTER, Chief of the German Fleet at Scapa Flow.—In Cassell's Magazine.

January 25, 1919, I returned from the interned fleet at Scapa Flow. A few days later, in conversation with my chief of staff, I came to the idea of sinking the fleet. At this time revolutionary passions were running high among the fleet, and I decided to let the matter come to the fore again after I had returned myself to the Emden, political excitement had calmed down, and the British Press, indications of the conditions of the fleet to be imposed upon Germany from time to time.

At the beginning of February I had returned from Commodore Helrich, a member of the Peace Commission, saying that the Commission had resolved to demand the return of the German ships. I did not think this able office would do to attain this end, but felt that the government would make an endeavor. There was little for the ships of the interned fleet, however, the government could give way to every demand.

In March the British Admiralty suggested a further extensive release of the crews on the German ships. I made a counter proposal, small reduction, but the British Admiralty let the matter drop. We only guess at the motives underlying these proposals, but they aroused suspicion among us that they did not intend to return the ships to the conclusion of peace.

Therefore considered and discussed what measures must be taken to prevent the release of the crews. I should prove to be the case, coming to any definite conclusion myself on the question of the ships. I had to wait until conditions had been handed over and see how they were met and what effect they had on the country. Meanwhile the great was not to let the crews have any taking of the plan to sink the ships. Many of the officers of the fleet were strongly in favor of it; but if the men should hear too early in the day, the attention of the British might be drawn to it, and it would make it impossible to accomplish our aim.

A few officers came and suggested that I should sink the fleet. I should prove to be the case, coming to any definite conclusion myself on the question of the ships. I had to wait until conditions had been handed over and see how they were met and what effect they had on the country. Meanwhile the great was not to let the crews have any taking of the plan to sink the ships. Many of the officers of the fleet were strongly in favor of it; but if the men should hear too early in the day, the attention of the British might be drawn to it, and it would make it impossible to accomplish our aim.

May 11 the interned fleet learnt the newspapers the conditions of the fleet. I had to wait until conditions had been handed over and see how they were met and what effect they had on the country. Meanwhile the great was not to let the crews have any taking of the plan to sink the ships. Many of the officers of the fleet were strongly in favor of it; but if the men should hear too early in the day, the attention of the British might be drawn to it, and it would make it impossible to accomplish our aim.

home, for I alone, and no one in Germany, could observe and judge the conditions obtaining in the interned fleet.

There were three possibilities to be envisaged regarding the treatment of the conditions of peace:

(1) The German Government might refuse the conditions.
(2) It might enter into negotiations on the subject, which seemed the most probable contingency.
(3) It might immediately accept them in their entirety, which appeared to be out of the question owing to their extreme severity.

(1) Refusal.—In this case we should have to reckon on a resumption of hostilities. Not even the most rabid German pacifist or internationalist would think it possible that England would let the German ships, which, though interned, were still German property, return to their country. It was far more likely that England would not only seize our excellent vessels, but would use them against us with a malicious joy, easy to understand and, what is more, with great effect.

It would have been treason on the part of us officers to hand over the German fleet to England, even though the ships were out of action and we were unarmed. At the beginning of the war the All Highest had expressed the wish that no disabled ships should be allowed to fall into enemy hands. On these grounds it was our duty, if a fresh outbreak of hostilities threatened, to destroy, that is to sink, the ships. The new government had not rescinded this order.

FEARS OF BETRAYAL TO BRITAIN
Two obstacles, however, threatened the success of our scheme: the interruption of postal communication between us and the German Admiralty, and the disposition of the crews on the interned ships.

From May 3 onward a more rigorous censorship was exercised on our correspondence. Letters from Germany which had hitherto been delivered direct by German packet, now had to pass the censor in London. Thus our letters were delayed three or four weeks. This was doubtless done to cut us off from direct communication with home, in case war should break out again. Anyway, this sudden increase in the severity of the censorship was so striking that it put me on my guard more than ever against possible British schemes to seize the ships.

The second obstacle, the disposition of the crews, made it improbable that all the men could be persuaded to favor our scheme. Certain preparations for sinking could not be hidden from them, and I feared that one or another might betray us to the British Admiralty. And even if all preparations escaped the notice of the crews, it was quite on the cards that when the moment came, especially under the fire of British guns, they would try to render our efforts fruitless, while the officers, being unarmed, would be powerless.

(To be continued)

Dye Old Curtains, Sweater or Skirt in Diamond Dyes

"Diamond Dyes" add years of wear to worn, faded skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, hangings, draperies, everything. Every package contains directions so simple any woman can put new, rich, fadeless colors into her worn garments or draperies even if she has never dyed before. Just buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—then your material will come out right, because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to streak, spot, fade, or run. Tell your dyer whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES DISTEMPERS.



THE GARDEN CATALOGUE.
There's never frost nor blight nor weeds,
Nor neighbors chickens, cats or dogs,
To ruin all the tender seeds
That flourish in the catalogues;
The humblest vine that's planted there
Blossoms without the slightest care.
There are no withered stalks to see,
No pitiful attempts to thrive,
No shrub that struggles desperately
To catch the sun and stay alive;
In catalogues the larkspur seems
To match the gardener's fondest dreams.

The red geranium is strong,
Its clump of blossoms tall and round,
No wind storm ever comes along
To sweep the cosmos to the ground,
No youngster ever bats a ball
Among the roses, straight and tall.

I turn the pages o'er and o'er
And see the pansies dark as wine,
And think, as I have thought before,
These are superior to mine;
In my poor garden, never yet
Has bloomed with lovely magnonette.

Since pansies have the storms to face
And men must battle day by day,
They cannot wear the charm and grace
Their printed catalogues display;
Life is much sadder than it looks
And stars are seldom shown in books.

The only Eyesight Specialist named Trapnell doing business in Newfoundland to-day is KARL S. TRAPNELL, 307 Water Street (upstairs, next door to Kodak Store).—Janis, 11

The Hunger Riot.

One of the most formidable riots of the nineteenth century took place on the day appointed for a general fast on account of the cholera—March 21, 1832. An ignorant and violent association that was known as the "Political Union of the Working-Classes," and which substituted only for a short time—falling in all its aims—was a fearful mob power by offering to feed the hungry with bread and meat in Pinbury Square, instead of observing the fast. Alarmed at the prospect when it was too late, they failed to appear, and so no bread and meat were forthcoming. It is said that the assembly of the hungry that day—amidst a season of deep distress—was enough to appeal the stoutest heart. The emaciated forms and haggard faces were sad to see, but far worse was the truth in their cries at the mockery—as they conceived it—of an order to fast to avert the cholera, when there were above twenty thousand poor creatures in danger of the disease from fasting and other evils of hunger increased, and the women among them grew excited, conflicts with the police began; and before the multitude were dispersed more hungry than they came, there had been some severe fighting, in which many of the crowd, and more than twenty of the police, were wounded.

The Effect of Virol on Growth and Development



"Life Despaired Of."

38, De Burgh Street, Cardiff, South Wales. 30/3/20.

To "VIROL," LTD., Gentlemen,
I have much pleasure in forwarding a photo of my son. He was so small and such a weakling that his life was despaired of. He was tried with several of the widely advertised foods but rapidly went almost to a skeleton, limp and hardly any life in him.

In a very few days after trying him with Virol an immediate change for the better was apparent, and he is now a plump, happy, strong child without a blemish, and is always taken to be quite a year old.

He is a splendid example of the truth of the claims you advertise for "Virol." Please make any use you like of this testimonial.

Yours very sincerely,
(Sgd.) Mrs. F. FINKS.

VIROL

Virol, Ltd., 149-155, Old St., London, E.C.1, N.E.

"TO HIM THAT HATH."

By Ralph Connor.

Here is another great romance, virile, true and constructive, by the author of "The Sky Pilot." A novel of the west of to-day.
Price \$1.35.

GARRETT BYRNE,
Bookseller & Stationer.

Steam.

For industrial purposes may be readily obtained by the use of a gas-heated steam boiler. We have installed several steam units in the following establishments:

The Nfld. Clothing Factory.

The White Clothing Factory.

The United Can Mfg. Co., Ltd., and others.

Consult the

ST. JOHN'S GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

Insure with the

QUEEN,

the Company having the largest number of Policy Holders in Newfoundland.

Every satisfaction given in settling losses.

Office: 167 Water Street.

Adm'n Bldg. P. O. Box 732.

Telephone 658.

QUEEN INS. CO.

GEORGE H. HALLEY,

Agent.



DR. LEHR,

Dentist,

329 Water St.

TARTAR.

"Tartar" is a lime-like substance that forms on the teeth. It is composed of saliva, phosphate of lime, etc., and becomes attached to the teeth near the salivary duct. It is porous like a sponge and holds particles of food which decompose and taint the breath with an offensive odor. This tartar once formed increases, always in the direction of the gums; first inflaming them, then causing them to puff up and recede from the teeth, and finally by absorption of the bony sockets, to cause good, sound teeth to drop out for want of support.

No. 1 Salmon!

ON SPOT

150 Cases

Finest Local

Packed Salmon

Soper & Moore.

Phone 480-092. P. O. B. 1245.

SETTING APART

Special

Shopping Inducements FOR MEN.

And featuring the best values the Store affords. As we are continually opening up new things here, it behoves every man to keep an eye on this Store's doings.

EACH SUCCEEDING WEEK.

We Commence To-day with the following REAL SPECIAL VALUES:

Men's Arm Bands.

Spiral Wire Arm Bands; non-resistable; neat fitting. The pair ..

20c

Men's Linen Shirts.

Strong wearing and good washing Blue Linen Shirts, with collar attached; strongly made; assorted sizes. Special ..

98c

Wool Socks.

Real Spring weight, broad ribbed Wool Socks; shades of Royal, Purple, Grey and Champagne. Real Dollar value to-day. Special ..

70c

Bow Ties.

All the fashion up along—Bow Ties. See our newest arrivals, showing neat Silk Striped and plain shades. Special ..

85c

Grenadine String Ties.

Glassy Neckwear, looks particularly smart and fits well with soft collars; shades of Brown, Navy and Black. Special ..

90c

Boys' Shirtwaists.

Self Striped all White Shirtwaists with that smart American touch that the boys like; all sizes and all new. Special ..

80c

Boys' Wool Jerseys.

Now back to 1914 Prices. English Wool make, buttoned shoulder; shades of Brown, Navy, Sage, Green, Cardinal, Grey, etc. Brand new. Special ..

1.55

Earl & Wilson's

Linen Collars.

Smart Snappy Style from these famous makers. Look at the price: Each ..

20c

Classy Top Shirts.

Shirts you will be looking for when the fine weather comes; shades of Heli and Blue; each with semi-stiff collar to match; soft cuffs. Special ..

2.40

Cashmere Socks.

We have them, and would ask you to see this special assortment in English Cashmere; shades of Grey, Navy, Champagne, Suede and Brown; some embroidered; superior quality. Special ..

1.25

Snappy Bows.

Some beauties here. The latest in fancy knitted and plain shades of Silk; spring clip fastening for double collars. Special ..

70c

A Clean-up Sale of

Men's Rubbers.

Merchants' Superior High Cut Storm Rubbers; 100 pairs of them in size 8 1/2 only. Regular \$1.80. Special ..

1.54

Men's Waist Belts.

The new narrow Waist Belt, smart and tidy for Summer time; shades of Grey, Brown and Black; patent buckle. Special ..

2 for 25c

Men's Khaki Shirts.

A special lot of these in fine imitation flannel finish; collar and pocket; all sizes. Special ..

1.85



Look for these advertisements every Tuesday & Friday.

Shipping Frozen Fish Via the Panama Canal

The first shipment of frozen fish to New York via the Panama Canal, according to the Canadian Fishermen for February, went forward on the Nawasco steamer Neponset which left Vancouver on January 18th. The New England Fish Co. shipped 300 tons of fish. This is the initial shipment by this route and the result will be watched with interest by all concerned, both by the Pacific coast shippers and the Atlantic markets. The Admiralty Line, agents for the Nawasco Line, have announced that there will be monthly sailings of refrigerated ships.

Tin For Salmon Cans

Arriving From Wales.

The steamer Mongolian Prince, says the February Canadian Fisherman, arrived in Vancouver from Swansea, Wales, the last part of January with 3500 tons of sheet tin for the American Can Co. This tin will be used in the manufacture of cans for the salmon canneries in British Columbia this year. Four hundred tons were un-

loaded at Victoria for the salmon canneries on Vancouver Island.

For many years the tin used in these cans was purchased in the United States, but conditions were such this year that Wales secured most of the orders. The steamer Eastern Prince left Wales about the first of February with another 700 tons of tin for Vancouver. From all indications next year will see an even larger movement of tin from Great Britain to Vancouver. This is certainly trading in the Empire.

JUST RECEIVED — Stock

Men's Dancing Pumps. F. SMALLWOOD, Water Street. Tel. 10, 11

Spanish Flu

Claims Many Victims in Canada and should be Guarded Against.

Minard's Liniment

Is a Great Preventative, being one of the oldest remedies used. Minard's Liniment has relieved thousands of cases of Grippe, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Asthma and similar diseases. It is an Enemy to Germs. Thousands of bottles being used every day. For sale by all druggists and general dealers.

Minard's Liniment Co. Ltd., Yarmouth, N.S.

Fish Propaganda in Norway.

One might think Norway was the last country in the world to find it necessary to embark on a propaganda to increase the consumption of fish, but it appears that in many places fish is not by any means consumed to the extent it might be. The sea fisheries depend more upon the export trade than on home consumption. The conditions of the foreign markets at present, in particular those for salted herrings, do not allow the fisheries to be carried on in the usual flourishing condition, and one of the means to be taken to help them is the institution of an active campaign to increase the use of fish amongst the Norwegians themselves. Cookery courses, including herring dinners, with demonstrations, will be held in various places throughout the land, especially in the valleys along the south coast, and also in those adjacent to the fjords, and in the northern parts of the country. The work will be mainly in hands of a number of fishery societies, controlled by the Central Department, which has funds for the purpose.

Minard's Liniment

Is a Great Preventative, being one of the oldest remedies used. Minard's Liniment has relieved thousands of cases of Grippe, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Asthma and similar diseases. It is an Enemy to Germs. Thousands of bottles being used every day. For sale by all druggists and general dealers.

Minard's Liniment Co. Ltd., Yarmouth, N.S.



TAKE IT FOR

CRAMPS—COLIC—DIARRHOEA

APPLY IT FOR

BRUISES—SPRAINS

— SORE THROAT

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR GARGET IN COWS.