

# EASTER MILLINERY



**Up-to-the-Minute Styles from London, Paris and New York.**

One may expect to be constantly surprised at the millinery modes and one may certainly be assured becomingness if they choose carefully--for our assortments are so great as to include practically every interpretation of smartness that Spring has developed.



**Ladies' Spring Coats**  
Latest Styles in  
Serges, Poplins, Tweeds & Cloths.

**BISHOP, SONS & CO., LTD.**

**Ladies' One - Piece Dresses**  
in  
Silks, Crepe-de-Chene, Georgettes.

## French Action Disapproved.

British and Associated Governments Oppose Occupation of Towns--Frankfort's Population Battle With Troops--Reds Have Been Dispossessed of Essen -- Maritime Workers Strike Ordered in All French Ports -- Irish Ratepayers to Find Two Million Pounds.

### FRANCE'S ALLIES OPPOSED TO OCCUPATION.

LONDON, April 8. Both the Central News and the Exchange Telegraph Company state today that the British and Associated Governments have been opposed throughout to the French occupation of German towns, and that France acted on her own initiative.

### FRANCE NOT CALLED UPON TO WITHDRAW.

PARIS, April 8. Reports that Great Britain and the United States had called upon France to withdraw her troops from Frankfort are entirely without foundation, it was announced in an official note issued today.

### THE CROWD TO BLAME.

FRANKFORT, April 8. Yesterday afternoon's clash in Shillplatz between French troops and population, resulting in the killing of six Germans and the wounding of some two score others, was followed by a strong display of French military force which resulted in the restoration of order by the time darkness had set in. It was a rumor that the French, forced by pressure by the Allies and the United States, had to withdraw from the city that started the trouble. The crowd jeered and taunted the troops, yelling "You've got to get out" at the Senegalese who were patrolling in front of the guard house on the square. A French officer ordered the crowd to disperse, and when the order was ignored, a machine gun was brought into play. Disturbances also occurred in other parts of the city.

### FRANKFORT NOW QUIET.

MAYENCE, April 8. Complete order has been restored at Frankfort, the authorities having succeeded in quieting the students. The Municipality has posted bills requesting the people to keep calm. Security police who were made prisoners at Frankfort, will be removed from the occupied territory by rail.

### REDS DRIVEN FROM ESSEN.

ESSEN, April 8. The last important Red center fell into the hands of the Government troops on Tuesday afternoon, after severe fighting in the suburbs. The

## Reds made their last stand on the Canal, but when the Reichswehr charged on both flanks, the Reds broke and fled. Some of them surrendered their arms at the City Hall during the retreat, while others threw them away. Marcus, a notorious murderer of Munich hostages, was killed. Desultory fighting is still in progress in rural communities in the neighborhood of Essen, where the material damage is said to be considerable. During the last few days Red rule in Essen degenerated into indiscriminate looting. The losses of Reichswehr up to Sunday are given as 170 killed, 346 wounded and 123 missing.

### UNIONS OUT OF CONTROL.

CHICAGO, April 8. Whether the railroad Brotherhoods can control their own men or whether the unauthorized and illegal strikes sweeping the United States railroad yards from Buffalo to Los Angeles, have so disrupted the established unions that the leaders have lost all control, is expected to be decided today.

### ABOVE THE LAW!

PARIS, April 8. A strike of maritime workers has been ordered by the Marine Union in all ports of France. The strike is already in effect at Marseilles and Dunkirk. The strikers demand the liberation of sailors who mutinied in the Black Sea in 1917, and all persons condemned for military or political offences or for acts committed while participating in strikes.

### TO ADOPT SEPARATE PEACE RESOLUTION.

WASHINGTON, April 8. The adoption of the Republican peace resolution to-morrow by the House was indicated today when a rule limiting the debate on the measure to nine hours was adopted with some Democrats joining the Republicans in supporting it.

### USING GAS SHELLS.

PARIS, April 8. German regular troops have bombarded Dusseldorf with gas shells, according to a Mayence despatch to the Matin.

### 32 DEAD IN GAS EXPLOSION.

PONCA CITY, Okla., April 8. Thirty-two persons sleeping in a Newport rooming house are thought to have been killed by an explosion which occurred at 1.30 o'clock this morning, and believed to have been due to an accumulation of gas. The explosion occurred in the Perndale restaurant.

### RATEPAYERS MUST FOOT THE BILL.

DUBLIN, April 8. It is officially stated that police quarters destroyed during recent raids in Ireland number two hundred and twenty. From the claims already made for compensation it is estimated that the ratepayers will have to meet a bill exceeding two millions.

### EX-KAISER PRACTICALLY A PRISONER.

AMORGEN, April 8. The Duchess of Brunswick, daughter of former German Emperor, returned on Wednesday morning to Germany from Amorgen, where she passed Eastertide with her parents. The former Emperor is permitted to leave the castle only on urgent necessity. Since the Kapp outbreak he has only once visited his Doorn estate to give instructions concerning work. During the stay of his daughter and son-in-law here he was not permitted to show his estate to his guests. The military guard about the Castle has not been reduced.

## Criminals Who Are Superstitious.

Some years ago three men had decided to break into the office of a large factory in the North, and make an attempt on the safe. They had learnt that a large sum of money was kept in that safe for a day or two, and they resolved to divert this money from going into its proper channel, and turn the stream towards themselves.

They had nearly reached the factory, when a cat started from a corner and ran across their path, and by the light of the moon, which peeped forth at that very moment, they saw that it was black. Immediately they halted. After some discussion, one of them refused to proceed, and went back, while the others, although they were nervous at the thought of ill-luck, went on. They were caught in the very act of drilling a hole in the safe door, and sentenced to long terms of penal servitude.

The sound of a child sobbing at night in a house near the one into which he intends to break is quite enough to make many a burglar go back home; it is a sure sign of misfortune. Why this should be so regarded it is not easy to determine, but perhaps the idea of innocence usually associated with infants has some effect upon the hardened heart of the criminal.

There are people who regard the sudden stopping of a clock as an intimation that some friend or relative has died at that moment; in the same way, if a clock stops in the room in which a burglar is at work he considers it advisable to leave the premises without delay. This occurred to a man who was recently convicted, and he sorrowfully remarked to the policeman who took him into custody that if he had paid heed to the omen he would just have got clear before the master of the house returned.

If a cracksmen's path is crossed by a dog, or if a dog of any kind follows him, he will give up his job if he yields to his own inclinations.

Criminals have great faith in a run of luck. There are several instances of men leaving the card-table when they have been winning game after game, and going out to undertake a job which they have had in view for some time; they think that, as their luck is in, they are sure to succeed in the house-breaking line, on that particular occasion at least.

To kick against a piece of coal in the street is a sure sign of misfortune should a thief attempt to continue his professional work on that day; unless disaster be warded off by some lucky omen; but, as the lucky omens are not nearly so numerous as the unlucky ones, it usually follows that the thief remains idle, to the benefit of the community.

It is rarely that a pickpocket will steal anything from a blind man. We can hardly imagine that the man's affliction and helplessness appeal to

the finer feelings of one who would not hesitate to steal the last penny from the pocket of a poor woman; it is because he is convinced that a long run of bad luck will dog his steps as a punishment for having taken the advantage of the man's infirmity.

Recently a convict admitted that if he walked over a line chalked on the pavement--as children in the suburban thoroughfares make when playing at certain games--he would not attempt a robbery for twenty-four hours, as he believed that bad luck would attend him in his undertaking; and he solemnly asserted his belief that his capture was due to his having disregarded this little omen.

### TO CORRESPONDENTS!

Correspondents are requested to accompany contributions with their real names, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith. In future no correspondence will be considered unless this rule is adhered to. It is also requested that all letters "For Publication" be so marked on the envelope.

## Mainly About People.

John Maynard Keynes is an Englishman who places literary success above political success, and there are indications that the former may help the latter. He wrote a book on the consequences of peace, somewhat economic but indicative of grasp of the subject and broadness of view, that has the attention of statesmen, and there is talk of a place in the English cabinet for him.

The highest paid railroad man in the United States, Jacob M. Dickinson, received for the Rock Island system is not a railroad man but a lawyer, and was, although a true Southern Democrat, secretary of war for President Taft. His railroad salary is \$120,000 a year, and the next highest is A. H. Lovett, executive chairman of the Union Pacific, whose salary is \$104,000 a year.

While Professor George Pierce Baker, of Harvard University, who is to write the Pilgrim Tercentennial pageant, was a professor of logic at that institution, a certain student asked if he could not take a shorter course than the one laid down in the prospectus. "That depends," replied the level-headed professor, "upon what you wish to make out of yourself. When nature wants to make an

oak she works away on the job for a hundred years, but if she only wants to make a weed she needs only about six days."

Colonel T. E. Lawrence is an Irishman, a graduate of Oxford, and now one of the greatest living Arabic scholars. He acquired both the language and customs by adopting the native costume and living and tramping with Bedouin tribes. He was in the valley of the Euphrates when war broke out, and was 26 years old. He organized the Arabs against the Turks and Germans.

Whatever his political detractors may say about him, Lord Birkenhead, still known as "F. E. Smith," the English Lord Chancellor, is what Americans call a "live wire." His latest incursion into the political arena, which has caused "excursions and alarms," proves that if it had not been already demonstrated many times over. He was president of the Oxford Union when he had barely attained his majority, and at the advanced age of twenty-four he was a full-fledged "doc," lecturing to undergraduates, some of whom were older than himself. And as a "don" he set up a record which is never likely to be equalled, and far less eclipsed. This was being "run in" by the police!

Same Fair Price As Before The War

and the same pure, wholesome beverage so many have enjoyed for years.

**INSTANT POSTUM**

has a pleasing coffee-like flavor but is more economical than coffee and has the added value of absolute freedom from caffeine or other harmful ingredients.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Canadian Postum Cereal Co. Ltd. Windsor, Ont.



**Windsor Table Salt**  
THE CANADIAN SALT CO. LIMITED



Smoke VIRGINIA Cigarettes the best obtainable at their price.

Imperial Tobacco Co.