FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, July 24.

ENGLISH GRAIN MARKETS.

A telegram to New York quotes a leading Liverpool grain circular of Friday last as follows:—

"All the wheat markets were dull this week, consequent upon the continuance of fine weather. There has been no quotable change regarding spot, or cargoes afloat or at calling ports. Of the latter, only ten remain unsold. At this market, since Tuesday, there has been no quotable change in prices, except for corn, which took a turn in favour of sellers this morning. There has been a steady consumptive demand for wheat, and transactions in white and red to a fair extent, at last week's currencies. Flour is slow, but prices are unchanged. For corn the demand is good, with a turn decidedly in favour of buyers."

BREADSTUFFS IN ENGLAND.

Beerbohm's *Corn Trade Journal* of the 8th inst. reviews the situation of the English wheat markets on that day as follows:—

At the close of the half-year it is natural to make a few reflections on the course of the trade during that period, and which has been most unfortunate. After a state of depression, which had lasted several previous months, and was, in a great measure, attributed to the increasing peaceable aspect of political affairs, the great further decline of about 10s per qr., which took place upon the receipt of still more pacific news, in the course of May, could scarcely have been expected, especially as the previous brilliant crop prospects had at that time been very seriously marred. However, the recent fine weather has greatly diminished the reported damage in Great Britain, as well as in France, and the prospects of the crop on the Atlantic slope of the American Continent continue to be very brilliant. As it may be hoped that the political element will now be altogether eliminated from the situation, we shall have only to look to the question of supply and demand, and the probability is for a low range of prices during the next campaign; at the same time it is impossible to form any safe or precise opinion of that range, in presence of so many new elements, for which we have not known any precedent. Suffice it to observe, however, that, according to the present view of the future, so far as any practical expression is given to it, prices during the remainder of this year are, rightly or wrongly, expected to be about the same as now; this is indicated by prices in Paris for delivery during that period being very much the same as on the spot. In Berlin, also, prices for distant periods of delivery afford the same indication. According to this, the prospective abundance up to the very end of this year has, by this time, been very definitely discounted. As the stocks between now and the time of new wheat coming to market in any quantity will be much lighter than at the more advanced period of the season, there can, of course, have been no logical necessity for thus fully discounting the future; but, anyhow, the trade is now on so much safer a footing, in consequence of this early initiative movement, and the question remains whether prices may not be very susceptible of going better during the next two months, although always granting that they are probably now quite high enough, or, perhaps, even too high for the end of the year. To speak quite accurately, it should be added that the quotation of flour in Paris which had, so late as Tuesday last, been the same for the last four months as on the spot, has since become 50c per sack lower for the former period, which seems very natural, and it will be far from surprising to see a greater disparity presently.

With regard to our probable requirements and supplies until the last September, a tabular statement was submitted in the *Review* of the 3rd of May. If we resume this at the present time, the same comes to stand as follows:—

	Quarters.
Estimated requirements for the whole season	15,400,000
Net imports of wheat and flour received from the 1st Sept. to the 29th June	12,542,500
Now on passage for the U. K., calculated to arrive by the end of August	786,000
Five weeks' further shipments from the Atlantic ports of America, to arrive by the end of August, at 150,000 quarters per week	750,000
Further shipments from the South of Russia by steamer, to the end of July	150,000
Total	14,228,800
Leaving a deficiency of	1,171,200

To be made up by further shipments from the Baltic and other sources.

The returns of the stocks have hitherto been received only from seven of the principal ports in the United Kingdom, including London, where the estimate of them is only preliminary. The total in these seven ports amounts to 1,092,789 qrs., against 1,117,900 qrs. last year. To sum up the remarks about the stocks, the probability is that the same this year will be running still lower than last, and the quantities to be further shipped from America, South Russia, and other sources have probably, in the above statement, been assumed at too extreme figures. The principle upon which our requirements were assumed at 15,400,000 qrs., was fully explained in the *Review* of the 3rd May, and any indications to be gathered since that period would seem fairly to confirm its correctness. With regard to the American shipments during the next five weeks, the assumption of them at 150,000 qrs per week will, perhaps, be thought beyond the probability of the case; and the same with regard to the assumed July shipments by steamer from the South of Russia, from whence shipments by sailing vessels can no longer be taken into account, as the average passage is calculated at 2½ months. The quantity of wheat now off the coast happot been included in the general account, the chances being for a somewhat similar quantity off the coast at the end of August. The above statements may be of service towards elucidating more accurately the stocks with which the next harvest will have to be met, and which certainly promise to be very short in this country, particularly as the quantity reported, as above, on passage for the United Kingdom is liable to be more or less seriously reduced by the continental demand. Since the 17th June 89,157 qrs of wheat have been diverted from the British coast to the continent. When we look to France we find that the stocks of home-grown wheat must be very small; at least, great surprise is expressed there at the persistent paucity of the farmers' supplies, and a leading journal in the trade mentions that in many neighbourhoods the proportion of foreign wheat used by millers is from one-half to three-fourths; the probability is, therefore, that there is a most unusual exhaustion of stocks, and that the continental demand will yet continue for some time to meet actual wants. The foregoing remarks tend to show the chances which exist that an improvement will be promoted by the smallness of the stocks in the event of any temporary changes in the weather; but it can not be forgotton what great influence on prices can be produced by the continuous absence of buyers from the market, for very fine weather, in which case the smallest stocks are made to suffice for tiding over the season.

The following is the official report of the Toronto Stock Exchange, July 24th, 1878:—

Banks.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Trans.
Montreal	166½	166¼	1 at 166½
Toronto	183	182	.....
Ontario	84	82½	.....
Merchants'	....	92½	.....
Commerce	111½	111	.....
Consolidated	74½	73	.....
Dominion	119	116	.....
Hamilton	99	99	.....
Standard	83	80	.....
Federal	104	103½	.....
Imperial	104	103	.....
Molsons	....	....	.....
Loan and Savings Co's.			
Canada Permanent	181	179½	.....
Freehold	....	148	.....
Western Canada	150	147	.....
Union	141	140½	.....
Canada Landed Credit	....	138	.....
Building and Loan	....	117½	.....
Imperial	....	112	.....
Farmers'	....	114	.....
London & C. L. & A. Co	147½	146½	.....
Huron and Erie	....	135	.....
Dominion Savings and Investment Society	123	122½	.....
Ont. Sav. and Inv. Society	....	130	.....
London Loan Company	110	108	.....
Hamilton Prov. and L.	....	110½	.....
National Inv. Co. of Canada	....	102½	.....
Anglo-Can. Mortgage Co.	....	105	.....
Insurance, &c.			
British America	....	112	.....
Western	144	142	.....
Isolated Risk	26	19½	.....
Canada Life	....	190	.....
Confederation Life	....	126	.....
Consumers' Gas	....	140	.....
Dominion Telegraph	84	80	.....
Globe Printing Co.	....	131	.....
Railways.			
Toronto, G. & B. Stock	....	....	.....
6 p.c. 5 yrs. stg. Bonds	....	....	.....
8 N. 8 p.c. 5 yrs. Bonds	....	....	.....
Debentures &c.			
Dom. Gov. stock, 6 p.c.	....	101½	.....
Dom. Gov. stock, 5 p.c.	....	99½	.....
County (Ont.) 20 yr. 6 p.c.	102	101	.....
Tn'p (Ont.) 20 yr. 6 p.c.	98½	98	.....
City Toronto 20 yr. 6 p.c.	100	98½	.....

English Markets.

WEDNESDAY, July 24.

London—Floating cargoes—Wheat, at opening, firmly held; corn, steady; cargoes on passage and for shipment—wheat, at opening, higher prices asked, but no advance established; corn, quiet. Mark Lane—Wheat, at opening, quiet; corn, quiet Arrivals off coast for orders, corn, moderate; wheat, small. Imports into the United Kingdom during the past week—wheat, 200,0000 to 205,000 qrs; corn, 340,000 to 345,000 qrs; flour, 45,000 to 50,000 bbls. Liverpool—Wheat, on the spot, at opening, very little enquiry; corn, ditto.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, July 24.

PRODUCE.

The market has been fairly active for the season since our last; the enquiry has been steadily maintained, but offerings have fallen off, and it seems probable that the movement from the present time until the new crop comes in, will be but small. Prices have been firm in all cases; and in some instances a further advance has been established. There seems to be no doubt that harvest operations are now "in full blast" all over the country, and that we are about to be blessed with a very large yield generally though some adverse reports of the condition of barley, accompanied by bad samples, have been received during the week, and wheat is not likely to be as good as was at first expected. Stocks have continued to decrease during the week, and stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, 3,104 bbls; fall wheat, 41,042 bush; spring wheat, 58,668 bush; oats, 19,150 bush; barley, 46,006 bush; peas, 7,633 bush; rye, nil bush; corn, 400 bush. Outside markets have varied somewhat. English quotations show a fall of 2d on red winter and club wheat, and of 1s on the inside price of flour; but markets to-day closed firm, with holders seeking an advance, which is probably due to the fact that imports during last week were very small. The total supply of wheat and flour in the week ending on the 13th inst. was equal to 436,250 to 464,375 qrs of wheat vs. 403,000 to 411,000 qrs. consumption, indicating a surplus in supply over consumption of 33,250 to 53,375 qrs. The supply of Maize for the week was equal to 3,120,000 to 3,160,000 bush against an average weekly consumption in 1876 of 1,820,000 bush, against 771,078 bush in 1875. The amount of wheat and flour in transit for the United Kingdom, July 13, showed an increase of 60,000 quarters and amounted to 760,000 qrs. against 879,000 qrs. on the 4th inst., and 865,000 quarters at the corresponding date last year. Of the amount afloat on the 4th ult. the quantity expected to arrive at ports of call for orders during the four weeks from July 4 to August 1, is 353,000 qrs of wheat, comprising 80,000 qrs from Azov and Black Seas and Danube, 130,000 qrs from Am. Atlantic ports, and 66,500 qrs from California and Oregon; 76,500 qrs from Chili and Australia; and during same period 192,000 qrs of Maize. Further cable advices to the 19th inst., report favourable weather and improving crop prospects; but add that although the improvement in wheat has been wonderful a deficiency in yield should not be regarded as improbable. The improvement in crop prospects and large imports kept markets dull last week, but with a steady consumptive demand for wheat. Stocks of wheat in the ten leading ports of the Kingdom on the 1st Inst. amounted to 1,148,000 qrs. against 1,145,000 on the corresponding date last year, and 1,443,000 on the 1st of January last. Continental advices by mail report favourable weather in France, where wheat-cutting had commenced in the southern departments. Stocks of native wheat were nearly, if not quite, exhausted; but, in spite of the restricted offerings, lower prices predominated, and a decline in wheat was quoted in 34 out of 95 markets from whence reports had been received. Millers were operating with extreme caution, owing to the difficulty they experienced in selling their flour, for which prices had again receded per sack without stimulating the demand. Arrivals at Marseilles were again heavy, and trade depressed by the large imports. A further reduction was necessary to effect sales, and business ruled dull in this port. The weather in Germany was very fine, and crop prospects had improved wonderfully under the influence of continued sunshine. At Berlin the wheat market was more animated, in spite of a decline of 3 marks for the current term, and 5 marks for the later periods. At Hamburg business was depressed by the fine weather and dull reports received from foreign markets. Fine wheat met a quiet retail demand at about late rates, while inferior descriptions met with little attention, although offered at a considerable reduction. At St. Petersburg business in grain was dull, and Kubanka wheat had not met with much attention, but some sales of Saxonska had taken place at 40s 6d during the week. There is no news from the Black Sea ports. Australian advices state that a firm market prevailed at Adelaide on the 16th ult., with a good demand, and holders not anxious to sell. On this continent we find New York market to have been quiet, particularly for cash wheat, shippers' orders having been withdrawn or their limits reduced in many instances. The demand for export has been light, while millers have bought only enough to fill orders or keep their mills running. The receipts meantime have been very light, and the stock in store is small, in view of which holders have offered very sparingly, evincing a perfect indifference as to whether they sold or not. In the western markets, however, some excitement has prevailed, and prices at Chicago for August delivery have run up four cents since our last; the cause seems to be that "shorts" have oversold themselves, and not any real change in the condition of the market, as reports leave no doubt of a very large harvest, although some damage seems to have been done to wheat in the west, and seem to point towards low prices for it. The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, the rail and lake shipments from Western Lake ports, and the amount on the New York canals at the undermentioned dates:—

	1878. July 13.	1878. July 6.	1877. July 14.	1876. July 15.
Wheat, bu	4,426,357	4,293,842	3,013,828	3,088,823
Corn	6,847,178	7,374,431	3,172,069	8,124,774
Oats	1,680,188	1,617,704	2,141,948	3,757,00
Barley	1,025,564	1,037,466	392,703	526,829
Rye	346,724	339,026	256,070	254,553
Total, bu	13,925,961	14,981,120	13,031,992	23,004,411

The following table shows the top prices of the different kinds of produce in the Liverpool markets for each market day during the past week:—

	July 18, 5 p.m.	July 19, 5.30 p.m.	July 20, 5 p.m.	July 22, 5 p.m.	July 23, 5 p.m.	July 24, 3 p.m.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Flour	24 0	24 0	24 0	24 0	24 0	24 0
R. Wheat	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3
R. Winter	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 8	9 8
White	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1
Club	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 6	10 6
Corn, new	22 9	22 9	22 9	22 9	22 9	22 9
Oats	2 8	2 8	2 8	2 8	2 8	2 8
Barley	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
Peas	34 9	34 6	34 6	34 6	34 6	34 6
Pork	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 0
Lard	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6
Beef	72 0	72 6	72 6	72 6	72 6	72 6
Bacon	32 0	32 6	32 6	32 6	32 6	32 6
Tallow	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6
Cheese	44 6	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0

FLOUR—The market has, on the whole, been quiet; but prices have been steady all over with an advance on choice fresh-ground spring wheat grades. Superfine extra has been inactive and nominal. Extra has been quiet but steady, with sales of small lots at $4.40 f.o.c. on Monday and Tuesday. Fancy has been neglected and nominal. Strong bakers' has been very high with sales at $4.40 on Monday, and $4.50 on Tuesday. Spring extra, fresh-ground, has been scarce and wanted all week; large sales were made on Monday on p.t., but some lots sold on Monday at $4.20, and on Tuesday at $4.25 f.o.c. The market to-day was steady; some sales were made on p.t., and a demand was heard for fresh-ground spring extra at $4.20 to $4.25.

BRAN—Has been inactive, but offered at $8.50, with $8 bid.

OATMEAL—No sales are reported, but buyers could probably be found about $3.80 to $3.85. Small lots unchanged at $4.25 to $4.50.

WHEAT.—Offerings have fallen off, but the demand has been active at advancing prices. No. 2 fall has been quiet, but sold in car-lots at $1.02 and $1.03. No. 1 spring sold on Thursday at 97c for car-lots; but round lots brought 98c on Friday, and cars and round lots 99c on Tuesday, all f.o.c. No. 2 spring has been scarce but firm; round lots sold on Thursday at 93 and 93½; at 94c for a car on Friday, and at 95c for cars and round lots on Tuesday, all f.o.c. The market to-day was again firmer, with sales of several cars of No. 2 fall outside at equal to $1.03 here; of No. 1 spring at $1, and of No. 2 spring at 95c f.o.c. Street receipts have been very small; fall sold once at 98c, and once at 98½, and spring once at 95c.

OATS—Have been scarce, firm and wanted with sales of Canadian on track at 32c last week and on Monday; and the same price was again paid to-day. Street prices 34c.

BARLEY—There has been little movement reported; but in consequence of adverse reports of the probable yield of the new crop holders have manifested increased firmness, and generally refuse to sell or name a price until the new grain shall be in the market; the only sale reported is that of four cars of No. 2 on Tuesday at 51c, f.o.b., but we should say that sellers are not likely to offer much more at this price. Street receipts *nil*.

PEAS—Have been inactive with none offered and but little enquiry heard, though prices seem to be steady with buyers at 64 to 66c, f.o.c. Street receipts very small and prices nominal at 60 to 62c.

RYE—Remains nominal at 60c.

HAY—There has been no movement in pressed hay and cars are nominal at $12 to $13. The market has been poorly supplied, and all offering wanted at $9 to $11 for new, the general run being $10 to $12.

STRAW—There has been scarcely any in and an active demand has prevailed with ready buyers at $12 to $14 for oat-straw in sheaves.

POTATOES—No movement has occurred in cars and old are almost out of the market though a few bags may have been sold at about 65c. New have been offering more freely and have declined to 75 to 80c. per bushel.

APPLES—New have begun to offer and have been selling at $2.75 to $3.50c. per bushel, according to quality.

POULTRY—Offerings have been small and prices firm at 30 to 40c for spring chickens; at about 50c. for fowl and 45 to 50c. for spring ducks.

FLOUR, f.o.c

Superior Extra, per 196 lbs	$4 50 to	$4 65
Extra	4 35	4 40
Fancy and Strong Bakers'	4 25	4 50
Spring Wheat, extra	4 20	4 25
Superfine	3 50	3 60
Oatmeal, per 196 lbs	3 85	3 95
Cornmeal, small lots	2 50	2 60

BAG FLOUR, by car lot f.o.c.

Extra	$4 25 to	$4 40
Spring Wheat, extra	4 00	4 20

GRAIN, f.o.b.

Fall Wheat, No. 1, per 60 lbs	$1 05 to	$1 06
" No. 2, "	1 02	1 03
" No. 3, "	0 90	0 91
Red Winter	none.	
Spring Wheat, No. 1	0 99	1 00
" No. 2	0 95	0 96
" No. 3	0 85	0 87
Oats (Canadian), per 34 lbs	0 32	0 00
Barley, No. 1, per 48 lbs	0 58	0 60
" No. 2, "	0 50	0 52
" No. 3, "	0 40	0 00
Peas, No. 1, per 60 lbs	0 66	0 67
" No. 2, "	0 64	0 65
Rye	0 60	0 90

PRICES AT FARMERS' WAGGONS.

Wheat, fall, per bush	$0 90	$1.00
Wheat, spring, do	0 85	0 95
Barley, do	0 45	0 55
Oats, do	0 32	0 34
Peas, do	0 60	0 62
Rye, do	0 60	0 00
Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs	5 50	6 00
Beef, hind qrs., per 100 lbs	none.	
Mutton, by carcase, per 100 lbs	6 00	7 00
Chickens, per pair	0 30	0 35
Ducks, per brace	0 40	0 50
Geese, each	none.	
Turkeys	none.	
Butter, lb. rolls	0 20	0 24
" large rolls	0 12	0 15
" tub dairy	0 13	0 16
Eggs, fresh, per doz	0 14	0 16
Potatoes, per bus	0 75	0 80
Onions, per doz	0 15	0 20
Tomatoes, per lb	0 10	0 12½
Turnips, per doz	none.	
Carrots, per doz	0 15	0 20
Beets, per doz	0 20	0 25
Parsnips, per bag	none.	
Hay, per ton	9 00	14 00
Wool, per lb	0 23	0 24

GROCERIES.

TRADE—Has been rather less active than in the preceding week, but still fairly well maintained.

PROVISIONS.

TRADE—Has generally been quiet since our last.

BUTTER—The market has been inactive, and the tendency of prices downward. There are no buyers of round lots to be found, and a knowledge of this fact checks offerings; prices are purely nominal for this class of goods. Selections have been less wanted, and have sold as low as 11½c, though 12c also was paid in one case. It seems certain that so long as the present hot weather is maintained there will be no demand beyond that for immediate local requirements. Street receipts have been small, and prices firmer, at 20 to 24c for pound rolls, and 13 to 15c for tubs and crocks of dairy. English advices continue to be decidedly discouraging; there seems to be no sale for Canadian butter.

CHEESE—Has remained unchanged in price, and selling slowly at 9 to 9½c for small lots. At Ingersoll, yesterday, only 2,555 boxes offered on boards. Market dull. Salesmen refused to register their offerings. Factorymen offered at 7½ to 8c for June cheese, and one factory offered 8½c for July make; 8c was paid on Monday for June make.

EGGS—Receipts have increased, and the demand has fallen off somewhat; prices are easier and rather unsettled, at 11 to 12c for lots. Street receipts have been small, and prices steady at 15 to 18c, according to quantity and quality.

PORK—Prices have been steady but unchanged, with fair sales, at from $12.50 to $13.50, the latter being for very small lots.

BACON—Cumberland has shown no change during the week, and has been selling quietly at 6½ to 6¾c for tons and under. Long-clear has been held very firmly at 7 to 7½c. Pickled bellies have been active; a lot of two tons sold at 6¾c last week, but they are now held at 7½ to 7¾c, and smoked at 8½c. Shoulders have been quiet, but are held higher at 5½c for green, and 6¾ to 7c for canvassed.

HAMS—The market has been active and excited, with prices still advancing, but closing rather unsettled. Canvassed have sold at 11 to 11½c, but today some dealers ask 12c for small lots; smoked seem to close at 10½ to 11c, and pickled are held today at 10c.

LARD—There has been no change, either in the movement or in prices since our last; sales have been small at 8½ to 9½c for tinnets and pails, and 8c for tierces.

HOGS—Have been almost nominal at 6c, with scarcely any offering or wanted.

SALT—Liverpool has been quiet, but small lots are held higher, and usually selling at 75 to 80c, with nothing reported in round lots. Goderich is inactive and unchanged at 95c.

DRIED APPLES—A few small parcels have been sold at 6 to 6½c, but generally there is next door to nothing doing.

WHITE BEANS—Have been selling steadily as before at $1.40 to $1.50 per bushel for barrelled lots.

CATTLE.

TRADE—Has been fairly steady through the week.

BEEVES—Receipts have continued to be large, but, as before, chiefly of the lower grades; a demand, however, has prevailed for Montreal cattle, which has been the means of finding a sale for all offered, and at steady prices. Export cattle have remained inactive, as they have not been offered, but were they on the market they would bring $5. First-class, consisting of steers and heifers not under 1,100 lbs, have been scarce and firm at from $4.37 to $4.50. Second-class have continued to form the great bulk of the supply, but have sold more readily in consequence of the Montreal demand, at from $3.75 to $4. Third-class have been less abundant than in the previous week, and unchanged, at $3 to $3.50, with the demand for them slack. There were sales of a car of mixed, averaging 1,125 lbs, at $42; a car of mixed, averaging 1,050 lbs, at $37; a car of mixed, averaging 1,000 lbs, at $34; a car of steers, averaging 1,200 lbs, at $55; two lots of choice steers, averaging about 1,400 lbs, at $4.75 per cental for one lot, and $5 for the other.

SHEEP—Have been fairly abundant, but as a steady demand for export has been maintained, all offering have found a ready sale. First-class averaging from 125 lbs upwards have been wanted, and have readily sold at from $5.25 to $5.50, or $4 to $4.425 per cental. Second-class have usually ranged from $4 to $4.75 each, and have been wanted for the local market. Third-class remain nominal. A lot of 68 head, dressing about 60 lbs, sold at $4.50.

LAMBS—Receipts have increased, and the supply has probably been in excess of the demand at the market, with prices the turn easier. First-class have continued to be wanted, but picked lots dressing from 37 lbs upwards have usually sold at $3.50 to $3.75, though a few of very choice quality have occasionally have brought $4. Second-class dressing from 28 to 35 lbs have been plentiful, and easy at $2.50 to $3. Third-class have been very plentiful, and with too many offering, and none bringing over $2. There was a lot of 72 head, dressing about 40 lbs, sold at $2.75, and a lot of 36 and 6 sheep at $3.10 all round.

CALVES—The market has been full all week, and the demand slack at easier prices. First-class have been almost the only sort wanted, but even these have been in sufficient supply and prices weak, at from $7 to $9 for any dressing from 120 to 150 lbs. Second-class are slow of sale, with too many in; any of Brackline from 75 to 110 lbs, usually brought $4 and $4 to $6. Third-class are not wanted at all, and it is better not to offer them, as they will be sold at a loss.

HIDES, SKINS, AND WOOL.

TRADE—Has been steady through the week.

HIDES—Prices of green have advanced 50c per cental. Receipts have been rather small and all offering wanted. Cured have been going off as fast as offered in small lots, but in these only, as no large lots can be had at 7½ to 7¾c, though in one instance choice steers brought 7¾c.

CALFSKINS—Offerings of green have fallen off, and all have been taken as before. Cured have been in fair demand at 12c.

LAMBSKINS—Have been abundant and unchanged, as have also pelts, at last week's advance.

WOOL—Offerings have been rather limited, but a steady enquiry has been maintained at firm prices. There have been sales of several lots of fleece at 24 to 25c, and one lot changed hands at 26c, which prices would still be repeated. Super has been inactive; one lot of 1,000 lbs sold at 24c. Lambs' wool has been moved to a small extent, and seems worth about 20 to 21c.

TALLOW—Is quiet and prices are weak; rendered scarcely ever brings over 5c, and is not much wanted. Rough is unchanged at 4c.

Quotations stand as follows:—No. 1 inspected, choice, $7.00; No. 2 inspected, cut, and grubby hides, $6.00; No. 3 inspected, $5.00; Calfskins, green, 8 to 10c; Calfskins, cured, 11½ to 12c; calfskins, dry, none; Pelts, 30c; Wool, fleece, 23 to 25c; Wool, pulled, super, 20 to 26c; Wool, pickings, 10 to 11c; Tallow, rough, 4c; rendered, 6c.

London Markets.

TUESDAY, July 23.

The attendance and receipts were an average on several days past, still the grain arrivals were not very heavy. Red wheat brought $1.25; spring $1.30; peas 90c; oats $1 to $1.05 per 100 lbs, hay, several loads at quotations. Wool, two or three bundles sold at 25 to 26c per lb. Butter and eggs in better supply. New potatoes begin to come in freely. Fruit, such as raspberries and currants, are much higher than for some years past. A scarcity of fruit arising from late frosts and insect pests. Vegetables in great variety and abundance at reasonable figures.

GRAIN—Per 100 lbs., Delhi wheat, $1.60 to $1.65; Treadwell, $1.55 to 1.65; Red, $1.45 to $1.52; Spring, $1.20 to $1.50, generally at $1.40 to $1.50; Barley, 90c to $1; Peas, 85c to 95c; Oats, $1.07; Rye, 80; Buckwheat, 90; Corn, 85 to 95c; Beans, $0.

PRODUCE.—Fresh eggs, per dozen, 11 to 12c; packed, 10c; roll butter, 14 to 15c; tub butter, 10 to 11c; cordwood, $3.50 to $4; straw, per load, $6.00 to $4.50; turnips, 25c; carrots, 25 to 30c; potatoes, 40 to 50c; onions, per bushel, 60 to 70c; tallow, rendered, 6 to 6½c; tallow, rough, 4c; lard per lb, 10c; wool, 25 to 26c; cheese, per lb, 11½ to 12½c; clover seed, per bush, $3.50 to $4; timothy seed, per bush, $1.25 to $1.50; hay, per ton, new, $8; hay, per ton, old, $10.

Breadstuffs in England.

The following statement is a summary of flour and grain stocks in the ten ports of London, Liverpool, Glasgow, Hull, Bristol, Leith, Gloucester, Londonderry, West Hartlepool, and Newcastle, on the 1st inst., and other dates indicated:—

	July 1, 1878.	July 1, 1877.	Jan. 1, 1878.
Flour, bbls	145,438	39,014	211,587
Flour, sks	204,778	361,834	250,492
Wheat, qrs	1,148,124	1,145,237	1,433,803
Maize, qrs	481,160	809,538	412,340
Oats, qrs	552,807	508,196	816,018

Flour stocks in London not included at either date.

Montreal Cattle Market.

MONTREAL, July 22.

Only 3 car loads of cattle were for sale on this market to-day, but the demand notwithstanding was very unsatisfactory only a few butchers putting in an appearance. Sales ranged from 3c to 4½c per pound, live weight, for medium to good fat cattle. Beeves choice enough for exportation are worth about 5c. Live hogs are scarce and in good demand at $4.50 to $4.75 per 100 lbs. Choice Chicago hogs would cost from $5 to $5.25 laid down here. Messrs. A. W. Aikins & Co., of Toronto, are shipping this week on the S. S. Erl King 200 fine Kentucky cattle and 600 Upper Canada fat sheep, also on the S. S. Marathon from Boston 350 cattle and 500 sheep. Messrs. Herd & Wilder received from Mr. Wm. Jack 1 car load of cattle, which sold at from $30 to $50 each. They also sold 8 cattle at from $30 to $40 each, or from 3c to 4c per lb., live weight. Mr. J. K. Wilder sails for Europe to-morrow by the S. S. Lasalle with 400 sheep and a car load of cattle. The sheep cost a fraction under 6c each. Mr. E. Morgan, of Oshawa, is shipping 75 cattle and 1,000 sheep to Great Britain this week. The exportation of fat sheep to Europe is beginning to be extensive. The following were the receipts of live stock at Point St. Charles last week:—1,421 cattle, 2,321 sheep and 603 hogs.

U. S. Cattle Markets.

BUFFALO, N.Y., July 19.—CATTLE—Receipts to-day, 2,070 head; total for the week thus far, 11,900 head; for the same time last week, 9,578 head; being an increase for the week thus far of 136 cars; through consignments, 461 cars; market active and lower; quoted 10 to 15c below Thursday's prices for choice and shippers' grades; sales of good to choice steers, $4.50 to $5.15; medium, $4.20 to $4.40; light butchers', $3.50 to $4.10; cows and heifers, $3.25 to $3.75; stockers, dull; sales at $3 to $3.35; bulls scarce; closing weak; best grades were disposed of.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts to-day, 3,500 head; for the week thus far, 20,000 head; for the same time last week, 16,600 head; through consignments, 57 cars; market moderately active; prices unchanged; offerings generally of good quality; sales of fair to good western sheep at $3.70 to $4.75; lambs, $4.75 to $5.50; shippers were the principal buyers; all offerings disposed of.

HOGS—Receipts to-day, 4,305 head; for the week thus far, 23,236 head; for the same time last week, 19,405 head; through consignments, 157 cars; market moderately active; prices 10 to 20c lower; sales, corn-fed Yorkers at $4 to $4.30; heavy at $4.25 to $4.50; grassers neglected, but all lots sold.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19.—CATTLE—Receipts, 673 car loads, against 562 cars last week, which is considered large for the season. Among the receipts were a number of heavy steers, which went through to the seaboard for foreign markets. The intense heat has had an unfavourable turn upon the trade, buyers being indifferent: prices at the opening dropped ½c per lb., and the sales through the week have been made at this decline. Milch cows—Supply small, a few head having been peddled out at from $35 to $50; extra good would probably bring more; veal calves in little demand; most of the receipts going to New York; market quiet, with sales as follows:—Veals, 5 to 6c; fed, 2½ to 3c; and buttermilk, 2 to 2½c per lb.

Receipts of sheep and lambs, 18,400 head, against 12,800 head last week. In sheep there is no change in prices. The supply included 800 sheep bound for Europe, via Boston. The trade in lambs has been much better than in sheep, the sales reaching 2,500 head; prices ruled from 5½ to 6½c, per lb., the latter figure covering the extra.

BIRTHS.

NICOL—At Fairview, Bradford, on the 22nd inst. the wife of Andrew Nicol, Esq., of a son.

GWYN—At "Staplehurst," Dundas, on 21st July, the wife of Herbert C. Gwyn, barrister, of a daughter.

GORDON—At Knoyle, near Cooksville, on July 23rd, the wife of A. R. Gordon, Esq., R.N., of a daughter.

LESLIE—In Kingston, on July 15th, the wife of J. F. Leslie, of a daughter.

SMITH—At 186 King street east, Toronto, on the 18th inst., the wife of W. H. Smith, of a daughter.

OSLER—At Craigleigh, on the 17th July, the wife of Edmund B. Osler, of a daughter.

MILLAR—At Pembroke, on the 14th inst., the wife of Mr. Thomas Millar, of a son.

COLLINS—In Tavistock, on the 14th inst., the wife of Mr. Thomas Collins, potter, of a daughter.

HENDERSON—On the 16th inst., the wife of Mr. John Henderson, hardware merchant, Collingwood, of a son.

MITCHELL—In Darlington, on the 15th inst., the wife of Mr. Anthony Mitchell, of a daughter.

LITTLEJOHNS—At Minesing, on the 7th July, the wife of D. Littlejohns, of a son.

PORTER—In Brantford, on the 17th inst., the wife of H. W. Porter, of a daughter.

ARCHER—On Wednesday, the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. Wm. Archer, Ottawa, of a daughter.

JONES—In Ottawa, on the 17th July, the wife of Mr. Albert Jones, P. O. Department, of a son.

BARRY—At Bradford, on July 17th, the wife of J. W. Barry, Jr., of a son.

MILLAR—At 510 Queen street west, on the 15th July, Mrs. David Millar of a daughter.

BROWN—On the 19th July, at 238 Carlton street, in this city, the wife of Mr. Henry I. Brown, of a son.

MULLOCH—At Winnipeg, Manitoba, on Saturday, the 20th inst., the wife of A. S. Mulloch, of a son.

TUCKER—At the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, on Thursday, 18th inst., the wife of Patrick Hughes, Esq., of a daughter.

OTTOWAY—At No. 60 Inverness Terrace, Kensington Gardens, London, on the 22nd inst., the widow of the late Cuthbert John Ottoway, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ARDAGH—FISHER—On Tuesday, the 23rd July, at St. Philip's, Toronto, by the Rev. Mr. Williams, Henry Hatton Ardagh, barrister-at law, to Marcia Annie, only daughter of Colonel N. H. Fisher, R. A., of Templemore, Ireland.

WEBB—BLIGHT—On the 23rd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, 36 North street, Toronto, by Rev. C. Washington Bond, of Brooklin, Mr. W. J. Hunter, D.D., William Webb, Esq., of Montreal, to Kate B. Blight, second daughter of William Blight, Esq.

THOMSON—ADAMS—At the residence of the bride's father, Brampton, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Denshiel, Mr. A. D. Thomson, of the firm of Grant, Thomson & Co., Georgetown, to Margaret Jane, daughter of Thomas Adams, Esq., Brampton.

CLENNOW—FITCH—At All Saints' church, Toronto, 17th July, inst., by Rev. Arthur H. Baldwin, M. A., Doctor, Francis Clennow, Barrister, of Ottawa, to Mary Schriver, daughter of J. C. Fitch, Esq., Toronto.

RODGERS—TARSWELL—At the Presbyterian Manse, Rockwood, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. D. Strachan, Mr. Wm. Rodgers to Miss Mary Jane Tarswell, both of the township of Erin.

HUNT—PREBBLES—On the 10th inst., at the Methodist church, Mount Forest, by the Rev. Geo. Buggin, Mr. Thos. Hunt, of Egremont, to Miss Phoebe Letitia Prebbles, of Normanby.

MART—TILBRY—At the P. Methódist Parsonage, July 15, by the Rev. C. C. Roffe, Mr. Wm. F. Mart, of Brantford, to Miss Clara E. Tilbry, of Dundas.

MCINTOSH—HOLME—On the 19th of June