

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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Allied Troops Beat Back Desperate German Attacks

(Official French Bulletin)

Paris, Sept. 28.—The text of an official communication issued tonight is as follows: "It is confirmed that since the nights of the 25th to the 26th and up to far into the day of the 27th the Germans have not ceased night or day to renew on entire front attacks of unprecedented violence with the determined purpose of trying to break through our lines."

"These attacks were made with a uniformity, which denotes instructions from the highest command to seek a solution of the battle."

"Not only have they not been able to accomplish it, but during the action we have captured one flag, some cannons and many prisoners. The flag was taken from the enemy by the Twenty-fourth Regiment of Colonial Infantry."

"All our army commanders make special mention of the fact that the morale of our troops, notwithstanding this uninterrupted struggle, continues excellent."

FRENCH WIPE OUT WHOLE REGIMENT

London, Sept. 28.—The French have surrounded and annihilated the 109th regiment of German reserves, says the Basel correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company in a message sent by way of Rome.

The Despatch adds that the German wounded include a Colonel, a Major, two Captains and two Lieutenants.

BOER AND BRITON ARE COLLEAGUES

One Time Rival General of French's Offers His Sword to the Allied Armies

Bordeaux, Sept. 28.—The Boer Gen. Francois Joubert Pianaal has arrived at Bordeaux to offer his sword to the allied armies.

"I fought against General French in South Africa, now I am going to fight with him," said the General to your correspondent. "I commanded the Boer army opposed to him at Elandslaagte where I received my baptism of fire in civilised warfare."

"I have offered my services unconditionally; I do not know as yet how I will be employed, but I expect it will be in an advisory capacity, and that I will be attached in this manner to General French's staff."

"The war will be long and fierce. The German army, I know, is the finest fighting machine in the world, but we shall beat it in the end, because our armies are something better than machines."

MARTIAL LAW IN HOLLAND

Paris, Sept. 27.—A despatch to the Havas Agency from Amsterdam, says that in order to prevent the exportation of contraband articles to Germany, the Netherlands Government has declared martial law in the eastern provinces.

PRZEMYSL FORTS ARE BESIEGED

Main Austrian Army Retreating on Cracow

Vienna, Sept. 27.—Russian troops entirely surround the eastern forts at Przemyel.

The main Austrian army is retreating in force to Cracow.

CAPTURE GERMAN SHIP WITH WHEAT

Falmouth, Sept. 28.—The German ship Ossa of 1800 tons, bound from Portland, Oregon, for Ipswich, with a cargo of wheat and barley was brought into this port Saturday, having been captured by a British warship.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

ROUMANIAN FORCE FOR FRONT

Petrograd, Sept. 27.—A Bucharest despatch says it is rumored that the first Roumanian army corps has been ordered to the Austrian frontier.

GENERAL ATTACK OF ENEMY FAILS

Allies and Germans in Close Contact All Along the Line and do Some Hand-to-Hand Fighting

(Official French Bulletin) Paris, Sept. 27.—The enemy has attacked on the whole front, but has been repulsed everywhere.

On our left wing we are progressing. On the heights of the Meuse the situation is unchanged. In the Woivre district we are continually gaining ground.

The French fleet has destroyed the fortress of Pelagosa and bombarded an Austrian camp.

Pelagosa is a little island fortress in the Adriatic, due east of Rome.

(Official British Bulletin)

London, Sept. 28.—A British Official statement given out last night on the battle in northern France, says: "The situation is satisfactory, and counter attacks on the British front have been beaten back with heavy losses to the enemy."

(Official French Bulletin)

Paris, Sept. 28.—An official communication issued last night, says that the Germans continue day and night attacks of unprecedented violence, but have been unsuccessful.

Paris, Sept. 27.—The enemy has attacked the Allied armies along the entire front, but has everywhere been repulsed.

On the left wing we are making progress.

On the heights of the Meuse the situation remains unchanged. A German aeroplane dropped a bomb into Paris this morning, killing a man and injuring a girl.

"KARLSRUHE" CAUGHT COALING

Colliers Captured but Cruiser Got Away

New York, Sept. 27.—Sir Courtenay Bennett, the British Consul General here, announced this afternoon that the steamer Lorenzo, registered as a United States merchantman, and the Norwegian steamer Theor, had been captured by a British cruiser while in the act of coaling the German cruiser Karlsruhe at sea, and had been taken to St. Lucia to await disposition by the prize court.

Sir Courtenay added that the cruiser had made its escape. The two steamers were captured off the West Indies.

"CACHELOT" GETS FIFTY WHALES

The Sagona brings word that the Cachelot, operating at Hawke's Hr. has fifty whales. The big fish are plentiful and if the weather continues favorable the Cachelot hopes to do much better.

FRENCH TACTICS FOOL GERMANS

Clever Ruse by Which the Commander of Fort Troyon Lured Enemy Within Range of Guns

London, Sept. 28.—A Paris despatch says the wounded who have arrived at Montlucan give details of the siege of Fort Troyon near Verdun. They say that while the Germans were bombarding the Commander of the fort did not reply. The enemy believing that the fort had been evacuated, approached in order to destroy a redoubt.

The commander of the fort then set fire to two cart loads of straw inside the structure and the Germans, convinced that their shells had started the fire and that they could easily take the place, advanced in close formation.

The French suddenly unmasked their mitrailleuses which opened a deadly fire.

The number of German bodies abandoned on the slopes around Fort Troyon is estimated at 7,000.

CARSON'S APPEAL TO ULSTERMEN

Urges Upon the Volunteers to Enlist to Defend Their Country and Their Liberties

Sir Edward Carson has issued the following appeal to the Ulster Volunteers: "I greatly appreciate the action of our Volunteers in rallying so enthusiastically to my call for defenders of the Empire. To those who have not already responded to that call and are eligible, and can go, I say quit yourselves like men and comply with your country's demand."

Country's Call Enlist at once for the Ulster Division in Lord Kitchener's Army for the period of the war. You were formed to defend our citizenship in the United Kingdom and the Empire, and so preserve our civil and religious liberty. Now the United Kingdom and the Empire are threatened, and we must fight with our fellow-Britishers until victory is assured.

At Larne Sir Edward was joined by Major MacCallmont, M.P. On reaching the steamer he ascended to the top deck, from which he addressed the crowd. He said: "Duty to Enlist"

"I am very proud of every man in the Ulster Volunteer force; proud not only of those who have enlisted, but also of those who are determined now that the United Kingdom and the Empire are threatened there is very little good in saying we will stay in the United Kingdom unless we preserve the United Kingdom itself."

"There, I say to you solemnly, that your duty is to go and enlist in the Army for the time of the war. (Cheers.) Your comrades in the Army are calling out for you, and let them not call in vain. (Cheers.) Go out until you have driven every German out of France and Belgium, and once more prove to the world that this country never can be beaten. (Cheers.)"

BAYONET FIGHTS ARE CONTINUOUS

Situation Unchanged in Many Respects, But Allies Make Progress on Their Left Wing

(Official French Bulletin)

Paris, Sept. 27.—An official statement this afternoon says the armies of the Allies and the Germans are in closest contact everywhere, and that there is continual bayonet fighting, generally resulting in favor of the Allies.

The statement says that perceptible advances have been made by the Allies between the Oise and Somme and to the north of the Somme from the Aisne, to Rheims.

In some places the opposing entrenchments are only some hundred yards apart, and violent bayonet charges by the Germans have been repulsed at all points.

The vigorous German offensive has been thrown back in the region of Berru and Nogent la Besse.

Governor Asks Caution of Press

In Referring to Movements Of British Troops

His Excellency the Governor writes the press asking that they abstain from making any mention as to the dates for movement of troops across the Atlantic.

"The organization by the enemy for collecting news from this side of the Atlantic is elaborate," says His Excellency, "and any indication of dates for the transit of troops will certainly be transmitted to Germany."

"We must disclose nothing which may risk the lives of our men in their voyage across the ocean."

'Fogota' Arrives

The s.s. Fogota arrived Saturday night from the northward with the following passengers: W. Elliott, Rev. M. H. W. Seeley, Mrs. G. Parsons, Miss B. Brinson, Mrs. Capt. B. Barbour and family, Miss Oakley, Mrs. Halfyard, Miss Christian, Mrs. J. Snelgrove and nine steerage.

Mgr. Daly Dead

A message was received this morning from Halifax that Rt. Rev. Mons. Daly, of that place, had passed away at the age of 76 years. He had been ill for a year.

MOURNED DEAD; RETURNS HOME

Seaman Thomas Curran Home Again With Family After a Long Absence

Seaman Thomas Curran, who was mourned as dead for several months returned by the Clutha yesterday as well as ever.

He went Brazil over a year ago, left his vessel there and nothing was heard from him since until he reached St. John's.

It will be remembered that some months ago his wife was evicted from her home, Prince's St. She is now living at the Goulds, while the children are in the hospital.

From Bahia, Curran went to Santos and there joined a Norwegian ship of 1600 tons and was on her for nine months.

Two months ago his vessel put into Pernambuco and he left her there and joined the Clutha.

The Norwegian ship owes him £21 which he is now making an effort to collect. The Clutha made the run up in 39 days.

"WAR LORD" GONE TO E. PRUSSIA

London, Sept. 28.—According to a Petrograd despatch to the Times, it has been ascertained beyond doubt that the German Emperor has gone to East Prussia.

The s.s. Earl of Devon arrived yesterday from White Bay.

Belgian Surprise Attack Routed a German Force

(Official Belgian Bulletin)

London, Sept. 28.—The following official statement, issued at Antwerp yesterday, has been received by the Reuters Telegram Company:

"On Saturday a detachment of German cavalry troops, comprising one brigade of infantry, two regiments of cavalry, two heavy and four light batteries and artillery was surprised on the march from Brussels to Ternonde."

Attacked on front and flank, they retired in disorder towards Assche, leaving in the Belgian hands many prisoners, wounded and Caissons.

Today, Sunday, apparently in revenge for this check, Malines was bombarded by long range guns and our front between Malines and Alost was subjected to a general attack by strong forces.

Towards Alost, the Belgian cavalry division succeeded in taking the German left wing on the flank and, generally, our troops maintained their positions.

At Malines the railway section suffered severely from bombardment. Numerous houses are in ruins and others have been burned.

A dozen civilians were killed and many wounded.

CACOUNA LOST IN BIG STORM

And Many Schooners Wrecked in the Gale of Saturday and Sunday Nights

The storm of Saturday night and yesterday was a very heavy one and quite a number of vessels have been wrecked.

Early yesterday morning messages were received that the S.S. Cacouna was lost near Ferryland Head.

The Cacouna, Capt. Newman, only came off dock Saturday afternoon, having undergone repairs.

Total Loss The Anglo Co. received the following from Mrs. Farrel, the operator at Ferrland: "Cacouna ashore at 9.30 a.m. at Hare's Ears, Ferryland Head; crew safe; ship will be a total loss."

Similar messages were received by Messrs. Harvey & Co., the Black Diamond Agents. Last night Hon. J. Harvey had a wire as follows: "Will be total loss; no chance of salvaging; ship breaking up; request Lloyd's Agent to make survey at once."

Back Broken Later word reached the city that her back was broken and the after part submerged and that some of the deck fittings had been saved. At the first easterly wind she will go to pieces. The examination of the ship will be made today, after which the captain and crew will come on here.

The wife of Capt. Newman was on board the ship with him. At the time she struck it was densely foggy, and being light in ballast she had probably been kept in on the shore by the heavy winds.

The Cacouna was 1,457 tons gross, 931 net, 250 ft. long, 35.4 ft. beam, 16.4 deep, built in 1883 by Wigham, Richardson & Co., Newcastle, and owned by the Black Diamond Co., of Montreal.

"American" Lost The schr. American which had been discharging cargo at the Cape Race wireless station has been lost between Aquaforte and Permeuse.

Minister of Marine Piccott had the following messages from Lawn and Lamaline: Lawn—Schr. Nereid, coal laden, Walter Bennett, master, stranded on Gores Beach here, Saturday night's gale; owned by J. E. Lake, Fortune. Captain has charge of wreck; think vessel and cargo total loss.

Another Wreck Lamaline—Schr. Savogara of Grand Bank with cargo coals for St. Pierre total loss at Loris; crew safe.

Deputy Minister of Customs LeMessurier has a wire that the schr. Camparia, McLennan, master, went ashore Friday night, 6 miles from Sandy Point; very likely a total loss; 250 qtls. green fish gone.

Mr. LeMessurier had the following from Bonavista: "In storm yesterday schooners Laura G. and Silver Stream came ashore; both are probably total loss; one large fishing boat sank at moorings. One large boat also came ashore. About 10 small boats sank at mooring and two large boats were wrecked on their moorings but did not sink. The water is not rough today. The schooners are 38 and 34 tons respectively, and are owned by Ryan Bros."

14 DAYS' FIGHT WON BY JAPS

Tokio, Sept. 27.—An official announcement says the Japanese have won a stubborn battle, after 14 days' fighting outside Tsing Tau.

VOLUNTEERS HAD HARD TIME

Storm of Saturday and Sunday Night Did Much Damage at Camp and Range

The Volunteers in Camp had a hard experience Saturday and Sunday nights. Several of the tents were blown down.

Today the majority of the Volunteers were inoculated against typhoid fever and all were given leave until 2.30 p.m. Wednesday.

All the city soldiers and the majority from the outposts have gone to their homes. The camps today are almost deserted.

Rough at Range Saturday night's rain storm and yesterday's heavy breeze of wind was severely felt at the Range Camps, South Side Hill.

Four of the sleeping tents blew down. A large and valuable tent belonging to Mr. Herbert Winter was blown down and torn to pieces, also a camp belonging to Mr. F. Knight, and one owned by Mr. W. H. Rennie fell to the ground.

Practice Impossible The Volunteers were unable to do any target practice owing to the high wind, but this morning Lieut. Raley and his company started in early to do shooting.

All the men bore the storm well and are none the worse after the night's experiences.

GERMAN PLOTS IN AFRICA FAIL

Thought They Could Smuggle Arms Into South Africa Quietly, But They Miscalculated

Reuters Agency understands that there is undoubted evidence that the Germans in South-West Africa have for some time been making preparations for military action. Large quantities of big guns, arms, and ammunition have been imported into the country with a view to arming the Boers who, it was apparently thought in Berlin, would join the Germans in the event of trouble.

Unfortunately for the German plan, these schemes have miscarried. Notwithstanding the secrecy observed by the Germans the Union Government is well informed with regard to the quantity of arms and ammunition, and also of the military dispositions.

Calculations at Fault In other respects, the German calculations have proved at fault. The Boer farmers who are resident in German South-West Africa, but who remain British subjects, and than whom there are no more loyal in South Africa, have already given em-

BERLIN ADMITS 104,589 LOSSES

Berlin, Sept. 28.—The total German casualties, including wounded and missing as fully reported to date are 104,589.

The casualty list announced yesterday adds a total of 10,527 to these previously announced.

BOY LOST LIFE IN THE WOODS

Tragic Tale of the Experience of Five Young Boys in Woods Near Carmanville

Word comes from Carmanville that recently five boys, Bert, Obadiah and Edwin, sons of Moses Elford, of Carmanville, aged 11, 6, and 5 years respectively, and Garfield Collins, aged 9 years, and Norman Sheppard, aged 5 years, went berry picking without the knowledge of their parents, and went astray in the woods.

The settlement was alarmed as soon as the children were found missing, and turned out to search for them. The church bells were also tolled to attract their attention, but not until two days and nights had passed, the later being very cold, were the boys found.

They had been without food that time and were in an exhausted condition. One little fellow, Norman Sheppard, was so bad that he succumbed soon afterwards, while the others were brought about only after great difficulty. During their stay in the woods, they built a camp with boughs where they sheltered at night.

The Portia left Grand Bank at 6.30 a.m. today.

The Prospero left LaScie at 5.20 p.m. yesterday.

The s.s. Sinbad sails at 5 this evening.

Patriotic Fund

Already acknowledged... \$57,191.80 W. A. Ellis, Esq. (1st instalment) 25.00 C. H. Butt, Esq. 20.00 D. A. Ryan, Esq. 250.00 Sir W. H. Horwood (1st instalment) 50.00 \$57,536.80

JOHN S. MUNN, Hon. Treas. Fin. Com.

phatic proof that they are not likely to be led away by a German intrigue. It is obvious that secrecy must be observed as to the exact plans of the Government, but it is sufficient to know that not only is the Union Government perfectly aware of the German plans, but that it may be trusted to deal speedily and effectually with the situation by means of big operations that are now in course of completion.