The Beacon

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The best advertising medium in Charlotte County. Rates furnished on application to the Publishers.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., CANADA.

Thursday, 5th August, 1915.

A YEAR OF WAR

YESTERDAY, August 4, was the first anniversary of the declaration of war by Great Britain against Germany. The fact that the war is still in progress, and that no glimpse of its ending is yet even faintly revealed, makes it futile to moralize on the results up to the present, or to speculate on the final outcome. So far as Great Britain is concerned, however, the outstanding feature of the year of war has been the manifestation of the complete solidarity of the Empire. Britons (or by whatever general name may be called the people of the various colonies, dominions and possessions that form the constituent parts of the British Empire) have come from every quarter of the globe in response to the call of their Emperor and King. No more striking evidence is possible of the justness of British rule, and of the far-flung influence of British prestige.

In new Brunswick the day was to be generally observed as a holiday, and it was so kept in St. Andrews. However, as the BEACON goes to press the day before its date of publication, we are unable to give an account in this issue of the form the observance took in Town and in the Province.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR

[July 27 to August 1]

THE past week has yielded no news of changes in the western arena of the European conflict; and the paucity of news can only indicate the *impasse* of the opposing forces in this section, a condition which is appropriately styled a "stalemate."

The chief interest of the week's hostilities centred in the eastern theatre, where the Teutonic forces have continued to drive the Russians back. Warsaw had not actuallly been evacuated at the week's close; but that event was expected shortly to follow. The Russians have couducted a masterly and orderly retreat, and in fierce rear-guard actions have inflicted enormous losses on the enemy; and it they have been forced to yield ground, they have been able to preserve their own army practically intact. The Government and people of Russia view with calm resolution the necessity of retiring before the invading Teutons; and their determination to hold the new front which they seem at last definitely to have chosen, and to make the preparation necessary to resume the offensive, is plainly apparent in all the reports sent out from Petrograd. German ascendency over such a widened area as it now commands will be difficult long to maintain, however complete their preparation, however abundant their present resources. The worst that can be said, from the point of view of the Allies, is that the events of the past week tend to the prolongation of the war; but of their ultimate success no doubt can be entertained. As German militarism reveals more and more its hideous character, so increases the determination of those who are opposing it, to crush it forever.

Absolutely no news was made public during the week by the official News Bureau, of the operations at the Dardanelles; and it is not at all unlikely that the week was one of rest, of recuperation, and of further preparation. In view of the Russian retirement in Poland, the importance of forcing the passage of the Dardanelles becomes greater; and it is to be hoped that tnis consummation will not be delayed much longer.

Only brief news has been given out of the week's hostilities between Italy and Austria, and what news has come to hand has been of Italian successes. The approaches to Trieste are being strongly defended by the Austrians, though it was expected that the city would soon be evacuated.

The German submarine "blockade" had a week of renewed activity, and a large number of merchant vessels and fishing craft were torpedoed and sunk. The largest of the victims was the Leyland liner, the *Iberian*, a steamer of over 5,000 tons, her destruction involving the loss of nearly ten lives. A number (probably twelve in all) of lives were lost in the sinking of some of the other vessels. As an offset to these German submarine depredations on merchant shipping, the British Admiralty announced on August 2 that a British submarine had sunk a German destroyer on July 26, near the German coast. News was also received from Petrograd of the sinking of a German transport by a British submarine in the Baltic.

The net results of the various military and naval operations of the week under review were very greatly to the advantage of the Central Eurppean Powers; but it is manifestly evident that the cost of this advantage has been enormous, in loss of men, and in munitions of war expended.

PATRIOTIC CONTRIBUTIONS

ST. ANDREWS, as was to be expected, has risen to the occasion, and has made a prompt and generous response to the call for Machine Guns. The report of the special meeting of the Town Council on Thursday last, which appears in another column, will be gratifying reading to all residents of the Town, and to the many natives of St. Andrews now living in many other parts of the world who receive the BEACON week after week. One cautious Alderman failed to judge accurately the sentiments of the ratepayers; and if any of the others were in doubt as to the reception of their decision, that doubt was quickly removed the next day by the action of the townspeople. Not only was the vote of the Town Council approved unanimously, but the money to purchase two more machine guns was collected from the persons whose names appear in the list in another column. The money subscribed was actually paid in, the total amount being over $2,260. This sum will permit of the purchase of two machine guns in addition to that provided for by the vote of the Town Council, and a surplus remains which will form a nucleus for further contributions either for machine guns or any other military purpose necessary. So far as concerns contributions in money and supplies, the people of St. Andrews have not been behind those of any other town of equal (or even somewhat greater) size in Canada. And while our people have already given so freely, not one in the community is unmindful of the fact that, as the war progresses, further calls will be made, especially for the Patriotic Fund; and those calls will meet with the same generous response.

RECRUITING RALLY

AT this writing we are unable to anticipate the trend of the speeches to be made at the Court House on Wednesday afternoon, but the supreme requirement of the moment is more men, and more men. We shall not desist from our efforts to urge the people of this section of Charlotte County to emulate the example set in so many other parts of Canada (notably at the patriotic meeting in Halifax on July 29) and have a recruiting rally that will bring many more of our young men forward to serve their King and Country. Machine guns, by all means; but men to serve them as well. The longer our young men hold back, the longer will the war be prolonged. We hope this will have been strongly impressed upon the people at the Court House on Wednesday; but if not, then we must again call upon our parliamentary representative to take the lead in a prompt and vigorous recruiting campaign.

UNSIGHTLY STREETS

THE attention of the Street Committee of the Town Council, and of the townspeople concerned, is respectfully called to the disfigurement of the streets by great quantities of paper, fruit peelings, and other kinds of unsightly *flotsam and jetsam*. The present appearance of some of the streets is positively disgraceful. The Post Office corner receives the most liberal contribution of newspapers, postal wrappers and suchlike; and the Town might well provide a receptacle for the same, if those who thoughtlessly scatter them about cannot be instructed to abandon their pernicious practice. When so many citizens, with commendable pride, are taking so much pains in keeping the sidewalks and streets in front of their houses in such perfect order, it is intolerable that others should be so indifferent and careless, and do what they can to make the streets unsightly. Pride in the tidy appearance of the Town is a virtue that specially needs cultivation and extension at the present time.

CANADA'S SACRIFICES

CANADA has not dealt in billions of dollars and millions of men, but Canada has nevertheless made commensurate war sacrifices in money, suffering and blood. All the world has stood ready with ambitious imaginations for any suggestion from the European chancelleries and applauded unstintedly when the complete successes of the billion dollar loans have been announced, but Canada and its patriotic offerings, under the most peculiar circumstances, have had scant notice. Even her American neighbaurs seem to have forgotten that bigness of spirit is as moving as bigness of numbers.

The temper of the Canadian soldier has already been proven and approved in the theatre of war, but the same bravery of the home people in facing a rapidly rising public debt has had a much less spectular setting. During June alone there was an increase of no less than $17,970,090, and the increase in the past 12 months has been $130,906,086, making the total net debt $450,287,721, or nearly $60 per head for a young government. These sacrifices made at a critical period of Canada's life for a war across the seas, calling for stamp taxes and increased tariffs, in addition to exposing for slaughter the flower of the manhood of the country are highly idealistic. France, England and even Belgium are fighting and making sacrifices—but no greater sacrifices in proportion—in the midst of a struggle that actually threatens their existence, but Canada is giving lavishly of her best blood and money without any thought that physically at least, she is in danger from the Teuton. Both life and money are more precious, too, to a country just entering upon a period of national development.

Canada is giving humanity one of the real returns of a frightful war. It is the triumph of the purest patriotism and unselfish devotion to the mother country.—*Chicago Tribune.*

THE WEEK'S ANNIVERSARIES

August 5—Gen. Howe died, 1799; Alfred, Lord Tennyson, Laureate, born, 1809; First British-American Cable worked, 1858.
" 6—*Transfiguration.* Reformed Parliament met, 1832; H. M. S. *Captain*, foundered, 1870.
" 7—Old St. James's Day.
" 8—George Canning died, 1827; Canovas del Castillo assassinated, 1897.
" 9—Flodden, 1513. Heligoland ceded to Germany, 1890.
" 10—*St. Lawrence.* Chevy Chase, 1388.
" 11—Cardinal Newman died, 1890. First Bishop of Halifax appointed, 1787.

MAJOR NORTON GRIFFITHS, M. P.

The last news received in St. John regarding Mr. Norton Griffiths, M. P., was that he had become a major in mounted troops and was in training for war. Advices from London now state that in connection with the $50,000,000 railway construction contract just secured by his firm in New South Wales, Major Norton Griffiths is about to visit Australia. Under the arrangement with the New South Wales government the firm is to receive 5 per cent. above the cost of construction of the works in payment for its services. The railway works in the North Coast district of the state will first be taken in hand. The Macleay River Bridge is not included in the contract, but is said to be practically certain to be placed in the firm's hands.—*St. John Globe*, August 2.

*** We have not heard from the gallant Major for some time previously. As he is now reported to be still in training, which he is said to have been a year ago, we presume that in the next war in which Great Britain is engaged his training will be completed, and he may *possibly* join the troops in action. We congratulate the people "Down Under" on the Major's contemplated first visit to Australia. They will probably know him better than did the people of Canada when he first came to this country, where he has secured a great quantity of advertisement, which he so dearly loves.—Ed.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA ESTABLISHED 1832

Banking Service

This bank undertakes every description of banking business, and our aim is to have each customer feel assured of courtesy and attention in our offices. The many services performed by a modern bank are at your disposal; and every good business connection, large or small, is welcomed by 34

The Bank of Nova Scotia

PAID-UP CAPITAL - $ 6,500,000
RESERVE FUND - - 13,000,000
TOTAL RESOURCES over 90,000,000

Branches in CHARLOTTE COUNTY
St. Andrews, St. Stephen.
St. George, Grand Manan

TOO MANY CORN GROWERS TAKE A RISK WITH CHEAP SEED CORN

Bad germination in seed corn combined with prolonged cold weather at time of planting, has been the cause of much disappointment this season to ensilage growers. The seed corn growers of southwestern Ontario were almost equally disappointed through being unable to find a market for their thoroughly-dried corn of strong vitality. Many samples were taken by seed inspectors, and the investigations made, indicate clearly that at least 75 per cent. of the cause for a poor stand can be traced to the ensilage growers buying low priced seed.

Unfortunately high priced seed is not always a guarantee of high quality, but low priced seed is possible only with corn that has had no special care in curing for seed. The farmer who gets $1.50 per bus. of 70 lbs. on the ear for corn taken out of his corn crib in the spring, has more profit than the farmer who receives $2.50 per bus. of 70 lbs. on the ear for corn that has been kiln-dried or rack-dried in special corn-drying buildings.

If harvested in dry weather and kept in narrow cribs through the winter, the cheap corn may give a fairly satisfactory stand of plants with thick seeding and good soil and weather conditions. But too many farmers have learned to their sorrow the very serious risk they take in using corn wintered in this way. It is always advisable for growers to procure seed corn on the ear, as during moist weather shelled corn in transportation or storage will absorb moisture and mold within a very few days, thus destroying its vitality.

Seed Branch, Ottawa.

UTILIZATION OF FISH WASTE.

One of the problems that have long confronted the operators of fish canneries is how best to dispose of cannery waste. This waste is usually very heavy. In the case of humpback salmon, it has been stated that "the waste is from 40 per cent. to 50 per cent. of the round weight." The waste from the "red" salmon is rather less, but it constitutes a serious loss.

According to an estimate of the United States Department of Agriculture, the waste at the Pacific Coast canneries amounted to 140,210 tons in 1913, which, at values fixed by commercial operations, would amount to over two million dollars.

The products obtained from the reduction of the waste are fish scrap for fertilizer and fish oil. An average of several analyses of the raw waste from the humpback salmon showed that it contained 3.02% nitrogen, 3.46% bone phosphate and 10.43% of oil. At retail prices this would give a value of $20 a ton. It would seem desirable, therefore, to establish fish reduction plants in the neighbourhood of the larger canneries to utilize the waste.

One difficulty, however, has been that the canning industry is carried on for only a short time each year, and, as the fish reduction plants are expensive, considerable capital would be kept idle during most of the year. On the Atlantic coast of the United States this handicap has been overcome largely by gathering in enormous quantities of menhaden, a species of herring, and converting these into fertilizer and oil. Nearly 50 factories, having a total invested capital of over $3,500,000, are engaged in this latter industry. In 1912, they produced 6,651,000 gallons of oil, valued at $1,551,990, and 88,520 tons of scrap valued at $2,138,165.

Again, the kelp resources of the Pacific coast, which are being investigated by Prof. Prince, are without doubt of great value, and may possibly be exploited to advantage by those operating the fish scrap industry. In any event, the utilization of fish waste will not be an entire success until the cost of the process of reduction is lowered, or means are found for keeping the plants in operation for longer periods each year. It is a field deserving close attention from those interested in Canada's fisheries.—A.D.—*Conservation Bulletin* for July.

——Official confirmation of the re-occupation of Mexico City by Carranza's army, under General Gonzales, reached the state department at Washington on August 2.

——The boilermakers of Halifax, N. S., on August 2, declared a strike against two firms because of their refusal to accede to their demands for a minimum wage of 32 cents per hour for boilermakers, and 23 cents for helpers. The Halifax Graving Dock Company refused to recognize the union on Saturday, and practically told the men they were discharged. Much work is tied up, including that of a government dredge and several steamers.

——The London *Weekly Dispatch* of this week says it understands that the British Government is about to declare cotton contraband, and that it will offer compensation to planters and make new arrangements with the neutral countries of Europe. The paper adds that it is stated that the Government is also taking up the question of modifying the order-in-council for the satisfaction of the anthorities at Washington.

Up-River Doings

St. Stephen, Aug. 2

Mrs. Frederick Twiss, of Winchester, Mass., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Percy L. Lord, and is most cordially welcomed by her friends.

The matron and nurses of the Chipman Memorial Hospital, are to give a bridge and lawn party on Wednesday evening, at the home of Mrs. David Maxwell, which has been lent to them for that purpose. The affair is given for a patriotic object, and those interested hope for a liberal patronage.

The Women's Canadian Club are arranging to give a mammoth lawn party at the residence and grounds of Mr. Charles C. Grant, on the 10th of August. The sum realized will go towards a machine gun.

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Newnham were in town on Saturday, and left again in the evening train for their home in Woodstock.

Miss Sarah Doone, of Fredericton, is visiting her brother, Mr. Hazen Doone.

Miss Hazel Thompson, of Rollingdam, is the guest of Mrs. Ernest Woodward.

Wilmot Main, son of Dr. C. E. Main, is a patient at the Chipman Hospital.

Miss Ione E. Jones, of Moncton, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Strothard, at the Methodist Parsonage.

Mrs. Priscilla Waite, who recently returned from Boston, will reside with Mrs. E. H. Vose during her stay in Calais.

Dr. Robert K. Ross has arrived in town.

Miss Audrey Cross has returned to St. John, after a pleasant visit with Miss Myrtle Ganong.

Mrs. Gower McKay, of Sydney, N. S., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ryder, and is most cordially welcomed by her friends.

Miss Blanche Polley has gone to Brooklyn, N. Y., to visit her sister, Mrs. Hillgrove.

Mr. and Mrs. George Newton are occupying the Newton homestead on Main Street, Calais.

Mrs. Andrew Bibber, of Eastport, has been a recent visitor in Calais.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Todd and Mrs. W. F. Todd, who motored to Bar Harbour last week, are again at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey D. Johnston have returned from a delightful visit at Lord's Cove, Deer Island.

Mr. and Mrs. James Green, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Peter McKenna, have returned to their home in St. John, Mr. Green having recovered his health after a long illness of typhoid fever.

Dr. Richard Kalish, of New York City, and Miss Annie Kalish, are visiting their brother, Hon. Brono Kalish, in Calais.

Mr. and Mrs. George Daniel are guests of Miss Alice Arnold for a short time before leaving for Nova Scotia, where they contemplate making their home.

Mrs. Julia Gillmor has returned home from Waterville, Maine, and is now at DeMonts with her sister, Mrs. Walter Osburn, for the summer months.

Mrs. Arthur Burdette has been a recent guest of Mrs. Hazen Grimmer; and also of Mrs. Howard Grimmer in St. Andrews.

Mr. Reginald Maxwell is to take a course in military training at the Halifax Military School early in September.

The St. Croix towns were startled on Saturday by the blowing of whistles and the prolonged ringing of the Calais fire-bell. It was done to call a crowd together to search for four young lads who were reported lost. Later in the evening they were found, much to the relief of their relatives and friends.

Miss Pierce, of Boston, is visiting Miss Emma Halliday in Calais.

Mr. Walter Murray has spent a week in St. John. He has been appointed and accepted the position as one of the Masters at the Boys' Collegiate School at Rothesay.

Miss Ida M. Todd, of Boston, is here visiting friends.

Mr. Henry C. Moody, a former resident of this town but now of Boston, was here last week with his family travelling, the whole distance by automobile. He left a day or two ago for Fredericton, to begin a tour of the Province.

The Patriotic lawn party and band concert given on the Misses Abbot's lawn last Wednesday evening, by the ladies living in the vicinity of Church Hill, Prince William Street, was a great success. The lawn was decorated with flags, banners and colored lanterns. Ice cream and cake were sold. The band concert, by Short's Military Band, was greatly enjoyed. The sum of $106.00 was made, which will be given to the Women's Canadian Club towards a machine gun.

An ice cream sale was held at Maxwell's Crossing under the direction of Mrs. Frank Wheelock and Mrs. James Love, at which the sum of $50.00 was realized. The money will be given to the Women's Canadian Club towards a machine gun.

There's many a drop of tender rain
As we go jogging, jogging on.
And many a while that's fine again.
There's many a dip and many a rise,
And many a smile of friendly eyes.
There's many a scent and many a tune,
And over all the little moon
As we go jogging on.

John Galsworthy,
Land Song of the West Country
("*Moods, Songs, and Doggerels*").

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every-day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal. I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN.
Schr. Storke, St. Andre, Kamouraska.

CLASSIFIED ADVS.

Advertisements under this heading, 25 cents per inch first insertion; 15 cents per inch subsequent insertions.

LOST

A pair of Gold-Rimmed Eye-Glasses. The finder will please leave them at the BEACON OFFICE.

WANTED

Cook for General Housework in St. Andrews. Write stating wages and reference.

MRS. FRANCIS P. MCCOLL.

FOR SALE

A 3-year old Colt. Apply to
MRS. H. A. IRWIN,
3-4pd. Bayside, N. B.

HORSE FOR SALE

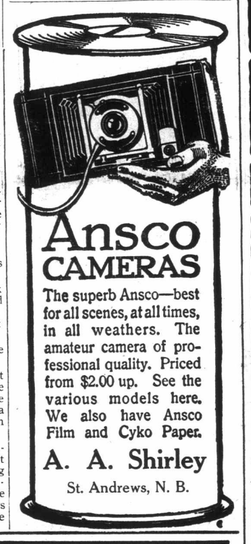
Fine animal, jet black, weight about 1250. Work anyhow.
S. J. ANNING,
1-tf. St. Andrews.

WANTED

A Boy about 15 or 16 years of age; to learn the Printing Business. Apply to Beacon Press Co., St. Andrews, N.B.

AUTO FOR HIRE

One Seven Passenger Car For Hire.
Apply to W.M. J. McQUOID,
47-tf. St. Andrews



Ansco CAMERAS

The superb Ansco—best for all scenes, at all times, in all weathers. The amateur camera of professional quality. Priced from $2.00 up. See the various models here. We also have Ansco Film and Cyko Paper.

A. A. Shirley
St. Andrews, N. B.

A ROOF goes on last, but consider it first

Don't choose quickly. What looks like a saving in first cost may in a few years be a big expense.

NEPONSET PAROID ROOFING

after sixteen years of wear, is still giving service. Water-proof and spark-proof.

FOR SALE BY

Harry Russell
CONTRACTOR & BUILDER
St. Andrews, N. B.

Discount Sale!

Beginning July 31, and Continuing throughout August, we will offer all

Our Panama and Straw Hats at a 15 per cent. Discount

These are All New and Up-to-Date Styles, and original price is low.

R. A. Stuart & Son
STUART CORNER
The only exclusive Men's Store in St. Andrews.

EVERYTHING FOR A MAN TO WEAR

At the Store of

P. G. HANSON

Merchant Tailor

ESTABLISHED JUNE 1, 1889

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing Made to Order.

A Full Line of Gentlemen's Furnishings.

Ready to-Wear Clothing, Rain Coats, Working Pants, Working Shirts, Bathing Suits, Etc., Etc.

Buy HERCULES SPRINGS and OSTERMOOR MATTRESSES for Comfort and Durability

FROM

BUCHANAN & CO., St. Stephen, Agents

We also carry a complete line of House and Office Furnishings, Stoves and Ranges, Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleums and Floor Coverings of all kinds.

Sewing Machines, Pianos and Organs, Victrolas, Records and Supplies

SAY, BUY A BED, OLD SLEEPY HEAD!

Positively the Best Bargains ever offered in any Adanac ni Edam Movement on the slate.

We will not explode a lot of hot air on this

Big Bed Boosting Proposition,

but simply say,

BUY A BED! BUY A BED!

Here is Our Cash-With-Order (only) Offer:

One 4 ft. White Enamel Iron Bed
One 4 ft. Close Woven Hardwood Frame Spring
One 4 ft. Algonquin Sanitary Mattress
One pair "Leader" Pillows, size 18x26 inches

The whole Outfit Complete for $7.75

In Single Bed Size Complete for $7.00

Out of Town Orders, 50c Extra Must be included to Prepay Freight. Money Back if Not Satisfied.

Boost the bedding business by buying a bed. Buy it now; by and bye beds will be bigger priced.

F. W. & S. MASON

Bedding Specialists

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Hill's Linen Store

ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

We have Ladies' Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at the following prices in the usual size:
$1.00, 1.40, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00 per doz.

Boys' Linen Handkerchiefs, $1.40, 1.80 per doz.

Men's Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, $2.00, 2.60, 2.80, 3.00, 5.00, 6.00 per doz.

Men's Handkerchiefs, extra large, $3.40, 5.00, 6.00 per doz.

Ladies' One Corner Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 18c., 20c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 45c., 50c., 60c. each.

Ladies' All Around Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 50c., 65c., 1.00 each.

Handkerchiefs, Ladies' Size, three in a box, at $1.50 a box, very fine Sheer Lawn and beautifully worked.

Lace Esged Handkerchiefs at $1.00, 1.25, 1.60 3.50 each.

Handkerchiefs in Decorated Boxes, 6 in a box, Embroidered in White and Colors, at 50c., 60c., 75c., 80c., $1.20, 2.00 a box.

3 in a Decorated Box, Colored, at 60c., 85c., $1.00 a box.

White Hand Embroidered Linen Handkerchief Cases, 65c., 75c., 85c. each.

White Embroidered Linen Glove Cases, 55c., 65c. each.

Scone or Hot Biscuit Covers, 60c., 65c. each.

Embroidered Baby Pillows, Lace Edged, $1.15, 1.35 each.
Embroidered Baby Pillows, Hemstitched, $1.60 each.
Embroidered Baby Pillows, Frilled, $1.25 each.

Embroidered Linen Lunch Set, Cloth 36 x 36 inches, ½ doz. Napkins 15 x 15 inches, $5.50 a set.
Embroidered Linen Lunch Set, Cloth 45 x 45 inches, ½ doz. Napkins 15 x 15 inches, $7.50 a set.

HILL'S LINEN STORE

Phone 45. St. Stephen, N. B.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

DR. J. F. WORREL

has removed his office from the Post Office Building to his Residence on Montague Street, two blocks back from Post Office, formerly occupied by Dr. Harry Gove.

44-3m

Now Open!

I have opened a branch of my Stephen Business on

Water Street, St. Andrews,

and will be pleased to accomodate the general public with

Ice Cream, Lunches, All Kinds of Fruit in Season, Confectionery, Etc.

C. CARRARA

42-tf

COAL AND WOOD

DELIVERED

At Reasonable Prices.

Quoddy Coal Co., Ltd
ST. ANDREWS, N. B.

ESTATE NOTICE

HAVING been appointed Administrator of the Estate of the late Zachariah Dakin of North Head, Grand Manan Farm Laborer, deceased, all persons having claims against said Estate are required to file the same with me, verified by affidavit, within three months from date hereof, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

DATED at St. John, N. B., the elevetnh day of June, 1915.

DANIEL MULLIN,
Administrator of the Estate of Zachariah Dakin, deceased.
46-3m

STICKNEY'S,

WEDGWOOD STORE

Fine Porcelains, Ornamental and Useful Cut Glass, Jewelery and Silverware.
Kent & Sons' Brushes.

G. H. Stickney
Direct Importer and Retailer

JOS. WHITELEY
Apprenticed Piano and Organ Tuner
HAS MOVED TO MILLTOWN, N. B.
PHONE 17-41.

Get the local man to do your tuning. Seeing that he has been in the profession since he was 14 years old, he must be the best.

G. Skiff. Grimmer, C.E.
DEPUTY LAND SURVEYOR
St. Andrews, N. B.

Surveys, Reports, Estimates, Blue Prints
Water Supply and Sewage Disposal

Try The Beacon Advertisements For Results.