

governor general.

- 1885 -- Northwest rebellion. April 2 -- Massacre at Frog Lake. April 14 -- Fort Pitt abandoned. April 24 -- Engagement at Fish Creek. May 12 -- Battle of Ratoche and defeat of rebels. May 25 -- Surrender of Poundmaker. July 2 -- Capture of Big Bear and final suppression of the rebellion; total loss of militia and volunteers, under fire, killed 38, wounded 115. Nov. 7 -- Driving of the last spike of the C. P. R. Nov. 16 -- Hanging of Riel.
- 1887 -- Inter-provincial conference at Quebec, presided over by Sir Oliver Mowat.
- 1888 -- Lord Stanley becomes governor general.
- 1890 -- Manitoba school act passed; responsible government granted the Northwest Territories.
- 1891 -- June 6 -- Death of Sir John A. Macdonald.
- 1892 -- April 17 -- Death of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie. Dec. 5 -- Sir J. Abbott resigns the premiership; Sir John Thompson succeeds him.
- 1893 -- Behring Sea arbitration began; Earl of Aberdeen made governor general; death of Sir John Abbott.
- 1894 -- Opening of colonial conference at Ottawa. Dec. 12 -- Death of Sir John Thompson at Windsor Castle.
- 1895 -- Sault Ste. Marie canal opened.
- 1896 -- Sir Wilfrid Laurier becomes premier, the Liberals defeating the Conservatives in the general elections.
- 1897 -- The Queen's Diamond Jubilee; Sir Oliver Mowat appointed lieutenant governor of Ontario; the rush to the Yukon.
- 1898 -- Earl of Minto appointed governor general. Aug 23 -- Sittings of joint high commission begin at Quebec. Sept 29 -- Prohibition plebiscite taken.
- 1899 -- July 25 -- Pacific cable resolution passed in House of Commons Oct. 20 -- Departure of the first Canadian contingent for South Africa.
- 1900 -- Jan. 21 -- First quota of second Canadian contingent sails for South Africa. Jan. 27 -- Second quota sails Feb. 21 -- Third quota sails. March 16 -- Departure of Strathcona Horse from Halifax. April 22 -- Attempt to blow up the Welland canal May 25 --

Welland canal dynamiters sentenced to life imprisonment Nov 1 -- Arrival at Halifax of returning troops of the first Canadian contingent Nov. 7 -- General elections, the Liberal Government returned Nov. 9 -- Sir Charles Tupper retires from public life

POLICE MAGISTRATE FRAME.

The following referring to Mr. W. J. Frame is quoted from the Bulletin of December 28th, 1900:--

Altho it was known that William J. Frame, Police Magistrate was seriously ill, and that his life was despaired of, the town was greatly shocked on Monday morning when it became known that he had passed away. He had long suffered from a painful disease, but after a heroic struggle for life succumbed. During Sunday he gradually sank and at nine o'clock in the evening became unconscious and never rallied, but quietly and peacefully passed away as falling into a deeper sleep at half-past two o'clock.

William John Frame was born in New York on Dec. 30th, 1838, consequently would have been sixty-two years of age had he lived until next Sunday. After spending his youth there his family moved to the township of Nottawasaga and settled on the farm which is now known as Tally-Ho. There he spent some years assisting his father and brothers in farming but on reaching manhood he entered the employ of Messrs. Melville & Baist, as a clerk in their general store at Nottawa. He remained there for some years and later formed a partnership with the late Walter Scott which continued for some years. On the dissolution of this partnership, about 1870 he came to Collingwood and opened a general store, in the building which occupied the site on which Mr. E. J. Carpenter's drug store now stands. Here he continued to do business until 1881 when he was burned out by the fire, which swept the greater portion of the business district. He afterward became a member in the firm of Frame, Hunter and Macdonald, general merchants and was associated with these gentlemen for some years. Of late he has had charge of the affairs of the late D. Melville.

He was a member of the town