

**PORTIONS OF
ATLIN DISTRICT, BRITISH COLUMBIA:
WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO LODE MINING.**

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INTRODUCTION.

GENERAL.

Atlin became known as a productive placer gold camp early in the year 1898, and since then a number of creeks on the east side of Atlin lake, within a radius of 15 or 20 miles from the town of Atlin, have made this one of the more important gold-producing centres in Canada. A number of quartz claims, also, were located during the summer of 1899 and properties of this type have been developed more or less from time to time, and, although the attention and efforts of most persons interested in mining in this district have been mainly directed to the placer deposits, yet a few prospectors and mining-men have continued to prospect for, and develop the non-placer ore deposits, and have succeeded in maintaining a certain amount of interest and hope and even, at times, enthusiasm, concerning lode mining in this district.

Since about 1905 greater attention has been given to the lode-mining industry, partly on account of the promising character of some of the more recent discoveries on Taku arm and also because the Atlin placer deposits are known to be slowly becoming exhausted, and those interested in the welfare of the district are watching more keenly than formerly the development of lode-mining with the hope that they may continue to foster the mining industry when the gravels no longer are profitably exploitable. In 1899 Prof. J. C. Gwillim reported on Atlin district for the Geological Survey of Canada, and a reconnaissance topographical and geological map