ST. JOHN MAN IN THE 26TH IS WOUNDED

Lance Corp. Gilbert of Harrison Street and Richard Lacey, Maces Bay, in Casualties—Member of the 55th Seriously Ill.

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Included in the midnight list of casualties are the following:

Twenty-Sixth Battalion.

Wounded—Lance Corporal James F. M. Gilbert, 64 Harrison street, St. John, N. B.; Richard Lacey, Mace's Bay, N. B.

CURES CATARRH, BRONCHITIS BY SWIFT CERTAIN METHOD.

Thousands of drug fiends have been started on their downward course through catarrh snuffs containing some habit forming drug. If you suffer from a cold, sneezing or catarrh—don't use a snuff—use a sensible treatment like Catarrhozone. It heals and soothes, brings relief at once, cures thoroughly. In bronchitis and throat trouble no doctor can do better than prescribe Catarrhozone. Try it—see what wonders it works—what power it possesses. Different from the old way—you inhale Catarrhozone. Get the dollar outfit which includes the inhaler and is guaranteed. Smaller size 50c., sample size 25c., at all dealers.

CLOSING OF WINTER FAIR AT AMHERST

Amherst, N. S., Dec. 9—Thee Maritim Winter Fair closed this evening. Considering weather conditions the attendance for the four days was remarkable, yesterday being a recorder, their being 500 more than on any day of last year. At the close of this evening's proceedings Rev. Dr. Gauthier presented the silver trophies offered as special prizes. The winners of the trophies were Harold Etter, Westmoreland Point, Forest Bros., Amherst Point, J. M. Laird and Son, Kelvin Grove, P. E. I., John R. Harrison, Maccan, J. W. Calibreck, Summerside, Samuel Steeves, Sunny Brae, Harold Laird, Kelvin Grove, P. E. I., W. L. MacFarlane, Fox Harbor, Percy Carey Sackville, James Stewart, Amherst Point, Forest Bros., Amherst Point, Wallace Stead, Highfield, P. E. I., Saxby Semple, Tatamagouche, Parker Horne, Winslow Station, P. E. I., E. Saunders, Winslow Station, P. E. I., Ernest Lund, Mount Herbert P. E. I., Burder Goodwin, Baie Verte, W. N. Boomer West Amherst.

In the dairy test the tabulated results are not available for publication, but it is stated that a holstein cow, entered by S. Dickie and Sons of Onslow scored the greatest number of points.

In judging of dressed poultry by ladies of the Red Cross, Mrs. H. A. Hillcoat, Amherst, won the firts prize, and Mrs. Leon Moss of Amherst was second. In the judging of dressed poultry by farmers' wives and daughters, first prize was won by Mrs. C. M. Shipley, East Amherst, second prize by Mrs. Simon Travis, East Amherst and third prize by Mrs. A. Angus, Amherst.

MUST REGOMMEND NONE BUT STRICTLY LEGITIMATE SECURITIES

New York, Dec. 9.—Members of the New York stock exchange were notified today that the practise of some brokerage firms of recommending, in newspaper and periodical advertising, the purchase of certain securities, in which they are interested, is a violation of the rules and must be discontinued. The old rule, which restricts members to advertising of a strictly legitimate character, and which has been violated frequently since the war stock boom began, will be enforced.

DANISH PRINCE COMING TO CANADA TO STUDY FARMING

Will Spend Several Years Here—Already Spent Year in England Studying Methods of Cattle Breeding.

Copenhagen, via London, Dec. 9.—Prince Viggo, youngest son of Prince Waldemar of Denmark, will go to Canada early next year to be educated there in practical farming. Prince Viggo, who will leave Denmark on January 13 will travel by way of New York, and make a short tour of the United States before proceeding to Canada.

The prince, who will travel incognito, will remain in Canada for several years. He is 22 years of age. His family is regarded as the most democratic branch of European royalty, his eldest brother, Prince Aage, is married to a daughter of a former Italian minister at Copenhagen. The second brother, Axel, is well known as an aviator. The third brother, Prince Erik, is a practical farmer. He worked a farm in England last year, for the purpose of studying English methods of cattle breeding. His only sister, Princess Marguerite, took the degree of bachelor of arts last year. She served as a nurse for several months this year, caring for British soldiers, until her work was interrupted by illness. Prince Viggo has reserved passage on the steamship Hellig Olav.

BRING BRITISH AND FRENCH PARLIAMENTS CLOSER TOGETHER

Conference in London Between French Vice-President of Foreign Affairs and Members of British House.

London, Dec. 10.—Attention is being directed to a movement for closer cooperation between the British and French houses of parliament by a conference held at the House of Commons Thursday between Franklin Bouillon, vice-president of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, and the British government whip John W. Gulland, and other members of the Commons to discuss the possibility of a joint meeting of the House of Commons and the French Chamber of Deputies.

It is understood that no decision was reached. The newspapers regard such a plan unlikely of fulfillment, owing to practical difficulties, but say that some method of co-operation is likely to result from the conference.

LAURIER BOASTS OF HIS PATRIOTISM

Montreal, Dec. 9—Sir Wilfrid Laurier tonight addressed a gathering that closely packed every inch of space in the Monument National. It was the first public appearance of the veteran Liberal leader in Montreal since his recent illness and he was given a great ovation. The meeting was held under the auspices of Young Liberal Club of Montreal and it was chiefly patriotic in tone.

Sir Wilfrid professed a strong belief in the reightеousness of the British cause in the great war, and an equally strong optimism in the final outcome of it. He took occasion to give the Nationalists a rap, and said, "the Nationalists want parliament to close its eyes and take no part in the war."

Touching on politics Sir Wilfrid said: "You have heard in Montreal the question asked, why have the Liberals not fought the government? Why? because I am the chief of the Liberal party, and because as long as I have the honor of presiding over the destinies of the Liberal party it will not triumph by taking advantage of the situation at present existing."

Sir Wilfrid paid a tribute to Mr. Oliver Asselin, who, though a Nationalist, is raising a battalion for overseas service.

Others who spoke were: Sir Lomer Gouin, premier of Quebec; Hon. Geo. P. Graham, Hon. Charles Marcil, Senator Dandurand, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux and Mr. Joseph Demers, M. P.

President I Vautrine, of the Young Liberal Club, preside.

Today at 2.30 **OPERA HOUSE** Tonight at 7 and 9

THE TALK OF THE CITY

ANNETTE KELLERMAN IN THE FAIRY SPECTACLE

"NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER"

BEAUTIFUL — WONDERFUL — MARVELLOUS — ABSOLUTELY

Refined and Educational. A Special Treat for Ladies and Children.

Seats On Sale This Morning for

Harmony Glee Club Concert

Monday Night

COAL SHORTAGE FELT IN GREECE

Several Shipping Companies Announce Probable Suspension of Their Services.

Athens, Dec. 9, via London, Dec. 10—Several of the Greek shipping companies announce the probable suspension of their services owing to a scarcity of coal. The suspension will affect the mail boats from Corfu and Saloniki

ST. JOHN MAN WEDS KENT COUNTY GIRL

Rexton, N. B., Dec. 8.—An interesting event took place yesterday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Girvan at East Galloway when their youngest daughter, Miss Lillian May, was united in marriage to Captain Daniel Hamilton McQuarrie, of St. John, N. B. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. S. Gardner, pastor of the Presbyterian church here, in the presence of immediate relatives. After the ceremony the wedding breakfast was served and the bride and groom drove to Rexton and took the train for a tour to Boston and New York. On their return they will reside at 174 King street East, St. John, N. B. The bride received many beautiful and costly presents including silver, cut-glass, etc. The groom's present to the bride was a beautiful set of lynx furs.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. John Hannay in the loss of their eldest child, George, who passed away yesterday evening after a few weeks' illness at the age of 19 years.

Deceased was a young man of sterling qualities and had spent the summer in the employ of Captain Geo. Irving on the dredge Prince Ito at Montreal. He returned home in poor health a short time ago and gradually grew worse. The funeral will take place Friday afternoon to the Presbyterian cemetery.

IMPRISONED FOR INSULTING KAISER.

Berlin, via London, Dec. 9.—A twenty year old Englishman named George Marcussen, who is interned at Ruhleben, was sentenced to three months in prison for insulting Emperor William. Marcussen, in a conversation with another prisoner, applied an epithet to the Emperor which was overheard by a sentry, who reported the fact to the authorities. As Marcussen had been in jail for five months preliminary to his trial, the sentence of three months is thus considered to have been served.

UNDERGROUND DANGERS

Though the Royal Engineers do not take such an active part in the actual fighting as the men belonging to the line regiments, they have their fair share of danger.

One of their most difficult tasks is that of mining the German positions. First of all these have to be located, and then the tunnel must be made as near as possible towards them, so that our explosives may do their fell work.

Lieutenant Cooper was boring a tunnel nearly 200 hundred yards long under a German position, when suddenly, but a few yards from the end, he opened up a German mine packed full with high explosives.

What a narrow escape! A blow with a pick and they would all have been hurled into eternity. For the moment the lieutenant had to think what was best to be done. But delay was dangerous, the position must be dealt with at once, before an accident happened.

He decided to empty the mine.

As the tunnel was very low, this was no easy task. It could only be accomplished by himself and his men lying head to feet, and passing the stuff back from hand to hand.

For twelve hours they worked in this position, half stifled by fumes. In fact, five of the men were rendered unconscious.

This meant that those on either side of the victims must crawl past the prostrate bodies of their comrades in order to meet each other.

The greatest care had to be exercised in carrying their burdens or there would have been a terrific explosion. It was really nothing short of marvellous that no mishap occurred, as nearly two tons of explosives had to be moved in this way.

For his share in the great feat Lieutenant Cooper has been awarded the military Cross, while four of his men have received the Distinguished Conduct Medal.

THE HUMAN GUN BASE.

At Givenchy the Canadians were in a tight corner, their trench being swept by the enemy's fire.

In order to be effective a machine-gun had to be moved to another position, a task that devolved upon the two only remaining members of the crew, Lieutenant Campbell and Private Vincent.

After some trouble, they got it to the desired spot, then a fresh difficulty arose—it was quite impossible to erect the tripod. Did this mean that all their labor had been in vain?

No!

"Put it on my back, sir," cried the private, with ready resource. "I can stand steady as long as you like."

As there seemed nothing else for it, the officer agreed, and the machine was set up on the soldier's broad back.

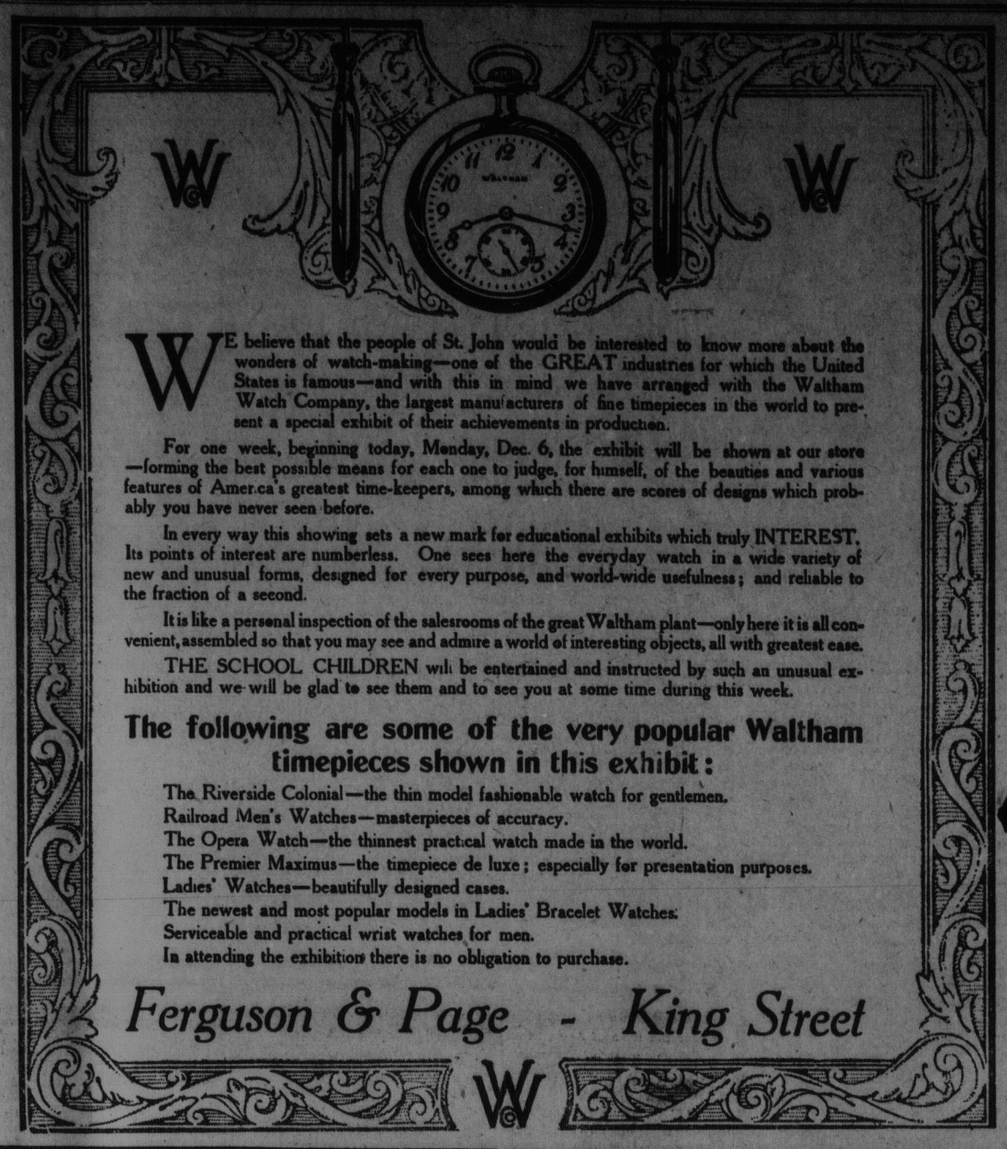
It can be imagined that his cramped position, as over 2,000 rounds rattled from the gun, left Private Vincent somewhat stiff and unsteady.

Then what was his horror to find the Germans entering the trench, throwing bombs as they came.

One of the early bombs knocked out the officer, but the private remained unharmed.

After all he had gone through, he wasn't going to have his machine-gun captured.

But by this time itw as burning hot, and he couldn't possibly handle it. With great haste he cut away the cartridge belt, and abandoning the tripod dragged the gun into safety.



PERSONAL.

Gerald McInerney, of the Marine and Fisheries Department, Ottawa, is visiting his mother, Mrs. James P. McInerney, Orange street.

H. C. Blair, of Ottawa, arrived in the city yesterday.

DIED.

LINGLEY—Entered into rest at Lingley, on the 9th inst., Leander Lingley, aged seventy-five years. Funeral from his late residence, Saturday, 11th inst., at two o'clock. Service at St. James' church, Westfield, at 2.30 p. m.

VENNING—At his residence, Mount Pleasant, December 8, 1915, Jas. H. Venning, in the 90th year of his age, leaving two brothers and two sisters to mourn. Funeral will take place today, Friday, at 2.45 o'clock. Service at the house at 2.30 o'clock. Coaches will leave head of King St. at 2 o'clock.

BRONCHITIS

COMES FROM A

NEGLECTED COLD.

Bronchitis starts with a short, painful, dry cough, accompanied with rapid wheezing, and a feeling of oppression or tightness through the chest. At first the expectoration is a light color but as the trouble progresses the phlegm arising from the bronchial tubes becomes of a yellowish or greenish color, and is very often of a stringy nature.

Bronchitis is usually at its worst in the morning on account of the phlegm becoming lodged in the bronchial tubes during the night, and it very often takes some time coughing and gagging before you can get the throat clear of the phlegm.

When this happens you may be sure that if the bronchitis is not attended to immediately it will sooner or later develop into pneumonia, or some other more serious lung trouble.

The best remedy for to cure the cold is DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

Mrs. Roy Conner, Greenwood, Ont., writes: "I must tell you what Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup did for me. Whenever I got a cold I would be troubled with bronchitis, and sometimes I would almost choke to death. After taking two bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup I was cured."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is 25c and 50c. per bottle. See that you get the genuine.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Five Acts and 360 Wonderful Scenes in This Belasco Triumph

IMPERIAL THEATRE PRESENTS SUPREME PICTURES

The Lasky-Belasco Dramatic Classic

"THE ROSE OF THE RANCHO"

Featuring Bessie Barriscale and Star Cast of Players

Two Years' Run at Belasco Theatre, N.Y. Staged in the Mission Country, California. Filled With Dramatic Innovations.

Starts a New Vogue in Pictures. A Most Thorough Production. Under Belasco's Personal Production.

MON. 13th "STOLEN GOODS" Blanche Sweet and House Peters
WED. 15th Frank Keenan in "The Long Chance"
FRI. 17th Mary Pickford in "LITTLE PAL"

Kitty Floods the Dungeon on Count Sachio's Men

"THE BROKEN COIN"—CHAPTER 15

This Story is to Be Continued to Chap. 22

GERTRUDE LEROY and FESTIVAL ORCHESTRA

NEXT WEEK: Mr. Henry Kelly—Baritone

QUEEN'S RINK TONIGHT

INSPIRING RECRUITING MEETING

Through Courtesy of Lt.-Col. Dansereau

THE BAND OF THE 69th WILL PLAY

Address by R. J. Ritchie
Address by Major Williams of the 69th Batt.
Address by Lieut. Beaugeu of the 69th Batt.

Song by Miss Travis
Song by Sergt. Skene
Song by Corp. Dinsmore

FOLLOW THE DRUM BAND TONIGHT

THE CANADIAN BANK CLEARINGS

St. John.

Bank clearings for week ending yesterday were $1,777,511 and for the corresponding week last year $1,593,617.

Toronto.

Toronto, Dec. 9.—Clearing of Toronto banks for the week ended today, with comparisons were:

This week, $44,519,857; last week, $45,933,966; last year, $35,854,306; two years ago, $49,840,475.

Montreal.

Montreal, Dec. 9.—Bank clearings foe week ended today, with comparisons for the corresponding periods last year and the year previous were:

1915, $65,841,715; 1914, $48,184,644; 1913, $61,237,092.

London.

London, Ont., Dec. 9.—Bank clearings for the week ended today were $2,085,569, as compared with $1,819,137 for the corresponding week in 1914.

Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Bank clearings for the week ended December 9, 1915, totalled $4,939,773, as compared with $4,970,977 for the corresponding week in 1914.

Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Dec. 9.—For the first time Winnipeg today led all Canada in the total of bank clearings. The total for the week ended today was $68,209,521. This is considerably more than double the clearings of the corresponding week last year, and a great advance on the figures for the corresponding week in 1913, $30,172,844, and $43,590,305 respectively.

GERMAN

His-Long Awaited Speech Notable for What It D to Raise False H Pi

Berlin, Dec. 9.—"If our enemies make peace proposals compatible with Germany's dignity and safety, then we shall always be ready to discuss them," said Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, in addressing the Reichstag today.

The chancellor made it clear that in his opinion it would be folly for Germany to propose peace, "as long as in the countries of our enemies the guilt and ignorance of statesmen are entangled with the confusion of public opinion."

Conscious of her military success, the Chancellor said, Germany declines responsibility for a further continuation of the war.

Germany, he declared, could not be charged with the purpose of fighting on to make further conquests.

The address of Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, which has been waited with extraordinary interest, was made in response to the Socialist interpolation:

"Is the Imperial Chancellor ready to give information as to the conditions under which he would be willing to enter into peace negotiations?"

The pretext that the war was being waged for the protection of small nations had lost its persuaive powers in view of recent events in Greece, he said. "Small countries are in a serious plight, since England has been fighting for them," he remarked.

The chancellor discussed the principle of nationality as applied by Germany's enemies. He asked whether the British colonial secretary knew that of the 1,900,000 inhabitants of Alsace more than 87 per cent, spoke the mother German tongue. He asked whether Poland by right of nationality belonged to Russia.

Regarding the theory that Germany can be starved, the chancellor said with particular emphasis: "We all agree that our food supplies are sufficient, that the only important point is distribution. We do not fight in order to subjugate other nations We fight for the protection of our life and liberty. For the German government the war has always been what it was at the beginning—a war of defence for the German nation and for her future.

"The war can only be terminated by a peace which will give the certitude that war will not return. We all agree about that."

Dr. Scheidmann, the Socialist leader, told the Reichstag that it was impossible to starve Germany which possessed 20,000,000 swine and 56,000,000 kilograms of potatoes. This proved that there was sufficient food for all, he said.

The present moment, he declared, might become a historic one, since possibly Germany might gain the glory of having been the first to dare to speake of peace.

Among the statements made by Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg, which has attracted attention, was that the King of Bulgaria had redeemed the promise given after the second Balkan war in which contest Bulgaria had borne the brunt of the fighting and had then been abandoned by Russia. Serbia then had received her reward from Russia, because the Serbian vanguard had advised against Austria-Hungary, the chancellor declared, but today Bulgarian flags are floating over reconquered Bulgarian soil. Serbia has been crushed and this is one more small country which has been sacrificed for the interest of the Entente Allies.

The Danube is now free, the chancellor said, and the Turkish positions in the Dardanelles are now firmer than ever before, although Mr. Asquith last summer proclaimed their imminent fall.

"Thanks to the far-sighted policy of King Ferdinand," he continued, "a strong bridge has been constructed, uniting firmly the Central Powers with the Balkans and the Near East. After peace has been concluded this bridge will not resound from the steps of marching battalions, but will serve the works of civilization and peace.

Finds Way To Excuse Invasion of Belgium

The chancellor referred to attempts of the Entente Powers to improve their position in the Balkans by threats against Greece. He said the very nations which had raised a cry against "Prussian militarism" now threaten the Greek government with the powerful British navy. Having adopted this attitude they could not consistently continue to pretend that Germany had acted improperly in invading Belgium.

Discussing the military situation the chancellor stated that German forces held strong advanced positions in Russia, and that French and British attempts to break through the western front had failed, notwithstanding the numerical superiority of Germany's opponents there.

The chancellor then took up the administration of the conquered territories. He said the economic life of Belgium was reviving slowly. The coal mines were almost as busy as in times of peace, having produced 3,500,000 tons in the last three months.

Belgium, he continued was suffering on account of the fact that England was preventing it from exporting goods overseas.

Newspopers of the Entente nations, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg continued, were full of sensational untruths about Germany, announcing in head lines: "Germany defeated; Germany at her end; Germany begs for peace."

Many other nonsensical reports have been published, such as the as-