

WRECKED TWO SALOONS.

Mrs. Carrie Nation and Three Other W. C. T. U. Women

Did Two Thousand Dollars Worth of Damage in Ten Minutes.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 21.—Mrs. Carrie Nation came back to Wichita today after her recent incarceration under a smallpox quarantine, and the result of ten minutes' work by her this afternoon are two wrecked saloons. Mrs. Nation was assisted by Mrs. Julia Evans, Mrs. Lucy Wilhoit and Mrs. Lydia Muntz, all of the local W. C. T. U. organization.

With hatchets concealed under their cloaks they entered the saloon of James Burnside on Douglas avenue, and did not leave a complete piece of glassware or a working slot machine in the place. All show-cases, plate glass windows and doors were broken.

Next they ran into John Herzig's saloon, and had broken everything in the front of the room when he appeared with a revolver, placed it at Mrs. Nation's head and said that he would blow her brains out if she did not desert. She yielded, and with her companions ran to the saloon of Mrs. Burnside, where she made her first attack three weeks ago. There three policemen met her. She struck at Detective Station with a poker, but he shoved her aside. A youth struck the officer in the face, and in turn was knocked down. The police then overpowered Mrs. Nation and her friends, and took them, followed by 2,000 people, to the city prison.

The chief of police discharged the prisoners after they reached the jail. The women made him a promise not to wreck any more saloons before noon tomorrow.

Mrs. Evans' hand was badly cut by broken glass, and her husband, a physician, sewed it up.

After leaving the city building Mrs. Nation began a street lecture to the Bureau on crowd around the building, saying that she expected to begin saloon wrecking again at noon tomorrow. She was met with the threat of police arrest. Shaking her fist at the crowd, she said, "This is the right arm of God, and I am destined to wreck every saloon in your city."

The women procured a wagon and rode through the streets singing "Nearer My God to Thee and other hymns." They halted in front of the saloon they had smashed and held prayer meetings. The damage done by the three women is estimated at between \$150 and \$200.

David Nation, the husband of Mrs. Nation, was in this city, but took no part in the wrecking of the saloons. He had no go to the city jail when his wife was arrested.

It is estimated that 2,000 men and women have followed the wrecks since she left.

Mrs. Nation caused a new sensation tonight. She was at the Union station, in the act of buying a ticket to a neighboring town, when the sheriff pulled at her sleeve, saying: "You are my prisoner, madam." Mrs. Nation tarried and gave the sheriff a violent slap across the face. He then took her up by taking hold of her ears and wringing them viciously. A policeman came to her rescue, and with the aid of some bystanders they succeeded in carrying the woman to a cab, which was driven rapidly to the county jail.

There she insisted on being placed in the private room for women, but Sheriff Simon put her in a cell, where she began to pray and sing hymns.

Later tonight Mrs. Wilhoit and Mrs. Evans were arrested and taken to the county jail. Mrs. Muntz could not be found. It is stated that Mrs. Nation's attorney will be lodged against Mrs. Nation tomorrow.

OTTAWA.

Colonels Appointed Subsequent to July Last to Retire at the Age of Sixty-three.

OTTAWA, Jan. 20.—An obligatory course of Morris tube rifle practice is authorized for recruits of all city corps during the course of their first annual drill. Fifty rounds of Morris tube ammunition per man may be drawn for this purpose upon requisition in the usual manner. Commanding officers will arrange for the conduct of these practices at the usual ranges for which a miniature target is graduated, formed in a safe and orderly manner. The free use of ammunition is for recruits and untrained men only, and is not to be drawn for non-commissioned officers or men who have completed their class firing.

District officers commanding will report upon corps unprovided with facilities for complying with this order.

A recent militia order states that "a private soldier who has served in South Africa shall be considered as having qualified for the rank of 2nd lieutenant in the arm of the service in which he served in South Africa."

Colonels promoted to that rank subsequent to the 18th July, 1900, will retire when they attain the age of 63 years.

Non-commissioned officers and men

now serving in the 3rd (special service) battalion Royal Canadian Regiment at Halifax, who, upon the expiration of their present engagement, are desirous of continuing their service in the regiment may re-engage for a period of one year. Should it, at any time, be found desirable to dispense with the service of such re-engaged non-commissioned officers or men they are liable to be discharged at any time during their expired period of service upon being granted a gratuity equal to one month's pay.

Lieut. Col. J. S. Skinner has been appointed major in the 3rd special service batt., Halifax, in place of Stimson, resigned.

4th Prince Edward Island regiment—J. H. Leslie, having been discharged from active service in South Africa, is reinstated in his former rank and seniority as a 2nd lieutenant in the regiment.

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—The government is trying to weaken Hon. Mr. Whitney in Ontario by again offering a high court judgeship to Mr. Foy, his chief lieutenant.

It is said that Strathcona's Horse will return to Canada by way of England, a cable to that effect having been received from Col. Biggar at Cape Town today.

In order to fill vacancies in the third special service battalion at Halifax consequent upon the men taking their discharge on the expiration of their period of enlistment, men will be enlisted at London, Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, St. John, Quebec, Fredericton, Charlottetown and Halifax. The necessary forms will be furnished to district officers commanding, who will forthwith proceed with the enlistment.

At today's meeting of the cabinet an order in council was passed calling George McHugh, ex-M. P. to the senate in the room of the late Sir Frank Smith.

FIRST LINE OF DEFENCE.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—In the course of a very strong editorial appeal this morning for strengthening the navy of Great Britain and placing it on an adequate footing, the New York Times says: "Our fleet should be of sufficient size, force, equipment and readiness for war, as shall leave no reasonable doubt as to the result of a naval conflict between Great Britain and any other two naval powers."

The article goes on to say: "For months past the complement of cruisers attached to the Mediterranean fleet, never adequate at the best of times, was reduced to an inadequately positive perilous, while, quite lately, the channel squadron was a time entirely deprived of cruisers."

NEWFOUNDLAND.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Jan. 21.—It is feared that the impending demise of Queen Victoria may cause a postponement of the French Shore conference in London and delay the departure of Mr. Borden, the Canadian premier. The colonial legislature may probably meet within a week or two to recon- sider the motion to adopt a series of resolutions of condolence to be transmitted to the British royal family.

The imminence of the Queen's death is the occasion of universal sorrow in Newfoundland, the oldest colony in the Empire.

WILL NOT BE BUILT.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—The Hasley center-board yacht as a competitor in the trial races of cup defenders will not be built, according to the statement tonight of one of the men who offered to give financial aid to the project. The reason given is that the men who intended to be the sponsors for the boat were divided over the matter of material, many wanting a metal hull, while others held to a wooden craft on the line drawn by Mr. Hankey, the Quincy Point yacht builder.

SIR FRANK SMITH'S ESTATE.

TORONTO, Jan. 21.—The late Sir Frank Smith left an estate which will be valued for probate at a million and a half. The General Trusts corporation are executors under the will, which will be in a few days.

WOOLLEN MILLS BURNED.

TORONTO, Jan. 20.—Lambton woolen mills, near the city, were destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon. Loss, fifty-three thousand dollars, insured in the New England Mutual. The mill belongs to a syndicate and probably be rebuilt. About one hundred hands were employed.

Bobbs—What did Nobbs ever do with that poem of his beginning "I loved a lass." Nobbs—Since he married he has changed it to "I loved! Alas!"

MAY LIVE TILL THURSDAY.

Physicians Now Hope that Her Majesty May Live that Long.

Rallied Slightly Monday Morning and Asked for Certain Nourishment.

Prince of Wales, Duke of Connaught and Emperor William Reached Osborne House Early Monday—Expressions of Sympathy from All Quarters.

OSBORNE HOUSE, Jan. 21, 11 a. m.—Queen has rallied slightly. Since midnight her majesty has taken more food and has had some refreshing sleep. There is no further loss of strength. The symptoms which give rise to most anxiety are those which point to a local obstruction in the brain circulation.

(Signed) JAMES REID, R. DOUGLAS POWELL, THOMAS BARLOW.

LONDON, Jan. 21, 12.12 p. m.—The more hopeful bulletin received at noon hardly lessened the universal apprehension, and everywhere that bulletins are posted sorrowing crowds have gathered, awaiting the outcome of her majesty's illness. Preparations made in all official quarters for all eventualities indicate the expectations of those who might be supposed to be best informed. The royal apartments in Windsor castle are being made ready for a sudden return of the court.

Press reports in the issue are holding themselves in readiness for prompt action. Another of the queen's physicians, Sir Thomas Barlow, reached Osborne house this morning, and a moment later arrived at the British embassy in Berlin, where he had been summoned by the Duke of York and the Duke of Connaught.

BERLIN, Jan. 21, 1 p. m.—The foreign office has received information since Emperor William's arrival at Osborne house that the condition of the queen is hopeless.

The object of the emperor's visit was to deliver special parting messages on behalf of himself and his mother, but it is believed that the embassy here that the queen has been unconscious since Wednesday night. The emperor's official has cancelled all invitations and acceptances.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Jan. 21, 12.15 p. m.—The Queen is just holding her own.

COWES, Jan. 21.—12.25 p. m.—The Queen's slight rally of this morning was followed by a gradual sinking, which it is thought will result in her speedy death. No surprise will be felt here if her death is announced at any moment.

Shortly before this announcement was made Emperor William, the Prince of Wales and their party drove up to Osborne house. The good sized hall had met them as they disembarked at Cowes. Naturally there was no cheering, but the men present took off their hats and the German emperor cordially and frequently responded by bowing.

Osborne house in open carriages. The Prince of Wales appeared to be half dazed and the Duke of York's eyes were red, while the Duchess of Connaught never ceased crying. There was intense relief at Osborne house on arrival of the Emperor and his party, for several times during the morning it was feared the Queen would not live to hear of the Prince of Wales return.

LONDON, Jan. 21, 4.47 p. m.—Although no official bulletin has been issued since 11 o'clock, a House 4 p. m. bulletin says: "The queen is very slightly better." There is little truth, however, in the rally proving permanent.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Jan. 21, 4.35 p. m.—A slight improvement is said to be visible in the queen's condition. But there is no hope of anything but a fading. The night is awaited with the greatest anxiety. Paralysis is spreading to vital parts.

Nourishment is being artificially administered. The palace is packed. There is scarcely room for the Emperor of Germany and his staff. With the exception of newspaper correspondents there are only a few people outside the gates. Inquiries from all parts of the world continue to pour in.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The secretary of state for home affairs, C. T. Ritchie, who had temporary telegrams from Osborne House, has been telegraphed that the Queen's condition is slightly improved.

OSBORNE HOUSE, Isle of Wight, Jan. 21, 5 p. m.—The following official medical bulletin has been posted: "The slight improvement of the morning is maintained."

(Signed) JAMES REID, R. DOUGLAS POWELL, THOMAS BARLOW.

COWES, Jan. 21, 7 p. m.—The Queen's condition is slightly improved.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A special despatch from Cowes this evening says Emperor William was admitted to the Queen's presence at about five o'clock. She spoke a few words to him and after two or three minutes he withdrew. The Queen took a little nourishment and fell asleep in the arms of the Princess of Wales.

COWES, Jan. 21, 12.15 a. m.—The bulletin issued at midnight announced that there was no material change in the Queen's condition.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Jan. 22, 12.30 a. m.—The following is the full text of the midnight bulletin, posted at Osborne House: "There is no material change in the Queen's condition. The slight improvement of the morning has been maintained throughout the day. Food has been taken plentifully well, and some tranquil sleep secured."

(Signed) JAMES REID, R. DOUGLAS POWELL, THOMAS BARLOW.

COWES, Jan. 22, 5 a. m.—Up to this hour no further bulletin has been issued. The correspondent of the Associated Press here is informed that the Queen's condition has undergone no change.

COWES, Jan. 22, 5 a. m.—The Queen is expected to live until Thursday morning unless unexpected complications occur.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Jan. 22, 1 a. m.—Another day in the Victorian era, now so rapidly drawing to a close, passed without any great change in the condition of Queen Victoria. The slight improvement so frequently mentioned in the official bulletins merely indicates a postponement of the inevitable. The end may be a matter of days or only of hours; but the members of the royal family who are now dragging out a weary visit at Osborne House, know that the death of Her Majesty is merely a question of a short time.

The most noticeable feature of yesterday was the satisfactory position the Queen spent in consciousness, which she regained early in the afternoon and still retained at 10 p. m. At that hour she had not seen Emperor William, rumormongers to the contrary notwithstanding. Royalty at Osborne thus had a chance to recuperate from the terrible ordeal undergone during the early hours of Monday.

The correspondent of the Associated Press is informed that the members of the royal family were called to a room adjoining the Queen's bedchamber no less than four times yesterday morning and were kept in momentary expectation of being summoned to witness the end of the world. Her Majesty's physicians then had only a vestige of hope that they would be able to keep the Queen's feeble life in existence until the Prince of Wales arrived.

To secure this result they resorted to the frequent use of brandy and champagne. These stimulants used to an extent which only the greatest emergency justified, worked their process and when the Prince of Wales and Emperor William entered the castle grounds at 11.30 a. m. they found the Queen's pulse better than had been expected.

The desperate remedies employed Monday morning to enable Her Majesty to live until her eldest son's arrival will not be used again to the same extent, for the doctors are fearful that the remedy might be almost worse than the disease. They try to prolong her life by a moderate application of stimulants, combined with as much nourishment as can be assimilated. Such expedients as were employed during Sunday evening and Monday morning are not considered justifiable.

The Queen's rally astonished no more than her physicians, and when at four yesterday afternoon they heard her ask for chicken broth, their amazement almost equalled their delight. Privately, however, they build no false hopes upon these fading signs of what has been one of the strongest constitutions with which a woman was ever endowed.

Despite the favorable afternoon the doctors dreaded greatly the period between 6 o'clock and midnight. When that was safely passed they seemed hopeful of Her Majesty's living at least through another day, although the memory of the previous night's relapse kept their anxiety at high tension.

The news of the death, when it occurs, is likely to be publicly announced in London before it is announced here, as according to present arrangements the first telegram is to be sent to the lord mayor of London.

There is an enormous telegraphic staff in Cowes, and additional facilities were installed yesterday at Osborne. Already the villagers are bewailing the fate that is likely to befall Cowes, for it is known that the Prince of Wales will probably never make Osborne House a place of residence.

There is an entire absence of local excitement. The town has settled down in patience and sadness to await the inevitable. Never has Emperor William arrived at any place in England with so little eclat. No salutes were fired, no cheers were given. The men of the guardship Australia silently manned her sides. The crowd was equally undemonstrative, the people

contending themselves with baring their heads. It was a greeting given to the grandson of a dying woman rather than to the ruler of a great ally.

After luncheon at the castle, the Prince of Wales, Emperor William and the Duke of Connaught strolled around the grounds and visited the local sailors' home. The Bishop of Winchester, who has been at Osborne since Saturday, visited the rectory at Whippingham.

Meanwhile most of the ladies at Osborne House snatched a few hours of sleep.

Then a dull evening dragged into night and the uneasy sleepers around whose royal home the wind howled pitilessly, got what rest they could in the intervals of a vigil which the whole world was keeping in company with them.

LONDON, Jan. 22, 3.30 a. m.—A special train is held in readiness to convey the members of the cabinet to Osborne at any moment. Thus far it has not been required.

Up to 3 a. m. no further bulletins had been received in London since the one issued at midnight.

Emperor William is spending the night at Osborne, where the accommodations are so severely taxed that the Battenberg children slept Monday night at Lord Gort's residence, East Cowes Castle, and the royal yachts at Cowes are being fitted up for the accommodation of visitors.

The Queen's illness was so sudden, and in the first onset, was expected to be so brief that no arrangements were made for the posting and circulation of bulletins. An agitation is on foot to have them posted immediately in all post offices throughout the United Kingdom. At present the printers have no means of knowing anything except from the newspapers, and the result is that all kinds of baseless rumors are circulated.

For instance, at Chelmsford county court yesterday a report was received that the Queen was dead, and the result of the report was that the coroner's jury returned a verdict, referred to the sorrowful tidings, which later he was able to deny.

Up to a late hour last evening crowds were gathered in the vicinity of Buckingham Palace and Marlborough House, and there was a constant stream of persons anxious to enter their names upon the visitors' book. On all sides it is a tale of public and private engagements and functions postponed, and a settled gloom rests over all classes of society.

The newspaper editors reflect this feeling and the suspense the country is enduring, together with the gratification and consolation derived from the sympathy testified on all sides from abroad.

GENERAL SYMPATHY.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The despatches received here from nearly every capital in Europe, from India, Australia, Jamaica, and all the British colonies, and there was a constant stream of persons anxious to enter their names upon the visitors' book. On all sides it is a tale of public and private engagements and functions postponed, and a settled gloom rests over all classes of society.

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the Prince of Wales thanking him for his message of sympathy.

The Figaro says that the death of Queen Victoria will be much regretted in France, not only because she has always been pacific, but because she has always shown a fondness for France. It refers to the "hostile attitude" of the nationalists toward England, as leading to a desertion by the English of the health resorts of France, and asks if the Prince of Wales, when King, will obtain from visiting the country.

IN THE UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—At the opening of today's session of the senate the chaplain in his invocation referred with deep pathos to the condition of Queen Victoria.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—At several of the Boston ministers' meetings today the critical condition of Queen Victoria and the sorrow of the English people were fittingly noticed.

QUIET AT BERLIN.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung makes the following announcement: "Dowager Empress Frederick, because still seriously ill, is to her very great sorrow, prevented from going to Osborne to meet her exalted mother."

The effect of the sad news regarding Queen Victoria upon her eldest daughter has been very unfavorable. Empress Augusta Victoria, upon learning of this, had intended to go to Cronberg in order to inquire personally as to the condition of the Kaiser's mother, but later she was from Cronberg was somewhat reassuring, and for the moment, she gave up the idea of the trip. However, Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia, Prince and Princess Frederick Charles, and the hereditary Princes of Saxe-Meinungen, who arrived at Cronberg yesterday, will remain with Empress Frederick for a time.

The palace in Berlin has become as silent as the grave. All the guests have departed.

BEHLEN, Jan. 21.—Most of the German newspapers express sincere concern as to Queen Victoria, and praise Emperor William for going to Osborne. The agrarian and pan-German journals, however, take a different tone. "The Deutsche Tages Zeitung," the leading agrarian organ, concludes an abusive article in this style: "The rising of English power is now followed by a decline. That she has seen the beginning of such a decline has given Queen Victoria a death stroke. She saw the commencement of the decay of that whose splendid development she had witnessed during a long life. This is the tragic finale of her prolonged reign."

"The most important question for Great Britain now is whether the new king will be able to find his way out of South Africa again."

Some of the papers already discuss the Prince of Wales as the coming sovereign, and the Berliner Tageblatt prints a despatch asserting that he is Germanophile in his feelings.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The following statement as to the condition of the Dowager Empress Frederick appears in the Daily Chronicle: "It is with sincere regret that we announce that the Empress Frederick's condition has become materially worse. There has been a serious development of the disease from which she is suffering and her physical pain is intense."

"All idea of any journey in pursuit of health has been definitely abandoned, and it is in the highest degree improbable that she will ever leave Cronberg."

"This is somewhat at variance with despatches from Berlin to the other morning papers, which report that the condition of the Dowager Empress is a trifle more favorable, but as the Associated Press has already announced, the news that Queen Victoria was dying had a very serious effect upon her oldest daughter. The Dowager Empress was very anxious to go to Osborne, but she had to abandon the hope of going until it was represented to her that it would be utterly impossible for her to undertake the journey."

ITALIAN SENATE.

ROME, Jan. 21.—In the Italian senate today Gen. Count Giuseppe De Sontias, commanding the Fourth Army corps, recalled the "warm friendship and sympathy that have always united the governments and peoples of Great Britain and Italy," and moved that the senate should ask officially for information regarding the condition of Queen Victoria and should express heartfelt wishes for her recovery.

Marquis Visconti-Venosta, minister of foreign affairs, joined in the sentiments expressed by Count De Sontias, and supported the motion, which was carried unanimously.

MESSAGE OF SYMPATHY.

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—His excellency yesterday sent a private message of sympathy to the Prince of Wales and this afternoon, after the meeting of the cabinet, the following cable was sent to Mr. Chamberlain: "In all parts of the Dominion of Canada, Her Majesty's subjects are expressing the great sorrow they feel at the illness of their much loved sovereign. Please convey to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and to the members of the royal family, the assurance of the sincere sympathy of my ministers and of the people of Canada, with them in their great grief."

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The colonial office has received despatches from the governments of the Australian and South African colonies expressing their anxiety and distress at the Queen's illness.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 21.—A report that Mr. Kruger had sent a telegram of sympathy to Osborne House is without foundation. Up to a late hour this evening he had not done so.

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Driving Hammers, Rounding Hammers, Pincers, Hoof Parers,

Rasps, Horse Shoes, Bar Iron, Horse Shoe Nails.

W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD., ST. JOHN, N. B.

31 Main St.

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G. H. Burnett & Co., at prices regardless of silverware, cutlery, etc., and a full line of the very best grade. Fancy led out by December 31.