KIDAY MO

NER

TO ASK GOVERNMENT FOR LOWER TAXATION

all foreign magazines having a circulation in excess of 10,000 in Canada.

The resolution, which was defeated by a margin of one vote, proposed that this tax be an alternative to the introduction into each with lattice. introduction into such publication of a Canadian section, space in which would be offered to Canadian manufacturers at rates proportionate to the Canadian circulation.

The Rate of Exchange.

"The American financier dominates the exchanges of the canadian circulation."

"The American financier dominates the exchange situation to the extent of interfering between different parts of the British Empire," declared George Matthews, speaking on the present rate of exchange generally as it affected the Dominion of Canada.

The speaker pointed out that the situation was very serious to Canada in view of the handicap, in that certain natural products that are not and cannot be produced here, it was necessary to pay for these goods in the money of the country from which the product comes. Citing a particular case, the speaker referred to the fact that in buying silk from Japan it is case, the speaker referred to the fact that in buying silk from Japan it is necessary to convert. Canadian currency into American before it is possible to pay for the goods in yen, which is necessary. Previously it had been possible to pay for the goods in yen thru the medium of the pound sterling.

been possible to pay for the goods in yen thru the medium of the pound sterling.

Production at Low Ebb.

"It is the consensus of opinion among financiers the world over," stated Mr. Matthews, "that it all comes down to one point, and that is ecenomy and production. It is a well-known fact among manufacturers that the productive effort in Canada is at a lower ebb than ever before. The jumping-up of the price of labor is serious, but more serious is the cutting-down of productivity. We cannot hope to reduce the rate of exchange or cut down the high cost of living until there is greater productiveness."

H. Sneyd of Preston declared that all that Mr. Matthews had said just reiterated the slogan he had noticed in Canada—"Buy in Canada." He pointed out that the British embargo on cotton had been the means of the big drop in the exchange on Wednesday.

"There is no country in the world," declared W. S. Bowden of Goderleh, "where the effort of labor can accomplish so much as in Canada. There has been a great deal of talk about reconstruction without really doing anything. One of the things which is warking.

struction without really doing anything One of the things which is working to bring about present conditions is the tendency of people who have money to buy expensive articles outside of Canada."

ada."

Canada's Foreign Trade.

E. J. Payson of Kitchener introduced a ray of sunshine into the dark cloud when he pointed out that every Canadian ought to be gratified with the balance of trade in favor of Canada in the last annual fiscal statement. The only country in which the balance of trade was not in favor of Canada was the United States. He declared that if this was continued it would go a long way toward arriving at an equalization of exchange.

toward arriving at an equalization of exchange.

A method of stimulating production, according to Mr. Payson, which has been successful in Kitchener, was the appointment of delegates from the Trades and Labor Council to the board of trade. He stated that there was before this a feeling that the board of trade was against the workers, but when a delegate was sent it was most encouraging to both bodies, and recently the Trades Council asked that they be allowed three members on the board of trade.

The council shares with the German people its indignation at the entente's demands, and with the imperial council. It said:

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"The council shares with the German people its indignation at the entente's demands."

trade. Chairman John Bridge of London Chairman John Bridge of London thought that if a price tag were put on all imported articles showing the added costs of the article by reason of the exchange rate it would produce results in waking Canadians up to the advantage of obtaining Canadian goods. The report of the special committee appointed at last year's session on uniform rates for Hydro-Electric power was filed on motion of W. S. Bowden of Goderich. The report recommended the laying over of the matter until the expiration of the present agreement. It pointed cut that distance end quantity should have some place in the fixing of the rate and also that the municipalities who were originally in the scheme should not be penalized because the service had been extended to other distant parts. The resolution of the Goderich Bourd of Trade that the provincial government be urged to establish a bureau or appoint a commissioner to arrange for the inauguration of a plan to make a personal canvass of American firms, persons or institutions likely to be interested in the matter of establishing factories or industrial institutions in Canada was left in the hands of the executive for further consideration.

DEBATE ADMISSION OF WOMEN TO BAR

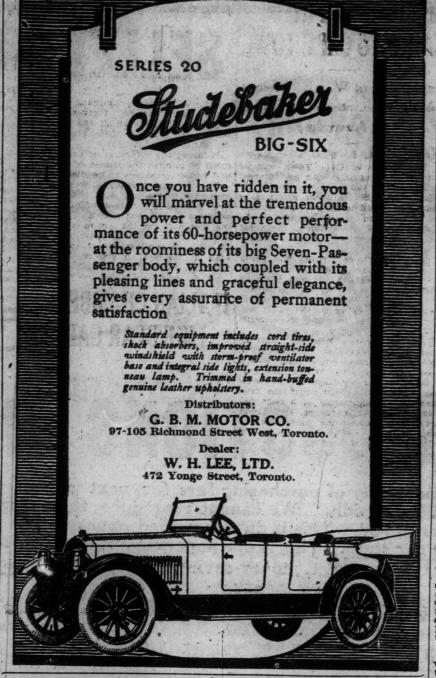
Some Members of Quebec Legislature Eloquently Champion Measure.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—The admission of women to the practice of law in the province of Quebec was the subject of debate in the legislative assembly this The bill to admit women to the bar

which was presented in the legislature this session by Mr. Henry Miles, member for St. Lawrence-Montreal, and killed by the legislation committee, was brought up again today on a motion of the promoter to have the measure considered in committee of

of the ladies, Mr. Miles, the promoter of the measure, and Mr. Andrew Philps, member for Huntingdon, while of the measure. And Mr. Andrew Philips, member for Frontenac, again, as in former sessions, strongly opposed the measure. The debate was adjourned by Mr. J. H. Lemay, member for Sherbrooke.

Supporting his motion to revive the bill, Mr. Miles pointed out that on two previous occasions like measures had been defeated, but the adverse majority on one occasion was only one vote. The world war, he said, had furnished new features for consideration in the matter. The status of women had changed in a wide sense. Women, generally speaking, had taken up the work of men, not locally, but in a world-wide sense. Could it be conveniently said now that women were unequal to the work usually allotted to man? Could it be said that woman's place was solely in the home? Women were admitted to other professions, why should law be the only closed door to them? Women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women were admitted to other professions, why should law be the only closed door to them? Women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women were equal to any task they undertook, and it could not be held that women who are fagically into men and women who are fagicall



GERMANY LIKELY

mity among all German communities, that the demand of the entente powers could not be fulfilled by any German government, which also fitted in with the German government's policy. Last night's cabinet meeting, which lasted several hours, was attended by Mathias Erzberger, the vice-premier and minister of finance, whose appear, ance was his first at a meeting of the ministry since he was shot in the shoulder in the recent attempt of a former cadet officer to assassinate him.

Rumors that a crisis was impending in the government are declared by The Lokal Anzeiger to be groundless. The cabinet members are in complete agreement on Germany's policy, the newspaper avers.

Names of Those Demanded.

It is learned that in addition to other prominers of the conclusion transmission permits of the act promise funder promise fall promise funders.

Among other demanded by the a

newspaper avers.

Names of Those, Demanded. It is learned that in addition to the names previously given, the extradi-tion list includes the names of Fred-erick von Ingenohl, Djemal Rasha, former Turkish minister of war; Ru-pert von Gipper and Admiral von Schroeder, former commander of the

ance of the name of Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, is accounted for here by his connection with Bolo Pasha executed in France in 1918 as a traitor.

Unless the covering note is accommended by activiting the men will consume several days are text of the allied motes, without which no decision can be taken.

A declaration was read by the Prussian minister of the interior at a public sitting today of the imperial council. It said:

"The council shares with the German people its indignation at the entente's demands, and with the imperial government declares that it cannot be fulfilled. The council appeals and shareshal von Hindenburg.

Both France and Belgium demand provides the winter and Robert Mo. and the winter. Snow had been failing in Fortiand since if o'clock this morning. Maine cities reported demonalized street and be fulfilled. The council appeals and shareshal von Hindenburg.

Alluding to this declaration, Dr. and the German people to the world's sense folios, said there was complete unantimity among all German communities, and or the German people was indicated to the Belgian and English lists.

The douard David, minister without portfolio, said there was complete unantimity among all German communities that Dr. Karl Helfferich, former minister out of the German people was fulfilled by any developed the former minister of the interior at a propose of intentitying the men will consume several days are also Captain Valenther and Robert Mo. and the manufacture and Robert Mo. and the providence of the winter. Snow had been failing in Fortiand since if o'clock this morning. Trains get the former wants General Ludenther and the Maine cities reported demonalized street the providence. A dozen the German people to the world's sense indicates that a number of men well-known in finance and industry also to Boston and Providence. A dozen that the demand of the entente powers of the conclusion that Dr. Karl Helfferich, former minity among all German communities.

COMPROMISE PROPOSED

by Integnational Court.

strick you ingenohl. Diemal Pasha, former Turkish minister of war; Rupert von Gipper and Admiral von Schroeder, former commander of the nawal corps. These men were demanded unanimously.

The deliberations of the cabinet tonight were wholly informal, as neither a verified list of the men wanted by the allies nor the owering note was a tist disposal.

The list received in Berlin contains approximately nine hundred names. Fully eight even the general public of in gross misspellisms or resulted of initials and offices, and the omission of initials and offices and the omission of initials conquerors to hunt down, seize-and hand over its most famous generals for trial on charges which might conceivably lead to their execution.

"Everywhere there would be passive resistance among the people if not among the police. The demand can be enforced only by military action of an overwhelming kind."

Kitchener Council and Trustees Conferring on Large New School

Kitchener, Feb. 5 .- (Special.) -The Kitchener - Waterloo High School Board have announced their intention of holding joint meetings with the Kitchener City Council and the Waterloo Town Council to go over the plans in connection with the proposed \$600,-000 new high school. Architect S. B. Coons has been asked to be present at the meeting to explain the plans.

(Continued From Page 1).

bying districts were choked with snow, and drifts were so deep little effort was made to treak roads.

Sea Bright, long a target for the waves, suffered more than any of the other northern New Jersey coast resorts. It was estimated that the high tide and heavy seas had done \$250,000 damage to bulkheads, streets and residences there. A recently completed bulkhead saved the main residence part of the town. The railroad tracks between Sea Bright and Highlands were flooded to a depth of two feet and traffic was suspended.

Senious damage was done at Rockaway Beach, where two modern summer hotels, thirty bungalows, a forty-suite apartment house, bathhouses and dozens of small structures were washed into the sea. Several bathing pavilions were swept away at Coney Island, and the first floor of the big Shelburne Hotel at Brighton Beach was flooded.

Clearing New York Streets.

Traffic in the snow-filled streets in New York dwindled to 15 per cent. of normal. The street cleaning department asked an emergency appropriation of \$150,000 to clean the streets. An urgent appeal was made for workers, and it was said 14,000 would be hired if they could be found, but that only 3000 were available. Lacking men to form shovelling gangs, 160 motor plows are being used to clear the main arteries of travel. The health department has stamped the accumulation of snow as a menace in the influenza epidemic.

Immediate curtailment of subway and elevated service undoubtedly will be necessary to relieve the worst coal shortage the city ever has faced; Lewis Nixon, public service commissioner, deciared today after a conference with representatives of transportation and public utilities companies. Municipal transportation lines, he explained, have not more than two days supply in their bunkers, and there is little prospect of receiving an additional supply immediately.

Harbor traffic is so demoralized by storm conditions, he said, that there is

loads of coal consigned to public utilities in this city.

Blizzard in New England.

New England was battling tonight with the worst blizzard in years. More than a foot of snow had fallen since early morning and the weather bureau promised no relief for tomorrow. A 72-mile an hour wind buried railroad tracks, in men, cases causing shandonment of

WAR MEMORIAL

-Will House War Trophies.

orial will take the form of a museum, ning Institute of Canada and the which presumably will be erected in which presumably will be erected in Ottawa, in which will be housed the war trophies belonging to the Canadian forces. At a meeting held here today resolutions were adopted unanimously recommending that there be built for this purpose "a monumental museum containing such other elements as may be necessary to give full expression to national feeling," and as an "expression of the sacrifice of the dead and the greatness of our national effort."

The name of the commission will be "The National Memorial Commission." Its members will serve without remuneration.

MOVIE ACTOR KILLED

BY FALL FROM PLANE

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 5.—Earl Burnational effort."

receiving an additional supply immediately.

Harbor traffic is so demoralized by storm conditions, he said, that there is slight hope of receiving large amounts of coal by water. The United States railroad administration, he added, has seized during the last two days, 23 carloads of coal consigned to public utilities in this city.

the Royal Architectural Society of Canada; Homer Watson and George n Academy; P. E. Nobbs F. G. Todd of Montreal and R. H. Millson, Ottawa, representing the Town-planning astitute. Mr. Currelly was elected chairman and Mr. Cro-

Compete for Architect. The architect for the memorial will Likely Be Erected in Ottawa be chosen in a competition open to Canadian architects and the working

marty secretary.

out of the project is placed in the hands of a commission composed of three delegates from each of the fol-lowing bodies—the Great War Veterans' Association, the Royal Society of Canada, the Royal Architectural Ottawa, Feb. 5.—(By Canadian Institute of Canada, the Canadian Press.)—Canada's orficial war mem-

BY FALL FROM PLANE

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performing in the making of a com- went to remove the supposed dum Burgess was flying with Lieutenant

Walter Hawkins, an aviator. The actor was to cast off a dummy from

Cuban workmen can turn out a huns

An Appeal to all Telephone Users

The "FLU" has caused a serious shortage in our operat-

At the same time the volume of telephone calls has greatly

Will you please keep this in mind, and use your telephone only when absolutely necessary?

You will thus be helping to keep the service equal to the urgent needs of the community in the present emergency.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada



Our Golden Jubilee 1920 1870 The Mutual Life ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA Fiftieth. Annual Report CONDENSED STATEMENT | 1918 | 7,021,103 | Paid to Policyholders | 3,291,418 | Assets | 34,755,736 | Surplus Earned | 912,710 1919 8,583,404 3,811,092 Increase \$ 1,562,301 519,674 3,265,213

 Surplus Earned
 813,710

 New Assurances
 21,541,069

 Assurances in Force
 137,640,614

 19,084,587 33,065,691 Fifty Years of Progress Our Jubilee Year.—The year 1919 was notable inasmuch as it completed the first fifty years of the company's active operations, and at the same time marked the year of its greatest development and progress in all departments of its business. The first policies were offered to the public in the spring of 1870, and the end of the first half century sees the company with unimpeachable assets of \$38,000,000 and policies in force amounting to \$170,000,000. Remarkable Expansion of Business.—The most remarkable feature of the year was the flood of new business received, due largely to the awakening of popular appreciation of the beneficent function of life assurance by the experiences of the war and the influenza epidemio that followed. The increase in new business acquired was nearly 90%. That the record for quality business was fully maintained is indicated by the large increase of \$33,065,691 in the total business in force, being over 80% of the new The Surplus Earnings.—No item of the year's operations is more gratifying than the great increase in the surplus earnings. Notwithstanding a certain number of abnormal death losses arising from the war and the influenza epidemic, amounting to \$352,857.65, the surplus earnings for the year were \$1,302,801, an increase over the previous year of 60%, and showing earnings of \$34.27 for every \$1,000 of total assets held at the end of Invested Funds.—Never in the history of Canadian life insurance has there been such a remarkable opportunity for the profitable investment of life insurance funds, and the effect of the past year's investments will be to enhance the surplus earnings over a long period of years, through holding up the average rate of interest earned on the invested, funds. For the year 1919 the company earned the very satisfactory rate of 6.39%. Comparative Statement of Growth in Force 500,000 3,064,884 176,151 424,815 804,759 13,710,800 3,020,996 8,583,404 A copy of the detailed report will be mailed to every policyholder in due course Toronto Branch Office: 307 LUMSDEN BLDG., TORONTO, ONT.

Efficiency is hard to obtain and highly paid for. Merchants and Manufacturers will find this Bank equipped and prepared to give all Carrent Accounts the efficient care and careful consideration they

the dead and the greatness of our national effort."

The following attended today's meeting: C. T. Currelly, Toronto, and Dr. from an airplane on which he was the dead of the greatness of our national effort.

The plane. In attempting this, he fell. The camera men and director thought the falling body was the dummy and continued photographing. They did not discover their mistake until they a cynic adds, in some cases, tobal

THOUSANI

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TOR'S wedding evenings. 2

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and courts.

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