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12 PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 20 1907—12 PAGES

ONE CENT

### DISAGREEMENT FOR THAW JURY

Poll of Newspaper Men Shows Only One Expects "Guilty," Two "Not Guilty," While Thirty-Seven Look for Mistrial.

New York, March 19.—As an interesting indication of the drift of sentiment at the Thaw trial, a poll of the newspapermen who have been daily in attendance was taken late this afternoon.

It shows an overwhelming belief that the long drawn out trial, now in its ninth week, will finally lead no further than a disagreement of the jury.

Of the forty or more newspaper writers who have been engaged in the court room since the first day, one expressed the belief that there would be a verdict of guilty; two believed the verdict would be not guilty, and all the others look for a disagreement.

By prolonging his cross-examination of one of the seven witnesses introduced by the defence to testify that Thaw was insane when he shot and killed White, Jerome made it impossible for the defence to close its case to-day.

**Only Two Matters Left.**

When adjournment until to-morrow was taken, there was pending only the matters of the admission of a letter written by Thaw to J. Dennison Lyon, a Pittsburg banker, which Delmas said would help to fix the young man's state of mind before the roof garden tragedy, and the likelihood that Evelyn Nesbit Thaw will be called to-morrow briefly to combat the testimony of Abraham Hummel.

Jerome hinted this afternoon that an important witness for the prosecution might reach the city to-night. The chances are, however, that a half day's session to-morrow will be sufficient to conclude all the testimony that is to be offered by either side.

An adjournment then will be taken until Thursday morning, when Delmas will begin his summings up.

He will have all of Thursday to himself, and Jerome will reply on Friday.

### Case May End This Week.

Justice Fitzgerald may charge the jury that evening, or he may for the first time hold court on Saturday in order to conclude the case before the week ends.

The strain of the trial is telling more and more on all the participants with it as the days drag by. It was generally noted to-day that a number of jurors appeared extremely tired and pale.

Thaw is holding up remarkably well, but said to-day that he was beginning to feel completely tired out. He asked permission to-day to retire for five minutes, and when he reached the corridors leading to the prisoners' pen, lighted a cigarette and walked briskly up and down.

During the cross-examination of one of the experts at the afternoon session, Thaw's prison guard created much amusement by falling fast asleep in his chair.

He slumbered for several minutes, with his chin on his breast, before one of the court attendants gave him a sharp nudge. The guard rubbed his eyes and looked sheepishly about. He stood up during the remainder of the session.

### Day Given to Experts

With the exception of the last few minutes of the afternoon session, the entire day was given over to expert testimony. Jerome occupied all of the morning with his cross-examination of Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, who said he believed Thaw had been insane for more than two years and a half preceding the homicide.

During the afternoon, Drs. Chas. W. Phipps, Misses Gregory, Chas. G. Wagner and Britton D. Evans answered the prosecution's hypothetical question for Delmas and gave it as their opinion that Thaw's reason was so defective when he killed White that he did not know the nature or quality of the act or that the act was wrong.

When Dr. Evans, the last of the experts stepped down, Delmas asked permission to introduce in evidence one of the letters sent from Pittsburg by Mr. Lyon. Jerome objected, unless all the letters were admitted. The point was still being argued when adjournment was taken fifteen minutes later than usual.

### THAW SENDS CHEQUE FOR \$100 TO FLOOD VICTIMS

Pittsburg, March 19.—Mayor George W. Guthrie of this city received the following letter from Harry K. Thaw to-day, in which a cheque for \$100 was enclosed to aid persons suffering from the flood of last week.

"Owing to demands upon me, I can only send \$100 toward the relief of the sufferers by the unprecedented flood. A cheque for that amount is enclosed." The mayor replied that no fund had been raised in Pittsburg, but that one had been raised in Allegheny, and asked what disposition should be made of the money.

Edwards, Morgan & Co., chartered accountants, 18-20 King Street West, Toronto, Phone Main 1189.

Oscar Hudson & Company, Chartered Accountants, 6 King West, M. 4786

## FIRST MILESTONE PASSED IN RAILWAY REGULATION.

A VERY decided first milestone has been set on the road of public regulation of railway passenger rates in this country. These rates have at last been brought under public jurisdiction, and the beginning of a wholesale revision of them has been noted. Three cents a mile has been made the maximum rate all over Canada, save in British Columbia. The discrimination between East and West has been wiped out. This was absolutely the contention of one man and the fight of one man and it has won out.

But there remains plenty of work yet to be done. The Grand Trunk must be made to give the penny a mile service called for in its charter. The Grand Trunk, the Canadian Pacific, the New York Central lines, the Wabash and any other roads doing business both in United States and Canada must carry Canadians over their Canadian lines for the same rates that they carry Americans over these Canadian lines, and they must carry people in Canada for what they carry people in the United States. The Canadian Pacific, carrying New England travellers thru Canada at two cents alongside of Canadians charged three cents, or the Grand Trunk carrying people in Michigan for two cents and charging travellers three cents in Canada are both intolerable. And the two cent a mile rate all over Canada must come. It is in the public interest, and it will pay the railways more than the three cent rate. This has been demonstrated—but the railways do not like to admit it. Let us give Hon. Mr. Emmerson and the Railway Commissioners, and even the railway managers, whatever credit is their due for the reforms so far secured.

Let us also give public opinion a credit for its share in the work. Public opinion can do anything when it is more or less organized, when it has a voice in the forum and when it has a newspaper or two to report it. The crime of the age is the organized conspiracy to stifle public opinion, to make its efforts futile.

### TELEGRAMS INDICATE THE TEMPER OF THE PEOPLE.

The people of Ontario are delighted over the action of the Railway Commission of Canada and desire to express their gratitude to W. F. Maclean for the fight he has put up for us. We feel we have been emancipated after many years of oppression. We are particularly pleased because Ontario took the initiative in passing a resolution protesting against this unfair discrimination and sending this resolution to 100 municipalities along the line of the Grand Trunk. We did this to assist Mr. Maclean in his splendid fight.

DR. KAISER, Mayor, Ottawa.

Citizens pleased with change in G.T.R. passenger fare, but will not be satisfied with less than a maximum rate of two cents a mile. We can then get back a portion of the extra fare paid as compared with that west of Toronto. Keep up the good work and you will win out.

SAM NESBITT, Reeve, Brighton.

Belleville appreciates prompt and decided action of Railway Commission, welcomes reduction in passenger rates and congratulates The World on successful and energetic campaign.

W. H. PANTER, Acting Mayor, Belleville.

The victory you have won is one of principle and its immediate effect on all companies operating in Canada will be immensely beneficial to the people.

C. A. MUNSON, Mayor, Cobourg.

Have noticed with pleasure the action of the Railway Commission in reference to the three cent a mile rate and there has been no reason why the G.T.R. should not adhere to the law as read under the charter granted them by the government years ago. The World is entitled to much credit for the fight put up in this regard.

HERMAN MING, Mayor, Napanee.

### MONTREAL BROKERS FEEL THE TIGHT-MONEY PINCH

Oldest Houses on the Street Are Not Taking Any Orders on Margin—Banks Call Loans.

Montreal, March 19.—One of the most prominent bankers in Montreal stated to-day that by April 15 there would be plenty of money available. In the meantime the money situation is acute.

Several banks started to call money toward the close of last week, and to-day a prominent local bank called the brokers for several hundred thousand dollars. This created a great deal of comment on the "street," and not a little consternation among brokers, who found it almost impossible to place loans elsewhere.

"There has been a small quantity of private money floating around, and that has helped to relieve the situation a little," said one broker. "When it comes to taking new business on margin, however, I have my shutters up. I find it impossible to get a dollar."

Some of the oldest brokerage houses on the "street" said to-day that they were not taking any orders on margin.

### APPROACHES PUBLIC SCANDAL

Duke of Devonshire Scores Conservative Front Benchers.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.) London, March 19.—The Duke of Devonshire, at the Unionist Free Food Club, said the state of things among the Conservative leaders on the front bench was fast approaching a public scandal. He added that it would be inconvenient and a bad precedent if an attempt was made to enlist delegates from the colonies here in their official responsible positions in our political councils.

### GLORY TO DRAPE NELSON BUST

Mrs. Roosevelt Will Supply American Flag for King's Gift.

Washington, March 19.—Responsive to a request from the Rev. Edward W. Matthews of London, formerly a chaplain in the British navy, Mrs. Roosevelt has promised to give a silk American flag to drape a bust of Lord Nelson, presented to the Naval Academy by director of King Edward.

When he came to the White House Mr. Matthews brought a Victory medal and testimonial for one of the president's children. The souvenirs were given to Archie. The president gave Mr. Matthews a personal message of greeting and friendship for the King.

### Photo Frames—Gedors, 431 Spadina

Have you seen our Business Man's and Triple Indemnity Accident Policy? Call Walter H. Blight, city agent Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Traders' Bank Building, Phone Main 2770.

### "SHARE COST OF EMPIRE BE A NATION, NOT COLONY"

Professor Stephen Leacock of McGill Talks on Greater Canada Before Empire Club.

For over an hour last night Prof. Stephen Leacock of McGill University held the members of the Empire Club spellbound in a lengthy, carefully prepared speech, brilliant in its aid-city, satire, impatient contempt and biting sarcasm.

Speaking for "we, the six million colonialists sprawling our over-rudded infancy across a continent," he asked, "shall we still whine of our poverty, still draw imaginary pictures of our thin herd, shivering in the cold blasts of the north, their shepherds still untraced, to the smug approval of the oblique politicians of Ottawa?"

"Or shall we say to the people of England, 'The time has come; we know our own country. We will be one with you in an empire, permanent and indivisible.'"

To the latter alternative the lecturer urged his arguments. He said "the soul and spirit of this (Canada's) people are not commensurate with its greatness. The mud-bespattered politicians of the trade, the party men and party managers, give us in place of patriotic statesmanship, the sordid traffic of a tolerated jobbery."

"Not independence then, not annexation, not stagnation, nor yet that doctrine of a little Canada that some may conceive—half in, half out of the empire, poor two-penny collection, frolicking on its little way strictly within the Gulf of St. Lawrence, a sort of silly adjunct to the navy of the empire, semi-detached, the better to be smashed at will. As well a navy of the province, or the parish, homemade for use at home, decked every Saturday in Lake St. Pierre."

### CHILD USED AS AD. IN SALOON

Boy of Five Drinks as Many as 20 Beers Daily in Contest.

Ottawa, March 19.—There is a saloonkeeper in Hull who is said to use his 5-year-old son as an advertisement.

It is complained against him that he puts the child on his bar and challenges his customers to beer drinking contests.

The boy, it is reported, will drink as many as 20 glasses of beer in an afternoon.

### THOROUGHNESS

Our methods are thorough; a fact the public has not been slow to recognize. Our purchases are carefully made and no expense spared to procure the choicest viands, dispensed by careful workers, to the most select patronage. Open from 7 a.m. to midnight; Sunday, 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Orchestra. "St. Charles, of course."

### Hub Hotel, cor. Yonge and Alice Sts.

Remodelled under the supervision of the Grand Trunk, will remain in connection with W. J. Davidson, Prop. M.

### MONTREAL WON'T IMPOSE A STRINGENT SUNDAY LAW

Alderman LaPointe Will Ask for Clear Definition of Act and Repeal of Old Measures.

Montreal, March 19.—Montreal bids fair to have a liberal Sunday observance law within the limits allowed by the act passed at the late session of the Quebec legislature, which was the only parliament to take advantage of the Dominion act to enact legislation of its own with regard to Sunday observance.

Notice of motion has been given to the city council by Ald. LaPointe, who is identified with the interests of the licensed victuallers, of his intention to move for a clear definition of the law as it applies to Montreal and for the repeal of several bylaws and their substitution by others.

Ald. LaPointe does not admit that it is the intention to make Montreal wide open so far as Sunday privileges are concerned, but it is not believed the mover's purpose is to place anything further in the way of restrictions. They may go as far as public opinion will permit.

### DECIDES ON REDISTRIBUTION

Special Committee Reports on Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Ottawa, March 19.—(Special.)—The report of the special committee on the redistribution of the electoral districts of Saskatchewan and Alberta was presented to parliament to-day by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and is unanimous in favor of the following: Battleford, 18,051; Saskatoon, 27,751; Prince Albert, 29,878; Humboldt, 25,908; Macleod, 25,887; Qu'Appelle, 20,690; Moosejaw, 23,581; Regina, 25,705; Assiniboine, 35,283; Calgary, 26,402; Edmonton, 26,921; Macleod, 25,927; Medicine Hat, 22,363; Red Deer, 31,000; Strathcona, 22,441; and Victoria, 23,883.

### 300,000 COMING TO CANADA

Ottawa, March 19.—Indications are that immigrants this year will number 300,000, or 10 per cent. increase over last year. Most of them will come from Great Britain.

### SADLER DECLINES PRESIDENCY

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.) London, March 19.—Prof. Sadler of Manchester University has declined the presidency of Toronto University.

### MCGUIGAN NOT TO RESIGN

Montreal, March 19.—The report that F. H. McGuigan, fourth vice-president of the Grand Trunk, will resign is denied by Grand Trunk officials here.

### W. P. GOSDON & COMPANY, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, 471 HALL STREET, MANAGER CHAMBERS, PHONE MAIN 4851.

The F. W. Matthews Co., Phone M. 2571. Private Ambulance Service.

Harper Customs Broker, 5 Melville

### DOUMA GETS ULTIMATUM TO LET GOVERNMENT ALONE

Premier Stolypin, After Submitting New Reform Project, Warns the Firebrands.

St. Petersburg, March 19.—The ministerial declaration, setting forth the government's program for legislation, was read this afternoon by Premier Stolypin before the lower house of parliament, assembled in the hall of the nobility, instead of the Taurida Palace, which is under repair.

The declaration, which was studiously courteous in tone and avoided all reference to drumhead courts-martial and other causes of contention, was received in respectful silence by all the members of parliament. M. Stolypin was not once interrupted, and at the close of his address received hearty applause from the Conservatives.

But the first speech, that of Prince Zeretel, in behalf of the Social-Democrats, provoked an angry scene between the members of the Right and Left parties, in which such epithets as "Liar," "Murderer!" and "Infector of outbreaks against the Jews!" were freely exchanged.

He was followed by Prince Delgorodoff, who, in behalf of the Constitutional-Democrats, moved that the house proceed to the order of the day. He was supported by the spokesman of the group of left and the Polish Nationalists. A general debate followed.

Premier Stolypin arose and laid down the ultimatum that if the house chose to cry "Hands up!" to the government, let it beware. Then the debate was closed.

Premier Stolypin enumerated the government's projects of law as follows: Freedom of speech and of the press; the various degrees of exceptional security; local self-government; reform of the senators; responsibility of officials; agrarian reforms, and popular education.

### COUNT LANSBERG DEAD

San Remo, Italy, March 19.—Count Vladimir Nicholajevitch Lansberg, the former Russian minister of foreign affairs, died here this evening, at 11.15.

### Style in Hats.

Men make a big mistake in buying hats haphazard. The different shapes are intended to fit different styles of faces, and the careful store takes pains to fit not only your head but your looks, too. That's why Dimes's hats are always best headquarters for the most satisfactory hats. They don't take a block that was never in the world meant for you, and stretch it out of all its original shape by trying to make it fit. Dimes's styles are sufficient numerous to meet every possible requirement, and the men who sell Dimes's hats are thoroughly experienced in the business.

### Healthful equipment is in every store.

For Ladies' Last Spring, see M. 2571. Universal System, Limited. Ask for representatives to call.

### UNIONISTS OPEN CAMPAIGN AGAINST IRISH HOME RULE

Balfour Claims He is Authorized to Pledge Every Member of Party to Fight Government.

London, March 19.—The Unionist campaign against the legislation the government proposes to introduce after Easter, giving partial home rule to Ireland, was opened formally to-day. A strong deputation of residents of Ulster, including about fifty leading anti-home rulers, headed by the Duke of Abercorn and Lord Lansdowne, had a conference with A. J. Balfour, the opposition leader, and urged the necessity for an active propaganda to combat the government's Irish policy.

Mr. Balfour declared himself authorized to pledge every member of the Unionist party to fight everything in the nature of home rule.

He said he believed the sentiment of the country had not varied on the subject since the defeat of the late Mr. Gladstone's home rule measure.

### FAVORS PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

Provincial Rights Party Reasserts Loyalty to Control by People.

Regina, March 19.—(Special.)—Resolutions were passed to-day at the annual convention of the Provincial Rights party reasserting the party's loyalty to the principles of national sovereignty, favoring provincial ownership and operation of lands, timber and minerals, advocating better grain storage and transportation facilities and public ownership of public utilities, especially the telephone.

Numerous letters, telegrams and long distance telephone messages have been received from delegates and supporters on branch lines who were delayed by yesterday's snowstorm.

### THOMAS BAILEY ALDRICH DEAD.

Boston, March 19.—Thomas Bailey Aldrich, the author, died at his home in this city late to-day. He fell to rally from an operation performed some time ago.

### Summer Cottagers, Attention!

The Siche Gas Company, Limited, begs to announce that a simple and practical device has at last been secured for running gas at various pressures from the same machine at the same time. This enables the owner, enabling the user to turn the flame up or down as will, without utilizing back valves, and the gas is supplied at a 3 ounce pressure—from the same small Siche machine as simple, economical, compact, strong, and unobtainably perfect safe. They have no moving parts, gears, wheels, chains, pistons, valves or gauges. You will find Siche machines at our salesrooms, 81 York Street, Toronto; 282 West Craig Street, Montreal; Hughes, Branson, and Siche Headquarters, Plainfield, N.J.

### A New Card System is better than a dead memory.

Our handy card outfit at \$1.00 will save you endless worry and trouble in remembering names or dates. For Ladies' Last Spring, see M. 2571. Universal System, Limited. Ask for representatives to call.

## BERESFORD SAYS CANADA NOW IS A NATION

Admiral Declares Dominion Not Only is the Country of the Future, But Has Already Taken Her Destined Place.

### LOUD IN PRAISE OF THE WEST

Lord Charles Unable to Find in Any of the Colonies Greater Attachment for Great Britain Than He Has Here.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 19.—Lord Charles Beresford, after a day in the city, left to-night for New York. The America in connection with the estate of his brother, Lord Delaval, who was killed recently in a wreck in Texas. He went west to San Francisco from Texas and reached this city by way of Vancouver.

"One of the common remarks we hear in Great Britain with reference to Canada," he said to-day, "is that the Dominion is the 'coming country.' There can be no doubt regarding the future of the Dominion, which will be increasingly bright for hundreds of years to come.

"The fact is, however, not that Canada is the country of the future—Canada already has arrived. She has passed thru the early years of infancy and childhood and has taken her place as one of the countries of the world.

"I cannot tell how pleasantly I have been impressed by all that I have seen in the west. I made short stays at several points, including Calgary and Medicine Hat. I had not previously seen much of Western Canada.

### Visited Coast Years Ago.

"Many years ago, it was in 1864, I spent some time on Vancouver Island and on the main land of the Pacific Coast. These were the days when I was with the Pacific Squadron. I was on three frigates on the Pacific, and was on shore on many fishing and hunting trips. The memories of those days are exceedingly pleasant.

"I first gained the Dominion in 1874, when I was on the Atlantic Coast and saw something of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. Of the great interior portion of Western Canada, I have seen nothing until the present time, and nothing would express my admiration so strongly.

"I was particularly struck with the great natural advantages about Medicine Hat, where we spent a few days. It would appear certain that this town is destined to become a city of great importance.

"The town appeared to me to be located very similarly to the one in a smaller way, say Chicago, or Han- hrow in China.

### Great Commercial Future.

"The supply of natural gas, as long as it lasts, must have a great influence on the future commercial development of the city.

"Then there is the river, not very deep, but with an excellent water head and capable of carrying a considerable traffic. The town also has the rail head and, all in all, is possessed of singular advantages.

"Calgary also is remarkably built, and is a most thriving and progressive city.

"The people of the west are all of a fine, manly stamp, full of energy and go.

"In England, the feeling unquestionably is that the connection between the mother country and the Dominion, and in fact all the colonies, should be drawn closer.

"I frequently have expressed the conviction which is the conviction of large numbers of British people, that the colonies are of more consequence to Great Britain than Great Britain is to the colonies.

### Imperial Feeling Strong.

"I have not been able to find anywhere in the colonies any traces of a feeling in favor of an change in the relations between the mother country and the colonies.

"If Canada should decide to break the connection between herself and the empire, the tie of course would be severed once.

"I believe, however, that there is not one of the colonies in which the people are more attached to the mother country than they are in Canada.

"The colonial system of the empire has been most successful," suggested a reporter. "What is the main reason for this?"

"Because it was the policy of Great Britain to put the colonies at once under civil administration," said the admiral. "The soldier and the sailor disappeared and the civil government took their place. That is to say, the people ruled.

"The country was established and governed in the form, but by the aid of the people and what the people thought.

### Continued on Page 2.