## BAKING POWDER IS PURE,

## Will do MOBE WORK for SAME

COST than any other com-

posed of equally safe

Ingredients. McLAREN'S COOK'S FRIEND THE ONLY GENUINE.

TWO HISTORIC INCIDENTS.

-Honors to Two Distinguished Sons of the Empire-William Bede Dalley and Captain MacNab.

The Empire says :- "An event eccurred in England the other day which forms a curious commentary on Macauley's famous phrase descriptive of the New Zualander standing on Lenden bridge and surveying the ruins of a great city. Some two weeks ago Lord Roze-bery unveiled in the crypt of St. Paul's cathe-dral a memorial in henor of the late Rt. Hon. William Bede Dalley, of New South Wales, and in a few falloitous words referred to the career of one who was not only a colenial "' minister, but also an imperial statesman."
The inscription upon it, in gold latters, is as follows: "In memory of William Bado " Dalley, the Australian statesman and " patriet, this tablet has been erected by contributions from all parts of that world wide empire, which he cherished, served and streve to maintain," while in close proximity may be seen the tombs of Nelson, Oollingwood and other British heroes. The man and event thus fittingly commemorated deserve mere than the brief and passing comment which space sllows us to make. A great criminal lawyer, several times Attorney-General of his native colony, a leading local writer upon historical and biographical subjects and the most elegant heaker in New South Wales, if not in the whole of Australia, Mr. Dalley was a warm-hearted, enthusia: tic and patriotic man, who never did things by halves. When, therefore, in the absoace of Sir Alex. Stuart, he became Acting-Premier of the colony, and as such urged the participation of the people in the Soudan compaign, it was natural that success should follow upon his energetic and elequent advocacy.

A WAVE OF ENTHUSIASM

awept over the Australias. All the celonists velunteered both men and money, but the parent province had the honer of being finally chesen to represent the whole continent. The soldiers who then left the sheres of Australia to share in the defence of British interests in the far-off Soudan received such an evation as will ring down the pages of Australian history for all time to come, while the mese fact of the offer thus made and accepted revealed to Europe what a vast political power was to be found within the bounds of the British Empire, outside the parentisles, should the Mether Country ever be wantonly attacked by any aggressive and pewerful fee. Mr. Dalley's action was almest universally approved in Australia, while in the United Kingdom it raised a warm cur-rent of national sympathy, which has found vent in the menament recently erocted to the hener of the statesmen who inaugurated a national movement se patriotic in its nature nd se important in In the Mether Country deals fittingly with the incident, and very preperly considers the memorial to be a correct representation of the unity in sentiment, action, bistorical and political life which characterizes the present relations between the United Kingdom and her self-geverning off-shoots. Ne words can describe the general feeling better than these

Sacred to mighty memories Dalley's name Inscribed amongst our home-born heirs of Shall stand, and show to all our Island broad Australia's love and England's gratitude.

It may be noted that Mr. Dalley was a deveted Catholic, was named after the "Venerable Bede" and refused all honors save that of being awern of the Privy Council-he, Sir John Macdonald and Sir John Rese being the only members of that distinguished body outaide the United Kingdom. In consequence of paragraphs relating to Mr. Dalley's tablet, Dr. Macnab, of Bowmanville, writes :

"Under the date of Lendon, July 17, appears the fellowing paragrap' :- ' & tablet in memory of the late Mr. Oall Australian statesman, was unvelled .: 5 aul's cathedral to-day by Lord Resebury. His lordship made an address in which he called attention to the fact that the tablet was the first memorial erected in the cathedral to a colonist, and said it was therefore a milestone in the path of these having faith in federation of the empire.' The unveiling of a tablet in St. Paul's in honor of an Australian statesman was an appropriate act on the part of an ex-member of the British Cabinet, and, being president of the Imperial Federation League, his comment on the event was significantly patriotio; nevertheless I regret to be obliged to say that Lord Resebury's chronology in the matter is somewhat faulty. The tablet in this case was not the first memorial erected in St Paul's in honor of a colonist, the first instance of the kind on record, it is believed, having eccurred about fifteen years age. At that period the federation of the empire was ecoupying the minds of many in Eng-Asnd, especially with a view to the best means to be adepted for premoting it. Being in Lendon at the time, the subject was full of interest to myself as a descendant of an old United Empire Loyalist family and one of the original number of Fellows of the Reyal Colonial Institute. With many leading public men I had the honor of discussing the prespective bearing of the question, and, among others, with the Very Rev. Dr. Church, dean of St. Paul's cathedral. In these interviews, as well as those of previous years, abundance of evidence was furnished of the interest felt in the highest quarters in England in the concerns of residents of our colonier, and the conviction was often expressed that among the various means that would tend to knit still more clesely the bend of attachment which so unites them to the Mether Country would be the erection in St. Paul's of memorials to distinguished colonists, er, in the language of Lord Rosebery, re-cently reported, would be milestenes in the gath of these having faith in the federation

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far famed national edifice in honor of a native Canadian, who, after having held the position of confidential clerk to the first Executive Council of Upper Canada when the seat of Government was at Newark (new Niagaraon-the-Lake) in 1797, had served throughout the Peninsular campaign, and who, being on the staff, was alde-de-camp to Lieut. General Sir Thermas Picton, and with his illustrious chief f. ll in the battle of Waterlee. Capt. Alexander Macnab was probably the only native of the province who took part in that memorable struggle in which was involved the highest interests of Europe, although he has been by no means the only Canadian who has sought and won honorable ditintion under the imperial banners of the Mether Country. An official reply from the Very Rev. Dean Church, in complimentary terms stating that the chapter gladly gave its permission, having been received, a mural tablet was erected and placed next to that of the deceased officer's chief-the brave Picton-whose grave in the crypt is near to the cenetaphs of Nelss n and Wellington our heroes of deathless fame? The fellowing is a fac-simile of the inscrip-

SACRED TO THE MEMORY OF CAPTAIN ALEXANDER MACNAB,

30th Regiment.

Aide de Camp to Lieutenant-General Sir Tho mas Picton, who was with him slain at Water-loo. His body lies on the field of battle in the hope of a blessed resurrection.

This tablet is erected by his nephew, the Rev. Alexander McNab, D.D. and son, Rev. Alexander Wellesley McNab, both of Canada, Sep-

It may not be altegether irrelevant in this connection to add that in the old church at Waterles a menument to the memory of Captain McNab and brother efficers named, and the privates, who fell on the 18th June, 1815, was erected by snrvivors of the then 30:h regiment, en which memorial is also inscribed Egypt, Peninsula, Salamanca, Badajes, Waterlee, Quatre Bras, and the fellowing lines:

How Britons fought How Britons fell, One little word Will serve to sell : 'Tis Waterloo.

THE RAILWAY STRIKE

The fight between the Kuights of Labor and the Railways increasing in dimensions.

Vanderbilt railways is spreading. Mr. Pewderly states that the strike has ceased to be one of a local assembly and has become one of the whole organization, and it will use every means in its power to continue the fight. He incimates that the Faderation of Railroad employes will support the movement. Mr. Powderly late to night gave out a statement of the interview this afternoon with Vice-President and Saperintendent Tencey. The statement of th New York, August 20.—The strike on the Vice-President and Saperintendent Toncey. The statement is:—" This morning Mr. Powderly and Mr. Devlin waited upon Mr. Toucey at his office for the purpose of endeavering to bring about a settlement of the trouble. Mr. Teucey absolutely refused to entertain any proposition looking forward to-ward arbitration or an investigation of the causes of the discharge of the men. During the afternoon the same gentlemen waited upon Mr. Webb in order, as etated by the Executive board of the Knights of Labor, te give the company every opportunity to bring the strike to an end. In the Inter-view they had with the third vice president Mesars. Pewderly and Devlin repeated the offer which the Kulghts of Labor have made from the beginning, that they would declare the strike off if the company would agree to submit the case of the discharged men to the investigation of disinterested outside parties on the understanding that if it should be shown that there was no cause for the disharge of any men other than their connection be reinstated in their positions, the representatives of the Knights of Labor agreeing to bind themselves to abide by the decision or finding of the investigators. Mr. Webb positively refused to agrees to this request, In the interest of peace Mr. Powderly even went so far as to ask Mr. Webb, in view of the cerdicting statements of the men and the company's efficials, if he would consent to meet the discharged men and allow him (Mr. Powderly) to question them in Mr. Webb's presence upon the the charges of the company against them. Mr. Webb relused to entertain even his proposition.

"Mr. Toucey, who came into the room during the interview, reiterated the eft-made statement that they would insist upon the right to discharge any of their employees without assigning a reason for doing so, and that they would not admit of any labor organization, or committee of such organization, to intervene in the matter. Being asked if they took poitions that a railway was the property of the company, and that neither the employees of the company nor the public had any right to question the action of the management, they hesitated, and at last took refuge in a silence which the representatives of the Kuights of Labor in vain tried to break. The latter said that if it was the policy of the company to maintain that they would admit that neither the public nor employees of the road had any right in the premises it was useless to waste time or words on the matter and shortly afterwards

they withdrew." Daring the week negocelations were continued, but without any marked change in the situation. On Monday the Federation of Railway employees, to who had been appealed to by the Knights of Labor in order to obtain support, issued a manifests declining to give mere than a meral approval.

BONDED TRAFFIC.

The Attitude of the American Authorities on the Question.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22 .- A Washington special to the Herald says:—"There is something in that refusal of the Treasury Department to permit that cartridge shipment across the United States to Mexico in bond. Canadians thought that is showed a disposition to limit the bonding privilege hereafter, possibly as a reprisal for the Dominion's doings in Behring Sea and other matters and they are right. The Treasury officials here are diplomatically ignorant of any such intention, but their ignorance is not important. In Secretary Windom's absence they could not be expected to know anything. The situation, as I gather it, is that the Secretary of the Treasury is under great pressure to reverse the policy of the department in years past, and not only to refuse to extend transhipment in bond privilege, but to deny it where it has been heretofore granted. Secretary Windom's recent report to Congress, while evading some of the enquiries made, did point out that the Canadian Pacific might easily be brought to book. This road in fact is the main point of attack. Transcontinental lines are complaining bitterly that its overland and Asiatic business is built up at

advocate of radical measures; and I suspect that it was his legal opinion which kept the carsudge company from getting a permit for ahipping is guide across the United States so Maxico. The salk about retaliatory legisla-nion for Belting Sea possibing is made a text for the Treasury's unfriendly attitude and it looks as though the Causdian Pacific was closer to a recriminating pulsy on the part of

the country than is has been for years.
The Treasury officials emphasically deny that ex bonding p iv. leges have been in any way dis-continued up to this time, but at the same time the Department is not extending them beyond the Department is not extending them beyond
the present scope, which is substantially what
the Montreal Cartridge Company seems to have
desired, and, according to their president, to
have requested. At the present they could
enter their goods at the Canadian frontier and
ahip them to New York under warehouse bond, then withdraw them from the warehouse for transportation and exportation to Mexico, but the Canadian company wished to avoid this trouble, and suggested that they be allowed the privilege accorded to goods arriving at the seahoard for transhipment to Mexico, the Treasury Department did not feel it could grant. This is all the foundation there is for the claim that the bonding privilege of Canadians are be-

A Rush to Death.

READING, Pa, August 22.—A horrible accident accurred this forenoon, shortly before 11 o'cleck, on the Mount Penn Gravity railroad, a mountain route encirciling Mount Penn, 800 feet above the city of Reading. The road was opened five mouths ago, and has been doing a good business ever since. The cars were taken from a point on the outskirts of the city to the top of the mountain, a distance of five miles. On returning the cars were allowed to go down top of the mountain, a distance of five miles.
On returning the cars were allowed to go down the mountain by gravity by way of another routs to the point of starting. This forenoon, at 10.30 o'clock, a car containing about eighteen passengers were taken from the station to the top of the mountain. This consumed about thirty minutes. On top of the mountain there thirty minutes. On top of the mountain there is a high atone tower where the passengers were allowed to alight to enjoy to scenery for thirty miles around. There are different atories as to the cause of the accident, but it appears that when the tower reached, the point where the gravity portion of the road commences, the engine was detached, when the car ran away while the passengers were still on board. The distance to the point of starting is five miles, and it is estimated that this was covered by the runaway car in three minutes, the car attaining runaway car in three minutes, the car attaining a fearful speed estimated at 80 miles an hour. It remained on the track to the foot of the plane, going round all of the curves, while the pass-engers shricked in their fright and several jumped cff. When the car reached the station at the foot of the plane it jumped the track and rolled down a fifty-foot embankment, where it landed upside down with the passengers im-prisoned inside. The greatest excitement prevailed and soon a large crowd gathered. Doctors

> I took Cold, I took Sick,

SCOTT'S

I take My Meals, I take My Rest, AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE

ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too, FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY Incipient Consumption BUT BUILT

ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING FLESH ON MY BONES

AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK. Scott's Emulsion is put up only in Salmon color wrappers. Sold by all Druggists at

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.



Illness Detected at Eyesight.

**EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE** Office Hours from 9 a, m to 8 p. m. Closed on Sunday.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that my little daughter, 15 months old, broke a canvas needle in her thigh. The doctors attending her after some time took it out. The poison of the needle made a sore of about two inches in circumference and one inch deep. The child's blood was completely poisoned, so much so that she could not walk. The doctor gave her up. I sat up day and night for eight days. I consulted Madame Demarais and Lacroix, who promised to cure my child. They gave the patient three preparations, which after administering first dose, she slept for three hours. At the end of ten days she was walking perfectly and cured. I had an attack of dyspepsis and kidney and heart disease, and at the end of three weeks I was cured by Madame Demarais and Lacroix. I would request persons suffering from diseases mentioned to call on me for turber information.

Mrs. Jos. Valiere, 407 Montcalm.

PERSIAN LOTION



For whitening the complexion, imparting or preserving its rosey hue, or removing freckles, the mask and other spots on the skin, and for removing pimples and all other eruptions.

other eruptions.

The PERSIAN LOTION is a Bona fide preparation, unique of its kind. It is a true specific for the skin. Is not a white powder suspended in water, or perfume. The PERSIAN LOTION, on the contrary is a medicinal preparation, transparent and limpid like water.

When the skin is burnt by the sun, the PERSIAN LOTION promptly restores its freshness, and rosey hue, by adding a teaspoortul every marning to the water used for the toilet. The PERSIAN LOTION is sold in all respectable lirug stores in the Dominion, at 50 cents per bettle. Beware of imitations.

S. LACHANCE, proprietor, 1538 and 1540 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

JOHN FOSTER, Sanitarian, Practical PLUMBER, GAS and STEAMFITTER,

TIN and SHEET-IRON WORKER, 117 College Street. Telephone 2582

COHMERCIAL.

MONTREAL MARKET QUOTATIONS.

FLOUR, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR.-Receipts during last week were 23, 319 bbls. against 23,331 bbls. for the week pre-vious. The market is decidedly stronger and vious. The market is decidedly stronger and holders have been enabled to establish a further advance, in sympathy with British and American advices. City strong bakers have gone up another 25c to \$5.75, and \$6 00 is contidently looked for in the near future, In Ontario flour, \$5.00 is obtainable for straight rollers, but millers are asking 10 to 15 advance that former Outper and Lower Ports. upon that figure. Quebec and Lower Ports buyers appear to be getting somewhat more soxious, and we would not be surprised to see. an active market in a few days. Prices in England have advanced another 1s which is a

England have advanced another 19 which is a rise of 3s in 3 weeks.

Patient winter, \$5.50 to \$5.90; Patient spring, \$5.85 to \$6.25; Straight roller, \$5.00 to \$5.10; Extra, \$4.50 to \$4.75; Superfine, \$3.80 to \$4.50; Fine, \$3.30 to \$4.00; City Strong Bakers, \$5.75 to \$0.00; Strong Bakers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; Ontario bags—superfine, \$1.60 to \$2.10; Ontario bags—fine, \$1.50 to \$2.00; Ontario bags—extra,

\$2 20 to 2.35.

WHEAT.—Receipts during the past week were 172,771 oushels. The market continues very firm out in the absence of Spot knainess prices are nominal although quoted at \$1.28 to \$1.30 for No. 1 Hard Manitoba. In Chicago No. 2 spring closed at \$1.07\footnote{1} December, which is 2c lower than on Wednesday last.

OATMEAL—The market keeps firm. We quote Standard in bbls at \$4.85 to \$5, and granulated at \$5 to \$5.10. Pearl barley \$6.00 to \$6.50 per brl. and pot barley \$4.25. Split peas, \$4 to \$4.25.

of car lots at 65c to 66c duty paid. Some bolders

ask 67½c.
Oars.—The price of Lower Canada dropped to 40c to 41c per 32 lbs since our last report, but they are again firmer at 42c to 43c, Ontario being quoted at 45c to 47c per 32 lbs, with an upward tendency Some very fine car lots of new Lower Canada cats are offering.

BARLEY.—Market steady. We quote fine malting samples at 65c to 70c perbushel; feed BUCKWHEAT.—Quotations are nominal at 520

RYL.—Market firm with light stocks.

MALT.—Sales have been made at 85c to 95c

DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER.—Receipts during the past week were 6,385 packages against 2,553 packages the week previous. There is a little export enquiry but holders are too high in their ideas to admit of any business to any extent. The sale is reported of 180 packages of choice creamery at 17c for the English market. There appears to be a for the English market. There appears to be a scarcity of really choice fresh creamery, but holders have been crowding their June and July on the market, sales of which have been made at 13c to 15c. Of course the quality was somewhat off flavored. For really choice late made goods, our quotations would have to be exceeded. In fact sales have recently been reader on decrees on former outstions. made at an advance on former quotations, al-though such sales are said to be speculative. There is also a scarcity of choice Eastern Townships, for which highes figures have been paid In Western the market remains quiet but slightly improved at 12 to 14c, holders endeavoring to establish an advance on the outside figure for selections. The total exports of the season at the close of last week were only 5,000 pkgs against 19,003 pkgs for the corresponding period last year, showing a decrease of 14,852 pkgs. We quote: Ureamery, 16: to 18c; Eastern Townships, 13c to 17c; Morrisburg, 13c to 17c; Western,

12c to 14c.

CHEESE.—Receipts during the past week were 52,586 boxes. The exports of cheese up to the close of last week were 136,474 boxes in excess of those of the year previous. The shipments this week are expected to be heavy as the Bristol boat alone take out about 40,000 boxes, including the Idaho's cheese. The fact that the shipments from New York last week were only 28,209 boxes against 51,468 boxes for the same week last year, while last week's exports from Montreal were 100,000 boxes. This would indicate that Canadian cheeses are getting s decided preference over American goods, the former being better keepers, and as we are now running on the August make the chances are that a good demand for the latter will be exthat a good demand for the interest will be perienced. A line of finest colored Western July was sold here at 85c, and a lot of finest white at 85c. Several lots of good to fine quality have also changed hands at 75c to 85c. The meaning of 85c for finest cheese in this The meaning of 83c for finest cheese in this market is 43s 9d first cost delivered in Liverpool. At the Brookville market to-day 5,000 boxes of August cheese were offered and 2,000 sold at Ego white and Ego colored.

PROVISIONS.

POBE, LARD, ETC.-Dealers complain of a

18c; Lard, Western in palls, per lb, 94c to 10c; Lard, Canadian, in palls, per lb, 84c to 84c; Bacon, per lb, 10c to 12c; Tallow, common, refined, per 10, 5% to 60.

FRUITS, &c.

Appears -The SS. Alexandria arrived with APPLES.—The SS. Alexandria arrived with 500 to 60 bbls of fall apples principally Duchess, but to by did not sell as readily as expected. Sales were made at \$3.65 to \$4 per bbl. Fancy Astracans were effered at \$3.37½. In winter apples very little can be said as yet, a few contracts only being reported American buyers have bought several lot ahead.

DRIED APPLES.—The firmness in this market continues and amounts to quite a boom in the

continues and amounts to quite a boom in the market. Sales have been made quite freely, and the consequence has been another rise in prices. Further advance will probably be checked by free arrivals of new crop, but as it was adverse crop reports that started the boom, prices will be well maintained, unless these reports should prove unfounded. The market is now quoted 7c to 73c per lb.

EVAPORATED APPLES.—Market follows very much in the wake of "dried" and is affected by the same circumstances. We quote 13th to 14th for round lots.

LEMONS —The strong demand for this fruit shows no signs of diminishing. There has been a further advance during the week, and the market is quoted very strong at \$8 to \$8.50. The cold wands and lowering skies of the last

The cold wands and lowering skies of the last few days will probably prove a hear influence.
OBANGES.—Very scarce. Jamaicas. \$9 to \$10 per barrel; Sorrentos, \$7.00 to \$7.50 boxes, halves \$3.50.
POTATOES—Market well supplied and receipts libral. Sales are made freely at from 40c to 455 and 50c per bushel and at these prices the market is firm and steady. After the first rush of the early varities of new potatoes higher prices for better keeping stock are looked for.

CABBAGE—Receipts very heavy farmers offer by the load at \$2,50 to \$3.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Recs—Receipts still very light, but quality is improving, owing to the hens feeding more on grain. The change in weather tends to make the market easier, and prices are quoted to lower this week at 15tc to 16to in round loss. round love.

Brans.—Market on spot firm at unchanged prices. We quote \$1.65 to \$1.85 in jobbing lots; old lots \$1.50 to \$1.60. BEESWAX - Market quiet at old quotation, 243

to 25c per lo. MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP—Market quiet, very little doing, quotations nominal at 7c to 7½c in round lots; 7½c to 8½c for jobbing trade. Syrup 60c to 65cper tin, and 5½c to 5½c in

HONEY-New crop is now arriving a little

HONEY—New crop is now arriving a little more freely. White clover honey in 1b sections is quoted at 13c to 15c. Strained honey in 5th to 10th tins. 9c to 11c per lb.

Hors.—The market is stronger and we note another advance during the week in sympathy with firmer foreign quotations. We quote choice Uanadian 19c. to 22c. per 1b; fair to good 15c. to 16c; old stock 5c to 10c. New stock expected

on the market shortly. HAY—Receipts are larger and the market easier. New make is coming in freely and quality on the whole is up to expectation. We quote \$7,00 to \$8 50 per ton for good to hoice pressed bay in rounds lots. Poorer qualities frem \$4.50 to \$6.00.

FISH AND OILS.

Oils-The market for steam refined seal oil is dull but demand is slightly better than last week and prices firmer. We quote 50c to 52c per gallon in round lots. Cod oil is dull with light demand and we quote Newfoundland 34c to 35c. Haiffax and Gaspe 32c, Cod liver oil dul! and heavy. Newfoundland 50c, Nor-

way 80c.

PICKLED FISH—There is a good demand for large dry cod at \$4.50 but stocks are very light and business limited. Green cod is enquired for, but none will be on the market this month. Cape Breton herrings to arrive; barrels, \$6; balves, \$3.

LEATHER.

The firm leather market previously noted shows no change except in the direction of shows no change except in the direction of higher prices, and the outlook now is that some constant of the country of the market remains atrong with sales. ear future. Business, however, continues quiet on the whole, as shoe men have no faith in the continuance of present prices, but chances are against any reduction.

MONTREAL STOCK YARDS.

The receipts of live stock at these yards for week ending August 23, were as follows:-

Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Calves 3234 1119 Over from last week. 100 350 Total for week..... 3232 3469 286 Left on hand...... 200 140

Continued large receipts at these yards of export cattle; no change in values for this class. The butchers trade with an over supply, opened weak with lower prices but improved as opened weak with lower prices but improved as week advanced. Thursday's market closing with a brisk trade. Grod demand for sheep, hogs falling off in receipts, slight abvance in values. We quote the following as being fair values: Cattle export, 4½c to 5c; Butchers' good, 4½c to 4½c; Butchers' med., 3½c to 4½c; Butchers' culls, 3½c to 3½c; Sheep, 4½c to 4½c; Hogs, 35.50 to \$5.75; Caives, \$6.00 to \$12.00.

MONTREAL HORSE EXCHANGE

The receipts of horses at these stables for week ending August 23, 1890, 52; Left over from previous week, 17; total for week, 69; shipped during week, 44; left for city, 4; sales for week, 3; on hand for sale, 18,—69. sales for week, 3; on hand for sale, 18,—93,
Arrivals of thoroughbreds and other imported
atock at these stables for week and shipped by
G.T.Ry. Ex SS. Coroi, 19 horses, 3 ponies consigned to Chas. Lauson of Statestown, Wis.,
2 horses, consigned to W. Colquhoun of Mitchelbury, Ex. SS. Lake Winnipeg, 2 horses
consigned to B. Morris of Linia Ohio.

From Behrings Sea.

New York. August 22.—A special to the World from Victoria says: The United States steamer "Corwin," Capt. C. H. Hooper, left here this afternoon for Sitka, Alaska. The "Corwin" has been quietly at anchor at Port Townsend harbor during the past two months where every day passangers on steamers coming where every day passengers on steamers coming into port have passed close enough to her to toose biscuit on board. The "Corwin" will make a two months' cruise in the waters of the Chatham streis, Cross Sound, Lynne canal and Chilcot region, but will not go to Behring Sea. She will cruise in the interests of the Customs service of Alaska under instructions from Col lector Max Spracht, with headquarters at Sitks. It is expected on her return that she will bring down the members of the Brown exploring party who have been making egientific examina tion of Mount St. Elias this summer. The pre-sent cruise of the "Corwin" has no connection

sent cruise of the "Corwin" has no connection with the Behring Sea seal question.

Opp. T. E. Tanner of the United States fish commission steamer "Albatross," writes under date of Unialaska, August 1st:

"The monopoly has succeeded in taking about twenty five thousand scalakins this season. We have finished an examination of the

son. We have finished an examination or the Bristol Bay and find great coal banks to be along the north side of the peninsula from the north west Cape of Unimak, to Cape Constantine, off Muskragak. We are going to the west, ward and will do what we can during the next contly reported, would be milestenes in the past of these having faith in the federatien of the empire. This appeared to be the view of the werey revered the dean of the cathedral of the weight of the empire. This appeared to be the view of the weight of

## CARSLEY'S COLUMN

August 27, 1890

SPECIAL NOTICES.

If you want good value and choice patterns n Flannelettes go to S. Caraley's, a special line at 6 c yard.

200 colored walking jackets to be cleared out at special prices, at S. Carsley's. Never such bargains have been effered before.

The best Fitting Ladies' White Dresses. Shirts in the city are bought at S. Carsley's.

EARLY OLOSING.

During August our Stores will ChOSE DAILY at HALF PAST FIVE, except SATURDAYS, when we close at ONE o'clock,

> HOUSE FURNISHINGS. QUILTS QUILTS QUILTS

S. CARSLEY.

COLORED ALHAMBRA QUILTS COLORED ORIB QUILTS. LACE PILLOW SHAMS
LACE PILLOW SHAMS
Embroidery Trimmed Pillow Shama NEW SILK TIDIES NEW SILK TIDIES NEW GAUZE TIDIES NEW GAUZE TIDIES NEW LACE TIDIES NEW LACE TIDIES NEW CURTAIN SASHES NEW CURTAIN SASHES

CURTAIN DEPARTMENT.

NEW MANTLE BORDERS NEW MANTLE BORDERS

S. CARSLEY.

ART MUSLINS, NEW PATTERNS ART MUSLINS, NEW PATTERNS MADRAS MUSLINS, ALL COLORS MADRAS MUSLINS, ALL COLORS SCRIM WITH COLORED STRIPES SCRIM WITH COLORED STRIPES

PLAIN CREAM SCRIM PLAIN CREAM SCRIM PLAIN COLORED CHEESE CLOTH PLAIN COLORED CHEESE CLOTH STILL A FEW LEFT OF OUR STILL A FEW LEFT OF OUR

PORTIERES, \$1.50 PORTIERES, \$1.50 MADRAS CURTAINS FROM \$1.50 MADRAS CURTAINS FROM \$1.50 PILLOWS, TEA COSIES, CUSHIONS PILLOWS, TEA COSIES, OUSHIONS

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