dash of billows and the howling thunder and storm. sire to have an end of them. Where the treasure is, The found red boat sinks as she planges—the deck is there will the heart be also. breaking. God of mercy! who shall appear for the Ged's promises doe not bind him to keepe us in our rescue? Man and brethren—aid is near at hand, wickedness. Our sins quit him of His promise, and Through the citts of the tempest, heaming over the tu- us of His protection, when we leave to be of His multious waters, moves a parilien of golden light. family, we are none of His charge; his friendship The midnight is waiting : gushes of radiance sparkle keeps pace with ours. If then dost well, shalt thou in the foam : a towering form smiles on the eyes of the not be accepted? (says He to Cain.) Doe well, and despairing veyagers, encircled with a halo of glory, have well; such as we behave ourselves towards It is the Saviour of man-it is the ark of he covenant 1; Ged, such shall we find God towards us. Now if It moves onward—the waves rush back on either band, we dee smart, thank ourselves. -and over a track of calm expanse the ark is borne. Who steps from its side and walks over the deep as upowland! It is the great Captain of our salvationthe nighty to save ! He rescues the drowning from of the covenant ! roll this way ! We are sinking in the Book of Life. the deep waters, and there is none to deliver ! Let the prayer be offered, and it will save us all."

THE LORD LOOKED UPON PETER.

STREAM no malefacter condemned to suffer for the via-Isted laws of his country ever heard his last hour strike upon the prison-bell with half the agony of feeling with which that each-crowing rape upon the ears of Peter-Still was there a sight which smote for deeper than that sound; "The Lord turns dand looked upon Peter." Who can portray the silent elequence of that last look! What volumes must it have spoken to the fallen apeatla! Could be behold that well-known countenance and again repeat, "I know not the man !"-Could be see his divine Master "as a sheep before his shearers is damb," and again break forth into caths and imprecations ?- Could be bear the reproach of that meek eye, and yet remain in the guilty scene amidst those enemies of the Saviour and of his own soul ? No ! that single glance was all that was required to send home the arrow of conviction and repentance to his bosom: he instantly " remembered the word that the Lord had spoken, and he went out and wept bitterly."

REJECTION OF DIVINE TRUTH.

How unreasonable it is to reject any doctrine which is revealed to us in the Christian Scriptures, only because we are unable to comprehend how it can be ! The words may be plain and evident, where the doctrines which they centain are mysterious; and how much safer, and wiser, and more befitting our present condition it is to conclude, that these truths are proposed by the Author of light, to prove our humility and ready acquiescence in his will; to become subservient to the ends of religion by exercising the obedience of our reason, and probably in other ways, which at present we cannot perceive. It is not intended that we should knew everything in this present life; it is not agreeable to our notions of a state of trial that we should. Many things we must at present take for granted, upon the authority of Ged's word ; nor is this any juster ground ef complaint than it is, that a child is less acquainted with the reason of things than one of maturer age. That man acts most agreeably to his character of an inoperfect and erring creature, placed in a state of discipline, who first satisfies himself that the Scriptures are indeed what they prefess to be, the word of God; and then takes in hand the sacred volame of truth with a hundle and teachable mind, propared to believe all that is therein stated, because he finds it there; and to practice all that is therein communded, because he there discovers the sure will of God, and the contives to chedience. This it is to recoive with a reliness the ingrefied word .- Bishop of Lonian.

PRACTICAL THOUGHTS.

Ir is bott a to go into the house of mourning than into the house of laughter, &c. He is werse than med, Gat, with Hered, will part with a kingdom for a dance. He takes little thought for his sinnes that thinks to put them out of his head, as Cain and Saud did, with musicke. He that truly considers those

Cries of terror and anguish mingle with the remorseless Joyes which never shall have an end, cannot but de- a statement of facts that will assound the Chris-

not be accepted ? (says He to Cain.) Doe well, and

not. That juy must beginne to fill here which will be full hereafter. He shall never sing Hallelujahs, death, the hopeless from gloom. He stills the tury of that doth not first sing Hosannas. He is no sound the tempest; and, for the spirit of mourning, he gives Christian that is not taken with the glory he shall the song of rejoicing and the garments of praise. Ark have, and rejoice in this that his name is written in

> God ever helpes at a pinch ; when all belpes faile, then is he seeme; when Jacob wants at home, then Joseph is heard of abroad; and when the Predigall wants abroad, then Ged makes him think of home. What if he will not deliver Jonah from the tempest yethe will from the whale. If the danger be great, his glory shall be the more. Never despair, then, thou drouping soule, why art thou cast down, why art thou so disquieted? &c. The goodness of thy God endureth yet daily .- Old Writer.

CHASTENING IN LOVE.

How delightful it is to trace the tenderness, and loving-kindness of our Ged to his people, and to recognize in it the truth of his own remarkable declaration. when speaking of punishment, he calls it " it is work," "His strange work," "His act," "His strange act;" acknowledging, indeed, that it is his doing, but at the same time his most unwelcome occupation reflectantly forced on him by the sins of his creatures. but cheerfully suspended, or withdrawn, the moment its absolute need is over. We should love to contemplate God in this character, to feel under our severest chastenings, "he does not willingly afflict or grieve" us; and that we cannot rejoice more sincerely, in the removal of any trial, than he does in giving the word for its departure. How strongly does this view draw out the heart in grateful love to God; how powerfully do we feel in every change, whether it be the increase or the decrease of a trial,-This is Ged's work. This comes from the hand of One who loves me. This will surely be sauctified to me. Yes: he who sends the chastening, will never leave it to accident or chance to produce its effect, but will himself engage that this "light affliction, which is but for a moment, shall work for us a far more exceeding and cternal weight of glory."-Blunt on the Pentaleuch.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

LETTER FROM THE REV. GEORGE SCOTT GRAVESEND, October 12, 1842.

To the Editors of the New York Observer :

DEAR BRETHREN,-Yourselves and the readers of your excellent paper are aware by a letter from me inserted some time ago in the Observer, that the enemies of truth and righteousness in tockholm had after long-continued efforts succeeded in occasioning a riot there disgraceful to the capital of a Protestant country, and issuing in the closing of the chapel under my charge by the prohibition of the Governor. Immediately after this prohibition I left Sweden, and have since May last been in England, inasmuch as I could not accomplish anything for the cause vital religion in Sweden, and might be usefully engaged at home. An appeal against the deci sion of the Governor has been for some time before the King, and we wait in patience his Ma-j-sty's resolution on the whole affair. This cannot be expected for some time yet, and while the matter is thus in suspense we deem it only prulent to avoid any lengthened publications on the subject, as they will only tend to irritate those immediately concerned, and thus prejudice the case; but I have all the materials in order, and

tians of this country, and yours.
It will be my unavoidable duty to make this contribution to modern church history, and my peculiar obligations to those in America and En-gland who so nobly came forward to aid the Stockholm mission, from me a full account of the causes which led to the discontinuance of that specially Catholic and vastly important mission. Meanwhile, my numerous friends across the Atlantic will kindly bear with my silence. and not for a moment attribute it to any want of gratitude for their manifested love. I have aswe dee smart, thank ourselves.

Where should joy be but in the fountaine of joy?

or how dee we partake of that fountaine, and rejoice of the way open, I shall thankfelly and gladthread of my twelve years' toil. Being at a distance from Sweden, I cannot furnish you with the promised articles from that place; but I shall endeavor to furnish you with Swedish matters, old and new, which I trust will be acceptable and useful. Believe me,

Yours, in Christian affection,

GEO. SCOTT.

THE SABBATH.—We are gratified to learn, that the Rev. Dr. Edwards, is making arrangements to devote his time and talents to the important work of directing the attention of the public to the claims of the Christian Sabbath to uni-We know versal and reverential observance. not what worthier task could employ his powers. There is no descent, in this, from his late high station, as President of the oldest Theological Considering Seminary in New England. interests involved, for both the present and future worlds, a more important office could hardly be entrusted to a man. The honour of God, the Law-giver, is also most deeply concerned in it. We shall most gladly co-operate in the further-ance of his object so far as our columns can be of use in the inculcation of principles, or the communication of facts, in relation to this fundamen-tal institution. The community will not forger Dr. E.'s services in the Temperance cause, for several soccessive years. By devoting sufficient time to the establishment and illustration, both by arguments and facts, of fundamental prin-Love," as his motto, he has left nothing to be learned, except some incidental lessons of experience. His "Permanent Temperance Documents" are the except some incidental lessons of experience. rience. His "Permanent Temperance Docu-ments" are the standard work for the world. May equal success crown his attempts to secure the Sabbath from desceration.—Christ. Mirror.

"BETHEL FLAG NOT WANTED HERE."said the mate of a ship which I boarded (says a sailor missionary) to request the use of her deck, for an agent to preach the gospel of Christ. 'The bethel fing is not wanted here.' Inquiring into the cause, he said, "Our captain is sailing on the other track? What! is he trying to get through the short voyage of life without religion altoge-ther? 'Yes, and I'm afraid we're all steering by his compass.' On asking him how this course his compass.' On asking him how this course would do in the straits of death, he became serious, and looked like a man awakened out of sleep; which gave me an opportunity of saying much more to him on the subject of his personal salvation. He listened with great attention."

A more pleasing instance is given by another

missionary

"I have run a long way to leeward (said a mate) since you last saw me; but, thank God, at a bethel meeting at Liverpool, I was taken allaback, and thrown on my beam ends, and have lately shaped a new course, and hope soon to get up in the wake of some who are making full sail to the port of glory.—Sailors' Mug.

FOREIGN MISSIONARY INTELLIGENCE.

From the Correspondent of the N. Y. Observer.

INDEPENDENT NESTORIANS .- Letters have been received from Mr. Hinsdale, at Mosul, to August 9, and from Dr. Grant, at Ooroomiah, to July 7. To make the political intelligence perfectly plain to your readers, I must revert to some facts not

mentioned last evening.

The country of the Independent Nestorians lies on the Turkish side of the nominal boundary between Turkey and Persia. It is surrounded on all sides, for a considerable distance, by countries in possession of various tribes of am ready to publish when the proper time comes Koords, who, by not suffering an army to enter