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port the necessity of proceeding against a member of the College for running a branch store without having a qualified man in charge. Conviction was secured in the case.

The Committee found that Inspector Brown had done such excellent work that now there was very little infringement work to be done, and recommended that his services for the present cease after Nov. 1.

The report was adopted and the Council adjourned.

The first report of the Executive and Finance Committee was made upon the resumption of business in the afternoon as follows:

Your committee recommend that the registrar-treasurer's and auditor's reports be adopted, and that the registrar-treasurer's report of the Roberts scholarship be adopted and printed in the minutes.

Referring to the instructions of the Council contained in the report of the Committee on Executive and Finance submitted at the last meeting of this Council, your committee beg to report that they have made a valuation of the assets of the College, which is herewith submitted:

ASSETS.

College building	\$35 710 48
College lot	5,000 00
McGill street property	5,293 90
Furniture	3,534 90
Apparatus	6,138 00
Outstanding fees, as far as we can judge	496 00
Supplies estimated to date ..	400 00
Poison and license sales books	95 48
Advertisement in curriculum	5 00
Cash balance	43 71
Bank balance	503 64
Bank savings department ...	2,035 00
Total	\$59 256 11

LIABILITIES.

Salary account	\$141 67
Library fund	32 44
Accounts sundry	545 89
Mortgage account	5,000 00
To balance	3,536 11

Total

Total	\$59,256 71
To balance assets	\$53,536 11

By way of explanation in connection with the shrinkage in items of furniture and apparatus, we would say that previous figures were merely a compilation of invoice prices, while the present estimate is a careful re-valuation. This explanation

applies also to all other items in the estimate.

The report was adopted.

Dr. Paul Scott was accorded the privilege of addressing the Council regarding his not having been appointed examiner in chemistry. He claimed it was tantamount to a public dismissal and that the reason for it was an ungrounded charge of laxity in conducting the examinations.

A letter was read from Mr. E. T. Malone resigning his position as solicitor to the Council and was referred to a special committee, Messrs. Turner, Waters and Snyder.

Upon resuming on Thursday morning the report of the Education Committee was submitted by Mr. Waters. Touching the interchange of diplomas with the Province of British Columbia, the committee recommended that reciprocity be restricted to members of the respective provinces who have been registered by examination. It was explained that in British Columbia the act refers only to incorporated towns, and when a town was incorporated a druggist who had been in business three years was granted registration.

Regarding a communication of the Pharmaceutical Association of the Province of Quebec, enquiring as to the kind of certificate issued to successful candidates who have attended two courses of lectures at one college, but have not served an apprenticeship of four years in Ontario, the committee recommended that the Registrar-Treasurer be instructed to inform the Quebec Association that the decision of the Council is to accept apprenticeships of four years in other provinces of equal standing to those of Ontario, and to grant to the candidates the diploma of the Ontario college, which entitles the holder to all the privileges of registration in Ontario. It was also recommended that clause 15 of the college calendar be so amended for the guidance of students.

The report of the Board of Examiners was approved, and the committee recommended that the persons having earned their diplomas should get them.

Prof. Fotheringham's application for \$50 with which to add to the apparatus of his department was approved, and it was also recommended that a sum not exceeding \$80 should be placed to the credit of the department of microscopy. Another similar recommendation was for the purchase of a fine balance for the chemistry department at a cost not exceeding \$75.

The Committee recommended that

Dr. Fotheringham be engaged at a salary of \$750 per annum, and Mr. Kendall, the instructor in microscopy, at \$300 per year.

Regarding the application of Paul L. Scott to be reinstated as lecturer in chemistry, the committee objected to reopening of the matter.

The report was adopted.

The first business of the afternoon session was the submission of the second report of the Executive and Finance Committee and the Committee said they could not at present entertain the request to put electric light and electric bell systems in the building, but recommended that electric fans should be placed in the lecture rooms for which they are thought necessary, if arrangements satisfactory to the chairman of the Committee could be made.

The recommendations of the Educational Committee for \$50 for Prof. Fotheringham's department and \$80 for the purchase of a microtome for the microscopy department were approved, also the expenditure of a sum not to exceed \$75 for fine balances.

The report was adopted.

It was moved by Mr. John Hargraves, seconded by Mr. J. Curry: "That one month prior to the February session of this Council in each year, when examiners are appointed, the registrar be hereby advised to advertise in the two journals of pharmacy published in Ontario for applications to be received from graduates of this college for a position on the Board of Examiners, and that only retail druggists, engaged in business, receive such appointments; and further, that in conformity with a recommendation in the report of the Educational Committee in February, 1898, the graduates of our college be again advised to prepare themselves for teaching work in the various branches of our college."

Chairman Waters, of the Educational Committee, opposed the proposal to limit the choice of examiners to those actually engaged in the retail business. He was in sympathy, he said, with the policy of the resolution, and the spirit of it had guided the Educational Committee in the selection of examiners, for, other things being equal, they had given the preference in the selection of examiners to graduates in the retail trade; but he was not prepared to limit the choice of the Committee. It would, he thought, endanger the high standards admittedly attained by the college. The welfare and