contrary to the general rule. It flies with a long, straight flight peculiar to this species, dropping suddenly into the grass, and hard to observe unless flushed, owing to its colour being so like the stubble. Because of its peculiar habits it might, like Pam. Metea, pass as a great rarity. It has frequently been observed by me feeding on the flowers of Arethusa, a very fragrant orchid growing in wet meadows among the grass, and later in the season on swamp milkweed.

Pamphila Delaware, Edw.—One specimen only. July 10th, 1894; Wet meadow.

Amblyscirtes Vialis, Edw.—Somewhat common. May and June.

Amblyscirtes Samoset, Scud.—Not nearly as common as Vialis, and not on the wing so early.

Nisoniades Brizo, Bd.-Lec.-Scarce. Early June.

Nisoniades Icelus, Lint.—Common. May, June. It is very possible, as I have given this species very little study, that there may be another species in company with it. According to Scudder, Lucilius should be found here.

Nisoniades Persius, Scud.—Scarce in July and August. Probably a second brood, but as it would be difficult to distinguish from *Icelus* on the wing, the first brood might easily escape notice.

Nisoniades Juvenalis, Fabr. -- Somewhat common in June.

Eudamus Pylades, Scud.—Very common in June.

Eudamus Bathyllus, Sm. and Abb.—While looking over a series of native Pylades this winter my attention was struck by the appearance of a specimen which Mr. Skinner pronounces to be Bathyllus. I remember nothing about the capture of the specimen, and never having looked for the species, or expected to meet with it so far north, I can say nothing as to its habits or numbers.

Eudamus Tityrus, Fabr.—Formerly scarce, but of late years common. The last season it was as common as Pylades. I have frequently noticed the female hovering over patches of wild bean (Phareolus perennis), but not until last season did I find larvæ on this plant. Out of several such larvæ one Tityrus emerged this winter from a forced pupa. I have also seen larvæ on garden beans, which were probably this species.

There are several more species of *Hesperidæ* which ought to be found in this locality, but the preceding are all that I have met with. If the season of 1896 is a good one, I hope ere it closes to add something to the knowledge of this family.