

issue promissory notes, payable on demand at the Bruce Mines.

—*Transcript.*

LARGE STURGEON.—We saw a large live sturgeon on the lower town market place, yesterday afternoon. It had been caught at Berthier below, and brought up in a small boat. It is upwards of seven feet in length, and weighs 196lbs.—*Quebec Gazette.*

NEW FLOUR BRAND.—It will be seen that Oswego flour from Canadian wheat is quoted high in the New York market. The wheat from Canada will make a superior article, and with the aid of a new Wallowing Machine introduced into some of the Flouring-Mills, the Oswego brand hereafter must take high rank.—*Quebec-Morning Chronicle.*

SUDDEN DEATH FROM APOPLECTIC.—We regret to learn that Major Denny, of the 19th Regt., expired suddenly at his quarters in St. Lewis street, shortly after one o'clock this afternoon. The deceased officer was related to Lieut. Col. Denny, 71st Regt., and we understand he was enjoying his usual good health yesterday.—*Quebec Mercury.*

THE TIMBER TRADE.—We learn that the trade in manufactured Timber (or Lumber, as it is usually called in America), which has of late years sprung up between Canada and the United States, is increasing prodigiously. The County of Northumberland is this Spring exporting vast quantities, from its ports on the lake. The ports situated on the Bay of Quinte, and the whole tract of country watered by the River Trent and its tributaries, are alive to the prospect of the new market for the produce of their Saw Mills. From the Napance River three millions of feet, b. m. will be shipped to Oswego. And the mighty Ottawa puts forth her giant strength, in the endeavor to supply the wants of our neighbors on the southern side of the line 45°. The Rideau navigation will likewise contribute about five millions feet, broad measure, most of which will be shipped via Bytown and Burlington. One Forwarding House has, we understand, engaged to transport two millions feet of the Rideau Lumber.—*Kingston Argus.*

STABBING.—A shocking affair took place at Sandy-town, Bayham, on Saturday week last. Messrs. Hubbard and Price, Inn keepers of that place, on hearing the cry of murder from an adjacent house, kept by Benjamin Smith, came over, and found Smith in the act of beating his wife. On their interfering, he seized a butcher's knife, and inflicted several stabs on both gentlemen, wounding Mr. Price dangerously in the side, inasmuch that he is not expected to recover. Smith was subsequently committed to goal, at London, to take his trial at the next Assizes.—*Simcoe Standard.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

INDIA AND CHINA.—The overland mail reached London on Monday. The most interesting news is of the rising of the Affreeds, in consequence of the excessive salt tax imposed by the East India Company. From China, the chief news is that one Emperor is dead and that another Emperor has succeeded him. The foreign Consuls at Shanghai received from the authorities there, on 20th of March, an official notice that his majesty the Emperor had departed upon the great journey and mounted upward on a dragon to be a guest on high.

LITERARY ORDER OF KNIGHTHOOD.—Her Majesty it is said, contemplates instituting a new order of Knighthood, to be called "the Order of Minerva"—to consist of twenty-four Knights, and to be composed of persons eminent in literature, science and art.

MUTTON FROM AMERICA.—A vessel which has arrived from New York, has brought 58 barrels of mutton, as a portion of her cargo consigned, the produce of the United States of America. No previous importation of this description of animal food has taken place from the United States, either in a fresh or salted condition, if we except some small importations, at uncertain intervals, of hams made from mutton legs, and termed mutton hams, and which, not being smoked and entirely prepared for use as hams, according to the common acceptation of the term, have been admitted duty free. The present importation of mutton from America is therefore of some interest and importance.

AUSTRIA.—*Vienna, May 5.*—Continued Agitation against the Popish Church.—As I have lately reported at some length the unfavorable effect produced by the late edicts concerning the Roman Catholic Church, I now simply state that the agitation increases rather than diminishes. It is true that Government employs every means in its power to make the world believe that the excitement is factitious, but it is evident that it is not able

to persuade itself that such is the case, for the Ministerial *Reichs Zeitung*, at the same time that it defends the step which has been taken, informs us that Ministers will arrange any conflicting interests of State and Church by a direct appeal to the Pope. The paper in question also informs us that Government is about to conclude a concordat with the Sec of Rome, in which stipulations of vast importance, such as the question of marriage, divorce, &c, will be made. In the suburbs printed protests against the recent measures are in circulation, and a vast number of signatures have already been affixed to them.—*Times Correspondent.*

ROME AND THE ITALIAN STATES.—The Pope is accused of endeavoring to escape from Rome again, and of a wish to place himself under the protection of Austria, but is too closely watched by the French. Unless the Pope yields to liberal institutions, there is reason to apprehend that the Papal Government is near its end.

NAPIES.—Her Majesty's steamer *Spiritful* has been sent to Naples, by Sir William Parker, with a view, it is said, of demanding reparation for the losses sustained by the English in 1848.

GREECE.—The Greeks, unaware of what had passed between England and France, had honorably received Mr. Wyc, and mildly resumed their relations with him. Admiral Parker had sailed for Malta.

DENMARK AND THE DUCHES.—Advices from Hamburg state that the work of the pacification of Denmark is now carried on in London, and that England and France have assented to the proposal of Prussia, to urge matters to a summary decision on the Danish question.

RUMORS IN FRANCE.—A correspondent of a leading London paper says, there can be no doubt whatever, that the Cabinet is only watching an opportunity for suspending law, and placing the country under the yoke of the army. The obstinate forbearance of the people, has so far deprived this Government of the long sought pretext for declaring martial law. While all this is going on, the most important negotiations concerning the map of Europe, are visibly working at Claremont, Fribourg, at Paris, and at St. Petersburg. The two branches are reconciled. Henry 5th is to mount the throne of France, extended to the Rhine. Austria will be induced to give up as much of Lombardy as she cannot conveniently guard, to form a kingdom for one of the Orleans family. Prussia is to be tempted with as many stray fragments of Fatherland, as Russo-Galic armies can wrench from a new country, which must be the ally of England. Several secret manufactories of gunpowder have been discovered. The prosecution of the opposition press goes on unabated.

PRUSSIA.—An attempted assassination of the King of Prussia has created a great sensation throughout Europe. The attempt was made at Potsdam, by a sergeant of artillery who fired a pistol at his Majesty, and inflicted a wound in the arm.

ENGLAND.—The effect of the withdrawal of the French ambassador produced a sensible effect on the Funds, but they soon rallied, and the belief was general that the movement on the part of France was a mere ruse of the ministers, to enable them to carry the new electoral law. Circulation has been given to an insulting note from Russia, addressed to Lord Palmerston, condemning in strong terms the policy of the English Government in regard to the Greek question. The concluding sentence of the note is as follows:—"As the manner in which Lord Palmerston understands the protection due to English subjects in foreign countries, carries with it such serious inconvenience, Russia and Austria will not henceforth grant the liberty of residence to English subjects, except on condition of their renouncing the protection of their Government."

BIRTHS.

Montreal—27th ult, Mrs James Morrison, of a daughter. 6th inst, Mrs Goodman Benjamin, of a son. 6th inst, Mrs John Redpath, Terrace Bank, of a daughter. Mrs C Huggill, of a daughter. Brockville—3d inst, Mrs T King, of a daughter. Hamilton—The wife of W Kingston, Esq, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

Montreal—6th inst, by the Rev Dr Bethune, Henry Selby, Esq, of Michigan, U. S., to Miss Harriet M'Ketcher. Brockville—6th inst, by the Rev Mr Smart, Jas Innes, Esq, Lanark, to Miss Caroline Buel. Estlin—29th ult, by the Rev E J Sherrill, Mr W Cummings, to Miss Annetta D Labaree. Paris—By the Rev Mr Vincent, Jas Anson Brown, Esq, of Toronto, to Charlotte, eldest daughter of Hiram Capron, Esq.