No. 19,751. Car-Coupling. (Accouplage de Chars.)

Donald Fraser and Vietts L. Rice, Minneapolis, Minn., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. In a car-coupling, a cam disk or plate C pivoted eccentrically in the draw-head, as set forth, provided with projections and a and stop M, in combination with the slotted pin F, as set forth. In a cir-coupling, the draw-head provided with an open slot in which is pivoted the cam-plate C as described, said cam-plate being provided with a stop M which impinges against the draw bar at the rear end of said slot, as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,752. Reel for Wire. (Dévidoir à Fil de fer.)

Lyman P. Johnson, Seneca Castle, N. Y., U. S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination in a reel for holding and distributing wire in the contstruction of wire fences, of the shaft or axle cogs, the intermediate upon wheels, the flanged wheels provided with internal with longitudinal feathers or ribs, and the reel adapted to be secured on the said shaft by means of the sleeves, the whole adapted to operate substantially in the manner specified. 2nd. The combination, with actuality the losse sleeves mounted thereon and the gearing for attached and detached, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,753. Lawn Mower. (Faucheuse.)

Charles W. Cheney, Athol, Mass., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the frame of the machine, the rotary axle carrying the drive wheels, a cutter supporting bar secured across the front of the frame, a cum wheel secured on the axle, a cam wheel secured on the frame in rear of the cam wheel, longitudinally oscillating levers fulcrumed at the sides of and the cutter bars connected with the ends of the longitudinal levers, as set forth. 2nd. The combination of the frame of the machine, the rotler supporting bar secured to the front end thereof, the supporting value in rear of said bar, the rotary axle having the cam longitudinal side levers pivoted on the frame at the sides, links connecting said levers with opposite ends of the main oscillating lever, lower the cutter-bars arranged one above the other and connected to the mover, the conditional side levers with opposite ends of the main oscillating lever, lower ends of the longitudinal levers, as set forth. 3rd. In a lawn disposed occurrence are disposed on the cutter-bars arranged one above the other and connected to the mover, the combination of the independent series of knives or cutters beside disposed occurrence when the combination of the independent series of knives or cutters beside disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in optable disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in optable disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in optable disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in optable disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in optable directly above the other and connected to the supplementation of the indepen Claim.—1st. The combination of the frame of the machine, the dower, the combination of the independent series of knives or cutters disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in opposite directio.s, the teeth being formed with one straight edge at about a right angle to the the cutter bar, as set forth.

No. 19,754. Curtain Fixture.

(Suspension de Rideau.)

(Suspension de Rideau.)

Alvah Sweetland, Syracuse, N.Y., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of a roller spindle having a groove the san diacent flat surface, and a boil curried by a roller for locking from the proper and the bite of the edge of the set for upon the locking boil, substantially as and for the purposes groove a point of the spindle provided with the strong of the purpose and adjacent flat surface cand the collar E, and boils e, substantially as adjacent flat surface cand the collar E, and boils e, substantially as adjacent flat surface cand the collar E, and boils e, substantially as shown and described. Srd. The combination of the sing collar being constructed and operating to bite the boil with the sand collar being constructed and operating to bite the boil with the say described for the purpose specified. 4th. The head bracket C constructed with a base screw F, stem y and studs o provided with a spindle constructed with hub x having therein a groove a and adjacent flat surface c, a shoulder b and a semi-spherical head D having and present flat surface c, a shoulder b and a semi-spherical head D having and presented from revolving, substantially as shown and described. The tail bracket H constructed with base screw F, stem y and flat surface consisting of the rolier a, spindle B, collar E, boils setts d and the spindle econsisting of the rolier a, spindle B, collar E, boils setts d and the spindle head D, bracket C, this piece N and bracket H, constructed a doperated together, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 4th. The spindle B provided with a head D, in combination stands, one spindle head D, in combination with a bracket I with spindle head D, in combination with spindle head D, in combination with spindle head D, in combination with boils seats d with parallel sides and each the boilt spindle head D, in combination with spindle hole, so that the edge of the going of the rolier is substantially as described, 10th. In a curtain roller, being on a line t Alvah Sweetland, Syracuse, N.Y., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,755. Railroad Signalling Apparatus.

Louis C. Huber, Huber, Ky., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—The combination, with the caboose of a railway train, of the cylinder, the combination, with the caboose of a railway train, of the cylinder, the eccentric rod f connected to one of its axles and the pipe i, the eccentric rod f connected to the cylinder h be a sapply k having check valve m, and cylinder h being provided with from the cylinder i to the whistle i can be decomposed by the training check valve i and the tube i leading i to the whistle i can be used to the cylinder i to the whistle i can tube being provided with an in-

termediate cock o, operated to open and close by a lever q to produce the signal, substantially as specified.

No. 19,756. Saw Handle. (Fût de Scie.)

Perry Fraizer, Mount Summit, Ind., U. S. 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Perry Fraizer, Mount Summit, Ind., U. S. 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim...—1st. In a saw handle, a P-shaped loop-bolt formed in a single piece adapted to encircle or clasp the end of the saw-plate, and means for securing the same to said saw-plate, whereby the handle is set at right angles with the cut of the saw instead of in a line therewith, substantially as set forth. 2nd. In a saw handle, the combination of the usual handle, the washer upon the lower end of said handle, the T-shaped loop-bolt formed in one piece with the arms at substantially right angles with the shank, and said shank extending up through said washer into said handle where it engages with a suitable fastening therein, substantially as set forth. 3rd. The combination of the saw handle A, the washer B upon the lower end of said handle having slots in its lower face, and a P-shaped loop-bolt C formed in one piece, the shaft of which is adupted to enter a longitudinal hole in the lower end of the handle, and means for securing the bolt in said hole, whereby said handle may be securely clamped to said saw, substantially as set forth. 4th. The combination, with the saw handle A, of a conical washer B at the lower end of said handle asaid washer being slotted upon its lower face, and a T-shaped loop-bolt made in one piece and having a screw-threaded shank adapted to engage with a nut arranged in a longitudinal perforation in the end of said handle, substantially as described and for the purposes specified. poses specified.

No. 19,757. Apparatus for Transmitting Differential Rotary Motion. (Appareil pour Transmettre le Mouvement Ro.

tatoire D fferentiel.)

George F. Clemons, Springfield, Mass, U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

George F. Clemons, Springfield, Mass, U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. A new mechanical combination and movement, for transmitting differential rotary motion of machines, consisting of the hereinbefore shown and described, stud-pins and disk-holes, or their shown and describe I mechanical equivalents, the stud pins and cams or eccentrics, arranged and operating in combination with rotative bodies of mechanisms, substantially as hereinbefore shown and described. 2nd. The combination of the shalt A having therein the eccentric B, the fixed gear D, the gear C carrying the stud-pins G, the resistance wheel E having disk-holes F, F, in which said studpins work to connect and transmit rotary motion from the gear to the wheel E, substantially as shown and described and for the purposes set forth. 3rd The combination consisting of the shalt A, eccentric B, the gear C with arms L, L carrying the stud-pins G, G, the fixed gear D with arms L, k, the resistance wheel E having a chain wheel M and arms 0, 0 carrying the cams or eccentrics H. H, the frame-piece connected to arms l, k by the cross-bars S, U, the suspending hook, the hand chain-wheel W, all substantially as hereinbefore shown and described and for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,758. Car Wheel and Axle.

(Roue et Essieu de Char.)

Samuel J. Stevenson, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. An axle having lubricant ducts, in combination with wheels fitted independently on said axle, and formed with pockets which extend transversely on the inner faces of the hubs from end to end thereof, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. A wheel having pockets which extend radially on the ends of the hub thereof, and collars connected with the axle fitted in recess in said ends, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. An axle having a lubricant duct, a loose fitted wheel and collars connected with the axle fitted in recesses in the ends of the hub, said wheel having nockets which extend transversely on the inperfere of wheel having pockets which extend transversely on the inner face of the hub and pockets which extend radially on the ends of the hub and join said transversely extending pockets, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,759. Skate Sharpener.

(Rémouleur de Patin.)

Xavier St. Pierre, Osceola, Nev., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Xavier St. Pierre, Oscoola, Nev., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The skate-sharpening file B having a stud di and flat or rounded sides or edges, in combination with the holder A having end pieces h, b_1 , one being apertured, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The file B formed with the stud d1, in combination with the holder A having cheek pieces a, and lip b and end piece b_1 having aperture d, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. The holder A having guiding or cheek pieces a, and lip b and end plate b_1 , in combination with the file B having flat or rounded edge or sides and formed with the stud a_1 at one end, substantially as and for the purposes set forth. 4th. In a skute-sharpening device, the holder A struck up of sheet metal, with the cheek vieces a, a, the end pieces b, b_1 , one having an an aperture d and with the end lapping lips c all in one piece, in combination with the file B having the stud d_1 , substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,760. Valve for Water Closets, &c.

(Valve pour Cabinets à l'eau, &c.)

William Scott, Malden, Mass., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, with the outlet or discharge of a tank for water or other liquid, of a chambered valve which has openings or passages for the ingress and egress of the liquid of the tank and of air, and is otherwise constructed and arranged that, seated, said discharge is closed, and, raised, said discharge is opened, and from the then ingress of liquid, said valve is again seated, emptying its contents, substantially as described for the purpose specified. 2nd.

The combination, with the seat H of the outlet or discharge B, of a