ran in and taking the bear by the chain made his escape as the infuriated bottler. blinded by the syrup streaming down his face, rushed out swearing vengeance against bruin and his master. In the street the bottler ran against one of his own horses, and, mistaking it for the ear, began to strike out from the shoul der in blows that would have almost laid The frightened horse in trying out a bull to escape fell over on the bottler, and by the time the boys had pulled him out and scraped the syrup off, the bear and his owner had disappeared down the railway track, and for two weeks afterwards not an employee in the factory dared to even smile lest it would be construed into mer riment over the ludicrous recollections of the bear fight.

LOUIS REDON IS DEAD.

The Best Known Hotel Man on the Pacific Coast.

(From the Victoria Times.)

Louis Repor, one of the proprietors of the Driard hotel died suddenly this after noon from the effects of a paralytic stroke. His demise was a terrible shock stroke. His demise was a territor snock to his family, and will be to his many friends. He had not been by any means a well man for years, and the stroke which killed him was the third of its kind, although the former two were much He was quite ill two years ago and by the advice of his physician, Dr. John Davie, took an extended tour through the Southern Sates. He came back in apparently good health, and greeted his friends with his cheery smile as of old. Those who knew him well believed that his life would be spared for This afternoon some trivial many years. matter of business disturbed him and he became rather excited over it. not strong, and evidently felt rather weak after it was over, for he went up stairs to his room. He sat down for a few minutes and grew worse, finally swooning.
The family were called, medical assistance summoned and everything possible done for him. It was of no avail. He never recovered consciousness, breathing his

last at three clock.
Louis Redom was perhaps better known to the travelling public of the coast than any other man in the hotel business in the west. He came here over twenty years ago, and was first associated with Mr. Lucas in the old Colonial hotel. He then engaged with the late Mr. Hartnagle fourteen or fifteen years ago and later, at that gentleman's death, with Gus Hartnagle. He was a native of Perigaux, France, and about 55 years of age. His wife and his brothers, who live in New Orleans, survive him. Victorians generally will learn with the keenest regret the shocking news of his saudden death, for he was a kind-hearted, popular man, who did his share as a citizen of the city, who did his share as a citizen of the city.

READ THIS.

It Will Show Why Organization is Necessary and What It Can Do.

At the fifteenth annual dinner of the Fulham and West London (Eng.) License Holders' Association, President Leftus, in proposing the toast of the evening, said in part as follows:

"At the outset, permit me to call your attention to the satisfactory state of your Society. (Cheers.) From statements supplied me by your energetic secretary, Mr. Harrison, I find you were established in 1878 for the purpose of defending your trade against attacks in Parliament, and to uphold your local interests in such important matters as

assessments, and the unjust or frivolous prosecution of members. your funds been managed that you have a good balance in hand, which I hope will be considerably increased by the re sults of this night's dinner. (Hear, hear.) And I must congratulate the trade in the important district of Fulham upon the fact that you have had, during the past o many hard workers and public spirited men, and that you are now one of the strongest and best managed Societie in the whole of the metropolis. I am sure you will join me in the pleasure I must express at seeing amongst us to-night one of your first members, and your first chairman, in my old friend, Mr. John The times have Bishop. (Cheers.) changed in a wonderful manner since you were first founded, and to-day you are face to face with difficulties that were never thought possible even ten years ago. No one could have thought then that a period would ever arise in the history of the trade when a responsible Governu would have taken up the question of the Local Veto on confiscatory lines; but, as you all know, that is the state of affairs at the present moment, and that is quite sufficient to account for binding yourselves together to uphold not only your legiti mate business—but also to protect your hearths and your homes. (Hear, hear.) No man who has given slight attention to the licensing question can blind himself to the fact that licensed property of every kind has been, and is now seriously threatened by the action of the present Government. Lord Rosebery, in his speech at Glasgow, said that it was the intention of the Ministry during the next Session to re-introduce a Local Veto Bill, and to press it forward as far as Parliamentary time and circumstances permit ted of them so doing. Of course, there may be a great deal of truth or there may se nothing in such a qualified prom His lordship, doubtless a good judge of a horse, but, I venture to think, he is a very poor judge of the habits of the people when he plays into the hands of the Tee total Party (Laughter.) For my part speaking outside my interests or yours, it eems to me a monstrous proposition that the question of what we shall drink or what we shall not drink ; hould be decided by a majority of biassed ratepayers (hear, hear) -and the position is rendered still more absurd and unfair when it is proposed, on such a principle, to shut up all the licensed houses in certain districts without a penny of compensation. It is on this account that you are bound to organize, and to do all in your power to in fluence public opinion—an opinion, I maintain, which has never yet been thoroughly roused in regard to the real state of the question. Had it not been for societies such as yours, and for the able manner in which they have been con-ducted, it seems to me by this time you would not have a leg to stand upon. (Hear, hear.) Again, it is a remarkable act that, although the Chancellor of the Exchequer has introduced a Bill intended to cripple your trade and decrease the drink, he flies to that very trade to get him out of his financial troubles. I am afrald he was more in earnest over his Budget that he was over his Bill; at all events, we have had to pay the piper once more, and I should pity any Chanellor of the Exchequer who had not the Excise revenue to fall back upon. Under the circumstances to which I have briefly called your attention, I think every trad in this room will agree that it is the bounden duty of every licensed victualler and beerseller to become a member, and a working member, too, of his local associa (Hear, hear.)

> ONE sweetly pleasant thought Comes now to weary men; Twill be a whole long year Ere Christmas comes again!

ORIGIN OF THE MINT JULEP.

That the julep originated in one of the Southern States is certain may, the patient historian has reduced it to a question between Maryland and Virginia, and the weight of authority now points to the latter State, no State, however, but only a colony when the grateful beverage was

first compounded.

In older days the julep, a mixture of whiskey, water and sugar, steepied in mint, was held to be a sovereign antidote for malaria, and in all the great houses it was customary to administer a proper modicum before breakfast to every member of the family, tapering off from a mighty iorum for the elders to a mere thimbleful for the haby. In many an old fashioned household the blessed custom is still kent un to this day.

fashioned household still kept up to this day.

So much for authentic history. But
box its folk-lore. Oral julep, too, has its folk-lore tradition has woven for it a legendary ori-The scene of the story is laid gin. The scene of the stary ... Kentucky. Once upon a time, it is said. a horseman stopped in front of a farmer's house and begged for a glass of water. "You shall have it," said the farmer, "and maybe you would not object to alittle of the good old stuff in it." "Not a bit, my friend," answered the traveler. will be noticed that the dialogue was carried on in a form of speech that indi-cates a recent origin for the story and casts new doubt upon its authenciply the wants of the rider turned with a glass of clear spring water mixed with a generous quantum of the good old stuff. Meanwhile the stranger's ostrils had caught the fragrance from a large bed of mint in the adjoining kitchen garden. He asked for a bunch of this, and having obtained it, dipped it into his glass until the beverage was nicely Then he drank it off with many flavored. flavored. Then he delight. The host's manifestations of delight. To his many questions the stranger replied by suggest ing that he should mix a glass for "Good," said the farmer, and after drink ing he smacked his lips and Grand!" The traveler thanked his host and proceeded on his way. He had mixed the first mint julep ever heard of.

Four years later the traveler passed along the same way. He again reined his horse before the old farmhouse to ask for a glass of water. But no good old farmer appeared to greet him. Instead there came out a nice old lady in a black bordered cap. "May I have a glass of water?" asked the traveler. "Certainly," was the kind reply. The stranger looked a trifle weary when a glass of sparkling cold water was brought to him, nevertheless he managed to guip it down and then asked: "Where is your husband?"

"Well, you see, sir, about four years as a stranger passed this way and taught the poor man how to drink his whisky with grasses. After that he never dramhis whisky without grass in it, and when the grass gave out he died." From whiskey to brandy was but a step

From whiskey to brandy was but a step—the mighty step, however, from the ridieulous to the sublime. When Captain Maryatt came over to this country in 1837, be found the mint julep, as we know it and love it at present, the reigning favorite of the barroom and the social board. He surrendered a willing victim to its fascinations. In his diary he has this note: "I must deceant a little upon the mint julep, as it is, with the thermometer at 100 degrees, one of the most delightful and insimunting potations that ever was invented, and may be drank with equal satisfaction when the thermometer is as low as 70 degrees. There are many varieties, such as those composed of claret, Madeira, etc., but the ingredients of the real mint julep are as follows: I bearned how to make them and succeeded pretty

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well. Put into a tumbler about a domsprigs of the tender shoots of mini; upthem put a spoonful of white sugar asequal proportions of peach and commabrandy so as to fill it up one-third or pehaps a little less. Then take rasped of pounded ice and fill up the tumbler. In the ice melts you drink."

> When I was young and in my prime. My pockets always held a dime. And I always paid my way. But now I've got a wife and six. And I am always in a fix. And always weigh my pay.

WINE A HUNDRED YEARS OLD.

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Special

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LOUIS

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A PARCEL of Tokay wine about 100 ye old was recently sold to H. R. H. t Prince of Wales by Messrs. Barwell, 8 & Challoner, of 19 Conduit street, London and Norwich. We afters We afterwa called on Mr. Challoner at Conduit st and tasted the last bottle of the pa The wine has been in the firm's cel upwards of seventy-five years. been imported in 1818 by the late M Barwell who was in the business in 174 Barwell who was in the on the site now occupied by the on the site now occupied by the order of the occupied by the occupied b office cellars in Norwich. years ago the wine was recorked, and now in perfectly sound condition high flavor somewhat like Malms eira. It has deposited a heavy the quaint old-fashioned English It was imported from Austria Mediterranean, and was tranship Sicilian port to avoid the heavy foreign bottoms, days a higher rate than British ve

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